

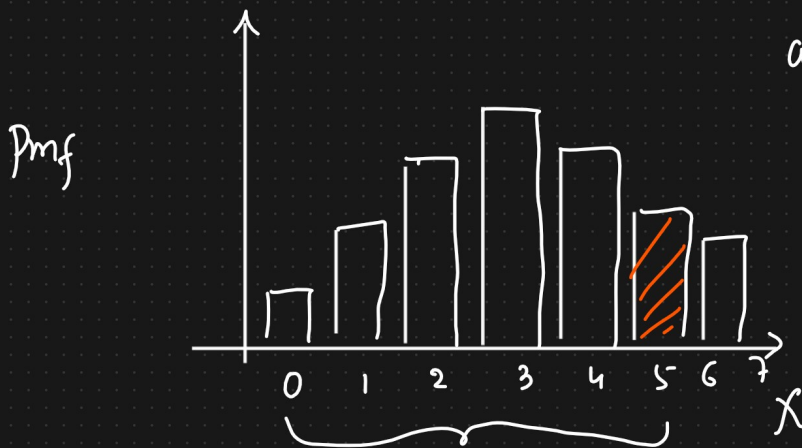
Poisson Distribution

- ① Discrete Random Variable (pmf)
- ② Describes the number of events occurring in a fixed time interval

Eg: No. of people visiting hospital every hour

No. of people visiting banks every hour

$\lambda = 3 \Rightarrow$ Expected no. of event occur
at every time interval



pmf

$$P(X=r) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x}{x!}$$

$$\lambda = 3$$

$$= \frac{e^{-3} 3^5}{5!} = 0.101 = 10.1\%$$

λ

$$P(X=4) + P(X=5)$$

Mean of Poisson Distribution

$$\text{Mean} = E(x) = \mu = \lambda * t$$

Variance = 

λ = Expected No of events to occur
at every time interval

t = Time interval