1. $X \sim \mathrm{Bin}(n,p)$ X is a Rv, that is distributed as Binomial Dist. with parameter n and p

2. Possible Values of the Random Variable - 0, 1, 2, 3,, n

3.
$$\mathbb{P}(X = x) = ?$$

 $f(x) = nC_x \times (p)^x \times (1 - p)^{n - x}$

4. Mean (Expected Value / Expectation) and Variance

$$\mathbb{E}(X) = np$$

$$Var(X) = np(1-p)$$

 ${}^{\mathbf{2}}X \sim Ber(p)$ is same as $X \sim \mathrm{Bin}(1,p)$

Possible Values - 0, 1

$$f(x) = p^x (1 - p)^{1 - x}$$

$$\mathbb{E}(X) = p$$

$$Var(X) = p(1-p)$$

3. Discrete Uniform

1. Normal Distribution

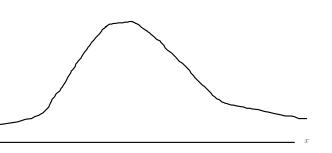
$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$

$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$$
 $f(x; \mu, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}$

$$\mathbb{E}(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) dx = \mu$$

$$\mathbb{V}\operatorname{ar}(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (x - \mu)^2 f(x) dx = \sigma^2$$

$$\operatorname{Var}(X) = \mathbb{E}((X - \mu)^2)$$



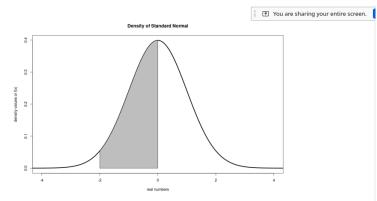


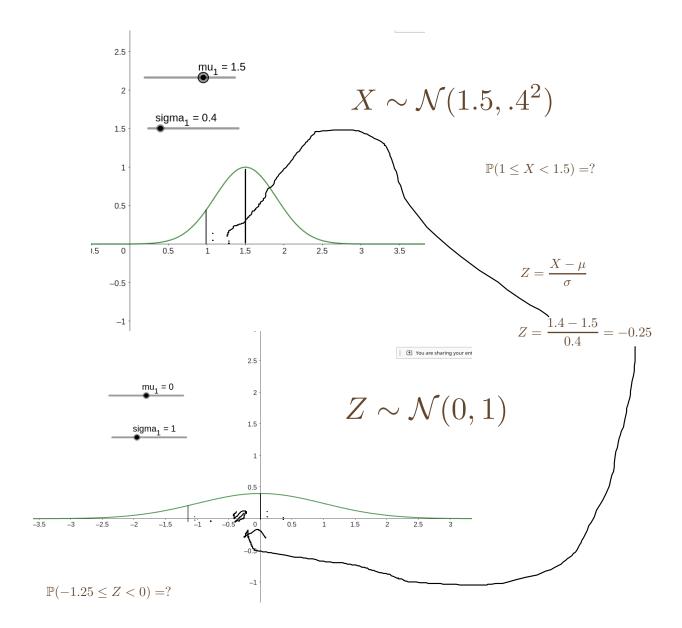
Figure 11: This is a density function of a normal distribution with $\mu=0$, and $\sigma^2=1$. The shaded are is a probability, this is $\mathbb{P}(X \in (-2,0)) = \int_{-2}^0 f(x;0,1) dx = 0.4772499$

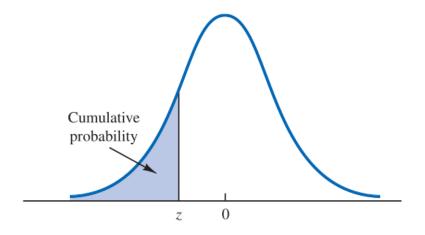
 $f(x; 0, 1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x^2}.$

$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(10, 4)$$

$$\mu = 10, \sigma = 2$$

$$Z \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1)$$

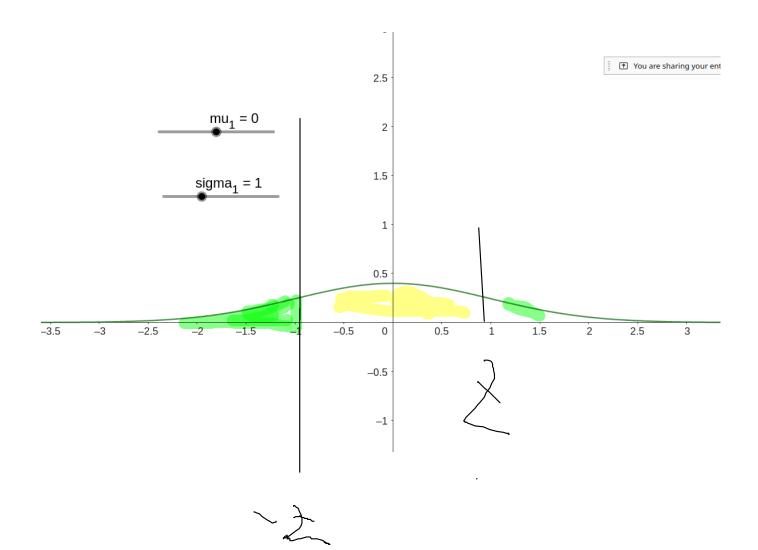




$$\mathbb{P}(Z \le z) = ?$$

$$\mathbb{P}(Z \le -2.00) = .0028$$

$$\mathbb{P}(Z \le -2.03) = .0212$$



$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(183, 10.5^2)$$

$$\mathbb{P}(X < 175) = ?$$

$$\mathbb{P}(Z < \frac{175 - 183}{10.5}) = ?$$