Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 20

Section 1: MCQ

1. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status : Correct Marks : 1/1

3. What will be the output of the following code?
#include <stdio.h>
#define MANY

```
#include <stdio.h>
   #define MAX_SIZE 5
   int stack[MAX_SIZE];
   int top = -1;
   void display() {
      if (top == -1) {
        printf("Stack is empty\n");
      } else {
        printf("Stack elements: ");
        for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
           printf("%d ", stack[i]);
        printf("\n");
   void push(int value) {
      if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      } else {
        stack[++top] = value;
      }
   int main() {
    display();
      push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      display();
      push(40);
      push(50);
      push(60);
      display();
      return 0;
   }
   Answer
```

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
    return (top == -1);
}
int isFull() {
    return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
}
void push(int item) {
    if (isFull())
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    else
        stack[++top] = item;
}
```

```
int main() {
    printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
    push(10);
    push(20);
    push(30);
    printf("%d\n", isFull());
    return 0;
}

Answer

10

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1
```

7. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct & Marks: 1/1

10. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

Status: Correct

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(2);
pop();
pop();
pop();
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer

Underflow Occurs
```

Marks: 1/1

12. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
  if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    return;
```

```
stack[++(*top)] = item;
  int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
     if (*top == -1) {
       printf("Stack Underflow\n");
       return -1;
     return stack[(*top)--];
  int main() {
     int stack[MAX_SIZE];
   int top = -1;
     push(stack, &top, 10);
     push(stack, &top, 20);
     push(stack, &top, 30);
     printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
     printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
     printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
     printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
     return 0;
  }
  Answer
  302010Stack Underflow-1
  Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks:
```

13. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then

at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer

240	The top element in the stack is 5 Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
	17. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 $5 + 6$	60 6 / * 8 - is
	Answer	
	142	
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
240	18. Elements are Added on of the Stack. Answer Top	2407015
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
	19. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based st fixed size?	tack with a
	Answer	
240	Efficient memory usage Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1
	20. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - *?	
	Answer -18	

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Status: Correct

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Marks : 1/1