Lab 2: Functions SUNY Korea - Francois Rameau Spring 2023

GitHub Classroom



Lab 2 - Functions in python



Functional programming

Functional programming is a programming paradigm where everything is a function



Even arithmetic operators



Even assignments



Even function definitions

LISP



LISP is an ancient functional programming language

```
# Python code
def foo(x):
    a = x * 5
    b = (6 + a) / 3 ** 2
    print(b)
```



Functional programming

In this lab, we will mimic a functional programming style!

Note: Keep in mind that it's **highly impractical** to mimic like this, however the purpose of this exercise is to familiarize yourselves with functions

Of course, we can't do everything as a function: assignments and function definitions will remain. We will only work on arithmetic operations

Arithmetic operations

$$+ \rightarrow add()$$
 / $\rightarrow div()$ * $\rightarrow mult()$
- $\rightarrow sub()$ ** $\rightarrow exp()$

How are we going to implement them?



Functional programming

Example when replacing original operators with functions

```
# Python code
a = 5
b = (6 + a) / 3 ** 2
print(b)
```

To functional

```
# Functional variant
a = 5
b = div(add(6, a), exp(3, 2))
print(b)
```

What is the behavior of add(a,b)?

What is the behavior of add()

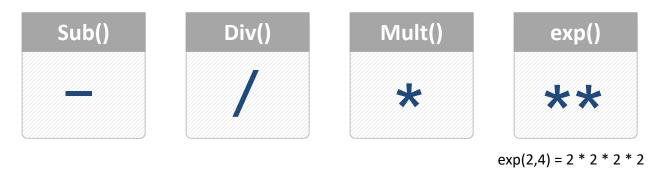
- How many inputs?
- How many outputs?
- What will be the output?

```
# add()
def add(a,b):
    return a + b
```



Task 1

Implement the following functions



Also add neg() and sqrt()

- E.g., neg(5) should return -5, neg(-5) should return 5
- E.g., sqrt(16) should return 4

Follow the comments in "func.py"

Conditions

- Do not import anything
- Do not use any techniques not taught in class yet



Task 2

The next task is to reproduce the result of task 1 of Lab 1: the quadratic formula

Except this time, use only the six functions above (variable assignments can be done as usual, of course)

Conditions

- Do not import anything
- No outside function
- No arithmetic operators outside your functions

