

PAPER 1

HONG KONG EXAMINATIONS AND ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY
HONG KONG DIPLOMA OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

# PRACTICE PAPER MATHEMATICS Compulsory Part PAPER 1

**Question-Answer Book** 

(21/4 hours)

This paper must be answered in English

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. After the announcement of the start of the examination, you should first write your Candidate Number in the space provided on Page 1 and stick barcode labels in the spaces provided on Pages 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 and 11.
- 2. This paper consists of THREE sections, A(1), A(2) and B.
- 3. Attempt ALL questions in this paper. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this Question-Answer Book. Do not write in the margins. Answers written in the margins will not be marked.
- 4. Graph paper and supplementary answer sheets will be supplied on request. Write your Candidate Number, mark the question number box and stick a barcode label on each sheet, and fasten them with string INSIDE this book.
- 5. Unless otherwise specified, all working must be clearly shown.
- 6. Unless otherwise specified, numerical answers should be either exact or correct to 3 significant figures.
- 7. The diagrams in this paper are not necessarily drawn to scale.
- 8. No extra time will be given to candidates for sticking on the barcode labels or filling in the question number boxes after the 'Time is up' announcement.

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Page total

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Facto	prize
(a)	$9x^2 - 42xy + 49y^2$ ,
(b)	$9x^2 - 42xy + 49y^2 - 6x + 14y$ .
	(3 marks
	cost of a chair is \$360. If the chair is sold at a discount of 20% on its marked price, then the entage profit is 30%. Find the marked price of the chair. (4 marks)

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7. In Figure 1, BD is a diameter of the circle ABCD. If AB = AC and  $\angle BDC = 36^{\circ}$ , find  $\angle ABD$ . (4 marks)

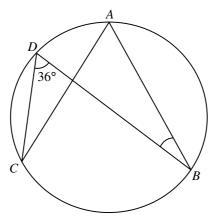


Figure 1

Answers written in the margins will not be marked.

9.	The following table shows the distribution of the numbers of online hours spent by a group of children
	on a certain day.

Number of online hours	2	3	4	5
Number of children	r	8	12	S

It is given that r and s are positive numbers.

- (a) Find the least possible value and the greatest possible value of the inter-quartile range of the distribution.
- (b) If r = 9 and the median of the distribution is 3, how many possible values of s are there? Explain your answer.

(5 marks)

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const	Let $\$ C be the cost of manufacturing a cubical carton of side $x$ cm . It is given that $C$ is part constant and partly varies as the square of $x$ . When $x = 20$ , $C = 42$ ; when $x = 120$ , $C = 112$ .				
(a)	Find the cost of manufacturing a cubical carton of side $50\mathrm{cm}$ .	(4 ma			
(b)	If the cost of manufacturing a cubical carton is $$58$ , find the length of a side	of the carton. (2 ma			

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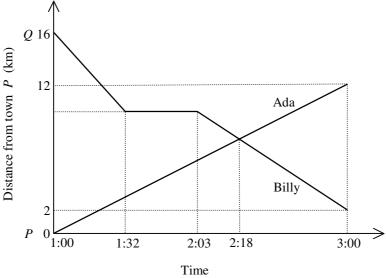


Figure 2

(a) How long does Billy rest during the period?

(2 marks)

(b) How far from town P do Ada and Billy meet during the period?

(3 marks)

(c) Use average speed during the period to determine who runs faster. Explain your answer.

(2 marks)

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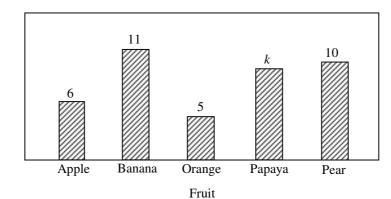
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Distribution of the most favourite fruits of the students in the group

Number of students



If a student is randomly selected from the group, then the probability that the most favourite fruit is apple is  $\frac{3}{20}$ .

- (a) Find k. (3 marks)
- (b) Suppose that the above distribution is represented by a pie chart.
  - (i) Find the angle of the sector representing that the most favourite fruit is orange.
  - (ii) Some new students now join the group and the most favourite fruit of each of these students is orange. Will the angle of the sector representing that the most favourite fruit is orange be doubled? Explain your answer.

(4 marks)

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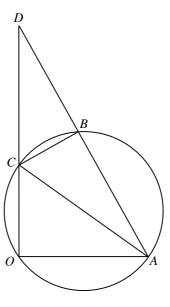


Figure 3

(a) Write down a pair of similar triangles in Figure 3.

(2 marks)

- (b) Suppose that  $\angle AOD = 90^{\circ}$ . A rectangular coordinate system, with O as the origin, is introduced in Figure 3 so that the coordinates of A and D are (6,0) and (0,12) respectively. If the ratio of the area of  $\triangle BCD$  to the area of  $\triangle OAD$  is 16:45, find
  - (i) the coordinates of C,

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(ii) the equation of the circle OABC.

(7 marks)

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	Express $\frac{1}{1+2i}$ in the form of $a+bi$ , where $a$ and $b$ are real numbers. (2 marks)
(b)	The roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 + px + q = 0$ are $\frac{10}{1+2i}$ and $\frac{10}{1-2i}$ . Find (i) $p$ and $q$ ,
	(ii) the range of values of $r$ such that the quadratic equation $x^2 + px + q = r$ has real roots. (5 marks)

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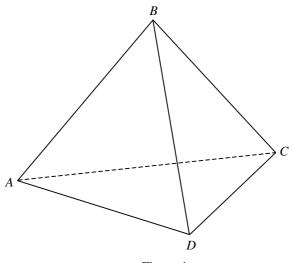


Figure 4

- (a) Find the length of AB. (2 marks)
- (b) Find the angle between the plane ABC and the plane ABD. (4 marks)
- (c) Let P be a movable point on the slant edge AB. Describe how  $\angle CPD$  varies as P moves from A to B. Explain your answer. (2 marks)

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PP-DSE MATH CP PAPER 2

HONG KONG EXAMINATIONS AND ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY
HONG KONG DIPLOMA OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

## PRACTICE PAPER MATHEMATICS Compulsory Part PAPER 2

(11/4 hours)

### INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Read carefully the instructions on the Answer Sheet. After the announcement of the start of the examination, you should first stick a barcode label and insert the information required in the spaces provided. No extra time will be given for sticking on the barcode label after the 'Time is up' announcement.
- 2. When told to open this book, you should check that all the questions are there. Look for the words 'END OF PAPER' after the last question.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks.
- 4. **ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS**. You are advised to use an HB pencil to mark all the answers on the Answer Sheet, so that wrong marks can be completely erased with a clean rubber. You must mark the answers clearly; otherwise you will lose marks if the answers cannot be captured.
- 5. You should mark only **ONE** answer for each question. If you mark more than one answer, you will receive **NO MARKS** for that question.
- 6. No marks will be deducted for wrong answers.

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There are 30 questions in Section A and 15 questions in Section B. The diagrams in this paper are not necessarily drawn to scale. Choose the best answer for each question.

### **Section A**

1. 
$$x^3(2x+x) =$$

- A.  $3x^4$ .
- B.  $2x^5$ .
- C.  $3x^5$ .
- D.  $2x^6$ .

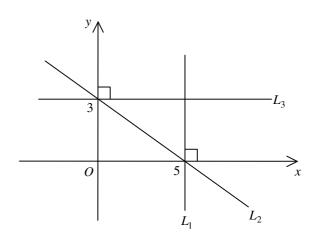
2. If 
$$3a+1=3(b-2)$$
, then  $b=$ 

- A. a+1.
- B. a+3.
- C.  $a + \frac{7}{3}$ .
- D.  $a \frac{5}{3}$ .

3. 
$$p^2 - q^2 - p - q =$$

- A. (p+q)(p-q-1).
- B. (p+q)(p+q-1).
- C. (p-q)(p-q+1).
- D. (p-q)(p+q-1).

- 4. Let *m* and *n* be constants. If  $m(x-3)^2 + n(x+1)^2 \equiv x^2 38x + 41$ , then m = 1
  - A. -4 .
  - B. -1.
  - C. 3.
  - D. 5.
- 5. Let  $f(x) = x^4 x^3 + x^2 x + 1$ . When f(x) is divided by x + 2, the remainder is
  - A. -2.
  - B. 0.
  - C. 11
  - D. 31.
- 6. Let k be a constant. If the quadratic equation  $3x^2 + 2kx k = 0$  has equal roots, then k =
  - A. -3.
  - B. 3.
  - C. -3 or 0.
  - D. 0 or 3.
- 7. In the figure, the x-intercepts of the straight lines  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  are 5 while the y-intercepts of the straight lines  $L_2$  and  $L_3$  are 3. Which of the following are true?
  - I. The equation of  $L_1$  is x = 5.
  - II. The slope of  $L_2$  is  $\frac{3}{5}$ .
  - III. The point (2,3) lies on  $L_3$ .
    - A. I and II only
    - B. I and III only
    - C. II and III only
    - D. I, II and III



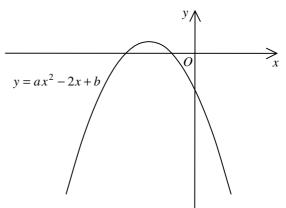
8. The figure shows the graph of  $y = ax^2 - 2x + b$ , where a and b are constants. Which of the following is/are true?



II. 
$$b < 0$$

III. 
$$ab < 1$$





9. The solution of 4x > x-3 or 3-x < x+7 is

A. 
$$x > -2$$
.

B. 
$$x < -2$$
.

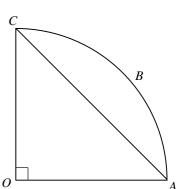
C. 
$$x > -1$$
.

D. 
$$x < -2$$
 or  $x > -1$ .

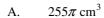
10. John buys a vase for \$1600. He then sells the vase to Susan at a profit of 20%. At what price should Susan sell the vase in order to have a profit of 20%?

11. If the circumference of a circle is increased by 40%, then the area of the circle is increased by

- 12. Let  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  be non-zero constants. If  $(\alpha + \beta) : (3\alpha \beta) = 7:3$ , then  $\alpha : \beta =$ 
  - A. 5:9.
  - B. 9:5.
  - C. 19:29.
  - D. 29:19.
- 13. If z varies directly as x and inversely as  $y^2$ , which of the following must be constant?
  - A.  $\frac{x}{y^2z}$
  - B.  $\frac{z}{xy^2}$
  - C.  $\frac{yz}{x^2}$
  - D.  $\frac{xz}{y^2}$
- 14. 0.009049999 =
  - A. 0.00905 (correct to 3 decimal places).
  - B. 0.00905 (correct to 3 significant figures).
  - C. 0.00905 (correct to 6 decimal places).
  - D. 0.00905 (correct to 6 significant figures).
- 15. In the figure, O is the centre of the sector OABC. If the area of  $\triangle OAC$  is  $12 \, \mathrm{cm}^2$ , find the area of the segment ABC.
  - A.  $3(\pi 2) \text{ cm}^2$
  - B.  $3(\pi 1) \text{ cm}^2$
  - C.  $6(\pi 2) \text{ cm}^2$
  - D.  $6(\pi 1) \text{ cm}^2$



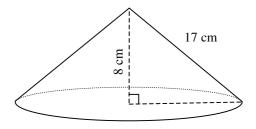
16. The figure shows a right circular cone of height 8 cm and slant height 17 cm. Find the volume of the circular cone.



B. 
$$345\pi \text{ cm}^3$$

C. 
$$480\pi \text{ cm}^3$$

D. 
$$600\pi \text{ cm}^3$$



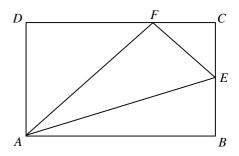
17. In the figure, ABCD is a rectangle. E is the mid-point of BC. F is a point lying on CD such that DF = 2CF. If the area of  $\triangle CEF$  is  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ , then the area of  $\triangle AEF$  is

A. 
$$2 \text{ cm}^2$$
.

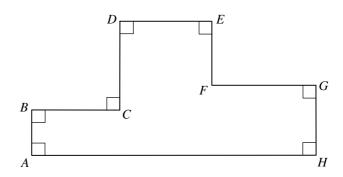
B. 
$$3 \text{ cm}^2$$
.

C. 
$$4 \text{ cm}^2$$
.

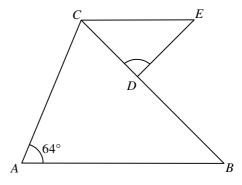
D. 
$$6 \,\mathrm{cm}^2$$
.



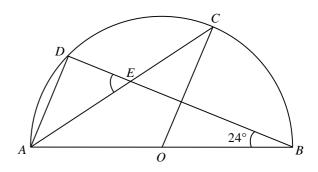
18. In the figure, AB = 4 cm, BC = CD = DE = 8 cm and FG = 9 cm. Find the perimeter of  $\triangle AEH$ .



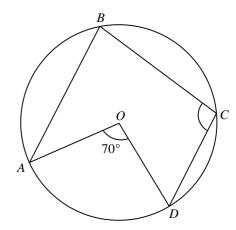
- 19. In the figure, AB = BC and D is a point lying on BC such that CD = DE. If AB // CE, find  $\angle CDE$ .
  - A. 52°
  - B. 58°
  - C. 64°
  - D. 76°



- 20. In the figure, O is the centre of the semi-circle ABCD . AC and BD intersect at E . If AD//OC , then  $\angle AED =$ 
  - A. 48°.
  - B. 55°.
  - C. 57°.
  - D. 66°.



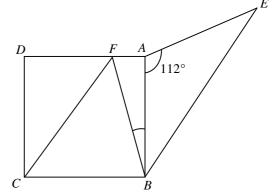
- 21. In the figure, O is the centre of the circle ABCD. If  $\widehat{AB} = \widehat{BC} = 2\widehat{CD}$ , then  $\angle BCD =$ 
  - A. 64°.
  - B. 87°.
  - C. 93°.
  - D. 116°.



22. In the figure, ABCD is a square. F is a point lying on AD such that  $CF /\!\!/ BE$ . If AB = AE, find  $\angle ABF$  correct to the nearest degree.







23. For  $0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 90^{\circ}$ , the least value of  $\frac{30}{3\sin^2 \theta + 2\sin^2(90^{\circ} - \theta)}$  is

A. 5.

B. 6.

C. 10.

D. 15.

24. Which of the following parallelograms have rotational symmetry and reflectional symmetry?

I.



II.



III.



A. I and II only

B. I and III only

C. II and III only

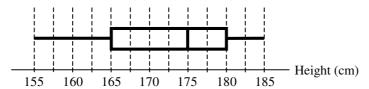
D. I, II and III

- 25. If the point (-2,-1) is reflected with respect to the straight line y=-5, then the coordinates of its image are
  - A. (-8, -1).
  - B. (-2, -9).
  - C. (-2,11).
  - D. (12, -1).

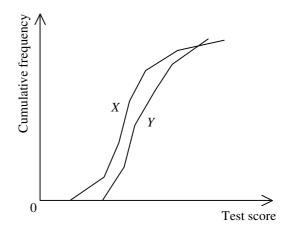
- 26. The coordinates of the points A and B are (1, -3) and (-5, 7) respectively. If P is a point lying on the straight line y = x + 2 such that AP = PB, then the coordinates of P are
  - A. (-2,0).
  - B. (-2, 2).
  - C. (0,2).
  - D. (3,5).

- 27. The equation of a circle is  $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 8x 12y + 3 = 0$ . Which of the following are true?
  - I. The coordinates of the centre of the circle are (-2,3).
  - II. The radius of the circle is 7.
  - III. The point (2,3) lies outside the circle.
    - A. I and II only
    - B. I and III only
    - C. II and III only
    - D. I, II and III

- 28. Two numbers are randomly drawn at the same time from four cards numbered 2, 3, 5 and 7 respectively. Find the probability that the sum of the numbers drawn is a multiple of 4.
  - A.  $\frac{1}{3}$
  - B.  $\frac{1}{4}$
  - C.  $\frac{1}{6}$
  - D.  $\frac{5}{16}$
- 29. The box-and-whisker diagram below shows the distribution of the heights (in cm) of some students. Which of the following is/are true?

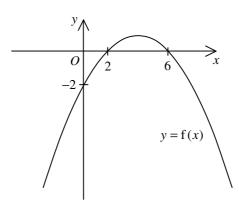


- I. The height of the tallest student is 180 cm.
- II. The inter-quartile range of the distribution is 15 cm.
- III. Less than half of the students are taller than 170 cm.
  - A. I only
  - B. II only
  - C. I and III only
  - D. II and III only
- 30. The figure below shows the cumulative frequency polygons of the test score distributions X and Y. Let  $m_1$ ,  $r_1$  and  $s_1$  be the median, the range and the standard deviation of X respectively while  $m_2$ ,  $r_2$  and  $s_2$  be the median, the range and the standard deviation of Y respectively. Which of the following are true?
  - I.  $m_1 > m_2$
  - II.  $r_1 > r_2$
  - III.  $s_1 > s_2$ 
    - A. I and II only
    - B. I and III only
    - C. II and III only
    - D. I, II and III



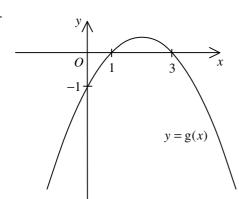
## **Section B**

31.

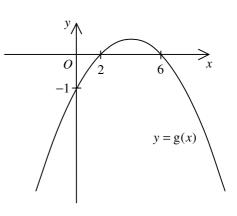


The figure above shows the graph of y = f(x). If 2f(x) = g(x), which of the following may represent the graph of y = g(x)?

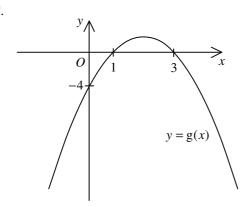
A.



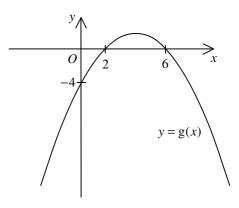
B.



C.



D.



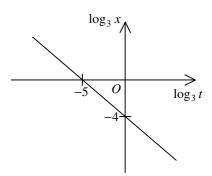
- 32.  $B0000000023_{16} =$ 
  - A.  $11 \times 16^{10} + 23$ .
  - B.  $11 \times 16^{10} + 35$ .
  - C.  $12 \times 16^{11} + 23$ .
  - D.  $12 \times 16^{11} + 35$ .

- 33. If the roots of the quadratic equation  $x^2 kx + 3 = 0$  are  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , then  $\alpha^3 + \beta^3 = 0$ 
  - A.  $k^3$ .
  - B.  $k^3 3k$ .
  - C.  $k^3 9k$ .
  - D.  $k^3 12k$ .
- 34. If x is a real number, then the real part of (x+3i)(3+i) is
  - A. 3x.
  - B. x+3.
  - C. 3x + 3.
  - D. 3x-3.
- 35. The *n*th term of a sequence is 2n+3. If the sum of the first m terms of the sequence is less than 3000, then the greatest value of m is
  - A. 52.
  - B. 53.
  - C. 56.
  - D. 57.
- 36. Let b > 1. If  $a = \log_{12} b$ , then  $\frac{1}{a} =$ 
  - A.  $\log_b \frac{1}{12}$ .
  - B.  $\log_b 12$ .
  - C.  $\log_{12} \frac{1}{b}$ .
  - D.  $\frac{1}{\log_b 12}$ .

37. The graph in the figure shows the linear relation between  $\log_3 t$  and  $\log_3 x$ . If  $x = kt^a$ , then k =



- B. 81.
- C.  $\frac{-4}{5}$ .
- D.  $\frac{-5}{4}$ .



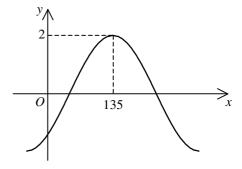
38. Let a be a constant and  $-90^{\circ} < \theta < 90^{\circ}$ . If the figure shows the graph of  $y = a \sin(x^{\circ} + \theta)$ , then

A. 
$$a = -2$$
 and  $\theta = -45^{\circ}$ .

B. 
$$a = -2$$
 and  $\theta = 45^{\circ}$ .

C. 
$$a = 2$$
 and  $\theta = -45^{\circ}$ .

D. 
$$a = 2$$
 and  $\theta = 45^{\circ}$ .



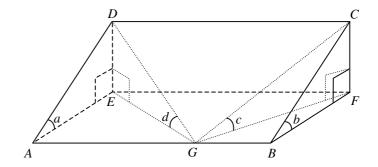
39. The figure shows a right prism ABCDEF with a right-angled triangle as the cross-section. A, B, E and F lie on the horizontal ground. G is a point lying on AB such that AG:GB=5:3. If  $\angle DAE=a$ ,  $\angle CBF=b$ ,  $\angle CGF=c$  and  $\angle DGE=d$ , which of the following is true?

A. 
$$a > c > d$$

B. 
$$a > d > c$$

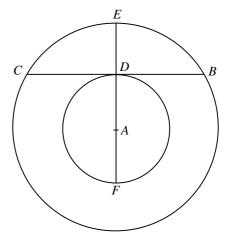
C. 
$$c > b > d$$

D. 
$$c > d > b$$



40. In the figure, A is the common centre of the two circles. BC is a chord of the larger circle and touches the smaller circle at D. AD produced meets the larger circle at E. F is a point lying on the smaller circle such that E, D, A and F are collinear. If  $BC = 24 \, \mathrm{cm}$  and  $DE = 8 \, \mathrm{cm}$ , then  $EF = 8 \, \mathrm{cm}$ 





41. If the straight line x - y = 0 and the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 6x + ky - k = 0$  do not intersect with each other, find the range of values of k.

A. 
$$2 < k < 18$$

B. 
$$-18 < k < -2$$

C. 
$$k < 2$$
 or  $k > 18$ 

D. 
$$k < -18$$
 or  $k > -2$ 

42. Let O be the origin. If the coordinates of the points A and B are (18, -24) and (18, 24) respectively, then the x-coordinate of the orthocentre of  $\triangle OAB$  is

A. 
$$-14$$
.

- 43. Mary, Tom and 8 other students participate in a solo singing contest. If each participant performs once only and the order of performance is randomly arranged, find the probability that Mary performs just after Tom.
  - A.  $\frac{1}{2}$
  - B.  $\frac{1}{10}$
  - C.  $\frac{1}{45}$
  - D.  $\frac{1}{90}$
- 44. The mean, the variance and the inter-quartile range of a set of numbers are 40, 9 and 18 respectively. If 5 is added to each number of the set and each resulting number is then tripled to form a new set of numbers, find the mean, the variance and the inter-quartile range of the new set of numbers.

	Mean	Variance	Inter-quartile range
A.	120	27	69
B.	120	81	69
C.	135	27	54
D.	135	81	54

- 45. Let *A* be a group of numbers  $\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}$  and *B* be another group of numbers  $\{\alpha+2, \beta+2, \mu+2, \gamma+2, \delta+2\}$ , where  $\alpha < \beta < \mu < \gamma < \delta$ . Which of the following must be true?
  - I. The median of A is smaller than that of B.
  - II. The range of A and the range of B are the same.
  - III. The standard deviation of A is greater than that of B.
    - A. I and II only
    - B. I and III only
    - C. II and III only
    - D. I, II and III

END OF PAPER