Using Tasks with Other Asynchronous Patterns

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The APM

- Asynchronous Programming Model
 - aka lAsyncResult design pattern

```
IAsyncResult BeginSomething(
    string whatever, int args, bool are, int necessary,
    AsyncCallback onComplete, object asyncState);
```

```
IEnumerable<DateTime> EndSomething(IAsyncResult iar);
```



Mapping the APM to a Task

TaskCompletionSource?

Not necessary

```
public static class StreamAsyncExtensions
{
   public static Task<int> ReadAsync(
       this Stream s, byte[] data, int offset, int count)
   {
      return Task<int>.Factory.FromAsync(
       s.BeginRead, s.EndRead, data, offset, count, null);
```

```
public Task<TResult> FromAsync<TArg1, TArg2, TArg3>(
   Func<TArg1, TArg2, TArg3, AsyncCallback, object, IAsyncResult> beginMethod,
   Func<IAsyncResult, TResult> endMethod,
   TArg1 arg1, TArg2 arg2, TArg3 arg3,
   object state)
```



Presenting a Task through the APM

- Some frameworks consume the APM
- Full APM implementation relatively complex
 - IAsyncResult: 2 completion mechanisms
 - Begin/End: 2 more completion mechanisms
- Use Task
 - Implements IAsyncResult
 - Continuation for callback
 - Wait or Result for End

The EAP

The Event-based Asynchronous Pattern



Summary

APM

FromAsync

Task and IAsyncResult

EAP