# **More about Polynomials**

# 續多項式

### Exercises(練習)

- **1.** Add  $5x^2 7x + 3$  to  $2x^2 3x 1$ . 求  $2x^2 3x 1$  加上  $5x^2 7x + 3$  所得的和。
- 2. Multiply  $3x^2 2x + 2$  by 2 x, and arrange the answer in descending powers of x.  $求 3x^2 2x + 2$  乘以 2 x 所得的積,並把答案依x 的降冪排列。
- 3. Subtract  $5x^3 + x 3$  from  $3x^3 + x^2 x + 1$ . 求從  $3x^3 + x^2 - x + 1$  減去  $5x^3 + x - 3$  所得的差。
- 4. Find the quotient and the remainder of  $(1 3x^3 + 2x^2 + x) \div (x^2 1 + 2x)$ .  $求 (1 3x^3 + 2x^2 + x) \div (x^2 1 + 2x)$  的商式和餘式。
- 5. Find the quotient and the remainder of  $(3x^2 5x + 4) \div (x 1)$ . 求  $(3x^2 5x + 4) \div (x 1)$  的商式和餘式。
- **6.** Simplify the following expressions.

化簡下列各數式。

(a) 
$$(3x^5 - 6x^4 + 7x^3) \div x^2$$
 (b)  $(6x^3 - 4x^2 - 8x) \div 2x$ 

- 7. Find the quotient and the remainder of  $(2x^3 + 4x^2 6) \div (x + 3)$ . 求  $(2x^3 + 4x^2 6) \div (x + 3)$  的商式和餘式。
- 8. Find the remainder when the polynomial  $x^3+2x^2-3x+1$  is divided by 求當多項式  $x^3+2x^2-3x+1$  除以下列各式時所得的餘數。
- (a) x-1, (b) x+2.
- 9. When  $16x^3 + 8x^2 + kx 3$  is divided by 2x + 1, the remainder is 7. Find the value of k. 當  $16x^3 + 8x^2 + kx 3$  除以 2x + 1 時,所得的餘數是  $7 \circ \vec{x} k$  的值。

- 10. When  $x^4 2x^3 + x^2 kx + k$  is divided by x + 1, the remainder is 10. Find the value of k. 當  $x^4 2x^3 + x^2 kx + k$  除以 x + 1 時,所得的餘數是  $10 \circ$ 求 k 的值。
- 11. If  $2kx^3 + 6x^2 12x 9$  is divisible by 2x + 1, find the value of k. 若  $2kx^3 + 6x^2 12x 9$  可被 2x + 1 整除,求 k 的值。
- 12. Find the remainders when the polynomial  $6x^2 3x + 1$  is divided by 求當  $6x^2 3x + 1$  除以下列各式時所得的餘數。
- (a) 2x-3, (b) 3x+1.
- 13. When  $ax^2 + bx 2$  is divided by x + 1 and x 1, the remainders are -1 and 3 respectively. Find the values of a and b.

當  $ax^2 + bx - 2$  除以 x + 1 和 x - 1 時,所得的餘數分別是 -1 和 3。求 a 和 b 的值。

- 14. When  $x^2 + 4x 20$  is divided by x k, the remainder is  $k^2$ . Find the value of k. 當  $x^2 + 4x 20$  除以 x k 時,所得的餘數是  $k^2 \circ \bar{x} k$  的值。
- 15. Use the factor theorem to determine whether each of the following is a factor of  $2x^3 + x^2 2x + 8$ . 利用因式定理,判斷下列兩個多項式是否  $2x^3 + x^2 2x + 8$  的因式。
- **(a)** x + 2 **(b)** 2x 1
- 16. Factorize  $f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 x 5$ . 因式分解  $f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 - x - 5$ 。
- 17. It is given that  $f(x) = 4x^3 + 4x^2 7x + 2$ .  $\Box$   $\exists f(x) = 4x^3 + 4x^2 - 7x + 2 \circ$
- (a) Show that x + 2 is a factor of f(x). 證明 x + 2 是 f(x) 的因式。
- (b) Hence, factorize f(x) completely. 由此,因式分解 f(x)。
- - (b) If n = -1, **(i)** find the value of m,  $\stackrel{\text{...}}{=} n = -1$ , **(i)**求 m 的值;
    - (ii) hence, find all the factors of  $x^3 + 4x^2 + x + m$ .
    - (ii) 由此,求  $x^3 + 4x^2 + x + m$  的所有因式。

19. Factorize 
$$3x^3 - 7x^2 - 7x + 3$$
.  
因式分解  $3x^3 - 7x^2 - 7x + 3$ 。

20. If 
$$x^2-5x+k$$
 and  $x^3+x^2+8$  have the same remainder when divided by  $x+1$ , find the value of  $k$ . 當  $x^2-5x+k$  和  $x^3+x^2+8$  分別除以  $x+1$  時,所得的餘數相等,求  $k$  的值。

21. Factorize 
$$3x^3 + 6x^2 - 15x - 18$$
.  
因式分解  $3x^3 + 6x^2 - 15x - 18$ 。

22. If 
$$x-c$$
 is a factor of  $x^2+cx+c$ , where  $c \neq 0$ , find the value of  $c$ . 若  $x-c$  是多項式  $x^2+cx+c$  的因式,其中  $c \neq 0$ ,求  $c$  的值。

# **Pre-requisite Questions**

### 預備測驗

- If  $g(x) = 3(x^2 + 4x 5k) 2kx$ , find the values of 已知  $g(x) = 3(x^2 + 4x - 5k) - 2kx$ , 求下列各題的值。
  - (a) g(1),
- **(b)** g(-k), **(c)** g(k+1).
- It is given that  $f(x) = x^2 3x$ . If g(x) = f(x + 1), find the symbolic representation of g(x). 2. 已知  $f(x) = x^2 - 3x \circ 若 g(x) = f(x+1)$ , 試以符號形式表示 g(x) 。
- If  $g(x) = x^2 + ax 4$  and g(-2) = 6, find the value of a. 若  $g(x) = x^2 + ax - 4$  及 g(-2) = 6,求 a 的值。
- It is given that  $f(x) = 3x^2 + x + 2$ . Find the values of 已知  $f(x) = 3x^2 + x + 2$ ,求下列各題的值。
  - (a) f(0),
- **(b)** f(1),
- (c) f(-1).
- 5. If f(x) = (x - k)(x + 3k) and f(3) = 12, find the value(s) of k. 若 f(x) = (x - k)(x + 3k) 及 f(3) = 12,求 k 的值。
- Let  $f(x) = x^2 5x$  and g(x) = f(x + 1) + f(2x). Find the symbolic representation of g(x). 6. 設  $f(x) = x^2 - 5x$  及 g(x) = f(x+1) + f(2x)。 試以符號形式表示 g(x)。
- It is given that f(x) = 2x 1. If g(x) = f(3x), find the symbolic representation of g(x). 已知 f(x) = 2x - 1。若 g(x) = f(3x),試以符號形式表示 g(x)。
- 8. Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 3$  and g(x) = f(x - 1) - f(x + 1). Find the symbolic representation of g(x). 設  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 3$  及 g(x) = f(x - 1) - f(x + 1)。試以符號形式表示 g(x)。
- 9. Given that  $F(x) = 2x^2 + 4x$  and G(x) = 8kx + 6. Find the values of k if F(k+1) = G(k-2). 已知  $F(x) = 2x^2 + 4x$  及  $G(x) = 8kx + 6 \circ 若 F(k+1) = G(k-2)$ ,求 k 的值。
- **10.** Let g(x) = 3x(x-6). If g(k) = g(3k+2), find the values of k. 設 g(x) = 3x(x-6)。若 g(k) = g(3k+2),求 k 的值。
- 11. Let f(x) = x(2x + 1). If f(k 1) = 5 k, find the values of k. 設 f(x) = x(2x+1)。若 f(k-1) = 5-k,求 k 的值。

12. Given that  $F(x) = x^2 + 2kx$  and G(x) = kx + 3. Find the values of k if F(k) = G(k+5). 已知  $F(x) = x^2 + 2kx$  及 G(x) = kx + 3。若 F(k) = G(k+5),求 k 的值。

## Level 1 Questions 程度 1 題目

- 3. Add  $x^3 x + 5$  to  $2 3x^2 + 4x^3$  and express your answer in descending powers of x.  $求 2 3x^2 + 4x^3$  加上  $x^3 x + 5$  所得的和,並把答案依x 的降冪排列。
- **4.** Subtract  $5x + 2x^2 1$  from  $x^2 3x 4$  and express your answer in descending powers of x. 求從  $x^2 3x 4$  減去  $5x + 2x^2 1$  所得的差,並把答案依x 的降幕排列。
- 5. Divide  $18w^3 21w^4 + 6w^2$  by  $3w^2$  and arrange the terms in descending powers of w.  $求 18w^3 21w^4 + 6w^2$  除以  $3w^2$  所得的商式,並把答案依w 的降幕排列。
- 7. Multiply  $5x^3 4 + 3x^2$  by 3 2x and express your answer in descending powers of x. 求  $5x^3 4 + 3x^2$  乘以 3 2x 所得的積,並把答案依x 的降冪排列。
- 8. Simplify  $(4x^3 + 13) (7x 9)(6 x x^2)$  and express your answer in descending powers of x. 化簡  $(4x^3 + 13) - (7x - 9)(6 - x - x^2)$ ,並把答案依x 的降幕排列。
- 9. Simplify  $(x^2 + 2x 1)(x + 3) + (3 + x)^2$  and express your answer in descending powers of x. 化簡  $(x^2 + 2x - 1)(x + 3) + (3 + x)^2$ ,並把答案依 x 的降幕排列。
- **10.** Find the quotient and the remainder of  $(x^3 5x^2 + 2x 4) \div x$ .  $求 (x^3 5x^2 + 2x 4) \div x$  的商式和餘式。
- 12. Divide  $20x^6 + 8x^3 12x^4 36x^5$  by  $-4x^3$  and arrange the terms in descending powers of x.
- . 求  $20x^6 + 8x^3 12x^4 36x^5$  除以  $-4x^3$  所得的商式, 並把答案依x 的降冪排列。

**13.** Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(x^3 + 2x^2 + 1) \div 2x$$
. 求  $(x^3 + 2x^2 + 1) \div 2x$  的商式和餘式。

**14.** Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(4x^3 - 8x^2 - 9x + 28) \div (x - 3)$$
. 求  $(4x^3 - 8x^2 - 9x + 28) \div (x - 3)$  的商式和餘式。

**15.** Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(3x^2 - 6x + 2) \div (x - 1)$$
. 求  $(3x^2 - 6x + 2) \div (x - 1)$  的商式和餘式。

16. Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(27t^3 + 9t^2 - 3t - 35) \div (3t - 2)$$
. 求  $(27t^3 + 9t^2 - 3t - 35) \div (3t - 2)$  的商式和餘式。

17. By using the remainder theorem, find the remainder of 
$$(2x^3 + 6x^2 + 2x - 7) \div (x + 1)$$
. 利用餘式定理,求  $(2x^3 + 6x^2 + 2x - 7) \div (x + 1)$  的餘數。

18. Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(21w^4 + 10w^3 + w^2 + 18) \div (7w + 1)$$
. 求  $(21w^4 + 10w^3 + w^2 + 18) \div (7w + 1)$  的商式和餘式。

**19.** Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(z^3 - 2z^2 + 25) \div (z + 2)$$
. 求  $(z^3 - 2z^2 + 25) \div (z + 2)$  的商式和餘式。

**20.** Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(24x^4 + 58x^3 + 7) \div (4x - 1)$$
. 求  $(24x^4 + 58x^3 + 7) \div (4x - 1)$  的商式和餘式。

21. By using the remainder theorem, find the remainder of 
$$(54x^3 - 18x^2 + 21x - 5) \div (3x - 2)$$
. 利用餘式定理,求  $(54x^3 - 18x^2 + 21x - 5) \div (3x - 2)$  的餘數。

22. By using the remainder theorem, find the remainder of 
$$(3x^3 - 5x^2 + x - 9) \div (x - 3)$$
. 利用餘式定理,求  $(3x^3 - 5x^2 + x - 9) \div (x - 3)$  的餘數。

23. By using the remainder theorem, find the remainder of 
$$(x^3 + 7x + 4) \div (x - 2)$$
. 利用餘式定理,求  $(x^3 + 7x + 4) \div (x - 2)$  的餘數。

24. By using the remainder theorem, find the remainder of 
$$(x^3 + 8x^2 - 13x + 39) \div (x + 4)$$
. 利用餘式定理,求  $(x^3 + 8x^2 - 13x + 39) \div (x + 4)$  的餘數。

- **25.** By using the remainder theorem, find the remainder of  $(24x^3 + 12x^2 + 4x 8) \div (2x 1)$ . 利用餘式定理,求  $(24x^3 + 12x^2 + 4x 8) \div (2x 1)$  的餘數。
- **26.** By using the remainder theorem, find the remainder of  $(16x^3 8x^2 3x + 7) \div (4x + 3)$ . 利用餘式定理,求  $(16x^3 8x^2 3x + 7) \div (4x + 3)$  的餘數。
- **27.** By using the remainder theorem, find the remainder of  $(6x^3 + 5x^2 + 9x + 3) \div (2x + 1)$ . 利用餘式定理,求  $(6x^3 + 5x^2 + 9x + 3) \div (2x + 1)$  的餘數。

- **31.** By using the remainder theorem, find the remainder of  $(x^{666} + 1) \div (x 1)$ . 利用餘式定理,求  $(x^{666} + 1) \div (x 1)$  的餘數。
- 33. When  $8x^3 2x^2 + kx + 1$  is divided by 2x 3, the remainder is 31. Find the value of k. 當  $8x^3 2x^2 + kx + 1$  除以 2x 3 時,所得的餘數是  $31 \circ 求 k$  的值。
- **34.** Let  $g(x) = x(x-3)^2 4x^2 + 9x 4$ . Determine whether x-2 and 2x-1 are factors of g(x) by using the factor theorem. 
   設  $g(x) = x(x-3)^2 4x^2 + 9x 4$ 。 利用因式定理,判斷 x-2 和 2x-1 是否 g(x) 的因式。
- **35.** By using the remainder theorem, find the remainder of  $(x^{2003} + 1) \div (x + 1)$ . 利用餘式定理,求  $(x^{2003} + 1) \div (x + 1)$  的餘數。

- 37. Show that x + a is a factor of  $(x + a)^3 + (x b)^3 + (a + b)^3$ , where a and b are constants. 證明 x + a 是  $(x + a)^3 + (x b)^3 + (a + b)^3$  的因式,其中 a 和 b 都是常數。
- 38. Show that (x + 3)(x + 5) 2x 7 is divisible by x + 4. 證明 (x + 3)(x + 5) 2x 7 可被 x + 4 整除。
- **39.** Use the factor theorem to factorize  $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 29x 30$ . 利用因式定理,因式分解  $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 29x 30$ 。
- **41.** Use the factor theorem to factorize  $f(x) = x^3 + 7x^2 x 7$ . 利用因式定理,因式分解  $f(x) = x^3 + 7x^2 x 7$ 。
- **43.** Use the factor theorem to factorize  $f(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 28x + 32$ . 利用因式定理,因式分解  $f(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 28x + 32$ 。
- **44.** Use the factor theorem to factorize  $f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 2x 24$ . 利用因式定理,因式分解  $f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 2x 24$ 。
- **45.** Use the factor theorem to factorize  $f(x) = 2x^3 14x^2 + 16x + 32$ . 利用因式定理,因式分解  $f(x) = 2x^3 14x^2 + 16x + 32$ 。
- **46.** Use the factor theorem to factorize  $f(x) = x^3 7x^2 + 36$ . 利用因式定理,因式分解  $f(x) = x^3 7x^2 + 36$ 。
- **47.** Use the factor theorem to factorize  $f(x) = 4x^3 28x + 24$ . 利用因式定理,因式分解  $f(x) = 4x^3 28x + 24$ 。

## Level 2 Questions 程度 2 題目

1. Simplify  $(3x^3 - 2x + 1) - (x^2 + 4x - 5) + (6x^2 - 2x^3 - 7)$  and express your answer in descending powers of x.

化簡  $(3x^3-2x+1)-(x^2+4x-5)+(6x^2-2x^3-7)$ , 並把答案依 x 的降幕排列。

- 4. If  $F = x^2 2x 5$  and  $G = x^2 + 3x 7$ , simplify  $F^2 + G^2 2FG$ . Express your answer in descending powers of x.

若  $F = x^2 - 2x - 5$  及  $G = x^2 + 3x - 7$ ,化簡  $F^2 + G^2 - 2FG$ ,並把答案依 x 的降冪排列。

5. Simplify  $(2x^2 - 6x - 9) + (2x + 1)(3x^2 - 2x) - (6x^3 - 5x^2 + 4x + 3)$  and express your answer in descending powers of x.

化簡  $(2x^2-6x-9)+(2x+1)(3x^2-2x)-(6x^3-5x^2+4x+3)$ ,並把答案依x的降冪排列。

6. Simplify  $(7x^4 + x^3 - 13x^2 + 5x - 20) + (4x^3 - 19x^2 + 21x + 44) - (2x^4 + 3x^3 - 6x - 17)$  and express your answer in descending powers of x.

化簡  $(7x^4 + x^3 - 13x^2 + 5x - 20) + (4x^3 - 19x^2 + 21x + 44) - (2x^4 + 3x^3 - 6x - 17)$ ,並把答案依 x 的降 幕排列。

- 7. If  $F = x^2 + 3$  and  $G = 4x^2 x + 2$ , simplify  $FG + 3F^2$ . Express your answer in descending powers of x. 若  $F = x^2 + 3$  及  $G = 4x^2 x + 2$ , 化簡  $FG + 3F^2$ , 並把答案依x 的降幂排列。
- 8. Find the constant term in  $(5x^5 + 34x^4 8x + 2)(63x 13 + 2x^3)$ . 求  $(5x^5 + 34x^4 8x + 2)(63x 13 + 2x^3)$  中的常數項。
- 9. Find the coefficient of  $x^6$  in  $(x^2 + 2x + 5)(x^3 3x^2 + 2) + (x^2 4)(x + 1)$ . 求  $(x^2 + 2x + 5)(x^3 3x^2 + 2) + (x^2 4)(x + 1)$  中  $x^6$  的係數。
- **10.** Find the coefficient of  $x^4$  in  $(1 2x^2 + x^4)(2 + 3x^2 + 5x^3)$ . 求  $(1 2x^2 + x^4)(2 + 3x^2 + 5x^3)$  中  $x^4$  的係數。

11. Simplify 
$$(x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x - 6) \div (x^2 - 2)$$
.  
11. (Lift)  $(x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x - 6) \div (x^2 - 2)$  o

**12.** Find the coefficient of 
$$x^3$$
 in  $(2x^3 + x - 3)(4 - x) - (x^3 + 1)$ .  $求 (2x^3 + x - 3)(4 - x) - (x^3 + 1)$  中  $x^3$  的係數。

13. Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(z^3 + 12z^2 - 9) \div (z^2 - z + 2)$$
. 求  $(z^3 + 12z^2 - 9) \div (z^2 - z + 2)$  的商式和餘式。

15 Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(x^3 - 3x^2 + 8x + 24) \div (x^2 + 2x + 6)$$
. 求  $(x^3 - 3x^2 + 8x + 24) \div (x^2 + 2x + 6)$  的商式和餘式。

**16.** (a) Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(4x^3 - 12x^2 + 16x - 8) \div (2x^2 - 4x + 1)$$
.  $求 (4x^3 - 12x^2 + 16x - 8) \div (2x^2 - 4x + 1)$  的商式和餘式。

(b) Hence, find the quotient and the remainder when 
$$4x^3 - 12x^2 + 16x - 8$$
 is divided by  $x - 1$ . 由此,求當  $4x^3 - 12x^2 + 16x - 8$  除以  $x - 1$  時所得的商式和餘式。

17. Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(7x^3 + 13x^2 - 2x - 16) \div (x^2 + 2x - 3)$$
. 求  $(7x^3 + 13x^2 - 2x - 16) \div (x^2 + 2x - 3)$  的商式和餘式。

19. Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$(6z^3 - 15z + 3) \div (3z^2 + 9z + 2)$$
. 求  $(6z^3 - 15z + 3) \div (3z^2 + 9z + 2)$  的商式和餘式。

21. Find the quotient and the remainder of 
$$[(4t^2 + 2t - 3)(3t - 1) - (9t^4 + 3t^2 - 3)] \div (3t^2 + 2)$$
.  $求 [(4t^2 + 2t - 3)(3t - 1) - (9t^4 + 3t^2 - 3)] \div (3t^2 + 2)$  的商式和餘式。

22. When 
$$6x^2 - 17x + 21$$
 is divided by  $x + k$ , the remainder is 9. Find the values of  $k$ . 當  $6x^2 - 17x + 21$  除以  $x + k$  時,所得的餘數是  $9 \circ \vec{x} k$  的值。

- **23.** Find the quotient and the remainder of  $(x^5 1) \div (x^2 1)$ .  $求 (x^5 1) \div (x^2 1)$  的商式和餘式。
- **25.** When  $2(x-3)^2 + 3(x+2)$  is divided by x-k, the remainder is 29. Find the values of k. 當  $2(x-3)^2 + 3(x+2)$  除以 x-k 時,所得的餘數是 29。求 k 的值。

- 28. Let  $f(x) = x^3 + ax^2 + bx 1$ . When f(x) is divided by x + 1 and x 2, the remainders are -13 and 11 respectively. Find the values of a and b. 
  設  $f(x) = x^3 + ax^2 + bx 1$ 。當 f(x) 除以 x + 1 和 x 2 時,所得的餘數分別是 -13 和 11。求 a 和 b 的值。
- **30.** It is given that  $f(x) = x^3 + kx + 3$ .  $\Box \exists \exists f(x) = x^3 + kx + 3$ .
  - (a) When f(x-1) is divided by x+1, the remainder is 3. Find the value of k. 當 f(x-1) 除以 x+1 時,所得的餘數是 3。求 k 的值。
  - (b) Hence, find the remainder when f(3x) is divided by x-1. 由此,求當 f(3x) 除以 x-1 時所得的餘數。
- 31. Let  $f(x) = ax^3 3x^2 + bx + 4$ . When f(x) is divided by x + 1 and x 3, the remainders are 6 and 10 respectively. Find the values of a and b. 
   設  $f(x) = ax^3 3x^2 + bx + 4$ 。當 f(x) 除以 x + 1 和 x 3 時,所得的餘數分別是 6 和 10。求 a 和 b 的值。

- **33.** (a) If a polynomial f(x) is divided by (x + 1)(x 3), write down the highest possible degree of the remainder.

若多項式 f(x) 除以 (x+1)(x-3), 寫出所得餘式的最高可能次數。

- (b) It is given that when f(x) is divided by x+1 and x-3, the remainders are -9 and -1 respectively. Find the remainder when f(x) is divided by (x+1)(x-3). 已知當 f(x) 除以 x+1 和 x-3 時,所得的餘數分別是 -9 和 -1。求當 f(x) 除以 (x+1)(x-3) 時所得的餘式。
- **34.** Show that  $3x^3 + x^2 10x 8$  is divisible by 3x + 4. 證明  $3x^3 + x^2 10x 8$  可被 3x + 4 整除。
- **35.** Show that 5x + 3 is a factor of  $5x^3 + 3x^2 5x 3$ . 證明 5x + 3 是  $5x^3 + 3x^2 - 5x - 3$  的因式。
- **36.** It is given that  $g(x) = x^3 + x^2 58x 112$ .  $\exists \exists g(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 58x - 112 \circ$ 
  - (a) Show that x + 7 is a factor of g(x). 證明 x + 7 是 g(x) 的因式。
  - (b) Hence, factorize g(x) completely. 由此,因式分解 g(x)。
- 37. Let  $f(x) = x^3 5x^2 + ax + b$ . If f(x) is divisible by  $x^2 + 2x 3$ , find the values of a and b. 
   設  $f(x) = x^3 5x^2 + ax + b$ 。 
   若 f(x) 能被  $x^2 + 2x 3$  整除,求 a 和 b 的值。
- **38.** Let  $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 12x + 8$ . If f(x) is divisible by  $3x^2 8x + 4$ , find the values of a and b.  $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 12x + 8 \circ$  
  若 f(x) 
  能被  $3x^2 8x + 4$  
  整除,求 a 和 b 的值。
- **39.** It is given that  $f(x) = x^3 2x^2 + kx + 42$  is divisible by x 1. 已知  $f(x) = x^3 2x^2 + kx + 42$  可被 x 1 整除。
  - (a) Find the value of k. 求 k 的值。
  - (b) Hence, factorize f(x) completely. 由此,因式分解 g(x)。

**40.** It is given that 
$$g(x) = 3x^3 + 5x^2 - 74x + 24$$
.

已知 
$$g(x) = 3x^3 + 5x^2 - 74x + 24$$
。

(a) Show that 
$$3x - 1$$
 is a factor of  $g(x)$ .

證明 
$$3x-1$$
 是  $g(x)$  的因式。

(b) Hence, factorize 
$$g(x)$$
 completely.

由此,因式分解 
$$g(x)$$
。

**41.** It is given that 
$$g(x) = ax^3 + 23x^2 + bx - 4$$
. When  $g(x)$  is divided by  $x + 1$ , the remainder is 18, and  $2x - 1$  is a factor of  $g(x)$ .

(a) Find the values of 
$$a$$
 and  $b$ .

求
$$a$$
 和 $b$  的值。

**(b)** Hence, factorize 
$$g(x)$$
 completely without using the long division.

**42.** It is given that 
$$f(x) = 4x^3 + kx^2 - 25x - 6$$
 is divisible by  $4x + 1$ .

已知 
$$f(x) = 4x^3 + kx^2 - 25x - 6$$
 可被  $4x + 1$  整除。

(a) Find the value of 
$$k$$
.

求
$$k$$
的值。

**(b)** Hence, factorize 
$$f(x)$$
 completely.

由此,因式分解
$$f(x)$$
。

**43.** It is given that 
$$g(x) = ax^3 - 17x^2 + bx + 15$$
. When  $g(x)$  is divided by  $x - 1$ , the remainder is  $-4$ , and  $x - 3$  is a factor of  $g(x)$ .

已知 
$$x-3$$
 是  $g(x) = ax^3 - 17x^2 + bx + 15$  的因式。當  $g(x)$  除以  $x-1$  時,所得的餘數是  $-4$ 。

(a) Find the values of 
$$a$$
 and  $b$ .

求
$$a$$
 和 $b$  的值。

(b) Hence, factorize g(x) completely.

由此,因式分解 
$$g(x)$$
。

**44.** Use the factor theorem to factorize 
$$f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 23x + 60$$
.

利用因式定理,因式分解 
$$f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 23x + 60$$
。

**45.** Use the factor theorem to factorize 
$$f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 33x + 63$$
.

利用因式定理,因式分解 
$$f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 33x + 63$$
。

**46.** Use the factor theorem to factorize 
$$f(x) = 2x^3 + 17x^2 + 40x + 16$$
.

利用因式定理,因式分解 
$$f(x) = 2x^3 + 17x^2 + 40x + 16$$
。

- **47.** Use the factor theorem to factorize  $f(x) = x^3 10x^2 + x + 120$ . 利用因式定理,因式分解  $f(x) = x^3 10x^2 + x + 120$ 。
- **48.** Use the factor theorem to factorize  $f(x) = 3x^3 + 7x^2 22x 8$ . 利用因式定理,因式分解  $f(x) = 3x^3 + 7x^2 22x 8$ 。

## Level 2+ Questions 程度 2+ 題目

1. (a) Solve 
$$2x^2 - 5x - 3 = 0$$
.  
 $\cancel{\text{fif}} 2x^2 - 5x - 3 = 0$ .

(b) Let 
$$f(x) = 6x^3 - x^2 - 29x - 21$$
 and  $g(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 8x - 12$ .  
 $Rac{1}{12} f(x) = 6x^3 - x^2 - 29x - 21$   $Rac{12}{12} g(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 8x - 12$ 

- (i) Find the quotient and the remainder of  $f(x) \div (2x + 3)$ . 求  $f(x) \div (2x + 3)$  的商式和餘式。
- (ii) Without using the factor theorem, express g(x) in the form  $(ax + b)(cx^2 + d)$ , where a, b, c and d are constants.

試不利用因式定理,把 g(x) 表示成  $(ax+b)(cx^2+d)$  的形式,其中  $a \cdot b \cdot c$  和 d 都 是常數。

(iii) Hence, factorize 
$$f(x) - g(x)$$
 completely.  
由此,因式分解  $f(x) - g(x)$ 。

- (i) If  $a_1 + a_3 + a_5 = a_2 + a_4$ , prove that f(x) is divisible by x + 1.  $<math> = a_1 + a_3 + a_5 = a_2 + a_4$ , 證明 f(x) 可被 x + 1 整除。
- (ii) Hence, show that 69 487 is divisible by 11. 由此,證明 69 487 可被 11 整除。

**(b)** Let 
$$g(x) = 4x^4 + 9x^3 + x^2 + 9x + 2$$
.  
 $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} g(x) = 4x^4 + 9x^3 + x^2 + 9x + 2$ .

- (i) Find the remainder when g(x) is divided by x + 1. 求當 g(x) 除以 x + 1 時所得的餘數。
- (ii) Hence, show that 49 192 is divisible by 11. 由此,證明 49 192 可被 11 整除。

- (a) Find the remainders when f(x) and g(x) are divided by 2x + 3 respectively. 求當 f(x) 和 g(x) 分別除以 2x + 3 時所得的餘數。
- (b) (i) Hence, find the value of k such that f(x) kg(x) is divisible by 2x + 3. 由此,求 k 的值,使 f(x) kg(x) 能被 2x + 3 整除。

- **4.** Let  $f(x) = ax^3 x^2 + 5bx 4a$  and  $g(x) = x^3 + ax^2 10x + 2ab$ , where a and b are integers.  $\mathop{\boxtimes} f(x) = ax^3 - x^2 + 5bx - 4a$   $\mathop{\boxtimes} g(x) = x^3 + ax^2 - 10x + 2ab$ ,  $\mathop{\not\perp} p = a$   $\mathop{\boxtimes} b$   $\mathop{\boxtimes} p = a$ 

  - (b) Hence, show that  $4x^3 + 2x^2 30x 36$  is divisible by x + 2. 由此,證明  $4x^3 + 2x^2 30x 36$  可被 x + 2 整除。
  - (c) By the result obtained in (b), show that x + 1 is a factor of  $32x^3 + 8x^2 60x 36$ . 根據 (b) 的結果,證明 x + 1 是  $32x^3 + 8x^2 60x 36$  的因式。
- - (b) Hence, determine whether each of the following polynomials is a factor of  $2x^3 + 3x^2 9x 6$ . 由此,判斷下列各多項式是否  $2x^3 + 3x^2 9x 6$  的因式。
    - (i)  $x^2 + x 6$
    - (ii)  $2x^2 + 7x + 3$
    - **(iii)**  $2x^2 x 1$
- **6.** (a) Expand  $(x + 1)^3$ .  $\mathbb{E}\mathbb{H} (x + 1)^3 \circ$ 
  - (b) Let  $f(x) = 2x^3 + ax^2 5x + 3b$ . It is given that f(x) is divisible by x + 1, and when f(x) is divided by x 2, the remainder is 12. 
    設  $f(x) = 2x^3 + ax^2 5x + 3b$ 。已知 f(x) 可被 x + 1 整除,及當 f(x) 除以 x 2 時,所得的餘 數是 12。
    - (i) Find the values of a and b. 求 a 和 b 的值。
    - (ii) If g(x-1) = f(x), write down the symbolic representation of g(x). 若 g(x-1) = f(x),試以符號形式表示 g(x)。
    - (iii) From the above results, write down one factor of g(x). 根據以上的結果,寫出一個 g(x) 的因式。
    - (iv) Hence, factorize g(x) completely. 由此,因式分解 g(x)。

7. Let 
$$f(x) = (a-b)x^3 + (3b-2a-c)x^2 - (a+2b-3c)x - 2(c-a)$$
.  

$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = (a-b)x^3 + (3b-2a-c)x^2 - (a+2b-3c)x - 2(c-a)$$

- (a) (i) By using the factor theorem, prove that (x-1)(x-2) is a factor of f(x). 利用因式定理,證明 (x-1)(x-2) 是 f(x) 的因式。
  - (ii) Express the remaining factor of f(x) in terms of a, b and c. 試以  $a \cdot b$  和 c 表示 f(x) 餘下的因式。
- (b) It is given that the graph of y = g(x) is obtained by translating the graph of y = f(x) in the direction of the x-axis, and  $g\left(\frac{c-b}{a-b}\right) = 0$ , where  $a-b \ne 1$ .

已知 y = g(x) 的圖像是由 y = f(x) 的圖像沿 x 軸平移而得,且  $g\left(\frac{c-b}{a-b}\right) = 0$ ,其中  $a-b \neq 1$ 。

- (i) Factorize g(x) completely. 因式分解 g(x)。
- (ii) Suggest a function  $g(x) = Ax^3 + Bx^2 + Cx + D$  such that g(x) > 0 for 2 < x < 3. 對於 2 < x < 3, 試舉出一個函數  $g(x) = Ax^3 + Bx^2 + Cx + D$ , 使 g(x) > 0.
- **8.** (a) Show that if two polynomials f(x) and p(x) have a common factor x k, then x k is also a factor of the polynomial f(x) p(x).

若多項式 f(x) 和 p(x) 有一個公因式 x-k,證明 x-k 亦是多項式 f(x)-p(x) 的因式。

- (b) Hence, show that if  $ax^3 + 4x^2 3x 6 = 0$  and  $ax^3 7x + 2 = 0$  have a common root, then a = 2 or a = 5. 由此,若  $ax^3 + 4x^2 - 3x - 6 = 0$  及  $ax^3 - 7x + 2 = 0$  有一個相同的實根,證明 a = 2 或
- a = 5 ° (c) Suggest two cubic polynomials g(x) and h(x) such that the following conditions are satisfied:
  - (1) The equations g(x) = 0 and h(x) = 0 have only one common root. 方程 g(x) = 0 及 h(x) = 0 只有一個相同的實根。

試舉出兩個符合下列條件的三次多項式 g(x) 和 h(x):

## **Multiple Choice Questions**

### 多項選擇題

- 1 The product of  $(x^2 6x 2)(3x^2 + x + 1)$  is  $(x^2 6x 2)(3x^2 + x + 1)$  所得的積是
  - **A.**  $3x^4 + 17x^3 + 11x^2 8x 2$ .
  - **B.**  $3x^4 + 17x^3 + 11x^2 + 8x + 2$ .
  - **C.**  $3x^4 17x^3 11x^2 8x 2$ .
  - **D.**  $3x^4 17x^3 11x^2 + 8x + 2$ .
- 2. Simplify  $(8x^3 12x^4 + 4x^2) \div (-4x^2)$ . Limit  $(8x^3 - 12x^4 + 4x^2) \div (-4x^2)$   $\circ$ 
  - **A.**  $3x^2 2x + 1$
  - **B.**  $3x^2 + 2x 1$
  - **C.**  $3x^2 + 2x + 1$
  - **D.**  $3x^2 2x 1$
- 3. If  $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 2$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 3$ , find f(x) x g(x).

若 
$$f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 2$$
 及  $g(x) = x^2 + 3$ ,求  $f(x) - x g(x)$ 。

- **A.**  $x^3 + 3x + 2$
- **B.**  $3x^2 2$
- C.  $3x^2 3x 2$
- **D.**  $x^2 + 3x$
- 4. Simplify  $(2x^3 x + 3x^2 + 1) + (x^2 + 3x^3 4)$ -  $(5x^3 + 2x^2 - 6 - 3x)$ .

化簡 
$$(2x^3 - x + 3x^2 + 1) + (x^2 + 3x^3 - 4) - (5x^3 + 2x^2 - 6 - 3x)$$
。

- **A.**  $-2x^3 + 4x^2 + 2x 9$
- **B.**  $-2x^3 + 4x^2 + 2x + 3$
- C.  $2x^2 + 2x 9$
- **D.**  $2x^2 + 2x + 3$

5. It is given that  $f(x) = ax^3 + 2x^2 + bx - 4$ ,

$$g(x) = 7x^3 - 2(x+1)^2 + c$$
 and

$$h(x) = 4x^2 + 8x + 4$$
. If  $f(x) \equiv g(x) + h(x)$ , then

find the values of a, b and c.

已知 
$$f(x) = ax^3 + 2x^2 + bx - 4$$
,

$$g(x) = 7x^3 - 2(x+1)^2 + c$$
  $\nearrow$ 

$$h(x) = 4x^2 + 8x + 4 \circ \stackrel{\text{+-}}{=} f(x) \equiv g(x) + h(x) ;$$

 $a \cdot b$  和 c 的值。

- **A.** a = 7, b = 1, c = -4
- **B.** a = 7, b = 1, c = -6
- **C.** a = 7, b = 4, c = -4
- **D.** a = 7, b = 4, c = -6
- 6. Find the quotient and the remainder of

$$(x^5 - x^4 + x^3 - x^2 + x - 1) \div (x^2 + 1).$$
  
求  $(x^5 - x^4 + x^3 - x^2 + x - 1) \div (x^2 + 1)$  的商

式和餘式。

- **A.** quotient =  $x^3 + x^2$ , remainder = -x 1商式 =  $x^3 + x^2$ , 餘式 = -x - 1
- **B.** quotient =  $x^3 x^2$ , remainder = x 1商式 =  $x^3 - x^2$ , 餘式 = x - 1
- C. quotient =  $x^3 + x^2$ , remainder = x 1商式 =  $x^3 + x^2$ , 餘式 = x - 1
- **D.** quotient =  $x^3 x^2$ , remainder = -x 1商式 =  $x^3 - x^2$ , 餘式 = x - 1
- 7. Simplify  $(6x^4 + 9x^2 4x^3 6x) \div (3x^2 2x)$ .

化簡 
$$(6x^4 + 9x^2 - 4x^3 - 6x) \div (3x^2 - 2x)$$
。

- **A.**  $2x^2 + 3$
- **B.**  $2x^2 3$
- **C.**  $3x^2 + 2$
- **D.**  $3x^2 2$

- - **A.** 2
  - **B.** −2
  - **C.** 4
  - **D.** −4
- 9. Find the quotient and the remainder of  $(4-2x^4+6x) \div 2x$ .
  - 求  $(4-2x^4+6x) \div 2x$  的商式和餘數。
  - **A.** quotient =  $x^3 3$ , remainder = 4 商式 =  $x^3 - 3$ , 餘數 = 4
  - **B.** quotient =  $-x^3 + 3$ , remainder = 4 商式 =  $-x^3 + 3$ , 餘數 = 4
  - C. quotient =  $x^3 3$ , remainder = -4商式 =  $x^3 - 3$ , 餘數 = -4
  - **D.** quotient =  $-x^3 + 3$ , remainder = -4商式 =  $-x^3 - 3$ , 餘數 = -4
- 10. Which of the following is/are factor(s) of  $(x + 1)(4x^2 6x) + 2 + 2x$ ?

下列哪個多項式是

$$(x+1)(4x^2-6x)+2+2x$$
 的因式?

- I. x-2
- II. x+2
- **III.** 2x 1
- **IV.** 2x + 1
- A. I only 只有 I
- B. III only 只有 III
- C. I and II only 只有 I 及 II
- D. III and IV only 只有 III 及 IV

- 11. Find the quotient and the remainder of  $(16x^2 12x^3 37x + 7) \div (6x^2 2x + 7)$ . 求  $(16x^2 12x^3 37x + 7) \div (6x^2 2x + 7)$ 的商式和餘式。
  - A. quotient = -2x 2, remainder = 19x - 7商式 = -2x - 2, 餘式 = 19x - 7
  - **B.** quotient = -2x 2, remainder = -19x - 7商式 = -2x - 2, 餘式 = -19x - 7
  - C. quotient = -2x + 2, remainder = 19x - 7商式 = -2x + 2, 餘式 = 19x - 7
  - **D.** quotient = -2x + 2, remainder = -19x - 7商式 = -2x + 2, 餘式 = -19x - 7
- 12. Find the quotient and the remainder of  $(23x^3 13x^2 + 18x + 10x^4 + 24) \div$  [(5x + 4)(x 2)]. 求  $(23x^3 13x^2 + 18x + 10x^4 + 24) \div$  [(5x + 4)(x 2)] 的商式和餘式。
  - **A.** quotient =  $2x^2 + 7x + 9$ , remainder = 20x - 48商式 =  $2x^2 + 7x + 9$ , 餘式 = 20x - 48
  - **B.** quotient =  $2x^2 + 7x 9$ , remainder = 20x - 48商式 =  $2x^2 + 7x - 9$ , 餘式 = 20x - 48
  - C. quotient =  $2x^2 + 7x + 9$ , remainder = 128x + 96商式 =  $2x^2 + 7x + 9$ , 餘式 = 128x + 96
  - **D.** quotient =  $2x^2 + 7x 9$ , remainder = 128x + 96商式 =  $2x^2 + 7x - 9$ , 餘式 = 128x + 96

13. When a polynomial P(x) is divided by 3x - 1, the quotient and the remainder are  $x^2 - 2x + 3$  and 3 respectively. Find P(x).

當多項式 P(x) 除以 3x-1 時,所得的商式和餘數分別是  $x^2-2x+3$  和  $3 \circ 求 P(x) \circ$ 

- **A.**  $3x^3 7x^2 + 11x 6$
- **B.**  $3x^3 + 7x^2 11x$
- C.  $3x^3 7x^2 + 11x + 6$
- **D.**  $3x^3 7x^2 + 11x$
- 14. When a polynomial P(x) is divided by 5x 3, the remainder is -7. When P(x) is divided by 3 5x, the remainder is 當多項式 P(x) 除以 5x 3 時,所得的餘數是 -7。問當 P(x) 除以 3 5x 時所得的餘數數是多少?
  - **A.**  $\frac{1}{7}$ .
  - **B.**  $-\frac{1}{7}$ .
  - **C.** 7.
  - **D.** −7.
- 15. If  $3x^4 + 5x^3 kx 12$  is divisible by x + 1, find the value of k.

若  $3x^4 + 5x^3 - kx - 12$  能被 x + 1 整除,求 k 的值。

- **A.** −14
- **B.** −4
- **C.** 4
- **D.** 14

**16.** When  $(x^2 - 9)(7x^2 - 3x) + kx$  is divided by x + 3, the remainder is -36. Find the value of k.

當  $(x^2-9)(7x^2-3x) + kx$  除以 x+3 時,所得的餘數是 -36。求 k 的值。

- **A.** −18
- **B.** −12
- **C.** 12
- **D.** 18
- 17. When  $9x^3 10x^2 + 8x 16$  is divided by x + 2, the remainder is

當  $9x^3 - 10x^2 + 8x - 16$  除以 x + 2 時,所得的餘數是

- **A.** 32.
- **B.** −9.
- **C.** –43.
- **D.** −144.
- 18. Let  $f(x) = x^3 + ax^2 + 12x 7$ . When f(x) is divided by x 1, the remainder is 3. When f(x) is divided by x + 1, the remainder is  $\mathop{\boxtimes} f(x) = x^3 + ax^2 + 12x 7 \circ \mathop{\boxtimes} f(x)$  除以 x 1 時,所得的餘數是  $3 \circ \mathop{\boxtimes} f(x)$  除以 x + 1 時所得的餘數是多少?
  - **A.** 23.
  - **B.** 3.
  - **C.** -3.
  - **D.** −23.

19. Let  $f(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 + ax + 8$ . If f(x) is divisible by x + 1, find the remainder when f(x) is divided by x + 2.

設  $f(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 + ax + 8 \circ 若 f(x)$  能被 x + 1 整除,求當 f(x) 除以 x + 2 時所得的 餘數。

- **A.** 6
- **B.** 1
- **C.** -1
- **D.** -6
- 20. When a polynomial G(x) is divided by x 5 and x + 3, the remainders are 13 and -19 respectively. Find the remainder when G(x) is divided by (x 5)(x + 3).

當多項式 G(x) 除以 x-5 和 x+3 時,所得的餘數分別是 13 和 -19。求當 G(x) 除以 (x-5)(x+3) 時所得的餘式。

- **A.** 7x 4
- **B.** 4x 7
- **C.** 7x + 4
- **D.** 4x + 7
- **21.** When a polynomial P(x) is divided by 3 2x, the remainder is R. When P(x) is divided by

 $\frac{8}{3}x - 4$ , the remainder is

當多項式 P(x) 除以 3-2x 時,所得的餘數是 R。 問當 P(x) 除以  $\frac{8}{3}x-4$  時所得的餘

數是多少?

- **A.** 2*R*.
- **B.** *R*.
- C.  $\frac{R}{2}$
- **D.**  $\frac{R}{4}$

- 22. If a polynomial P(x) is divisible by x-k+2, then P(x+k-3) must be divisible by 若多項式 P(x) 能被 x-k+2 整除,問下列哪個數式必為 P(x+k-3) 的因式?
  - **A.** x k 2.
  - **B.** x-1.
  - C. x 2k + 2.
  - **D.** x + 5.
- 23 Let  $f(x) = 27x^3 + 3ax^2 bx + 4$ . When f(x) is divided by x + 1 and 3x 2, the remainders are 4 and 14 respectively. Find the values of a and b.

設  $f(x) = 27x^3 + 3ax^2 - bx + 4$ 。當 f(x) 除以 x + 1 和 3x - 2 時,所得的餘數分別是 4 和 14。求 a 和 b 的值。

- **A.** a = 6, b = 9
- **B.** a = -6, b = 9
- **C.** a = 6, b = -9
- **D.** a = -6, b = -9
- 24. Let  $R(x) = ax^3 x^2 bx 6$ . If R(x) is divisible by  $x^2 x 2$ , find the values of a and b.

設  $R(x) = ax^3 - x^2 - bx - 6$ 。若 R(x) 能被  $x^2 - x - 2$  整除,求 a 和 b 的值。

- **A.** a = 4, b = -11
- **B.** a = 4, b = 11
- **C.** a = -4, b = -11
- **D.** a = -4, b = 11

25.. When a polynomial P(x) is divided by x - 3, the remainder is 5. If P(x) is divisible by x + 2, find the remainder when P(x) is divided by (x + 2)(x - 3).

當多項式 P(x) 除以 x-3 時,所得的餘數是 5° 若 P(x) 能被 x+2 整除,求當 P(x) 除以 (x+2)(x-3) 時所得的餘式。

- **A.** x + 2
- **B.** x-2
- **C.** 2x + 1
- **D.** 2x 1
- 26. Let  $G(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 2x 24$ . If G(-3) = G(2) = 0, factorize G(x) completely.

ight  $G(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 - 2x - 24$  °

若 G(-3) = G(2) = 0,因式分解 G(x)。

- **A.** (x-2)(x-3)(x+4)
- **B.** (x+2)(x-3)(x-4)
- C. (x-2)(x+3)(x+4)
- **D.** (x+2)(x+3)(x-4)
- 27. Let  $f(x) = x^2 + ax + 2$ . When f(x) is divided by x b, the remainder is 2. If x + b is a factor of f(x) 10, find the values of a and b.

設  $f(x) = x^2 + ax + 2 \circ$ 當 f(x) 除以 x - b 時, 所得的餘數是  $2 \circ$ 若 x + b 是 f(x) - 10 的因 式,求 a 和 b 的值。

- **A.** a = -2, b = 2 or a = 2, b = 2
- **B.** a = -2, b = 2 or a = 2, b = -2
- **C.** a = 2, b = -2 or a = 2, b = 2
- **D.** a = 2, b = -2 or a = -2, b = -2

28. Let  $F(x) = 12x^3 - 40x^2 + 39x - 9$ . If F(x) can be factorized as  $(ax - b)^2(3x - 1)$ , where a and b are positive integers, find the values of a and b.

設  $F(x) = 12x^3 - 40x^2 + 39x - 9$ 。若 F(x) 能 被因式分解為  $(ax - b)^2(3x - 1)$ ,其中 a 和 b 都是正整數,求 a 和 b 的值。

- **A.** a = 1, b = 4
- **B.** a = 4, b = 1
- **C.** a = 2, b = 3
- **D.** a = 3, b = 2
- 29. Factorize  $3x^3 4x^2 12x + 16$  completely. 因式分解  $3x^3 - 4x^2 - 12x + 16$   $\circ$ 
  - **A.**  $(x+2)^2(3x-4)$
  - **B.**  $(x-2)^2(3x+4)$
  - C. (x-2)(x+2)(3x-4)
  - **D.** (x-2)(x+2)(3x+4)
- 30. Let  $F(x) = 3x^3 4x^2 17x + 6$ . If F(x) can be factorized as (x + a)(x b)(bx 1), find the values of a and b.

設  $F(x) = 3x^3 - 4x^2 - 17x + 6 \circ 若 F(x)$  能被 因式分解為 (x + a)(x - b)(bx - 1),求 a 和 b 的值。

- **A.** a = 2, b = 3
- **B.** a = 3, b = 2
- C. a = -2, b = -3
- **D.** a = -3, b = -2
- $\therefore a = \underline{2}, b = \underline{3}$
- - **A.** (x-1)(x+3)(5x+1)
  - **B.** (x+1)(x-3)(5x+1)
  - C. (x-1)(x+3)(5x-1)
  - **D.** (x-1)(x-3)(5x+1)