

HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I

1. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q1

Make h the subject of the formula $9(h + 6k) = 7h + 8$.

(3 marks)

2. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q2

Simplify $\frac{3}{7x-6} - \frac{2}{5x-4}$.

(3 marks)

3. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q3

The length and the breadth of a rectangle are 24 cm and $(13 + r)$ cm respectively. If the length of a diagonal of the rectangle is $(17 - 3r)$ cm, find r .

(3 marks)

4. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q4 Factorize

(a) $4m^2 - 9$,

(b) $2m^2n + 7mn - 15n$.

(c) $4m^2 - 9 - 2m^2n - 7mn + 15n$.

(4 marks)

5. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q5

A wallet is sold at a discount of 25% on its marked price. The selling price of the wallet is \$690.

(a) Find the marked price of the wallet.

(b) After selling the wallet, the percentage profit is 15%. Find the cost of the wallet.

(4 marks)

6. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q6

(a) Solve the inequality $\frac{7x+26}{4} \leq 2(3x-1)$.

(b) Find the number of integers satisfying both inequalities $\frac{7x+26}{4} \leq 2(3x-1)$ and $45-5x \geq 0$.

(4 marks)

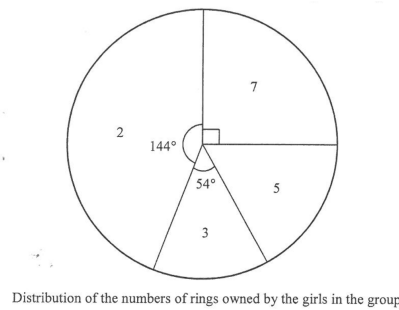
7. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q7

In a playground, the ratio of the number of adults to the number of children is 13 : 6. If 9 adults and 24 children enter the playground, then the ratio of the number of adults to the number of children is 8 : 7. Find the original number of adults in the playground.

(4 marks)

8. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q8

The pie chart below shows the distribution of the numbers of rings owned by the girls in a group.



- (a) Write down the mode of the distribution.
- (b) Find the mean of the distribution.
- (c) If a girl is randomly selected from the group, find the probability that the selected girl owns more than 3 rings.

(5 marks)

9. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q9

The sum of the volumes of two spheres is 324π cm³. The radius of the larger sphere is equal to the diameter of the smaller sphere. Express, in terms of π ,

- (a) The volume of the larger sphere;
- (b) The sum of the surface areas of the two spheres.

(5 marks)

10. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q10

It is given that $h(x)$ is partly constant and partly varies as x . Suppose that $h(-2) = -96$ and $h(5) = 72$.

- (a) Find $h(x)$.
(3 marks)
- (b) Solve the equation $h(x) = 3x^2$.
(2 marks)

11. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q11

Let $p(X)$ be a cubic polynomial. When $p(x)$ is divided by $x - 1$, the remainder is 50. When $p(X)$ is divided by $x + 2$, the remainder is -52 . It is given that $p(x)$ is divisible by $2x^2 + 9x + 14$.

- (a) Find the quotient when $p(X)$ is divided by $2x^2 + 9x + 14$.
(3 marks)
- (b) How many rational roots does the equation have? Explain your answer.
(3 marks)

12. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q12

The stem-and-leaf diagram below shows the distribution of the results (in seconds) of some boys in a 400 m race. It is given that the inter-quartile range of the distribution is 8 seconds.

Stem (tens)	Leaf (units)
5	a
6	0 0 3 c c 8 9 9 9
7	0 1 1 1 2 2 5 6 9
8	b

- (a) Find c .
(2 marks)
- (b) It is given that the range of the distribution exceeds 34 seconds and the mean of the distribution is 69 seconds. Find
 - (i) a and b ,
 - (ii) the least possible standard deviation of the distribution.
 (6 marks)

13. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q13

In Figure 1, O is the centre of circle $ABCDE$. AC is a diameter of the circle. BD and OC intersect at the point F . It is given that $\angle AED = 115^\circ$.

- (a) Find $\angle CBF$.
(3 marks)
- (b) Suppose that $BC \parallel OD$ and $OB = 18$ cm. Is the perimeter of the sector OBC less than 60 cm? Explain your answer.
(5 marks)

14. HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q14

In Figure 2, $ABCD$ is a square. It is given that E is a point lying on AD . BD and CE intersect at the point F . Let G be a point such that $BG \parallel EC$ and $CG \parallel DB$.

- (a) Prove that
 - (i) $\triangle BCG \equiv \triangle CBF$,
 - (ii) $\triangle BCF \sim \triangle DEF$.
 (4 marks)
- (b) Suppose that $\angle BCF = \angle BGC$.
 - (i) Let $BC = l$. Express DF in terms of l .
 - (ii) Someone claims that $AE > DF$. Do you agree? Explain your answer.
 (4 marks)

15. **HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q15**

There are 21 boys and 11 girls in a class. If 5 students are selected from the class to form a committee consisting of at least 1 boy, how many different committees can be formed?
(3 marks)

16. **HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q16**

Let α and β be real numbers such that
$$\begin{cases} \beta = 5\alpha - 18 \\ \beta = \alpha^2 - 13\alpha + 63 \end{cases}.$$

(a) Find α and β .

(2 marks)

(b) The 1st term and the 2nd term of an arithmetic sequence are $\log \alpha$ and $\log \beta$ respectively. Find the least value of n such that the sum of the first n terms of the sequence is greater than 888.

(4 mark)

17. **HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q17**

(a) Let a and p be the area and the perimeter of $\triangle CDE$ respectively. Denote the radius of the inscribed circle of $\triangle CDE$ by r . Prove that $pr = 2a$.

(2 marks)

(b) The coordinates of the points H and K are $(9, 12)$ and $(14, 0)$ respectively. Let P be a moving point in the rectangular coordinate plane such that the perpendicular distance from P to OH is equal to the perpendicular distance from P to HK , where O is the origin. Denote the locus of P by Γ .

(i) Describe the geometric relationship between Γ and $\triangle OHK$.

(ii) Using (a), find the equation of Γ .

(5 marks)

18. **HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q18**

Figure 3 shows a tetrahedron $ABCD$. Let P be a point lying on AD such that BP is perpendicular to AD . A craftsman finds that $AC = AD = CD = 13$ cm, $BC = 8$ cm, $BD = 12$ cm and $\angle ABD = 72^\circ$.

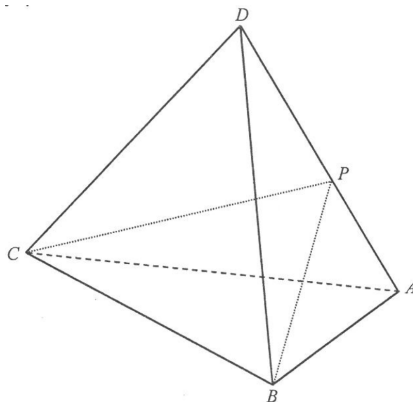


Figure 3

(a) Find

(i) $\angle BAD$,

(ii) CP .

(5 marks)

(b) The craftsman claims that $\angle BPC$ is the angle between the face ABD and the face ACD . Is the claim correct? Explain your answer.

(2 marks)

19. **HKDSE MATH CORE 2019 Past Paper I Q19**

Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+k}(x^2 + (6k-2)x + (9k+25))$, where k is a positive constant. Denote the point $(4, 33)$ by F .

(a) Prove that the graph of $y = f(x)$ passes through F .

(1 mark)

(b) The graph of $y = g(x)$ is obtained by reflecting the graph of $y = f(x)$ with respect to the y -axis and then translating the resulting graph upwards by 4 units. Let U be the vertex of the graph of $y = g(x)$. Denote the origin by O .

(i) Using the method of completing the square, express the coordinates of U in terms of k .

(ii) Find k such that the area of the circle passing through F , O and U is the least.

(iii) For any positive constant k , the graph of $y = g(x)$ passes through the same point G .

Let V be the vertex of the graph of $y = g(x)$ such that the area of the circle passing through F , O and V is the least. Are F , G , O and V concyclic? Explain your answer.

(11 marks)