## **BILL OF LADING** Exporter Bill of Lading VOESTALPINE SPECIALTY METALS PTE. LTD. SSINS1902253 **EXPRESS** 25 PIONEER CRESCENT SINGAPORE 628554 REP. OF SINGAPORE **ASM Logistics** Consignee SUPER MATERIALS ONE MEMBER COMPANY LIMITED 187/7 DIEN BIEN PHU STREET INNOVATIVE SOLUTIONS • ENDLESS POSSIBILITIES DA KAO WARD, DISTRICT 1, HO CHI MINH CITY, VIETNAM ASM Logistics (S) Pte. Ltd. - Singapore No.6 Changi South St 2 #07-01, Xilin Districentre Building D, Received by the Carrier, the Goods as specified below in apparent good order and condition unless otherwise stated, to be transported to such place as agreed, authorised or permitted herein and subject to all the terms and conditions appearing on the front and reverse of this Bill of Lading to which the Merchant agrees by accepting this Bill of Lading, any local privileges and customs notwithstanding. The particulars given below as stated by the shipper and the weight, measure, quantity, condition, contents and value of the Goods are unknown to the Carrier. In WITNESS, whereof one (1) original Bill of Lading has been signed if not otherwise stated below, the same being accomplished the other(s), if any to be void. If required by the Carrier one (1) original Bill of Lading must be surrendered duly endorsed in exchange for the Goods or delivery order. **Notify Party** SAME AS CONSIGNEE Vessel Voyage ULANGA 938N Goods or delivery order. Port of Discharge Destination (if on carr) Port of Loading Release HAIPHONG, VIET NAM HAIPHONG, VIET NAM SINGAPORE EXPRESS BILL OF LADING Freight Payable At No. of Original B/L Shipped On Board Print Date 23-Sep-19 DESTINATION - FREIGHT COLLECT 0 (ZERO) Details of cargo as declared by Shipper Cubic(M3) **Marks and Numbers Description of Goods** Weight (Kgs) SUPER MATERIALS ONE MEMBER 1 Pallet(s) 102 KG COMPANY LIMITED 8010011450/SM-VOESTALPINE SUPER DUPLEX STEEL BAR INVOICE NO.: 8040011853 HS CODE: 72210000 Consol Ref: CSINS1919162 Container Seals Weight(KG) Volume(M3) Туре Packages Mode

0.582 M3

Freight and Charges

**Delivery Agent** CARDINAL MARITIME (VIETNAM) CO., LTD. 7 FLOOR, SOUTH BUILDING, 60 TRUONG SON, TAN BINH DISTRICT, HO CHI MINH CITY TAX CODE: 0315447955 VIET NAM Phone: +84 28 7300 0163 Fax: +84 28 7300 0164 In witness of the contract herein contained, the above stated number of originals Bills of Lading have been issued, one of which to be accomplished, the other(s) being void AS CARRTER

Place Of Issue: Date Of Issue:

SINGAPORE	23-Sep-19	
Place of Acceptance	Place of Delivery	Total No. of Packages
SINGAPORE	HAIPHONG, VIET NAM	ONE PALLET(S)

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

### Application and Definitions 1.1

- action and Detrititions training the heading Combined Transport Bill of Lading the provisions set and referred to in this document shall also apply when the transport taked to the face of the Bill of Lading is performed by one mode of transport only. Pickup, delivery and transshipment operations carried out in the manamed of the one mode transport and incidental to such transport do not constitute a different mode transport for the purpose of this Bill of Lading transport of the proper and incidental to such transport do not constitute a different mode transport for the purpose of this Bill of Lading transport to the proper and incidental to such transport do not constitute a different mode transport for the purpose of this Bill of Lading transport to the proper transport and transport for the purpose of the Bill of Lading transport to the proper transport and transport for the purpose of the Bill of Lading transport transport to the proper transport transport to the purpose of the Bill of Lading transport trans
- performance of the one mode unapport and increases in a successful as one consistues as interest mode unapport for the purposes or into an originating.

  "Currier" is the person by whom or for whom this Bill of Lading is signed The term for whethan? "include the shipper, the person manual in this Bill of Lading as a shipper, the person for whose account the Goods are handed over to the Carrier, the consignee, the holder of this Bill of Lading, the owner and the receiver of the Goods and The person who is entitled to receive the Goods on notification by the Merchant, and their agents, servants and subcontractors the term "servarier", "agent" or "subcontractors" shall include a fidneed and indirect despendent and insigned on servants, agent or subcontractors are not to the servants and subcontractors. The term "servarier", "agent" or "subcontractors" shall include the despendent servarier, agent of subcontractors or more in this Bill of Lading or any wholist one despendent servarier, agent or subcontractors one in this Bill of Lading on any wholist one despendent servarier, agent or subcontractors on the subcontractors. The term "sear" shall place of acceptance and the place of developer are post and the Bill of Lading does not in the despendent servarier, agent or subcontractors which have a subcontractors and the place of developer and the place of developer are post and the Bill of Lading does not in the subcontractors. The term shall be a subcontractor and the place of developer are post and the Bill of Lading does not in the subcontractors. The term shall be a subcontractor and the place of developer are post and the Bill of Lading does not in the subcontractors. The term shall be a subcontractor and the place of developer and the Bill of Lading and the subcontractors. The term shall be a subcontractor and the subcontractors are subcontractors. The term shall be a subcontractor and the subcontractors are subcontractors. The term shall be a subcontractor and the subcontractors are subcontractors. The term shal
- 1.3

## Scope of Contract

**2.** 2.1 By the issue of this Bill of Lading the Carrier undertakes to perform or to procure the performance of the entire transport from the place at which the Goods are taken in charge (place of acceptance) to the place designated for delivery in this Bill of Lading and assumes liability as set out in these

2.2.1

- Goods are taken in cursing purses or insegment.

  The Carrier may at any time and without notice to the Merchant.

  The Carrier may at any time and without notice to the Merchant.

  a curve the Goods by any means of transport and by any route or in any direction whatsoever, whether within or out of the most direct or advertised or customary route and proceed beyond the port anafor place of discharge or in a direction contrary thereto or return to the original place anafor port of departure.

  b) load and unload the Goods at any place, land or store them either on shore or affaut, transfer, transfer, repship or forward them at any place or purst, dryfock a vesuel with or without carges on board

  The Carrier for any purse, the Carrier for any purpose whatsoever including repairs, towing or being towed, sailing with or without pitots, adjusting expenser or instruments, dryfocking, and assisting vessels in all situations.

  Anything done in accordance with clause 2.2.1 or any delay arising therefrom is within the contractual carriage and not a deviation
- 2.2.2

The Carrier shall be discharged of all liability under this Document suit is brought with six months after the delivery of the Goods, or the date when the Goods should have been delivered unless international Conventions or regulations cor individual case are stipulating a longer term of prescription

### Law and Jurisdiction 4.1

- or this Document shall be determined by the courts and subject to Clause 17 of this Document in accordance with the laws of ingapore District Court.
  So proceedings may be brought before other courts unless the parties expressly agree on both the choice of another court or arbitration tribunal and the 4.2

## Negotiability and Title to the Goods

- Negotiability and I title to the Goods.

  19 Saccepting this Bill of Lading shall be deemed to be negotiable, unless marked "non-negotiable".

  19 Vaccepting this Bill of Lading the Merchart and his transferees agree with the Carrier that unless it is marked "non-negotiable" it shall constitute title to the Goods and the Modeb by pedrosement of this Bill of Lading shall be entitled to receive or to transfer The Goods herein mentioned.

Armance of the Contract

Methods and Routes of Transportation

The Carrier is entitled to perform the transport in any reasonable manner and by any reasonable means, methods and routes.

The Carrier reserves the liberty is determine whether Goods and livestock shall be carried on deck, on an open lorry, or an open trailer or an open railways wagen Goods (not being Goods stowed in containers other than flats or pallets) which are staled herein to be carried on deck or on open lorriers. Intellets or railway wagens and livestock may be carried on deck on a open trailer or an open railers or an apen larry, on an open larry, and open trailer or an open railery or any open railers are railway wagen, and if carried so are examed without responsibility on the part of the Carrier for loss or damage of whatsoever nature, whether caused by or negligence or any 6.1

## Loading and Unloading

Loaung and Unloaung
When collection or delivery lakes place at the consignor's or consignee's premises, the place of collection or delivery shall be the usual place of loading or
unloading the Goods into or from the webtide and
the Carrier shall not be under any obligation to provide any plant, power or labour which may be required for the loading or unloading at such premises.
This shall be the responsibility of the consignor or consignee at his own risk and expense,
any assistance given by the Carrier additional to the foregoing is given entirely at the consignor's or consignee's risk as to damage to or loss of Goods or
injury to persons.

- 7.1
- 7.2

## ners and other packed Goods

- 8.1 8.1.1
- 8.2 8.2.1
- Containers and other packed Goods
  The term "containers' shall include any rulalley van or closed cargo box
  the term so of this document shall govern the responsibility of the Carrier in connection with or arising out the supply of a container to the Merchant
  whether before or after the Goods are received by the Carrier for transport or delivery to the Merchant.
  The Goods may be stowed by the Carrier in containers or similar articles of transport used to consolidate Goods.
  Goods stowed in Code containers other than flast or palicks, whether by the Carrier or the Merchant, may be earned on deck, on an open lorry, on an
  object to deck, one open substantial or the containers of the Carrier of the Merchant Substantial Carrier or the Merchantial Carrier or the Mer

## Hindrances, etc. Affecting Performance

- Hindrances, etc. Affecting Performance
  The Carrier shall use reasonable endeavours to complete the transport and to deliver the Goods at the place designated for delivery
  If at any time the performance of the contract as evidenced by this Document is or will be affected by any hindrance, risk, delay, difficulty or disadvantage
  of whatscores' know all of by sub-classed. Dithe Carrier has no duty to complete the performance of the contract, the Carrier (whether the transport is ommenced) may elect to
  eat the performance of this contract as terminated and place the Goods at the Merchant's disposal at any place which the Carrier shall deem safe and
- 9.4 Intension. It delives the Goods at the place designated for delivery. In any event the Carrier shall be entitled to full freight for Goods received for transportation and dditional compensation for extra costs resulting from the circumstances referred to above. 10.

## Sub-Contracting

- Sub-Contracting in addition to the liberties given to the Carrier under the other clauses hereof and in particular clause 2 it is agreed that the Carrier shall be entitled to sub-contract on any terms the whole or any part of the carriage, loading, unloading, storling, warehousing, handing and all duties whatsoever undertaken by the Carrier in relation to the Goods.

  The expression sub-contractor in this clause shall include direct and indirect sub-contractors, including stevedores and their respective servants and 10.1
- 10.2

- The expression sub-contractor in this clause shall include direct and indirect sub-contractors, including stevedores and their respective servants and agents

  Notification and Delivery

  Any mention herein of parties to be notified of the arrival of the Goods is solely for information of the Carrier and failure to give such notification shall not involve the Carrier in any liability nor relieve the Merchant of any obligation hereunder

  Where the Carrier can guide for by this Occument is Port to Port Spiement the Carrier shall be at liberty to discharge the Goods or any part thereof without notice directly they come to hand, at or any wharf, craft or place, on any day and at any time, whereupon the liability of the Carrier of any line in the Goods or that part thereof discharged as of receal that wholly cease notivitationaling any custom of the port to the contrary and notivitationaling that any charges, dues or other expenses maybe or become payable if crafts are used, other than at the request of the Merchant, in circumstances where the Goods or that part thereof so discharged could have been discharged above wholl additional delay, the Goods or part thereof as the base may be shall nevertheless not deemed to be discharged for the purposes of this Clause and of Clause 17 (A) until they are discharged from such craft The Merchant shall take delivery of the Goods upon such craft The Merchant shall take delivery of the Goods as aloresal shall be for the Merchant's account where the carriage called for by this Bill of Lading is a Combined Transport, the Merchant shall take delivery of the Goods or upon such craft the Merchant shall take delivery of the Goods for the purpose of the Carrier is an expense of the Merchant shall take delivery of the Goods or that part of alhore, allow in the part of the Merchant shall take delivery of the Goods or that part of alhore, allow in the part of the Carrier is an expense of the Merchant shall take of the Merchant shall take delivery the Goods or that part of alhore, allow in t 11.2

# III. Description of Goods

Responsibility of the Carrier
This Document shall be prima facie evidence of the taking in charge by the Carrier of the Goods as therein described in respect of the particulars which it had reasonable means of checking Proof to the contrary shall not be admissible when this Document is issued in negotiable form and has been transferre to a third party acting in good faith

## 13.

to a third party acting in good faith

Consignor's Responsibility

The Consignor's Responsibility

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The Consignor shall be demend to have guaranteed to the Carrier the accuracy at the time the Goods were taken in charge by the Carrier, of the description of the Goods, marks, numbers, measurements, quantity and weight, as furnished by him and the Consignor shall indemnify the Carrier against allow, damage and oppenses arrising or resulting from inaccuracies in or inadequacy of such. The right of the Carrier to such indemnity shall in no way limit his responsibility and liability under this document to any person other than the Consignor

- Dangerous Goods

  The Consignor shall comply with nelse which are mandatory according to the national law or by reason of international Convention, relating to The carriage of Goods of a dangerous nature, and shall in any case inform the Carrier in writing of The exact stature of The danger before Goods of a dangerous nature are taken in charge by the Carrier and indicate to it, if med be the prescuitions to be taken

  If the Consignor fails to provide such information and the Carrier is unaware of the dangerous nature of the Goods and the necessary precautions to be

  taken and if, at any time, they are deemed to be a hazard to life or properly, they may at any place be unimaded, destroyed or agreed naturalies, or

  circumstances may require, without compensation, and the Consignor shall be liable for all loss, damage, delay, delay or expenses arising out their being

  taken in charge, or their carriage, or of any service incidental thereon to be burden of the Carrier was the excitant user of the diagnor constituted by

  the carriage of the said Goods shall rest upon the person entitled to the Goods

  If any Goods shaped with the Knowledge of the Carrier as to their dangerous nature shall become a danger to the ship or cargo, they may in like manner

  be landed at any place or destroyed or rendered innocuous by the Carrier without liability on the part of the Carrier except to General Average, if any

  Inspection of Goods 14.3

### 15. Inspection of Goods

Inspection of Goods

The Carrier shall be entitled but under no obligation to open any container or other package or until at any lime and to inspect the contents if it appears that the contents or any pan thereof cannot safety or properly be carried or carried further either at all or without incurring any additional any additional expense or taking any measures in relation to the container or its contents or any past thereof the Carrier may abandon the transport thereof and/or take any measures and of incur any reasonable additional expense and of a local repression of the content of the content of the pense are and of a local repression of the pense and of a local repression of the pense and of a local repression of the pense and against any reasonable additional expense and against all liability soot of damage arring thereform.

Regulations relating to the Goods and Packing

The Merchart shall comply with all regulations or requirements of customs, port and other authorities shall bear and pay all duties, taxes, lines, limposts expenses or losses incurred or suffered by reason thereof or by reason of any illegal.

## Responsibility of the Carrier

Port Io Port Shipment
When The carriage called for by this Documents is a Port to Port Shipment, then during any time when the Carrier has any responsibility by law or otherwise with respect to The Goods, the liability of the Carrier for loss of a damage to the Goods shall be determined m accordance with any national law making the Hague Rules compulsoryle applicable to this Bill of Lading Including the UK Carriage for Goods by Sea Act. 1924. The UK Carriage by Sea Act. 1935, the water Carriage of Goods Act 1939 of Canada, and In no such national laws is compulsory applicable, then in accordance with The Hague Rules as amended by the protocol signed at Brussels on the 22nd February 1968 (The Hague Visby Rules) but only insofar as said legislation, convention or protocol shall be complicately explicable to this contract.

If the whole of the carriage undertaken by the Carrier is limited to carriage from a Container Yard (CT) or Container Freight Station (CFS) in or immediately adjacent to the sea terminal at the port of discharge, the liability. Carrier shall be determined by the Hague Males, or The Hague Wisky Rules respectively as mentioned under 1) hereinbefore, irrespective of whether loss or damage is proved to have occurred during the period of carriage at sea or prior of subsequent thereto.

- d)

- The Carrier shall be laable for loss or damage to the boods occurring between the time when the Carrier received the Goods into its charge and the time of delivery.

  The Carrier shall, however, be relieved of liability for any loss or damage if such loss or damage arose or resulted from

  the wongful act or neglect of the Consignor or the Consignor;

  compliance with the instructions of the person entitled to give to;

  the lack or of defective confliction of packing in the scare of Goods given by their nature, are liable to wastage or to be damaged when not packed or when not properly packed;

  handline, loading, stowage or enloading of the Goods by the Consignor, the Consignor or any person acting on behalf of the Consignor or the Consignor.

  Consigner;

  inherent vice of the Goods;

  strikes or folloading, stowage or extraint of labour from whatever cause whether partial or general;

  and, act, neglect or default in the navigation of a ship occurring during carriage by water;

  fire occurring during carriage by water, unless the fire was caused by the exact fault by the visitive or to make her fit and safe for the reception, carriage and preservation of the Goods;

  anuclear incident, if the operator of a nuclear installation or a person acting for him is lable for this damage under an applicable international convention or antonal law governing lability in respect or functions energy to or national and you governing lability in respect or functions energy the consideration of the Goods;

  any other cause or event which the Carrier could not avoid and the consequences whereof it could not prevent by the exercise of reasonable diligence.

- any other cause or event which the Carrier could not avoid and the consequences wintered in consisting the consistency of the consisting the consistency of the con
- - n or national law which provisions can be a constructed to the detriment of the claimant, and cannot be departed from by private contract to the detriment of the claimant, and would have applied if the Metchant had made a separate and direct contract with the Carrier in respect of the particular stage of tran where the loss or damage occurred and received as evidence thereof any particular Document which must be issued if such internation convention or national law shall apply.

C. Exemptions and Limitations of Servants, Agents, Stevedores etc.

Is understood that the Carrier shall require and utilize the senders of others in the performance of its undertakings with respect to the Goods transported on to be transported as described hereon and its exerces by agreed between the Merchant and the Carrier that each participating Carrier master, officer, servant, independent contractor, stewedore, tower etc. engaged or employed by the Carrier in connection with the carriage hereand shall be a beneficiary of this contract and shall personal responsibility which The Carrier has under this life of Lading and the applicable law. the Carrier entering into this contract and angerement not only on its behalf, but also as agent and trustee of each person and contract described above, all of whom shall be deemed to be aparty to this agreement to the extent of being afforded and entitled to the exemptions, immuna and limitations of liability accreded to the Carrier hereunder the Merchant undertakes that no claim shall be made against any Participating Carrier, against any servant, agent or subcontractor of the Carrier or against any vessel, here owner on operating, no against other sevents, agreed on the carrier against any vessel, here owner on operating, no against other sevents, agreed so contract and the carrier or against any vessel, here owner on operating, no against other sevents, agreed to contract the Carrier against any for their benefit, in entering into this contract the Carrier to the extent of the provisions, does so not only on its behalf but also as agent and trustee for such person.

### Limitation Account

Limitation Account

When the Carrier is liable for compensation in respect of loss of or damage to the Goods, such compensation shall be calculated by reference to the
minorice value of the Goods plus freight charges and insurance if paid
if there be no invoice value of the Goods, the compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of such Goods at the place and time, they are
delivered to the Merchant in accordance with the contract or bould have been so delivered the value of the Goods shall be fixed according to the
commodity exchange price or, if there is no such price, according to the commodity exchange price or, if there is no commodity exchange price or current
market price, by reference to the normal value of Goods of the same living and quality.
If in case of Combined transport, it can contrary to 17 (§8) It above not to be proved where the loss or damage occurred compensation shall not exceed \$100.

\$50.00 per package and shall not exceed \$100.00 per package \$100.00 per pack

## General Exemption from Liability

## Merchant's Packing Etc

- Merchant's Packing Etc.

  Without prejudice to Clause 17 (8) 1. 2. d. the Merchant shall be liable for any loss, damage or injury caused by faulty or insufficient packing or by faulty
  losaling or packing within containers and trailers and on flats when such loading or packing has been performed by the Merchant or on behalf of the
  Merchant, or by the defect or unsuitability of the containers, trailers or flats, when supplied by the Merchant, and shall indemnify The Carrier against any
  additional repenses to caused
  if a container has not been filled, packed or stowed by the Carrier, the Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to its contents and the
  Merchant shall cover any loss or expense incurred by the Carrier, if such loss, damage or expense has been caused by
  a) negligent filling, packing or stowing of the container, or
  b) the contents being unsuitable for carrange in container, or
  c) the unsuitable or defective condition of the container unless the container has been supplied by the Carrier and the unsuitability or defective
  condition would not have been apparent upon resemble inspection at or prior to the time when the container was filled, packed or stowed. The
  formionism of Clause 21.2 also apply with respect to trailers, transport tanks, (tats and pallets which have not been filled, packed or stowed by the
- 21.2
- arrier he Carrier does not accept liability for the functioning of reefer equipment or trailers supplied by the Merchant

## 22.

The Carrier does not accept liability for the nunctioning or season specified and the Carrier does not accept liability for the nunction of loss or Damage.

Unless notice of loss or damage to the Goods and the general nature of it is given in writing to the Carrier or the person acting on its behalf at the place of delivery between 2 and 1 the time of the removal of the Goods into the custody of the person entitled to delivery thereof, or if The loss or damage in not apparent within three consecutive days thereafter such removal shall be prima facile evidence of the delivery by the Carrier of the Goods as described in this document and the Carrier shall be discharged from all liability in respect of loss or damage to the Goods.

## 23.

- Defences and Limits for the Carrier The defence and Limits of the Carrier for loss of or damage to the Goods, whether such action is founded in contract or in text the Carrier for loss of or damage to the Goods, whether such action is founded in contract or in text the Carrier shall not be entitled to the benefit of limitation of liability provided for in Cause 10.3. If it is proved that the loss or damage residend from an act or omission of The Carrier itself, done with intent to cause damage or recklessly and with knowledge that damage would probably result.

## V. Freight and Lien

21.3

- ht and Lien Freight
  Freight Shall be deemed earned on receipt of the Goods by the Carrier and shall be paid in any event
  Freight Shall be deemed earned on receipt of the Goods by the Carrier and shall be paid in any event
  The Metrchants attention is drawn to the stigulations concerning currency in which the freight and charges are to be paid, rate of exchange, devaluation and other contingencies relative to freight in the relevant tariff conditions. If no such stipulation as to devaluation exists or is applicable the following
  Clause to apply.
  If the currency in which freight and charges are quarted is devalued or revalued between the date of freight agreement and the dale when the religit and exharges are paid, then all freight and charges shall be automatically and immediately change in proportion to the extent of the devaluation or revaluation of the said currency when the Carrier has consented to payment in other currency than the above-mentioned currency, then all freight and charges shall as submitted in the proportion of the said currency of the day when such freight and charges are paid. If the banks are closed on the day when the freight is paid, the rate to be used will be the one in force on the last day the banks were open
- one
  for the purpose of verifying the freight basis, the Carrier reserves the right to have contents of containers, trailers or similar articles of transport inspected
  in order to accertain the weight measurement, value or nature of the Goods. If on such inspection it is found that the declaration is not correct, it is
  agreed that without producte to the rights of The Carrier as per Clause 15 a sume qual either to the times the difference between the correct freight and
  the freight charge or I od double the correct freight tests the right charge, whichever sum is the smaller, shall be payable as liquidated damages to the
  Carrier not withstanding any other sum what pies nest acted on this Document as the right payable
  All dues, saxes and charges leveld on the Goods and other expenses in connection therewith shall be paid by the Merchant.
  The Merchant shall reminuture the Carrier in proportion to the amount of freight pray avoids for deviation or delay or any other increase of costs of
  whatever nature by war, warlike operations, epidemics, strikes, government directions or force majeure 24.3
- Lien
  The Carrier shall have a lien on the Goods for any amount due under this contract and for the costs of recovering the same and may enforce such lien in 25.

- Reflancous Provisions

  General Average to be adjusted at any port or place at the Carrier is option, and to be settled according to The York-Antwerp Rules 1974, this covering all Goods whether carried on or under deck. The New Jason Clause as approved by BIMCO to be considered as incorporated herein.

  The Merchant shall indemnify the Carrier in respect of any claims of a General Average nature which may be made on him and shall provide such security as may be required by the Carrier in this connection.

  Such security including a cash deposit as the Carrier may deem sufficient to cover the estimated contribution of the Goods and salwage and special charges thereons hall. If regired, be submitted to the Carrier prior to delivery of the Goods incorrect or insufficient packing, marking, numbering or addressing of the Goods and indemnify the Carrier in respect thereof 26.3
- 27. Both-to-Blame Collision Clause
- Collision Clause as adopted by BIMCO to be considered incorporated herein

## Partial Invalidity

Should any Clause or part thereof of this Document be found to be invalid, the validity of the remaining Clauses or the remaining part of the defective Clause shall not be impaired the invalid Clause or part thereof shall be replaced by an effective Clause or part thereof and at serving the purposes of the Carrier and the Machinar!