# $hw03\_dplyr\_ggplot2$

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#### Overview

The goal is to manipulate and explore a dataset with the dplyr package, complemented by visualizations made with ggplot2.

```
library(gapminder)
library(tidyverse)
library(gridExtra)
```

# Task Option 2

Get the maximum and minimum of GDP per capita for all continents.

#### 1. A table to show

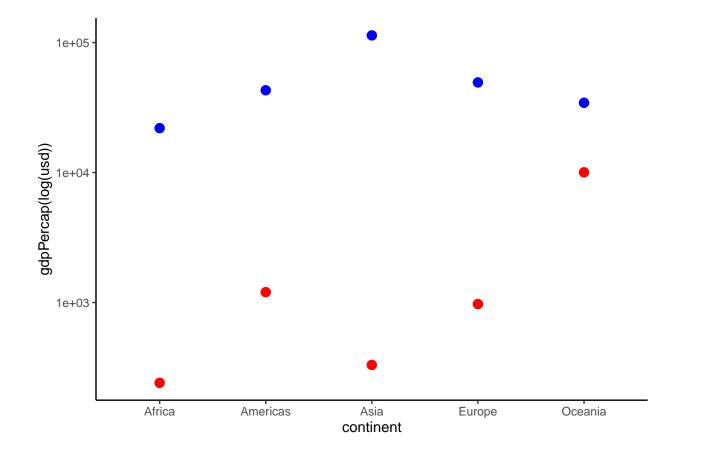
```
gapminder %>%
select (gdpPercap, continent) %>%
group_by (continent) %>%
summarize(max_cap = max(gdpPercap), min_cap = min(gdpPercap), median_cap = median(gdpPercap))
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 4
##
     continent max_cap min_cap median_cap
##
                 <dbl>
                          <dbl>
## 1 Africa
                21951.
                           241.
                                     1192.
## 2 Americas
                42952.
                          1202.
                                     5466.
## 3 Asia
               113523.
                           331
                                     2647.
## 4 Europe
                49357.
                           974.
                                    12082.
## 5 Oceania
                34435. 10040.
                                    17983.
```

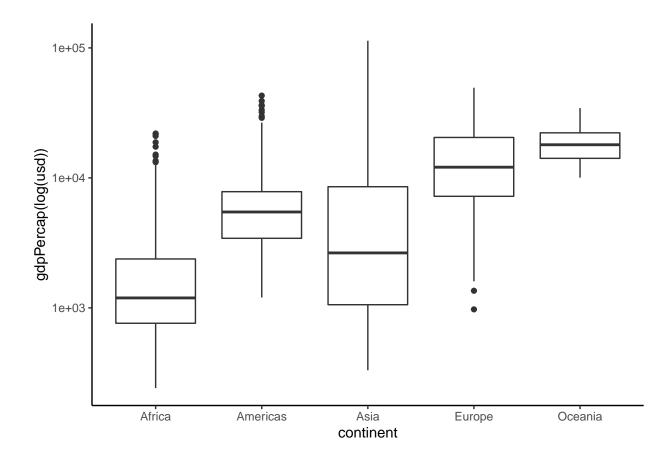
#### 2. Visulize the data in a figure to get better comparison

```
m <- gapminder %>%
  select (gdpPercap, continent) %>%
  group_by (continent) %>%
  summarize(max_cap = max(gdpPercap), min_cap = min(gdpPercap), median_cap = median(gdpPercap))

ggplot(gapminder, aes(continent,gdpPercap)) +
  scale_y_log10("gdpPercap(log(usd))")+
  geom_point(data = m, aes(x = continent, y = max_cap), colour = "blue", size = 3) +
  geom_point(data = m, aes(x = continent, y = min_cap), colour = "red", size = 3) +
  theme_classic()
```



```
gapminder %>%
select (gdpPercap, continent) %>%
group_by (continent) %>%
ggplot (aes (continent,gdpPercap)) +
geom_boxplot() +
scale_y_log10("gdpPercap(log(usd))") +
theme_classic()
```

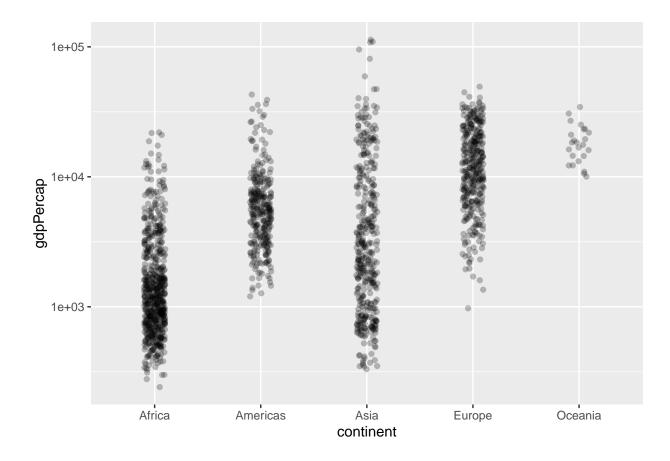


# Task Option 3

Look at the spread of GDP per capita within the continents.

### Point spreading

```
ggplot(gapminder, aes(x = continent, y = gdpPercap)) +
   scale_y_log10() +
   geom_jitter(position = position_jitter(width = 0.1, height = 0), alpha = 1/4)
```



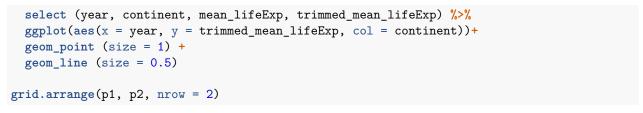
### Task Option 4

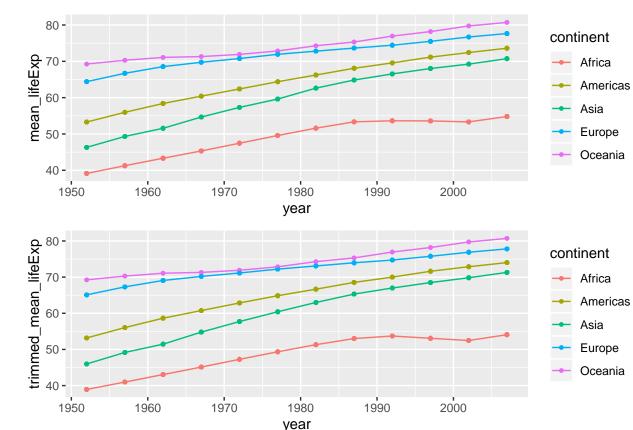
Compute a trimmed mean of life expectancy for different years. Or a weighted mean, weighting by population. Just try something other than the plain vanilla mean.

#### Compare the mean for each continent with the trimmed mean

```
p1<-gapminder %>%
  select (lifeExp, year, continent) %>%
  group_by(continent, year) %>%
  mutate (mean_lifeExp = mean(lifeExp)) %>%
  mutate (trimmed_mean_lifeExp = mean(lifeExp, trim = 0.1)) %>%
  select (year, continent, mean_lifeExp, trimmed_mean_lifeExp) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = year, y = mean_lifeExp, col = continent))+
  geom_point (size = 1) +
  geom_line (size = 0.5)

p2<-gapminder %>%
  select (lifeExp, year, continent) %>%
  group_by(continent, year) %>%
  mutate (mean_lifeExp = mean(lifeExp)) %>%
  mutate (trimmed_mean_lifeExp = mean(lifeExp, trim = 0.1)) %>%
```





# Task Option 5

How is life expectancy changing over time on different continents?

The mean of life expectancy of each continents are calculated and compared as follow:

```
gapminder %>%
  select (lifeExp, year, continent) %>%
  group_by(continent, year) %>%
  mutate (mean_lifeExp = mean(lifeExp)) %>%
  select (mean_lifeExp, year, continent) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = year, y = mean_lifeExp, col = continent)) +
  geom_point (size = 1) +
  geom_line (size = 0.5)
```

