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# ASSIGNMENT- 3 QUESTION -1

Write a C program to create a child process. The parent process must wait until the child finishes. Both the processes must print their own pid and parent pid. Additionally the parent process should print the exit status of the child.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
int main()
  int val=fork();
  int status;
  if(val==0)
     //child process
     printf("\nProcess ID of child process is = %d\nParent Process ID of child process is
= %d\n\n",getpid(),getppid());
     return 7;
  else
     //parent process
     wait(&status);
     printf("Process ID of parent process is = %d\nParent Process ID of parent process is
= %d\n",getpid(),getppid());
     if(WIFEXITED(status))
       printf("Return status of child process = %d\n",WEXITSTATUS(status));
  return 0;
```

```
surajit@DESKTOP-Q8QKKIQ:~/Assignment_3$ ./1.out
Child Process's Process_ID is = 110
Parent ID of Child Process is=109
Parent Process's Process_ID is = 109
Parent ID of Parent Process is=9
Return status of Child Process = 10
surajit@DESKTOP-Q8QKKIQ:~/Assignment_3$ ./1.out
Child Process's Process_ID is = 112
Parent ID of Child Process is=111
Parent Process's Process_ID is = 111
Parent ID of Parent Process is=9
Return status of Child Process = 10
surajit@DESKTOP-080KKIO:~/Assignment 3$ _
```

Write a C program which prints prime numbers between the range 1 to 10,00,000 by creating ten child processes and subdividing the task equally among all child processes, i.e., the first child should print prime numbers in the range 1 to 1,00,000, the second child in the range 1,00,001 to 2,00,000, ... The child processes must run in parallel and the parent process must wait until all the child processes finish.

```
/ here the maximum limit is taken to be 1000 instead of 1000000
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int is_prime(int n)
  int i;
  if(n==1)
  return 0;
  for(i=2;i*i<=n;i++)
     if(n\%i==0)
     return 0;
  return 1;
void print_prime(int s,int e)
  int i;
  printf("\n nPrime numbers between %d to %d are :\n",s,e);
  printf("_
                                                                                 _\n");
  for(i=s;i\leq e;i++)
     if(is_prime(i))
     printf("%d\t",i);
  printf("\n");
  return;
int main()
  int i,start,end,status;
  for(i=0;i<10;i++)
     if(fork()==0)
```

```
{
    start=100*i+1;
    end=start+99;
    print_prime(start,end);
    exit(0);
}
else{
    wait(&status);
}
printf("Parent terminates\n");
return 0;
```

```
Prises in the range 1 to 100 are:

2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71 73 79 83 89 97

Prises in the range 18t to 200 are:

1001 103 107 109 113 127 131 137 139 149 151 157 163 167 173 179 181 191 193 197 199

Prises in the range 201 to 300 are:

211 223 227 229 233 239 241 251 257 263 269 271 277 281 283 293

Prises in the range 301 to 400 are:

228 409 419 421 431 433 439 443 449 457 461 463 467 479 487 491 499

Prises in the range 601 to 600 are:

239 509 521 523 541 547 557 553 569 571 577 587 593 599

Prises in the range 601 to 700 are:

240 709 719 727 733 739 743 751 757 761 769 773 787 797
```

211 Primes	223 in the	227 range 30	229 1 to 400	233 are:	239	241	251	257	263	269	271	277	281	283	293	
307	311	313 range 40	317	331	337	347	349	353	359	367	373	379	383	389	397	
401	409	419 range 50	421	431	433	439	443	449	457	461	463	467	479	487	491	499
503	509	521 range 60	523	541	547	557	563	569	571	577	587	593	599			
501	607	613 range 70	617	619	631	641	643	647	653	659	661	673	677	683	691	
701	709	719 range 80	727	733	739	743	751	757	761	769	773	787	797			
809	811	821 range 90	823	827	829	839	853	857	859	863	877	881	883	887		
907	911	<b>919</b> P-Q8QKKI	929	937	941 3\$ <b>_</b>	947	953	967	971	977	983	991	997			

Write a C program which creates a child process and sends a string (input by user) which the child process reverses and sends it back to the parent. The IPC to be used is pipe. Both the processes terminate when the input string is "quit".

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(){
     int fd1[2], fd2[2];
     pipe(fd1); //for parent write child read
     pipe(fd2); //for child write parent read
     if(fork()!=0){
           //Parent Process
           //loop to repetitively input strings
                 char buffer[100]={0};
                 printf("\nEnter string in parent process=>");
                 scanf("\n");
                 scanf("\%[^{\n}]",buffer);
                 //printf("\nLength %s in parent:%d",buffer,(int)strlen(buffer));
                 //if quit is entered then exit from parent process
                 if(strcmp("quit",buffer)==0){
                      exit(1);
                 //write and pass to child through pipe1
                 write(fd1[1], buffer, strlen(buffer));
                 //read child's string via pipe2
                 read(fd2[0], buffer, 100);
                 int len=strlen(buffer);
                 buffer[len]='\0';
                 printf("\nParent has string returned from child : %s\n", buffer);
           }while(1);
     else{
           // Child Process
           //loop to repetitively reverse string from parent and sent it back to parent
           do{
                 char buffer[100]={0};
```

```
sleep(2);
            //read parent's string via pipe1
            read(fd1[0], buffer, 100);
            int len=strlen(buffer);
            buffer[len]='\0';
            //printf("\nLength of %s in child:%d",buffer,len);
           int j=0,k=len-1;
           printf("\nChild has read from parent : %s\n", buffer);
            //loop to reverse string from parent
            while(j<k){
                 char ch=buffer[j];
                 buffer[j]=buffer[k];
                 buffer[k]=ch;
                 j++;
                 k--;
           printf("\nString reversed in child : %s",buffer);
           fflush(stdout); //flushed standard output
            //write and pass to parent ia pipe2
           write(fd2[1], buffer, len);
      }while(1);
      //exit(0);
return 0;
```

```
Enter string in parent process=>I Love to Code

Child has read from parent: I Love to Code

String reversed in child: edoC ot evoL I

Parent has string returned from child: edoC ot evoL I

Enter string in parent process=>All is Well

Child has read from parent: All is Well

String reversed in child: lleW si llA

Parent has string returned from child: lleW si llA

Enter string in parent process=>your patience is your power

Child has read from parent: your patience is your power

String reversed in child: rewop ruoy si ecneitap ruoy

Parent has string returned from child: rewop ruoy si ecneitap ruoy

Enter string in parent process=>
```

Write a C program which prints the following menu

- 1. ls
- 2. pwd
- 3. uname
- 4. exit

When, the user provides an input, the parent process creates a child process [if user's choice is between 1-3] and executes the corresponding command [use execv() system call]. The main process waits for the child to finish and displays the menu again. The parent process terminates if user's choice is 4.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
  int op, status;
     char *str1[]={"/bin/pwd",NULL};
     char *str2[]={"/bin/ls","-1",NULL};
     char *str3[]={"/bin/uname",NULL};
  do
    printf("\n************* MENU ***************\n");
    printf("\n1. ls\n2. pwd\n3. uname\n4. exit\nEnter your choice = ");
    scanf("%d",&op);
     switch(op)
          printf("\nYou have selected ls command\n\n");
          if(fork()==0)
          execv(str2[0], str2);
          else
          wait(&status);
          break;
       case 2:
          printf("\nYou have selected pwd command\n\n");
          if(fork()==0)
```

```
execv(str1[0],str1);
        else
        wait(&status);
        break;
     case 3:
        printf("\nYou have selected uname command\n\n");
        if(fork()==0)
        execv(str3[0],str3);
        else
        wait(&status);
        break;
     case 4:
        printf("Exiting from program\n");
        break;
     default:
        printf("Enter correct option between 1 to 4\n");
        break;
}
}while(op!=4);
return 0;
```

```
surajit@DESKTOP-Q8QKKIQ:~/Assignment_3$ ./4.out
1.ls
2.pwd
3.uname
4.Exit
Enter your choice:1
ls command working:=>
total 96
 rwxrwxrwx 1 surajit surajit 970 May 30 22:16 1.c
rwxr-xr-x 1 surajit surajit 16960 Jun 4 22:13 1.out
 rwxrwxrwx 1 surajit surajit 1602 May 30 22:21 2.c
 rwxr-xr-x 1 surajit surajit 16976 Jun 4 22:22 2.out
 rwxrwxrwx 1 surajit surajit 2556 May 30 22:07 3.c
 -rwxr-xr-x 1 surajit surajit 17176 Jun 4 22:22 3.out
-rwxrwxrwx 1 surajit surajit 2905 May 30 23:31 4.c
-rwxr-xr-x 1 surajit surajit 16968 Jun 4 22:23 4.out
2.pwd
3.uname
4.Exit
Enter your choice:2
pwd command working:=>
 /home/surajit/Assignment_3
2.pwd
3.uname
4.Exit
Enter your choice:3
uname command working:=>
Linux
1.ls
2.pwd
3.uname
4.Exit
Enter your choice:4
Exiting program...
 surajit@DESKTOP-Q8QKKIQ:~/Assignment_3$
```

#### ASSIGNMENT- 4

### **QUESTION -1**

1. Ping and Pong are two separate processes executing their respective tasks. They should synchronize among themselves using a shared variable turn initialized to 0, such that they forever take turns, alternately printing "ping" and "pong".

```
/* Ping p r o c e s s */
while ( t r u e ){
  while ( tu rn != 0 );
  p r i n t ( " pin g " );
  tu rn =1;
}

/* Pong p r o c e s s */
  while ( t r u e ){
    while ( tu rn != 1 );
    p r i n t ( " pong " );
    tu rn =0;
}
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/ipc.h>
#include<svs/shm.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
int main(){
      int shmid;
      int key =123;
      int status;
      char *buffer;
      //creates shared memory segment
      if((shmid = shmget(key, 10, IPC_CREAT \mid 0666)) == -1)
            printf("Cannot create shared memory\n");
            exit(0);
      //attach it for use
      buffer = shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
      int turn=0; //initialise turn to 0 for pin process
```

```
sprintf(buffer, "%d", turn);
//loop to create two child processes
for(int i=0; i<2; i++){
      if(fork()!=0){
              //Parent process
      else{
              //Child Process ping
             if(i==0)
                    while(1){
                          //printf("ping process\n");
                          sscanf(buffer, "%d", &turn);
                    while(turn!=0){
                         sscanf(buffer, "%d", &turn);
                    printf("Ping\n");
                    turn=1;
                    sprintf(buffer,"%d",turn);
                    sleep(1);
              }
              //Child process pong
             if(i==1){
                    while(1){
                          //printf("pong Process\n");
                    sscanf(buffer, "%d", &turn);
                    while(turn!=1){
                         sscanf(buffer, "%d", &turn);
                    printf("Pong\n");
                    turn=0;
                    sprintf(buffer,"%d",turn);
                    sleep(1);
             exit(0); //exit from child
//two wait system calls for two child processes
wait(&status);
wait(&status);
shmdt(buffer);
return 0;
```



Write a C program which creates a child process. The parent and child process communicate using a shared memory segment. The parent process generates 100 random integers and writes it into the shared memory segment. The child process then computes the maximum, minimum and average of all these 100 numbers and writes the result back into the shared memory segment, from where the parent process reads the result and displays it. Add appropriate code to synchronize the parent and child process.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/ipc.h>
#include<sys/shm.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<time.h>
int main(){
      int shmid:
      int key =220;
      int status, max, min, sum;
      float avg;
      char *buffer;
      //creates shared memory segment
      if((shmid = shmget(key, 420, IPC_CREAT \mid 0666)) == -1)
            printf("Cannot create shared memory\n");
            exit(0);
      //attach it for use
      buffer = shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
      int turn=0; //initialise turn to 0 for parent process
      sprintf(buffer, "%d", turn);
      if(fork()!=0){
           //parent process
           //waiting for child to give turn permission
           while(turn!=0){
                sscanf(buffer, "%d", &turn);
          printf("Randomly generated 100 numbers in parent process are:\n");
          //srand() must be used before rand() to produce differenct random numbers on
every execution
```

```
//srand(val) start generating at different starting point and time(0) for current
time
          srand(time(0));
          //loop to generate 100 random numbers
          for(i=1;i<=100;i++)
               int temp=rand()%1000;
               printf("%d",temp);
               //store numbers in shared memory
               sprintf(buffer+(4*i),"%d",temp);
               if(i!=100)
                     printf(",");
               else
                     printf("\n");
          fflush(stdout);
          //release turn and pass the numbers to child process for operations
          turn=1;
          sprintf(buffer, "%d" ,turn);
          //waiting for child to give turn permission
          while(turn!=0){
               sscanf(buffer, "%d", &turn);
          sscanf(buffer+(4*101), "%d", &max);
          sscanf(buffer+(4*102),"%d",&min);
          sscanf(buffer+(4*103),"%f",&avg);
          sleep(1);
          printf("\nMax = \%d\nMin = \%d\nAverage = \%.2f\n",max,min,avg);
          printf("Parent terminates\n");
      else{
           //child process
           //waiting for parent to give turn permission
           while(turn!=1){
                sscanf(buffer, "%d", &turn);
          int val;
          sscanf(buffer+4, "%d", &val);
          max=val;
          min=val:
          sum=val;
          int i:
          //loop to find min, max and sum of values in shared memory
          for(i=2;i<=100;i++)
               sscanf(buffer+(4*i),"%d",&val);
               if(val>max)
                     max=val;
               if(val<min)
```

min=val;

```
sum+=val;
}
avg=(float)sum/100.0;
//store max,min and average in shared memory
sprintf(buffer+(4*101),"%d",max);
sprintf(buffer+(4*102),"%d",min);
sprintf(buffer+(4*103),"%.2f",avg);
//release the turn and pass to parent process
turn=0;
sprintf(buffer, "%d" ,turn);
printf("child terminates\n");
}
shmdt(buffer);
return 0;
}
```

## 1005x10P-0800x10:-/Assignment\_45 ./2.out
## 1005x10P-0800x10:-/

Implement the solution to the producer-consumer problem using shared variables.

#### CODE-

#### PRODUCER CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/ipc.h>
#include<sys/shm.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<time.h>
int main(){
      int shmid, key=2022, ch, item;
      char *buffer;
      //creates shared memory segment of 20 bytes
      //full empty 5 elements
      if((shmid = shmget(key, 28 , IPC_CREAT | 0666))==-1){
             printf("Cannot create shared memory\n");
             exit(0);
      //attach it for use
      buffer = shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
      int full, empty;
      full=0;
      empty=5;
      sprintf(buffer,"%d",full);
      sprintf(buffer+4,"%d",empty);
      //do-while loop to produce items repetatively
           printf("\n1.Produce an item\n2.Exit\nEnter your choice:");
           scanf("%d",&ch);
           switch(ch){
                case 1:
                      sscanf(buffer,"%d",&full);
                      sscanf(buffer+4,"%d",&empty);
                     while(empty==0){
                          printf("\nBuffer Full...\n");
                           sleep(1);
                           sscanf(buffer+4,"%d",&empty);
                     printf("\nEnter item:");
                     scanf("%d",&item);
                     full+=1;
                     empty-=1;
```

```
sprintf(buffer+4+full*4,"%d",item);
sprintf(buffer,"%d",full);
sprintf(buffer+4,"%d",empty);
break;
case 2:
    printf("\nProgram Exits...\n");
break;
default:
    printf("\nWrong Choice...");
}
}while(ch!=2);
printf("\nItems produces:%d, Buffer slots remains:%d\n",full,empty);
return 0;
}
```

## **CONSUMER CODE**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/ipc.h>
#include<sys/shm.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<time.h>
int main(){
      int shmid, key=2022, sz, ch, item;
      char *buffer;
      //creates shared memory segment
      if((shmid = shmget(key, 28 , IPC_CREAT | 0666))==-1){
             printf("Cannot create shared memory\n");
             exit(0);
      //attach it for use
      buffer = shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
      int full, empty;
      //do-while loop to produce items repetatively
           printf("\n1.Consume an item\n2.Exit\nEnter your choice:");
           scanf("%d",&ch);
           switch(ch){
                case 1:
                     sscanf(buffer, "%d", &full);
                     sscanf(buffer+4,"%d",&empty);
                     while(full==0){
                           printf("\nBuffer Empty...\n");
                           sleep(1);
                           sscanf(buffer,"%d",&full);
                     sscanf(buffer+4+full*4,"%d",&item);
                     printf("\nItem Consumed:%d\n",item);
```

```
full-=1;
    empty+=1;
    sprintf(buffer,"%d",full);
    sprintf(buffer+4,"%d",empty);
    break;
    case 2:
        printf("\nProgram Exits...\n");
        break;
    default:
        printf("\nWrong Choice...");
}
}while(ch!=2);
printf("\nItems produces:%d, Buffer slots remains:%d\n",full,empty);
    return 0;
}
```

surajit@DESKTOP-Q8QKKIQ:~/Assignment_4\$ ./producer.out	
1.Produce an item 2.Exit	
Enter your choice:1	
Enter item:7	
1.Produce an item 2.Exit	
Enter your choice:1	
Enter item:5	
1.Produce an item 2.Exit	
Enter your choice:1	
Enter item:9	
1.Produce an item 2.Exit	
Enter your choice:1	
Enter item:6	
1.Produce an item 2.Exit	
Enter your choice:1	
Enter item:1	
1.Produce an item	
2.Exit Enter your choice:1	
Buffer Full	
Buffer Full	
Buffer Full	
Buffer Full ↑C	

surajit@DESKTOP-Q8QKKIQ:~/Assignment_4\$ ./consumer.out	
L.Consume an item	
l.Consume an item	
nter your choice:1	
ttem Consumed:1	
L.Consume an item	
L.Consume an item P.Exit Enter your choice:6	
drong Choice	
Nrong Choice 1.Consume an item 1.Exit inter your choice:1	
tem Consumed:6	
t.Consume an item	
L.Consume an item P.Exit Enter your choice:9	
Vrong Choice L.Consume an item 2.Exit	
P.Exit inter your choice:1	
Item Consumed:9	
L.Consume an item P.Exit Enter your choice:5	
Enter your choice:5	
drong Choice 1.Consume an item 2.Exit Enter your choice:1	
nter your choice:1	
Item Consumed:5	
L.Consume an item	
L.Consume an item P.Exit Enter your choice:5	
Vrong Choice L.Consume an item 2.Exit	
P.Exit Enter your choice:1	
Item Consumed:7	

1.Consume an item 2.Exit Enter your choice:1	
Item Consumed:9	
1.Consume an item 2.Exit Enter your choice:5	
Wrong Choice 1.Consume an item 2.Exit Enter your choice:1	
Item Consumed:5	
1.Consume an item 2.Exit Enter your choice:5	
Wrong Choice 1.Consume an item 2.Exit Enter your choice:1	
Enter your choice:1	
Item Consumed:7	
1.Consume an item 2.Exit Enter your choice:1	
Buffer Empty	
Buffer Empty Buffer Empty	
Buffer Empty ^C surajit@DESKTOP-Q8QKKIQ: <b>~/Assignment_4</b> \$	
	_