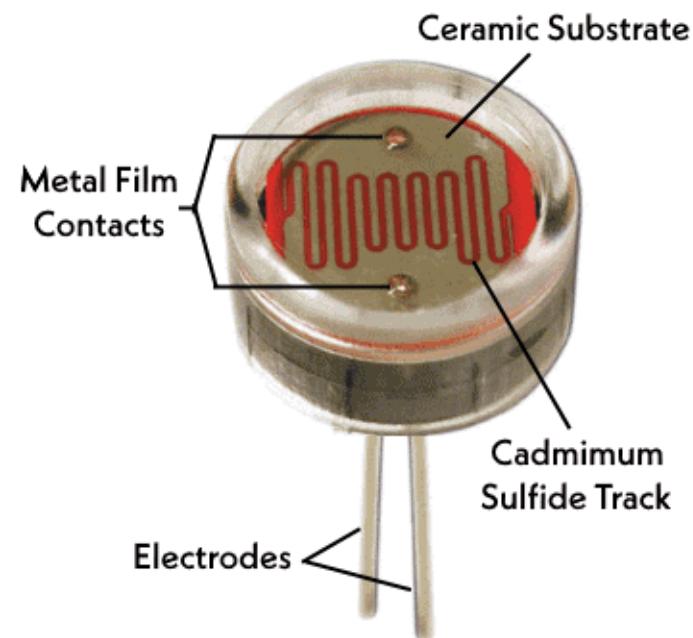
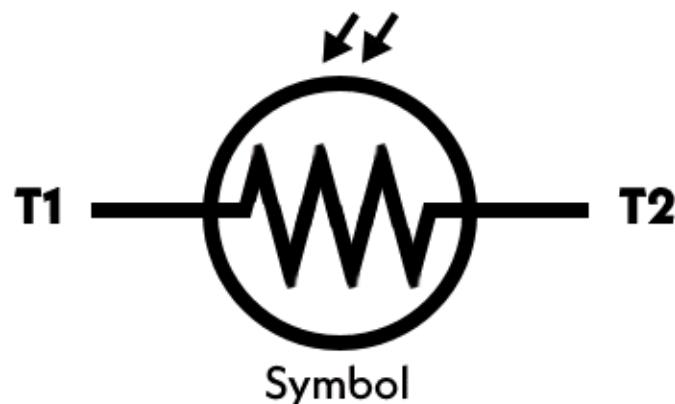




# Photoresistors (LDR - Light Dependent Resistor)

## LDR - Light Dependent Resistor

\*LDR is also known as Photocell & Photoresistor





# Photoresistors (LDR - Light Dependent Resistor)

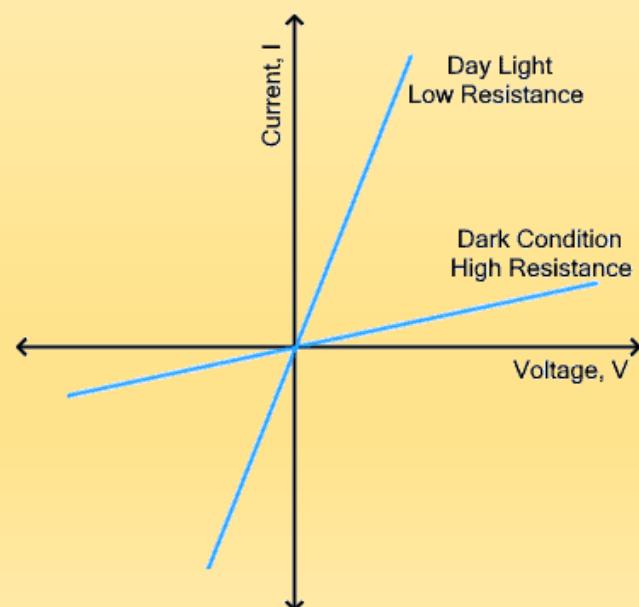


## Working Principle:

Resistance decreases with increasing light intensity (photoconductivity).

## Material:

Cadmium Sulfide (CdS) or other semiconductors.

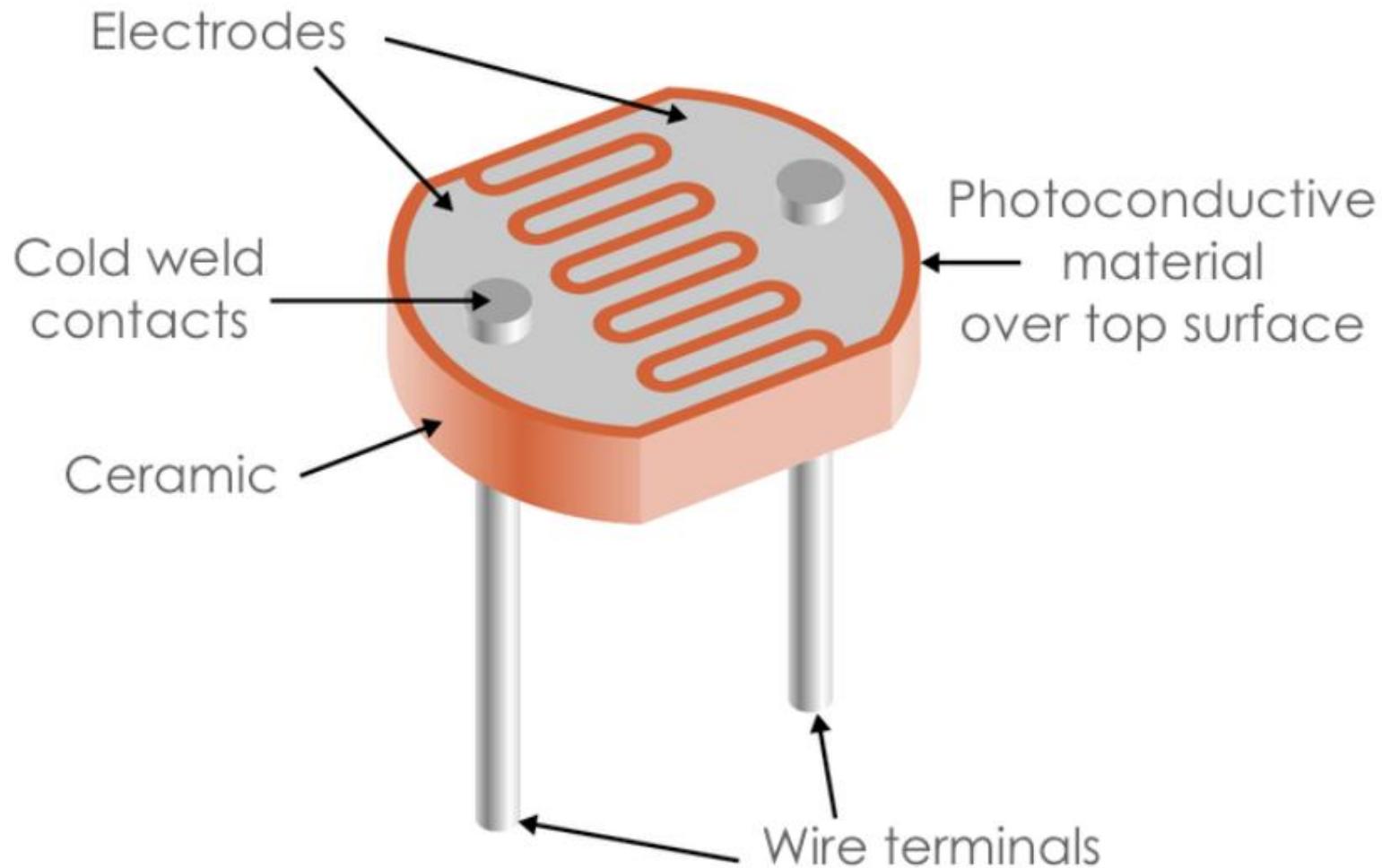


## Photoconductivity Effect:

- When **light photons** hit the LDR, electrons gain energy and jump to the conduction band.
- This **reduces resistance** (higher light = lower resistance).

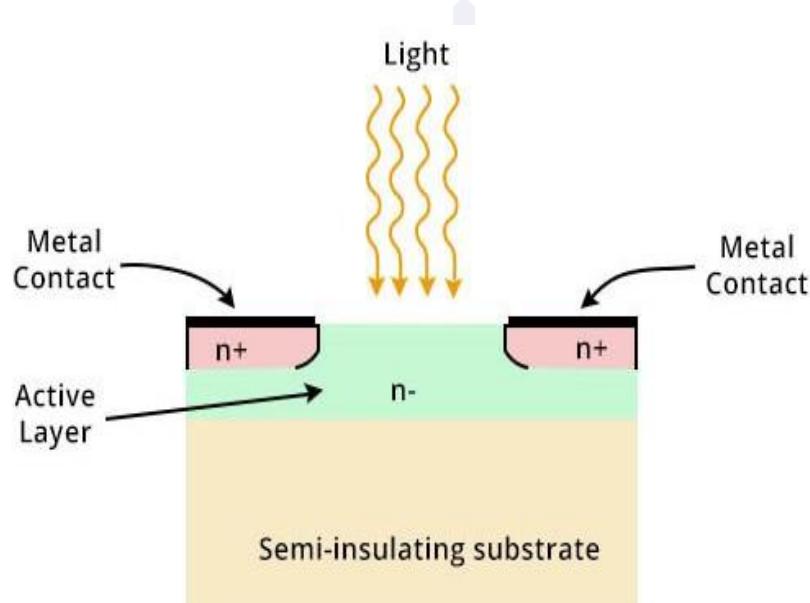


# Photoresistors (LDR - Light Dependent Resistor)

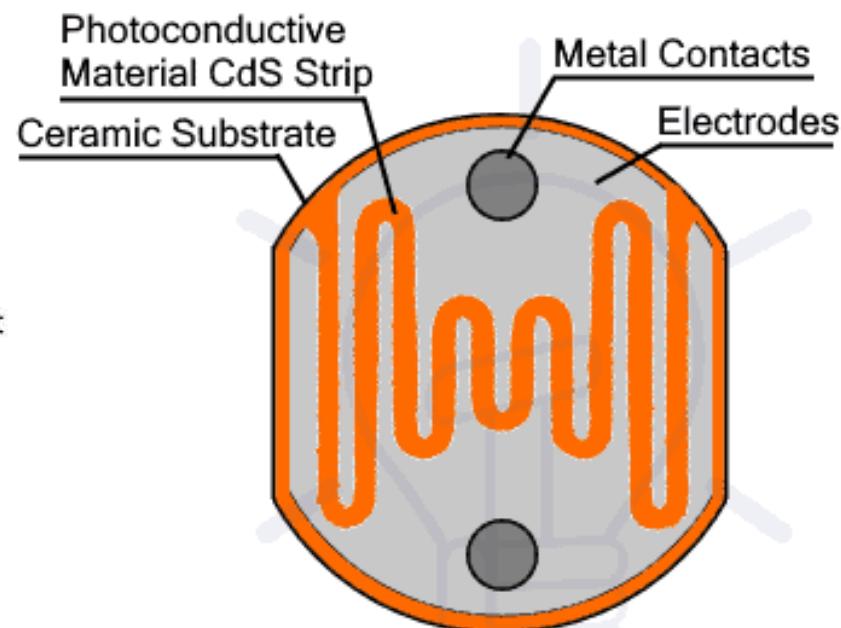




# Photoresistors (LDR - Light Dependent Resistor)



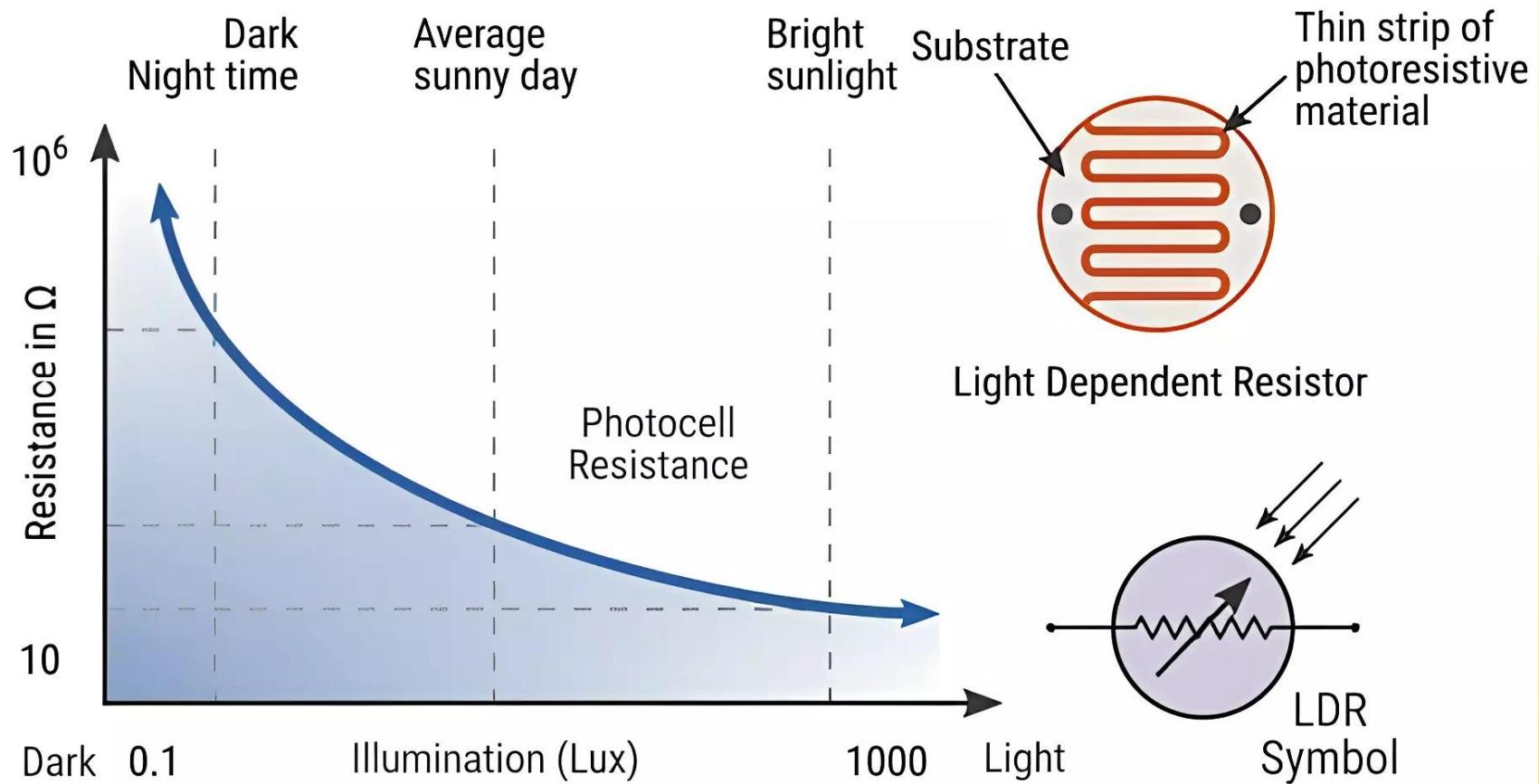
LDR Structure



LDR - Light Dependent Resistor  
Top View



# Photoresistors (LDR - Light Dependent Resistor)



## •Dark Resistance:

- In darkness, resistance is **very high ( $M\Omega$  range)**.
- Under light, resistance **drops significantly (few  $k\Omega$  or less)**.



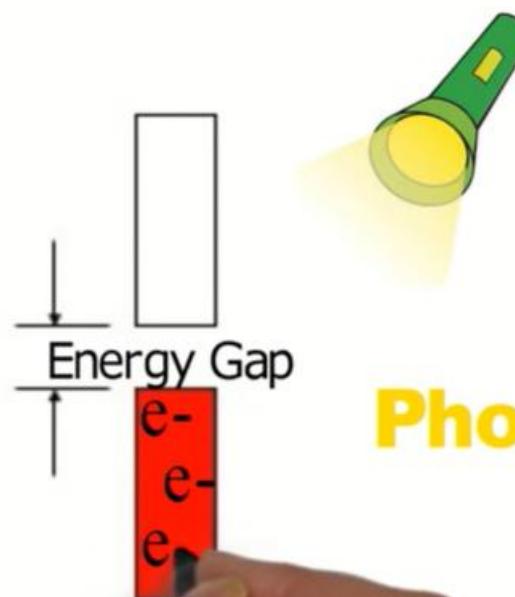
# Photoresistors (LDR - Light Dependent Resistor)

## Working of an LDR:

SEMICONDUCTOR



High Resistance



Photons





# Photoresistors (LDR - Light Dependent Resistor)

## Applications :

- **Automatic Night Lights** (street lights, garden lights).
- **Camera Light Meters** (older film cameras).
- **Light/Dark Activated Switches** (burglar alarms, DIY projects).
- **Solar Trackers** (adjusts panel angle based on sunlight).

Parameter	Typical Value	Notes
Resistance Range	~1 MΩ (dark) to ~100 Ω (bright)	Depends on LDR model
Response Time	~10–100 ms	Slower than photodiodes
Spectral Range	~400–700 nm (visible light)	Best sensitivity in <b>green-yellow</b> range
Power Rating	~100–200 mW	Avoid exceeding to prevent damage



# Photoresistors (LDR - Light Dependent Resistor)

## Advantages & Disadvantages

### ✓ Pros:

- Simple, low-cost.
- No need for external power (passive device).
- Good for basic light-sensing applications.

### ✗ Cons:

- **Slow response time** (not suitable for fast signals).
- **Non-linear response** (logarithmic resistance change).
- **Wears out over time** (degradation with prolonged use).