Template for XCPC

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Contents

1 Compile

1.1 Fast I/O

```cpp
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#define init(x) memset (x,0,sizeof (x))
#define INF 0x3f3f3f3f
#define pii pair <int,int>
using i64 = long long;
using u64 = unsigned long long;
using LD = long double;
using namespace std;
const int MAX = 1e5 + 5;
const int MOD = 1e9 + 7;
char s[200];
inline int read ();
inline void output ();
int main ()
{
    //freopen (".in","r",stdin);
    //freopen (".out","w",stdout);
    return 0;
}
inline int read ()
{
    int s = 0;int f = 1;
    char ch = getchar ();
    while ((ch < '0' || ch > '9') && ch != EOF)
    {
        if (ch == '-') f = -1;
        ch = getchar ();
    }
    while (ch >= '0' && ch <= '9')
    {
        s = s * 10 + ch - '0';
        ch = getchar ();
    }
    return s * f;
}
inline void output (int x)
{
    if (x < 0) putchar ('-');
    x = (x > 0) ? x : -x;
    int cnt = 0;
    while (x)
    {
        s[cnt++] = x % 10 + '0';
        x /= 10;
    }
    while (cnt) putchar (s[--cnt]);
}
```

1.2 Run.bash

```bash
#!/bin/bash
g++ -std=c++17 -O2 -Wall "$1" -o main
./main < in.txt > out.txt
```

1.3 Run.ps1

```
# Set-ExecutionPolicy -Scope Process -ExecutionPolicy Bypass
# new file : `type nul > filename.cpp`
# run : `.\run.ps1 filename.cpp`
```

```
g++ -std=c++17 -O2 -Wall $args[0] -o main
cat in.txt | .\main | Out-File -FilePath out.txt
```

1.4 Cmp.sh

```bash
#!/bin/bash
for ((i=1; ; i++)); do
    ./gen > input.txt              # generator
    ./code < input.txt > output1.txt  # your code
    ./std < input.txt > output2.txt   # std code
    if diff output1.txt output2.txt; then  # compare
        echo "Test $i: Accepted"
    else
        echo "Test $i: Wrong Answer"
        echo "Input:"
        cat input.txt
        echo "Your Output:"
        cat output1.txt
        echo "Standard Output:"
        cat output2.txt
        break
    fi
done
```

2 Graph

2.1 Diameter of a Tree

```cpp
template <typename T>
class Diameter
{
    int n,p;
    vector <T> dis;
    vector <vector <pair <int,T>>> ve;
    void dfs (int u,int fa)
    {
        for (const auto& [v,w] : ve[u])
        {
            if (v == fa) continue;
            dis[v] = dis[u] + w;
            if (dis[v] > dis[p]) p = v;
            dfs (v,u);
        }
    }
    public:
    Diameter (int n) : n(n),ve(n + 1) {}
    void add (int u,int v,T w = 1) {ve[u].push_back ({v,w});ve[v].push_back ({u,w
        });}
    T calc ()
    {
        dis.assign (n + 1,0);
        p = 1;dfs (1,0);
        dis[p] = 0;dfs (p,0);
        return dis[p];
    }
};
```

2.2 Centroid of a Tree

```cpp
class Centroid
{
    int n;
    vector <int> sz,w,cen;
    vector <vector <int>> ve;
    void dfs (int u,int fa)
    {
        sz[u] = 1;w[u] = 0;
        for (auto v : ve[u])
        {
            if (v == fa) continue;
            dfs (v,u);
            sz[u] += sz[v];
            w[u] = max (w[u],sz[v]);
        }
        w[u] = max (w[u],n - sz[u]);
        if (w[u] <= n / 2) cen.push_back (u);
    }
    public:
    Centroid (int n) : n(n),ve (n + 1),sz (n + 1),w (n + 1) {}
    void add (int u,int v) {ve[u].push_back (v);ve[v].push_back (u);}
    auto calc ()
    {
        cen.clear ();
        dfs (1, 0);
        sort (cen.begin (),cen.end ());
        return cen;
    }
}
```

```
    };
```

2.3 Minimum Spanning Tree

2.3.1 Prim

```cpp
template <typename T>
class MST
{
    int n;T ans;
    vector <int> vis;vector <vector <int>> g;vector <T> dis;
    public :
    MST (int n) : n (n),vis (n + 1,0),g (n + 1,vector <int> (n + 1,INF)),dis (n +
        1,INF) {dis[1] = ans = 0;vis[1] = 1;}
    void add (int u,int v,T w) {g[u][v] = g[v][u] = w;}
    T calc ()
    {
        for (int i = 2;i <= n;++i) dis[i] = g[1][i];
        for (int i = 1;i < n;++i)
        {
            int k = 0;
            for (int j = 1;j <= n;++j)
                if (!vis[j] && dis[j] < dis[k]) k = j;
            vis[k] = 1;
            ans += dis[k];
            for (int j = 1;j <= n;++j)
                if (!vis[j] && g[k][j] < dis[j]) dis[j] = g[k][j];
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

2.3.2 Kruskal

```cpp
template <typename T>
class MST
{
    int n,m,e_cnt,cnt;T ans;
    struct node {int u,v;T w;};
    vector <int> fa;vector <node> g;
    public:
    MST (int n,int m) : n (n),m(m),fa (n + 1,0),g (m + 1) {cnt = e_cnt = ans =
        0;}
    void add (int u,int v,int w) {g[++e_cnt].u = u,g[e_cnt].v = v,g[e_cnt].w = w
        ;}
    int getfa (int u) {return fa[u] == u ? u : fa[u] = getfa (fa[u]);}
    T calc ()
    {
        sort (g.begin (),g.end (),[] (auto &x,auto &y) {return x.w < y.w;});
        for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i) fa[i] = i;
        for (int i = 1;cnt < n && i <= m;++i)
        {
            int dx = getfa (g[i].u),dy = getfa (g[i].v);
            if (dx == dy) continue;
            ans += g[i].w;fa[dx] = dy;++cnt;
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

2.4 LCA

```cpp
class LCA
{
```

```cpp
    static constexpr int lg = 20;
    int n;
    vector <int> dep;
    vector <vector <int>> f,ve;
    public:
    LCA (int n) : n (n),ve (n + 1),dep (n + 1),f (n + 1,vector <int> (lg + 1,0))
        {}
    void add (int u,int v) {ve[u].push_back (v);ve[v].push_back (u);}
    void pre (int u,int fa)
    {
        f[u][0] = fa;dep[u] = dep[fa] + 1;
        for (int i = 0;i < lg;++i) f[u][i + 1] = f[f[u][i]][i];
        for (auto v : ve[u])
            if (v != fa) pre (v,u);
    }
    int query (int u,int v)
    {
        if (dep[u] < dep[v]) swap (u,v);
        for (int i = lg;~i;--i)
        {
            if (dep[f[u][i]] >= dep[v]) u = f[u][i];
            if (u == v) return u;
        }
        for (int i = lg;~i;--i)
            if (f[u][i] != f[v][i]) u = f[u][i],v = f[v][i];
        return f[u][0];
    }
};
```

2.5 Topological Sorting

```cpp
class Topo
{
    int n;
    vector <int> deg;
    vector <vector <int>> ve;

    public:
    Topo (int n) : n (n),ve (n + 1),deg (n + 1,0) {}
    void add (int u,int v)
    {
        ve[u].push_back (v);
        ++deg[v];
    }
    vector <int> calc ()
    {
        queue <int> q;
        vector <int> lst;
        for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i)
            if (!deg[i]) q.push (i);
        while (!q.empty ())
        {
            int u = q.front ();q.pop ();
            lst.push_back (u);
            for (auto v : ve[u])
            {
                --deg[v];
                if (!deg[v]) q.push (v);
            }
        }
        return lst;
    }
};
```

2.6 Shortest Path

2.6.1 Dijstrka

```cpp
class dijkstra
{
    int n,m,cnt;
    vector <int> head,to,nxt,val,vis;
    vector <ll> dis;
    public:
    dijkstra (int n,int m) :
        n (n),m (m),vis (n + 1,0),head (n + 1,0),dis (n + 1,INF),
        to (2 * m + 1,0),nxt (2 * m + 1,0),val (2 * m + 1,0) {cnt = 0;}
    void add (int u,int v,int w)
    {
        to[++cnt] = v;val[cnt] = w;nxt[cnt] = head[u];head[u] = cnt;
        to[++cnt] = u;val[cnt] = w;nxt[cnt] = head[v];head[v] = cnt;
    }
    auto calc (int s)
    {
        priority_queue <pii> q;
        for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i) vis[i] = 0,dis[i] = INF;
        q.push ({0,s});
        dis[s] = 0;
        while (!q.empty ())
        {
            int u = q.top ().second;q.pop ();
            if (vis[u]) continue;
            vis[u] = 1;
            for (int i = head[u];i;i = nxt[i])
            {
                int v = to[i];
                if (dis[v] > dis[u] + val[i])
                {
                    dis[v] = dis[u] + val[i];
                    q.push ({-dis[v],v});
                }
            }
        }
        return dis;
    }
};
```

2.6.2 SPFA

```cpp
class SPFA
{
    int n,m,cnt;
    vector <int> head,to,nxt,val,vis,times;
    vector <ll> dis;
    public:
    SPFA (int n,int m) :
        n (n),m (m),times (n + 1,0),vis (n + 1,0),head (n + 1,0),dis (n + 1,INF),
        to (2 * m + 1,0),nxt (2 * m + 1,0),val (2 * m + 1,0) {cnt = 0;}
    void add (int u,int v,int w)
    {
        to[++cnt] = v;val[cnt] = w;nxt[cnt] = head[u];head[u] = cnt;
        to[++cnt] = u;val[cnt] = w;nxt[cnt] = head[v];head[v] = cnt;
    }
    auto calc (int s)
    {
        queue <int> q;
        for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i) vis[i] = 0,dis[i] = INF;
        dis[s] = 0,vis[s] = 1;q.push (s);
```

```cpp
            while (!q.empty())
            {
                int u = q.front ();
                q.pop (),vis[u] = 0;
                for (int i = head[u];i;i = nxt[i])
                {
                    int v = to[i];
                    if (dis[v] > dis[u] + val[i])
                    {
                        dis[v] = dis[u] + val[i];
                        times[v] = times[u] + 1;
                        if (times[v] >= n) return {-1};//Negative Cycle
                        if (!vis[v]) q.push (v),vis[v] = 1;
                    }
                }
            }
            return dis;
        }
};
```

2.7 DCC

```cpp
class DCC
{
    public:
    struct Edge {int to,nxt;};
    vector <Edge> G;
    vector <int> head,dfn,low,col;
    vector <bool> cut;
    stack <int> stk;
    int cnt,cct,n;
    void init (int nn = 0)
    {
        G.assign (2,{0,0});
        n = nn;head.assign (n + 1,0);
    }
    void dfs (int u,int f = -1)
    {
         dfn[u] = low[u] = ++cnt;
        int ch = 0;
        for (int i = head[u];i;i = G[i].nxt)
        if (i != f)
        {
            int v = G[i].to;
            if (dfn[v] < dfn[u]) stk.push (i >> 1);
            if (!dfn[v])
            {
                dfs (v,i ^ 1);++ch;
                low[u] = min (low[u],low[v]);
                if (low[v] >= dfn[u])
                {
                    int I = 0;
                    ++cct;cut[u] = true;
                    do
                    {
                        assert (!stk.empty ());
                        I = stk.top ();stk.pop ();
                        col[I] = cct;
                    }
                    while (I != (i >> 1));
                }
            }
            else if (dfn[v] < low[u]) low[u] = dfn[v];
        }
```

```cpp
            if (f == -1 && ch == 1) cut[u] = false;
        }
        void tarjan ()
        {
            cnt = cct = 0;
            col.assign (G.size () >> 1,0);
            dfn.assign (n + 1,0);
            low.assign (n + 1,0);
            cut.assign (n + 1,false);
            while (!stk.empty ()) stk.pop ();
            for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i) if (!dfn[i]) dfs (i);
        }
        void insert (int u,int v)
        {
            G.push_back ({v,head[u]});head[u] = G.size () - 1;
            G.push_back( {u,head[v]});head[v] = G.size () - 1;
        }
        void insert (vector <vector <int>> &G1)
        {
            for (unsigned u = 1;u < G1.size ();++u)
                for (int v : G1[u]) insert (u,v);
        }
        bool operator [] (const int &x) const {return cut[x];}
    };
```

2.8   Tarjan

```cpp
class Tarjan
{
    int n,m,cnt,times,scc_cnt;
    vector <int> head,to,nxt,low,scc,dfn;
    stack <int> s;
    void tarjan (int u)
    {
        low[u] = dfn[u] = ++times;
        s.push (u);
        for (int i = head[u];i;i = nxt[i])
        {
            int v = to[i];
            if (!dfn[v])
            {
                tarjan (v);
                low[u] = min (low[u],low[v]);
            }
            else if (!scc[v]) low[u] = min (low[u],dfn[v]);
        }
        if (low[u] == dfn[u])
        {
            ++scc_cnt;
            while (1)
            {
                int x = s.top ();s.pop ();
                scc[x] = scc_cnt;
                if (x == u) break;
            }
        }
    }
    public:
    Tarjan (int n,int m) :
        n (n),m (m),head (n + 1,0),low (n + 1,0),dfn (n + 1,0),scc (n + 1,0),
        to (2 * m + 1,0),nxt (2 * m + 1,0) {cnt = times = scc_cnt = 0;}
    void add (int u,int v) // Note that the bidirectional edges
    {
        to[++cnt] = v;nxt[cnt] = head[u];head[u] = cnt;
```

```cpp
                to[++cnt] = u;nxt[cnt] = head[v];head[v] = cnt;
        }
        auto calc ()
        {
            for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i)
                if (!dfn[i]) tarjan (i);
            return scc;
        }
};
```

2.9   Bipartite Graph Matchings

```cpp
class Matching
{
    int l,r;//the number of left/right side points
    vector <vector <int>> ve;
    vector <int> vis,op;
    bool dfs (int u)
    {
        for (auto v : ve[u])
        {
            if (vis[v]) continue;
            vis[v] = 1;
            if (!op[v] || dfs (op[v])) {op[v] = u;return true;}
        }
        return false;
    }
    public:
    Matching (int l,int r) : l (l),r (r),vis (r + 1,0),op (r + 1,0),ve (l + 1) {}
    void add (int u,int v) {ve[u].push_back (v);}
    int calc ()
    {
        int ans = 0;
        for (int i = 1;i <= l;++i)
        {
            vis.assign (r + 1,0);
            if (dfs (i)) ++ans;
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

2.10   Flow

2.10.1   Edmonds-Karp

```cpp
template <typename T>
class EK
{
    int n,m,s,t,cnt;
    vector <int> head,to,nxt,vis,pre,edge;
    vector <T> val;
    bool bfs ()
    {
        queue <T> q;
        for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i) vis[i] = 0,pre[i] = edge[i] = -1;
        vis[s] = 1;q.push (s);
        while (!q.empty ())
        {
            int u = q.front ();q.pop ();
            for (int i = head[u];i;i = nxt[i])
            {
                int v = to[i];
                if (!vis[v] && val[i])
```

```
                            {
                                pre[v] = u;edge[v] = i;vis[v] = 1;
                                q.push (v);
                                if (v == t) return 1;
                            }
                        }
                    }
                    return 0;
                }
            public :
            EK (int n,int m,int s,int t) :
                n (n),m (m),s (s),t (t),
                vis (n + 1,0),head (n + 1,0),pre (n + 1,-1),edge (n + 1,-1),
                to (m + 1,0),nxt (m + 1,0),val (m + 1,0) {cnt = 1;}
            void add (int u,int v,T w)
            {
                to[++cnt] = v;val[cnt] = w;nxt[cnt] = head[u];head[u] = cnt;
                to[++cnt] = u;val[cnt] = 0;nxt[cnt] = head[v];head[v] = cnt;
            }
            T calc ()
            {
                T ans = 0;
                while (bfs ())
                {
                    T mn = INF;
                    for (int i = t;i != s;i = pre[i]) mn = min (mn,val[edge[i]]);
                    for (int i = t;i != s;i = pre[i]) val[edge[i]] -= mn,val[edge[i] ^ 1]
                        += mn;
                    ans += mn;
                }
                return ans;
            }
        };
```

2.10.2 Dinic

```
    template <typename T>
    class Dinic
    {
        int n,m,s,t,cnt;
        vector <int> head,to,nxt,cur,dep;
        vector <T> val;
        int bfs ()
        {
            for (int i = 0;i <= n;++i) dep[i] = 0,cur[i] = head[i];
            queue <int> q;
            q.push (s),dep[s] = 1;
            while (!q.empty ())
            {
                int u = q.front ();q.pop ();
                for (int i = head[u];i;i = nxt[i])
                {
                    int v = to[i];
                    if (val[i] && !dep[v]) q.push (v),dep[v] = dep[u] + 1;
                }
            }
            return dep[t];
        }
        T dfs (int u,int t,T flow)
        {
            if (u == t) return flow;
            T ans = 0;
            for (int &i = cur[u];i && ans < flow;i = nxt[i])
            {
```

```cpp
                int v = to[i];
                if (val[i] && dep[v] == dep[u] + 1)
                {
                    int x = dfs (v,t,min (val[i], flow - ans));
                    if (x) val[i] -= x,val[i ^ 1] += x,ans += x;
                }
            }
            if (ans < flow) dep[u] = -1;
            return ans;
        }
    public :
    Dinic (int n,int m,int s,int t) :
        n (n),m (m),s (s),t (t),
        head (n + 1,0),cur (n + 1,0),dep (n + 1,0),
        to (m + 1,0),nxt (m + 1,0),val (m + 1,0) {cnt = 1;}
    void add (int u,int v,T w)
    {
        to[++cnt] = v;val[cnt] = w;nxt[cnt] = head[u];head[u] = cnt;
        to[++cnt] = u;val[cnt] = 0;nxt[cnt] = head[v];head[v] = cnt;
    }
    T calc ()
    {
        T ans = 0;
        while (bfs ())
        {
            T x;
            while ((x = dfs (s,t,INF))) ans += x;
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

3 Data Structure

3.1 Segment Tree

3.2 Fenwick Tree

3.3 Heavy-Light Decomposition

3.4 Splay Tree

3.5 Cartesian Tree

```cpp
//heap-order on values and BST-order on keys
stack <int> s;
vector <int> L (n + 1,0),R (n + 1,0);
for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i)
{
    int la = -1;
    while (!s.empty () && a[s.top ()] > a[i]) la = s.top (),s.pop ();
    if (!s.empty ()) R[s.top ()] = i;
    if (la != -1) L[i] = la;
    s.push (i);
}
```

3.6 Sparse Table

```cpp
vector <int> lg (n + 1,-1);
vector <vector <int>> f (20,vector <int> (n + 1,INF));
for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i) lg[i] = lg[i >> 1] + 1;
for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i) f[0][i] = a[i];
for (int j = 1;j < 20;++j)
    for (int i = 1;i + (1 << j) - 1 <= n;++i) f[j][i] = min (f[j - 1][i],f[j -
        1][i + (1 << (j - 1))]);
auto query = [&] (int l,int r) -> int {return min (f[lg[r - l + 1]][l],f[lg[r - l
    + 1]][r - (1 << lg[r - l + 1]) + 1]);};
```

3.7 Persistent Data Structure

3.8 Linear-Basis

```cpp
template <typename T>
class Basis
{
    int n,lg;
    vector <T> p,ex,nw;vector <vector <int>> id;
    public :
    Basis (int n,int lg) : n (n),lg (lg),p (lg + 1,0),nw (lg + 1,0),id (lg + 1)
        {}
    void modify (T x,int idx)
    {
        vector <int> cur (n + 1,0);cur[idx] = 1;
        for (int i = lg;~i;--i)
        {
            if (!((1ll << i) & x)) continue;
            if (!p[i]) {p[i] = x;id[i] = cur;break;}
            else
            {
                x ^= p[i];
                for (int j = 1;j <= n;++j) cur[j] ^= id[i][j];
            }
        }
    }
    T get_max ()
    {
```

```cpp
        T ans = 0;
        for (int i = lg;~i;--i)
            if ((ans ^ p[i]) > ans) ans ^= p[i];
        return ans;
    }
    T get_min ()
    {
        T ans = 0;int cnt = 0;
        for (int i = 0;i <= lg;++i) cnt += p[i] > 0;
        if (cnt < n) return 0;
        for (int i = 0;i <= lg;++i)
            if (p[i] > 0) return p[i];
    }
    void change ()
    {
        for (int i = 0;i <= lg;++i) nw[i] = p[i];
        for (int i = 0;i <= lg;++i)
            for (int j = i - 1;~j;--j)
                if (nw[i] >> j & 1) nw[i] ^= nw[j];
        for (int i = 0;i <= lg;++i)
            if (nw[i]) ex.push_back (i);
    }
    T get_min_k (T k)
    {
        int sz = (int)ex.size ();
        if (sz < n) --k; // element 0
        if (k > (1ll << sz) - 1) return -1;
        T ans = 0;
        for (int j = 0;j < sz;++j)
            if (k >> j & 1) ans ^= nw[ex[j]];
        return ans;
    }
    bool find (T x)
    {
        for (int i = lg;~i;--i)
        {
            if (!(x >> i & 1)) continue;
            if (!p[i]) return false;
            x ^= p[i];
        }
        return true;
    }
    vector <int> getid (T x) // if find (x) == 1
    {
        vector <int> res (n + 1,0);
        for (int i = lg;~i;--i)
        {
            if (!(x >> i & 1)) continue;
            x ^= p[i];
            for (int j = 1; j <= n; ++j) res[j] ^= id[i][j];
        }
        return res;
    }
};
```

4 Math

4.1 Subset Enumeration

```cpp
for (int S = 1;S < (1 << n);++S)
    for (int S0 = S;S0;S0 = (S0 - 1) & S)
```

4.2 Elementary Arithmetic Bucket

```cpp
template <typename T,int MOD = 1000000007>
class Z
{
    T x;
    Z <T,MOD> qpow (Z x,T y)
    {
        Z <T,MOD> res (1);
        while (y)
        {
            if (y & 1) res *= x;
            x *= x;
            y >>= 1;
        }
        return res;
    }
    public :
    Z () : x(0) {}
    Z (T x) : x (x) {}
    T get () {return x;}
    Z & operator = (T o) {x = o % MOD;return *this;}
    Z & operator += (Z o) {x = (x + o.x + MOD) % MOD;return *this;}
    Z & operator -= (Z o) {x = (x - o.x + MOD) % MOD;return *this;}
    Z & operator *= (Z o) {x = 1ll * o.x * x % MOD;return *this;}
    Z & operator ^= (Z o) {x = qpow (x,o.x).x;return *this;}
    Z & operator /= (Z o) {*this *= o ^ (MOD - 2);return *this;}
    Z & operator %= (Z o) {x = x % o.x;return *this;}
    friend Z operator + (Z x,Z y) {return x += y;}
    friend Z operator - (Z x,Z y) {return x -= y;}
    friend Z operator * (Z x,Z y) {return x *= y;}
    friend Z operator / (Z x,Z y) {return x /= y;}
    friend Z operator ^ (Z x,Z y) {return x ^= y;}
    friend Z operator % (Z x,Z y) {return x %= y;}
    friend bool operator == (Z x,Z y) {return x.x == y.x;}
    friend bool operator != (Z x,Z y) {return x.x != y.x;}
    friend istream& operator >> (istream& is, Z& o) {T val;is >> val;o = Z(val);
        return is;}
    friend ostream& operator << (ostream &os, const Z &z) {return os << z.x;}
};
```

4.3 Combination

```cpp
template <typename T,int MOD = 1000000007>
class COM
{
    int n;
    vector <Z <T,MOD>> fac,inv;
    public :
    COM (int n) : n (n),fac (2 * n + 2),inv (2 * n + 2)
    {
        fac[0] = inv[0] = inv[1] = 1;
        for (int i = 1;i <= 2 * n;++i) fac[i] = fac[i - 1] * i;
        inv[2 * n] = fac[2 * n] ^ (MOD - 2);
        for (int i = 2 * n - 1;i > 0;--i) inv[i] = inv[i + 1] * (i + 1);
    }
```

```cpp
    Z <T,MOD> f (int x) {return fac[x];}
    Z <T,MOD> inv_f (int x) {return inv[x];}
    Z <T,MOD> comb (int x,int y)
    {
        if (y < 0 || y > x) return 0;
        else return fac[x] * inv[x - y] * inv[y];
    }
    Z <T,MOD> arr (int x,int y)
    {
        if (y > x) return 0;
        else return fac[x] * inv[x - y];
    }
    Z <T,MOD> catalan (int x) {return comb (2 * x,x) / (x + 1);}
};
```

4.4 The Sieve of Primes & Euler's Totient Function & Möbius Function

```cpp
class Prime
{
    int mx;
    vector <int> p,phi,mu;
    void pre ()
    {
        vector <int> fl (mx + 1,0);
        phi[1] = mu[1] = 1;
        for (int i = 2;i <= mx;++i)
        {
            if (!fl[i]) p.push_back (i),phi[i] = i - 1,mu[i] = -1;
            for (auto v : p)
            {
                if (i * v > mx) break;
                fl[i * v] = 1;
                if (i % v == 0) {phi[i * v] = phi[i] * v,mu[i * v] = 0;break;}
                phi[i * v] = phi[i] * (v - 1);mu[i * v] = -mu[i];
            }
        }
    }
    public :
    Prime (int mx) : mx (mx),phi (mx + 1,0),mu (mx + 1,0) {pre ();}
    auto get_prime () {return p;}
    auto get_phi () {return phi;}
    auto get_mu () {return mu;}
};
```

4.5 Exgcd

```cpp
ll exgcd (ll a,ll b,ll &x,ll &y)
{
    if (!b) {x = 1;y = 0;return abs (a);}
    ll d = exgcd (b,(a % b + b) % b,y,x);
    y -= a / b * x;
    return d;
}
```

4.6 CRT

```cpp
ll CRT ()
{
    //ans % a[i] = b[i] if gcd (a[i],a[j]) = 1
    ll sum = 1,ans = 0;
    for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i) sum *= a[i];
    for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i)
    {
        ll x,y,tmp = sum / a[i];
```

```
            exgcd (tmp,a[i],x,y);
            ans = (ans + tmp * x * b[i]) % sum;
        }
        return (ans + sum) % sum;
    }
```

4.7   Gaussian Elimination

```
    vector <vector <double>> a (n + 1,vector <double> (n + 2)); // n * (n + 1)
    for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i)
    {
        int p = cur,ok = 0;
        while (p <= n)
        {
            if (a[p][i] != 0) {ok = 1;break;}
            ++p;
        }
        if (!ok) continue;
        for (int j = i;j <= n + 1;++j) swap (a[p][j],a[cur][j]);
        for (int j = n + 1;j >= i;--j) a[cur][j] /= a[cur][i];
        for (int j = 1;j <= n;++j)
        {
            if (j == cur) continue;
            for (int k = n + 1;k >= i;--k) a[j][k] -= a[cur][k] * a[j][i];
        }
        ++cur;
    }
    if (cur <= n) puts ("No Solution"); //0 solution or infinte solutions
    else {for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i) printf ("%.6lf\n",a[i][n + 1]);}
```

4.8   FFT

```
    using cd = complex <double>;
    class FFT
    {
        const double Pi = acos (-1);
        vector <int> rev;int n = 1;
        void fft (vector <cd> &a,int op)
        {
            for (int i = 0;i < n;++i)
                if (i < rev[i]) swap (a[i],a[rev[i]]);
            for (int len = 1;len < n;len <<= 1)
            {
                cd wn (cos (Pi / len),op * sin (Pi / len));
                for (int i = 0;i < n;i += len << 1)
                {
                    cd w (1);
                    for(int j = 0;j < len;++j)
                    {
                        cd u = a[i + j],v = a[i + j + len] * w;
                        a[i + j] = u + v;a[i + j + len] = u - v;
                        w *= wn;
                    }
                }
            }
            if (op == -1) {for (auto &x : a) x /= n;}
        }
        public :
        vector <double> conv (vector <cd> a,vector <cd> b)
        {
            int L = 0,tot = (int)a.size () + (int)b.size () - 1;n = 1;
            while (n < tot) n <<= 1,++L;
            rev.resize (n);a.resize (n);b.resize (n);
```

```cpp
            for (int i = 0;i < n;++i) rev[i] = (rev[i >> 1] >> 1) | ((i & 1) << (L -
                1));
            fft (a,1);fft (b,1);
            for (int i = 0;i < n;++i) a[i] = a[i] * b[i];
            fft (a,-1);
            vector <double> ans (tot);
            for (int i = 0;i < tot;++i) ans[i] = a[i].real ();
            return ans;
        }
    };
```

4.9 NTT

```cpp
    class NTT
    {
        vector <int> rev;int n = 1;
        const int P = 1004535809;//998244353
        const int G = 3;
        int qpow (int x,int y)
        {
            int res = 1;
            while (y)
            {
                if (y & 1) res = 1ll * res * x % P;
                x = 1ll * x * x % P;
                y >>= 1;
            }
            return res;
        }
        void ntt (vector <int> &a,int op)
        {
            for (int i = 0;i < n;++i)
                if (i < rev[i]) swap (a[i],a[rev[i]]);
            for (int len = 1;len < n;len <<= 1)
            {
                int wn = qpow (3,(P - 1) / (len << 1));
                if (op == -1) wn = qpow (wn,P - 2);
                for (int i = 0;i < n;i += len << 1)
                {
                    int w = 1;
                    for(int j = 0;j < len;++j)
                    {
                        int u = a[i + j],v = 1ll * a[i + j + len] * w % P;
                        a[i + j] = (u + v) % P;
                        a[i + j + len] = (u - v + P) % P;
                        w = 1ll * w * wn % P;
                    }
                }
            }
            if (op == -1)
            {
                int inv_n = qpow (n,P - 2);
                for (auto &x : a) x = 1ll * x * inv_n % P;
            }
        }
    public :
        vector <int> conv (vector <int> a,vector <int> b)
        {
            int L = 0,tot = (int)a.size () + (int)b.size () - 1;n = 1;
            while (n < tot) n <<= 1,++L;
            rev.resize (n);a.resize (n);b.resize (n);
            for (int i = 0;i < n;++i) rev[i] = (rev[i >> 1] >> 1) | ((i & 1) << (L -
                1));
            ntt (a,1);ntt (b,1);
```

```
            for (int i = 0;i < n;++i) a[i] = 1ll * a[i] * b[i] % P;
            ntt (a,-1);a.resize (tot);
            return a;
        }
};
```

5 Computational Geometry

```
using LD = long double;
const LD pi = acos (-1.0);
const LD eps = 1e-8;
int dcmp (LD x) {return x < -eps ? -1 : (x > eps ? 1 : 0);}
struct Point {LD x,y;Point (LD x = 0,LD y = 0) : x (x),y (y) {}};
struct Circle {Point O;LD r;Circle (Point O = Point (),LD r = 0) : O (O),r (r)
    {}};
typedef Point Vector;
Vector operator + (Vector A,Vector B) {return Vector (A.x + B.x,A.y + B.y);}
Vector operator - (Vector A,Vector B) {return Vector (A.x - B.x,A.y - B.y);}
Vector operator * (Vector A,LD k) {return Vector (A.x * k,A.y * k);}
Vector operator / (Vector A,LD k) {return Vector (A.x / k,A.y / k);}

LD dot (Vector A,Vector B) {return A.x * B.x + A.y * B.y;}
LD dis (Point A,Point B) {return sqrt ((A.x - B.x) * (A.x - B.x) + (A.y - B.y) *
    (A.y - B.y));}
LD cross (Vector A,Vector B) {return A.x * B.y - A.y * B.x;} // A -> B counter-
    clockwise if cross (A,B) > 0
LD len (Point A)  {return sqrt (A.x * A.x + A.y * A.y);}
LD angle (Vector A,Vector B) {return acos (dot (A,B) / (len (A) * len (B)));}
Vector proj (Vector A,Vector B) {return A * (dot (A,B) / dot (A,A));} //project
    onto A
Point foot (Point P,Point A,Point B) {Vector AP = P - A,AB = B - A;return A +
    proj (AB,AP);} //foot
Point reflect (Point P,Point A,Point B) {Point F = foot (P,A,B);return F * 2 - P
    ;} //symmetry point
Point rotate (Point P,LD theta) {return (Point){P.x * cos (theta) - P.y * sin (
    theta),P.x * sin (theta) + P.y * cos (theta)};}
bool on_line (Point P,Point A,Point B) {return dcmp (cross (P - A,B - A)) == 0;}
bool on_seg (Point P,Point A,Point B) {return on_line (P,A,B) && dcmp (dot (P - A
    ,P - B)) <= 0;} //judge whether on segment AB
LD dis_seg (Point P,Point A,Point B)
{
    if (dcmp (dot (B - A,P - A)) < 0) return dis (P,A);
    if (dcmp (dot (A - B,P - B)) < 0) return dis (P,B);
    return fabs (cross (P - A,P - B)) / dis (A,B);
}
Point inter_line (Point A,Point B,Point C,Point D) {return A + (B - A) * cross (C
    - A,D - C) / cross (B - A,D - C);}
bool pd_ll_inter (Point A,Point B,Point C,Point D) {return dcmp (cross (B - A,D -
    C)) != 0;} // line - line
bool pd_ls_inter (Point A,Point B,Point C,Point D) {return on_line (inter_line (A
    ,B,C,D),C,D);} //The intersection of AB(line) and CD (line) is on the CD (seg
    ).
bool pd_ss_inter (Point A,Point B,Point C,Point D) // seg - seg
{
    LD c1 = cross (B - A,C - A),c2 = cross (B - A,D - A);
    LD d1 = cross (D - C,A - C),d2 = cross (D - C,B - C);
    if (dcmp (c1) * dcmp (c2) < 0 && dcmp (d1) * dcmp (d2) < 0) return true;
    if (dcmp(c1) == 0 && on_seg (C,A,B)) return true;
    if (dcmp(c2) == 0 && on_seg (D,A,B)) return true;
    if (dcmp(d1) == 0 && on_seg (A,C,D)) return true;
    if (dcmp(d2) == 0 && on_seg (B,C,D)) return true;
    return false;
}
```

```cpp
LD area (vector <Point> P)
{
    int n = P.size ();
    LD res = 0;
    for (int i = 0;i < n;++i) res += cross (P[i],P[(i + 1) % n]);
    return res / 2.0;
}
bool is_convex (vector <Point> P)
{
    int n = P.size ();
    for(int i = 0;i < n - 1;++i)
        if (dcmp (cross (P[i + 1] - P[i],P[(i + 2) % n] - P[i])) < 0) return
            false;
    return true;
}
int in_Poly (vector <Point> P,Point A)
{
    int cnt = 0,n = P.size ();
    for (int i = 0;i < n;++i)
    {
        int j = (i + 1) % n;
        if (on_seg (A,P[i],P[j])) return 2;// on the edge
        if (A.y >= min (P[i].y,P[j].y) && A.y < max (P[i].y,P[j].y)) // the
            intersection is on the right
            cnt += dcmp (((A.y - P[i].y) * (P[j].x - P[i].x) / (P[j].y - P[i].y)
                + P[i].x) - A.x) > 0;
    }
    return cnt & 1;
}
auto convex_hull (vector <Point> P) // strict convex hull (<= 0)
{
    int n = P.size ();
    sort (P.begin (),P.end (),[] (Point &x,Point &y) {return x.x == y.x ? x.y < y
        .y : x.x < y.x;});
    vector <Point> hull;
    hull.resize (2 * n + 1);
    int k = 0;
    for (int i = 0;i < n;++i)
    {
        while (k >= 2 && dcmp (cross (hull[k - 1] - hull[k - 2],P[i] - hull[k -
            2])) <= 0) --k;
        hull[k++] = P[i];
    }
    for (int i = n - 2,t = k;i >= 0;--i)
    {
        while (k > t && dcmp (cross (hull[k - 1] - hull[k - 2],P[i] - hull[k -
            2])) <= 0) --k;
        hull[k++] = P[i];
    }
    hull.resize (k - 1);
    return hull;
}
LD diameter (vector <Point> P)
{
    int n = P.size ();
    if (n <= 1) return 0;
    if (n == 2) return len (P[1] - P[0]);
    LD res = 0;
    for (int i = 0,j = 2;i < n;++i)
    {
        while (dcmp (cross (P[(i + 1) % n] - P[i],P[j] - P[i]) - cross (P[(i + 1)
            % n] - P[i],P[(j + 1) % n] - P[i])) <= 0) j = (j + 1) % n;
```

```cpp
            res = max (res,max (len (P[j] - P[i]),len (P[j] - P[(i + 1) % n])));
        }
        return res;
    }

    bool in_cir (Circle C,Point P) {return dcmp (len (P - C.O) - C.r) <= 0;}
    Point get_cir_p (Circle C,LD theta) {return {C.O.x + C.r * cos (theta),C.O.y + C.
        r * sin (theta)};}
    int pd_lc_inter (Point A,Point B,Circle C)
    {
        double d = dis_seg (C.O,A,B);
        if (dcmp (d - C.r) == 0) return 0; // tangent
        if (dcmp (d - C.r) > 0) return -1; // separation
        return 1; // intersection
    }
    int pd_cc_inter (Circle A,Circle B) // the number of tagent lines
    {
        LD d = len (A.O - B.O);
        if (dcmp (A.r + B.r - d) < 0) return 4; // externally separate
        if (dcmp (A.r + B.r - d) == 0) return 3; // externally tangent
        if (dcmp (fabs (A.r - B.r) - d) == 0) return 1; // internally tangent
        if (dcmp (fabs (A.r - B.r) - d) > 0) return 0; // one circle inside the other
        return 2; // intersection
    }
    pair <Point,Point> lc_inter (Point A,Point B,Circle C)
    {
        Point F = foot (C.O,A,B);LD d = dis (C.O,F);
        Vector E = (B - A) / dis (A,B);
        Point P1 = F - E * sqrt (C.r * C.r - d * d);
        Point P2 = F + E * sqrt (C.r * C.r - d * d);
        return {P1,P2};
    }
    pair <Point,Point> cc_inter (Circle A,Circle B)
    {
        Vector k = B.O - A.O;
        LD d = len (k);
        LD alpha = atan2 (k.y,k.x),beta = acos ((A.r * A.r + d * d - B.r * B.r) / (2
            * A.r * d));
        Point P1 = get_cir_p (A,alpha - beta),P2 = get_cir_p (A,alpha + beta);
        return {P1,P2};
    }
    pair <Point,Point> tan_cir (Point P,Circle C)
    {
        LD d = len (C.O - P),theta = asin (C.r / d);
        Vector E = (C.O - P) / d;
        Vector P1 = P + (rotate (E,theta) * sqrt (d * d - C.r * C.r));
        Vector P2 = P + (rotate (E,-theta) * sqrt (d * d - C.r * C.r));
        return {P1,P2};
    }
    Circle triangle_incir (Point A,Point B,Point C)
    {
        LD a = dis (B,C),b = dis (A,C),c = dis (A,B);
        Point O = (A * a + B * b + C * c) / (a + b + c);
        return {O,dis_seg (O,A,B)};
    }
    Circle triangle_circum (Point A,Point B,Point C)
    {
        LD Bx = B.x - A.x,By = B.y - A.y,Cx = C.x - A.x,Cy = C.y - A.y;
        LD D = 2 * (Bx * Cy - By * Cx);
        LD x = (Cy * (Bx * Bx + By * By) - By * (Cx * Cx + Cy * Cy)) / D + A.x;
        LD y = (Bx * (Cx * Cx + Cy * Cy) - Cx * (Bx * Bx + By * By)) / D + A.y;
        Point P (x,y);
        return Circle (P,dis (A,P));
```

```cpp
}
auto get_tangents (Circle A,Circle B)
{
    vector <pair <Point,Point>> tangents;
    LD d = len (A.O - B.O),dif = A.r - B.r,sum = A.r + B.r;
    if (dcmp (d - fabs (dif)) < 0) return tangents;
    LD base = atan2 (B.O.y - A.O.y,B.O.x - A.O.x);
    if (dcmp (d - fabs (dif)) == 0)
    {
        tangents.push_back ({get_cir_p (A,base + (A.r < B.r ? pi : 0)),get_cir_p
            (A,base + (A.r < B.r ? pi : 0))});
        return tangents;
    }
    LD theta = acos (dif / d);
    tangents.push_back ({get_cir_p (A,base + theta),get_cir_p (B,base + theta)});
    tangents.push_back ({get_cir_p (A,base - theta),get_cir_p (B,base - theta)});
    if (dcmp (d - sum) == 0) tangents.push_back ({get_cir_p (A,base),get_cir_p (A
        ,base)});
    if (dcmp (d - sum) > 0)
    {
        theta = acos (sum / d);
        tangents.push_back ({get_cir_p (A,base + theta),get_cir_p (B,base + theta
            + pi)});
        tangents.push_back ({get_cir_p (A,base - theta),get_cir_p (B,base - theta
            + pi)});
    }
    return tangents;
}
LD tri_ploy_area (Point A,Point B,Circle C)
{
    Vector OA = A - C.O,OB = B - C.O;
    LD S = cross (OA,OB),sign = dcmp (cross (OA,OB)) > 0 ? 1 : -1;
    bool da = dcmp (len (OA) - C.r) < 0,db = dcmp (len (OB) - C.r) < 0;
    if (dcmp (S) == 0) return 0;
    if (da && db) return S * 0.5; // triangle
    if (!da && !db)
    {
        if (pd_lc_inter (A,B,C) == 1)// arc + triangle + arc
        {
            auto [P1,P2] = lc_inter (A,B,C);
            Vector OP1 = P1 - C.O,OP2 = P2 - C.O;
            if (dis (A,P1) > dis (A,P2)) swap (P1,P2);
            return cross (OP1,OP2) * 0.5 + sign * 0.5 * C.r * C.r * (angle (OA,
                OP1) + angle (OB,OP2));
        }
        else return sign * 0.5 * C.r * C.r * angle (OA,OB); // arc
    }
    else // triangle + arc
    {
        auto [P1,P2] = lc_inter (A,B,C);
        if (on_seg (P2,A,B)) swap (P1,P2);
        Vector OP1 = P1 - C.O;
        if (dcmp (len (OA) - C.r) < 0) return cross (OA,OP1) * 0.5 + sign * 0.5 *
            C.r * C.r * angle (OP1,OB);
        else return cross (OP1,OB) * 0.5 + sign * 0.5 * C.r * C.r * angle (OP1,OA
            );
    }
}
LD cc_area (Circle C1,Circle C2)
{
    int op = pd_cc_inter (C1,C2);
    if (op <= 1) return pi * min (C1.r,C2.r) * min (C1.r,C2.r);
    else if (op == 4) return 0;
```

```
    else
    {
        LD d = dis (C1.O,C2.O);
        LD alpha = 2 * acos ((C1.r * C1.r - C2.r * C2.r + d * d) / (2 * C1.r * d)
            );
        LD beta = 2 * acos ((C2.r * C2.r - C1.r * C1.r + d * d) / (2 * C2.r * d))
            ;
        return 0.5 * (C1.r * C1.r * (alpha - sin (alpha)) + C2.r * C2.r * (beta -
            sin (beta)));
    }
}
```

6 String

6.1 Hash

```cpp
template <unsigned long long base = 13331>
class Hash
{
    using u64 = unsigned long long;
    vector <u64> pw,hsh;
    public:
    Hash (char *s)
    {
        int n = strlen (s);
        pw.assign (n + 1,0),hsh.assign (n + 1,0);
        pw[0] = 1;hsh[0] = 0;
        for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i) pw[i] = pw[i - 1] * base,hsh[i] = hsh[i - 1] *
            base + s[i - 1];
    }
    u64 get (int l,int r) {return hsh[r] - hsh[l - 1] * pw[r - l + 1];}
    u64 link (int l1,int r1,int l2,int r2) {return get (l1,r1) * pw[r2 - l2 + 1]
        + get (l2,r2);}
    bool same (int l1,int r1,int l2,int r2) {return get (l1,r1) == get (l2,r2);}
};
```

6.2 KMP

```cpp
class KMP
{
    vector <int> fail,ans;
    void getfail (char *s) // Match a with b
    {
        int len = strlen (s);
        fail.assign (len + 1,0);
        fail[0] = -1;
        for (int i = 1;i < len;++i)
        {
            int cnt = fail[i - 1];
            while (cnt >= 0 && s[cnt + 1] != s[i]) cnt = fail[cnt];
            if (s[cnt + 1] == s[i]) ++cnt;
            fail[i] = cnt;
        }
    }
    public:
    auto get_pos (char *s,char *t)
    {
        getfail (t);
        int lens = strlen (s),lent = strlen (t),cnt = -1;
        for (int i = 0;i < lens;++i)
        {
            while (cnt >= 0 && t[cnt + 1] != s[i]) cnt = fail[cnt];
            if (t[cnt + 1] == s[i])
            {
                ++cnt;
                if (cnt + 1 == lent) ans.push_back (i - lent + 2),cnt = fail[cnt
                    ];
            }
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

6.3 Manacher

```cpp
int Manacher (char *s)
{
    int n = strlen (s),cnt = 0,r = 0,mid = 0,ans = 0;
    vector <char> a (2 * n + 5);vector <int> p (2 * n + 5);
    a[++cnt] = '!';a[++cnt] = '#';
    for (int i = 0;i < n;++i) a[++cnt] = s[i],a[++cnt] = '#';
    a[++cnt] = '~';
    for (int i = 2;i < cnt;++i)
    {
        if (i <= r) p[i] = min (r - i + 1,p[mid * 2 - i]);
        else p[i] = 1;
        while (a[i - p[i]] == a[i + p[i]]) ++p[i];
        if (i + p[i] > r) r = i + p[i] - 1,mid = i;
        ans = max (ans,p[i]);
    }
    return ans - 1;
}
```

6.4 Trie

6.4.1 Trie

```cpp
struct Trie
{
    int n,m,cnt;//m total len
    vector <vector <int>> ch;vector <int> vis;
    public :
    Trie (int n,int m) : n (n),m (m),ch (m,vector <int> (26,0)),vis (m) {cnt =
        0;}
    void insert (char *s)
    {
        int u = 0,len = strlen (s);
        for (int i = 0;i < len;++i) m
        {
            int c = s[i] - 'a';
            if (!ch[u][c]) ch[u][c] = ++cnt;
            u = ch[u][c];
        }
        ++vis[u];
    }
    int query (char *s)
    {
        int u = 0,len = strlen (s);
        for (int i = 0;i < len;++i)
        {
            int c = s[i] - 'a';
            if (!ch[u][c]) return 0;
            u = ch[u][c];
        }
        return vis[u];
    }
};
```

6.4.2 01-Trie

```cpp
class Trie
{
    int n,cnt;
    vector <vector <int>> ch;
    vector <int> val,w;
    public :
    Trie (int n,int lg) : n (n),val (2 * lg * n + 1,0),w (2 * lg * n + 1,0),ch (2
        * lg * n + 1,vector <int> (2,0)) {cnt = 1;}
    void pushup (int u)
```

```cpp
    {
        w[u] = val[u] = 0;
        //w[u] Number of values (weights) on the edge between node u and its
            parent node
        //val[u] XOR sum maintained by the subtree rooted at u
        if (ch[u][0]) w[u] ^= w[ch[u][0]],val[u] ^= val[ch[u][0]] << 1;
        if (ch[u][1]) w[u] ^= w[ch[u][1]],val[u] ^= (val[ch[u][1]] << 1) | w[ch[u
            ][1]];
    }
    void modify (int &u,int v,int dep)
    {
        if (!u) u = ++cnt;
        w[u] ^= 1;
        if (dep < 0) return ;
        modify (ch[u][v & 1],v >> 1,dep - 1);
        pushup (u);
    }
    void erase (int u,int v,int dep)
    {
        if (!u) return ;
        w[u] ^= 1;
        if (dep < 0) return ;
        erase (ch[u][v & 1],v >> 1,dep - 1);
        pushup (u);
    }
    void add (int u) // add 1 in [1,n]
    {
        swap (ch[u][0],ch[u][1]);
        if (ch[u][0]) add (ch[u][0]);
        pushup (u);
    }
};
```

6.5 Aho-Corasick Automaton

```cpp
class AC
{
    int n,m,cnt;//m total len
    vector <vector <int>> tr;vector <int> val;
    public :
    Trie (int n,int m) : n (n),m (m),tr (m + 1,vector <int> (26,0)),val (m + 1),
        fail (m + 1) {cnt = 1;}
    void insert (char *s)
    {
        int n = strlen (s + 1),u = 1;
        for (int i = 1;i <= N;++i)
        {
            if (!tr[u][s[i] - 'a']) tr[u][s[i] - 'a'] = ++cnt;
            u = tr[u][s[i] - 'a'];
        }
        ++val[u];
    }
    void build ()
    {
        for (int i = 0;i < 26;++i) tr[0][i] = 1;
        queue <int> q;q.push (1);
        while (!q.empty ())
        {
            int u = q.front ();q.pop ();
            for (int i = 0;i < 26;++i)
            {
                if (!tr[u][i]) tr[u][i] = tr[fail[u]][i];
                else fail[tr[u][i]] = tr[fail[u]][i],q.push (tr[u][i]);
            }
        }
    }
```

```cpp
            }
        }
        int query (char *s)
        {
            int n = strlen (s + 1),u = 1,res = 0;
            for (int i = 1;i <= n;++i)
            {
                u = tr[u][s[i] - 'a'];
                for (int j = u;j && val[j] != -1;j = fail[j]) res += val[j],val[j] =
                    -1;
            }
            return res;
        }
    };

    /*
    s :
    a
    aa
    aa
    aaa
    t :
    aaaa
    ans : 4
    */
```

6.6 SAM

```cpp
    class SAM
    {
        class node
        {
            public:int ch[26],len,fa;
            node (const int &L = 0) {memset (ch,0,sizeof (ch));fa = 0;len = L;}
        };
        public:
        vector <node> t;int lst;
        void GetParentTree (vector <vector <int>> &G)
        {
            G.resize (t.size ());
            for (unsigned i = 1;i < t.size ();++i) G[t[i].fa].push_back (i);
        }
        void extend (const int &c)
        {
            int p = lst,np = lst = t.size ();
            t.push_back (node (t[p].len + 1));
            for (;p&&!t[p].ch[c];p = t[p].fa) t[p].ch[c] = np;
            if (!p) t[np].fa = 1;
            else
            {
                int v = t[p].ch[c];
                if (t[v].len == t[p].len + 1) t[np].fa = v;
                else
                {
                    int nv = t.size ();t.push_back (t[v]);
                    t[nv].len = t[p].len + 1;
                    for (;p && t[p].ch[c] == v;p = t[p].fa) t[p].ch[c] = nv;
                    t[np].fa = t[v].fa = nv;
                }
            }
        }
        SAM () {t.assign (2,node ());lst = 1;}
        inline void clear () {t.assign (2,node ());lst = 1;}
        inline int next (int p,int c) {return t[p].ch[c];}
```

```cpp
    inline int Len (int p) {return t[p].len;}
};
```