50 MCQs
1. Who invented Java Programming? a) Guido van Rossum b) James Gosling c) Dennis Ritchie d) Bjarne Stroustrup
 2. Which statement is true about Java? a) Java is a sequence-dependent programming language b) Java is a code dependent programming language c) Java is a platform-dependent programming language d) Java is a platform-independent programming language
3. Which component is used to compile, debug and execute the java programs?a) JDKb) JITc) JREd) JVM
4. What is the extension of java code files?a) .jsb) .txtc) .classd) .java
5. What is the extension of compiled java classes?a) .txtb) .jsc) .classd) .java

d) Platform dependent7.JDK stands for _____.

a) 16 bitsb) 32 bitsc) 64 bits

6. What is the size of an int in Java?

a) Java development kitb) Java deployment kitc) JavaScript deployment kitd) None of these
8.JRE stands fora) Java run ecosystemb) JDK runtime Environmentc) Java Runtime Environmentd) None of these
9.Which of these is not a valid Java datatype?a) floatb) booleanc) characterd) byte
10.Every statement in Java language should end with a? a) Dot or Period b) Comma c) Semicolon d) Colon
11. What was the original name of Java before it was renamed? a) Oak b) Silk c) Dynamic d) Spruce
12.Java was developed at which company? a) Microsoft b) IBM c) Sun Microsystems d) Google
13.Choose a Single Line Comment in Java Language below? a) //Some comments b) Some comments// c) /*Some comments*/ d) */Some comments/*

14.Name of a Class, Variable, Method or an Interface in Java language is called?a) Argumentb) Valuec) Identifierd) None of the above
15. What was one of the main reasons Java was renamed from Oak to Java?a) Oak was already a trademarked name.b) The team liked the name Java better.c) It was named after the island of Java.d) Oak was not suitable for marketing.
16.Which of the following declarations does not compile? a) double num1, int num2 = 0; b) int num1, num2; c) int num1, num2 = 0; d) int num1 = 0, num2 = 0;
17.A compiler converts the Java program into an intermediate language representation called a) bytecode b) byte c) byteclass d) bytejava
18.Which organization currently maintains the Java programming language? a) Google b) Oracle Corporation c) Microsoft d) Apple
19.What is byte code in the context of Java?a) The type of code generated by a Java compiler.b) The type of code generated by a Java Virtual Machine.c) It is another name for a Java source file.d) It is the code written within the instance methods of a class.

20.Identify, from among the following, the incorrect variable name(s).

a) _theButton b) \$reallyBigNumber c) 2ndName d) CurrentWeatherStateofplanet e) my2ndFont.
21.Which of the following is not a primitive data type in Java? a) int b) float c) boolean d) String
22.Which of the following is responsible for converting Java bytecode into machine-specific code? a) JRE b) JIT compiler c) Java compiler d) JVM
23.Java programs are independent. a) platform b) procedural c) high level d) Secure
24. Which component is included in both JDK and JRE?a) JVMb) Compilerc) Debuggerd) IDE
25.What does JIT stand for in Java? a) Java Interpreting Tool b) Just-In-Time Compiler c) Java Information Technology

- 26. Which of the following is the correct relationship among JDK, JRE, and JVM?
- a) JRE includes JVM, and JDK includes JRE.

d) Java Integration Toolkit

b) JVM includes JRE, and JRE includes JDK.

c) JDK includes JVM, and JVM includes JRE. d) JRE includes JDK, and JDK includes JVM
27.A valid Identifier or name in Java language can start with which character? a) a-z, A-Z b) \$, _ c) 0-9 d) A and B
28.The JVM is a part of which of the following? a) JDK only b) JRE only c) Both JDK and JRE d) Neither JDK nor JRE
29.Multiline comment is created using a) // b) /* */ c) d) All of these
30.What makes the Java platform independent? a) Advanced programming language b) It uses JVM for execution c) Class compilation d) All of these
31.Number of primitive data types in Java are? a)5 b)6 c)7 d)8
32.What is the size of float and double in java? a)32 and 64 b)32 and 32 c)64 and 64

- 33. Which of the following statements about JVM is true?
- a) JVM is platform-independent.
- b) JVM is platform-dependent.
- c) JVM compiles Java source code into bytecode.
- d) JVM is responsible for garbage collection in Java
- 34. Which of the following tasks does JIT perform?
- a) Converts Java source code to bytecode.
- b) Converts bytecode to native machine code.
- c) Manages memory allocation for Java objects.
- d) Executes bytecode line by line.
- 35. What does the JDK provide that the JRE does not?
- a) JVM
- b) Libraries for running Java applications
- c) Development tools like a compiler and debugger
- d) Native machine code
- 36. What is a Compiler?
- A) A Compiler scans entire program at once.
- B) A compiler converts source code to byte code
- C) Compiler is slow in debugging.
- D) All the above
- 37. Choose a correct statement about Java source files.
- A) Java files are human readable
- B) Java files contain Classes with Methods and Variables
- C) Import statements import library Classes into our class
- D) All the above
- 38.Byte code is the result of?
- A) Compiling a Java file
- B) Compiling a Class file
- C) Interpreting a Java File
- D) Interpreting a Class file

- 39. What does it mean for Java to be platform-independent?
- a) Java can only run on Windows.
- b) Java source code can be compiled into native code for different platforms.
- c) Java programs can run on any platform without modification.
- d) Java programs must be rewritten for different platforms.
- 40. When was first Version of Java i.e Java 1.0 was released?
- A) 1991
- B) 1994
- C) 1996
- D) 1999
- 41.In Java, platform independence is achieved by compiling the source code into what?
- a) Machine code
- b) Assembly code
- c) Bytecode
- d) Native code
- 42. What is JIT in Java?
- A) Java In Timer
- B) Java In Time Thread
- C) Just In Time Compiler
- D) Just In Time Runnable
- 43. Choose the correct statement about Java?
- A) JIT Compiler produces Byte Code from Java file.
- B) JIT Compiler takes chunks of Byte Code as input and produces Executable code on that particular machine.
- C) JIT Compiler assists the actual JAVAC compiler to compile fast
- D) None of the above
- 44. What role does bytecode play in making Java platform-independent?
- a) Bytecode is platform-specific and executed directly by the hardware.
- b) Bytecode is interpreted by the JVM, making Java programs run on any platform with a JVM.
- c) Bytecode is compiled into machine code by the JIT compiler for each platform.
- d) Bytecode is an intermediate language that only works on Linux-based platforms.

- 45.Which of the following is a limitation of Java's platform independence?a) Java applications can only run on UNIX-based systems.b) Java applications require the presence of a JVM for the target platform.c) Java must be recompiled for each platform to achieve platform independence.d) Java bytecode is different for different platforms.
- 46. What happens when you run the javac command?
- a) It converts the Java source code into machine-specific code.
- b) It translates Java source code into bytecode.
- c) It runs the compiled Java program.
- d) It converts bytecode into platform-specific instructions.
- 47.A function in C language is similar to what in Java language?
- A) Method
- B) Member
- C) Variable
- D) None of the above
- 48. What is the primary role of the JVM (Java Virtual Machine)?
- a) It compiles Java code into bytecode.
- b) It converts bytecode into machine code and runs Java applications.
- c) It is used for debugging Java code.
- d) It is a part of the Java compiler.

49. Choose a correct version of Java Documentation Comment?
A)
/*
comments
*/
B)
/**
comments
*/
C)

comments

**/

D)

/**

comments

50.which among the following is not a Data Type in Java?

- A) short
- B) int
- C) long double
- D) double