# Lecture #12. 게임 월드

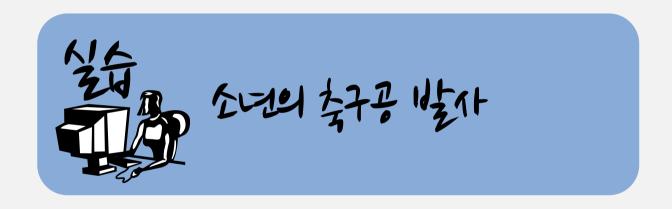
2D 게임 프로그래밍

이대현 교수

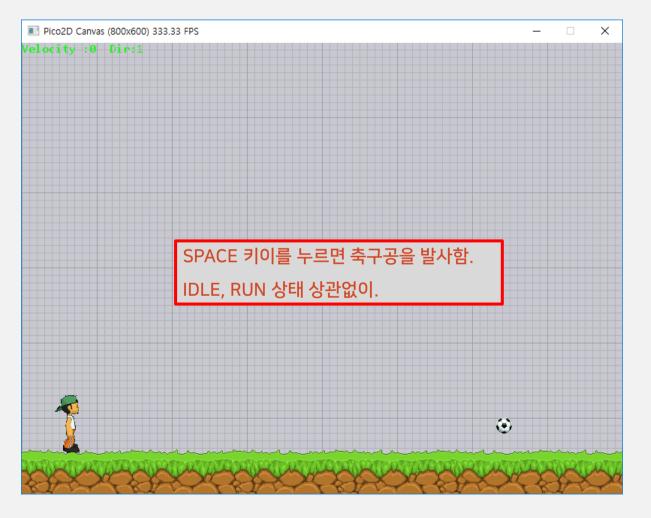


## 학습 내용

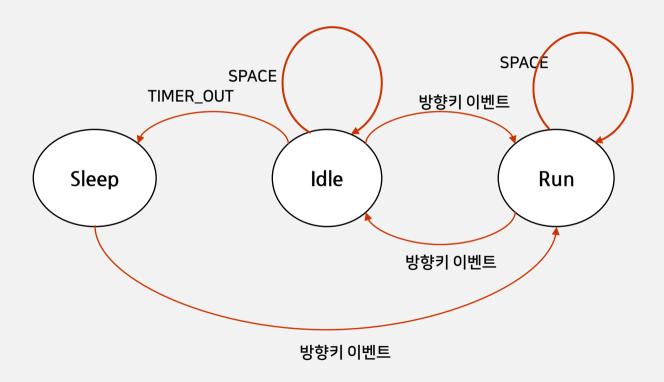
- •캐릭터 상태의 추가
- •특수 이벤트 처리
- ▶게임 월드 구성



2D 게임 프로그래밍



# 상태 다이어그램



2D 게임 프로그래밍

## boy.py - 상태 변화 추가



```
self.transitions = {
    Idle: {right_down: Run, left_down: Run, left_up: Run, right_up: Run, time_out: Sleep, space_down: Idle},
    Run: {right_down: Idle, left_down: Idle, right_up: Idle, left_up: Idle, space_down: Run},
    Sleep: {right_down: Run, left_down: Run, right_up: Run, left_up: Run}
}
```

## boy.py - boy 의 fire\_ball 함수 추가



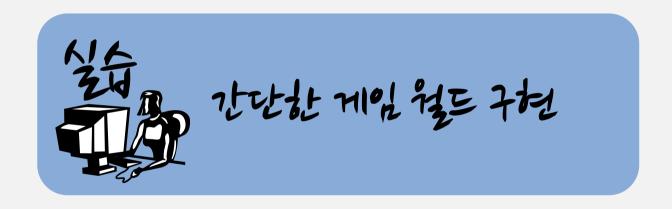
```
def fire_ball(self):
    if self.face_dir == -1:
        print('FIRE BALL LEFT')
    elif self.face_dir == 1:
        print('FIRE BALL RIGHT')
```

## boy.py - RunState, IdleState의 exit() 함수 조정



```
class Idle:
    @staticmethod
    def exit(boy, e):
        if space_down(e):
        boy.fire_ball()
```

```
class Run:
    @staticmethod
    def exit(boy, e):
        if space_down(e):
        boy.fire_ball()
```



2D 게임 프로그래밍

#### ball.py

```
from pico2d import load_image
class Ball:
    image = None
    def __init__(self, x = 400, y = 300, velocity = 1):
        if Ball.image == None:
            Ball.image = load_image('ball21x21.png')
        self.x, self.y, self.velocity = x, y, velocity
    def draw(self):
        self.image.draw(self.x, self.y)
    def update(self):
        self.x += self.velocity
```

### ball 오브젝트 생성과 추가

```
25 T
```

```
def fire_ball(self):
    ball = Ball(self.x, self.y, self.face_dir*10)
    game_world.add_object(ball)
```

### game\_world.py



```
objects = []
def add_object(o):
    objects.append(o)
def update():
    for o in objects:
        o.update()
def render():
    for o in objects:
        o.draw()
```

### game\_world 의 활용

```
def create_world():
    global running
    qlobal grass
    global team
    qlobal boy
    running = True
    grass = Grass()
    game_world.add_object(qrass)
    boy = Boy()
    qame_world.add_object(boy)
```



```
def update_world():
    game_world.update()

def render_world():
    clear_canvas()
    game_world.render()
    update_canvas()
```

#### 볼의 제거

#### ball.py

```
给
```

```
def update(self):
    self.x += self.velocity

if self.x < 25 or self.x > 800 - 25:
    game_world.remove_object(self)
```

#### game\_world.py

```
def remove_object(o):
    objects.remove(o)
```



### game\_world.py (1)

```
给
```

```
# layer 0: Background Objec
# layer 1: Foreground Objec
objects = [[],[]] 게임월드에 담겨있는 모든 객체들을 담고 있는
리스트. Drawing Layer 에 따라서 분류. 필요에
따라 Layer를 추가하면 됨. 현재는 두개의
Layer만.
```

```
def add_object(o, depth = 0):
                            게임 월드에 객체 추가
    objects[depth].append(o)
def add_objects(ol, depth = 0): 게임 월드에 객체'들'을 추가
def remove_object(o):
    for layer in objects:
                         게임 월드에서 객체 제거
       if o in layer:
           layer.remove(o)
           return
   raise ValueError('Cannot delete non existing object')
```

## game\_world.py (2)

```
给
```

```
def update():
    for layer in objects:
        for o in layer:
            o.update()
def render():
    for layer in objects:
        for o in layer:
            o.draw()
```

### 게임 월드 depth 를 이용하도록 수정

#### control\_boy.py

```
The state of the s
```

```
def create_world():

# 중략...

grass = Grass()
game_world.add_object(grass, 0)

boy = Boy()
game_world.add_object(boy, 1)
```

#### ball.py

```
def fire_ball(self):
    ball = Ball(self.x, self.y, self.face_dir*10)
    game_world.add_object(ball, 1)
```

