INTERNSHIP REPORT

A report submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Award of Degree of

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

in

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

by

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Under Supervision of DR S. AMARNADH Visakhapatnam.

(Duration: 1ST FEBRUARY 2024 to 1ST MARCH 2024)



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING GITAM SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY

GITAM (Deemed to be University)
VISAKHAPATNAM,
ANDHRA PRADESH
2023 – 2024

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING GITAM SCHOOL TECHNOLOGY

GITAM(Deemed to be University) VISAKHAPTNAM



This is to certify that the "Internship report" submitted by SURAJ JONNALAGEDDA (Regd. No.: VU21CSEN0100479) is work done by her and submitted during 2023 – 2024 academic year, in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY in COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING, at OCTANET SERICES PVT LTD.

Dr. Gondi Lakshmeeswari **Head of the Department**

DR S. AMARNADH **Internship Faculty**

CERTIFICATE



Corporate Identity Number: U62013OD2023PTC044081



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OCTANET SERVICES PVT LTD.

This is certify that

Suraj Jonnalagedda

Python Development Internship

Duration: 1 Month (1st February 2024 to 1st March 2024)

During the internship period, He/She has demonstrated exceptional dedication, enthusiasm and a strong willingness to learn. They actively engaged in various projects and tasks assigned to them, exhibiting remarkable skills and a high level of professionalism.

Verified By:















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• ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

This internship provided me with a deep understanding of python development and its practical applications. The experience of developing an ATM interface was both challenging and rewarding, and it has significantly enhanced my programming skills and problem-solving abilities.

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1. ABSTRACT

Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) serve as a vital component of modern banking infrastructure, providing convenient access to financial services around the clock. Python, a versatile programming language, has emerged as a popular choice for developing ATM systems due to its flexibility and ease of use. This internship project focuses on developing a console-based ATM application utilizing Python, featuring various functionalities including transaction history, withdrawal, deposit, transfer, and exit options. By exploring the intricacies of Python programming and its application in the banking sector, this internship aims to provide valuable insights into software development practices and enhance the intern's skills in software engineering and problem-solving.

2. INTRODUCTION

Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) have revolutionized the way individuals interact with their finances, offering unparalleled convenience and accessibility to banking services. With the ubiquity of Python programming language and its extensive libraries, it has become increasingly prevalent in the development of various software applications, including ATMs. This internship project delves into the realm of Python-based ATM systems, seeking to equip the intern with practical experience in software development while addressing the inherent challenges and requirements of banking software.

The primary objective of this internship is to design and implement a console-based ATM application in Python, comprising distinct classes to handle user authentication, transaction management, and account operations. Through hands-on development and experimentation, the intern will gain proficiency in Python programming, object-oriented design principles, and software engineering methodologies. Moreover, the project will provide insights into the intricacies of financial transactions, security protocols, and user interface design within the context of ATM systems.

3. PROBLEM STATEMENT

The ATMs in our cities are built on Python, as we have all seen them. It is a console-based application with five different classes. In order to use the system, the user must enter his or her user ID and pin when it starts. Once the details are entered successfully, ATM functionality is unlocked. As a result of the project, the following operations can be performed:

Transactions History Withdraw Deposit Transfer Quit

4. OBJECTIVE

The objective of this document is to encapsulate the essence of an online internship experience centered on Python development, specifically aimed at constructing an Automated Teller Machine (ATM) interface. This internship focused on practical applications of Python programming, software development methodologies, and user interface design. The primary goal was to create a secure and user-friendly ATM interface capable of facilitating various banking transactions. Through this endeavor, the aim was to enhance technical skills in Python, software development, and problem-solving, while gaining valuable insights into the practical application of theoretical knowledge. This document serves as a comprehensive record of the internship journey, documenting the processes, methodologies, challenges, results, and conclusions derived from the development of the ATM interface.

5. SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATIONS

Software Requirement Specifications (SRS) outline the functional and non-functional requirements that a software system must satisfy. In the context of developing an ATM interface, the SRS would typically include:

1. <u>Functional Requirements</u>:

- User Authentication: The system should require users to input a valid user ID and PIN to access ATM functionalities.
- Transaction Processing: The system should allow users to perform various banking transactions such as withdrawals, deposits, transfers, balance inquiries, and PIN changes.
- Transaction History: The system should maintain a record of user transactions for future reference.
- Error Handling: The system should provide appropriate error messages and prompts to guide users through the ATM interaction process.
- Security Measures: The system should incorporate security measures to protect user data and prevent unauthorized access.
- User Interface: The system should have a user-friendly interface with clear instructions and intuitive navigation.

2. Non-Functional Requirements:

- Performance: The system should respond promptly to user inputs and process transactions efficiently.
- Reliability: The system should be reliable and available for use whenever needed, with minimal downtime.
- Security: The system should employ encryption and other security measures to safeguard sensitive user information.
- Scalability: The system should be able to accommodate a growing number of users and transactions without significant performance degradation.
- Compatibility: The system should be compatible with different hardware and software environments commonly used in ATM systems.
- Usability: The system should be easy to use for individuals with varying levels of technical expertise.
- Maintainability: The system should be designed in a modular and maintainable manner, allowing for easy updates and enhancements.

6. TECHNOLOGIES

In developing an ATM interface, several technologies are typically involved to create a robust and functional system. These may include:

- 1. <u>Python</u>: As mentioned, Python is the primary programming language used for developing the ATM interface due to its simplicity, readability, and extensive support for various libraries and frameworks.
- 2. <u>Database Management Systems (DBMS)</u>: A DBMS like SQLite, MySQL, or PostgreSQL is often employed to store and manage user account information, transaction records, and other relevant data like userID, userPIN, balance and security questions. Here I used CSV or Excel file as database.
- 4. <u>Integrated Development Environments (IDEs)</u>: IDEs used here is VS Code which provide an integrated environment for coding, debugging, and testing the ATM interface application.
- 5. <u>Operating System</u>: The choice of operating system may vary, but Python is cross-platform, allowing the ATM interface to run on Windows, macOS, or Linux environments.

6.<u>pwinput</u>: A Python module used for secure password input. It masks the input characters to prevent others from seeing the entered password.

7.<u>openpyxl</u>: A Python library for reading and writing Excel files. It is used to load user data from an Excel spreadsheet and update user balances and transaction history in separate Excel files.

7. METHODOLOGIES

The methodologies includes the packages we have used to develop the python ATM Interface which are mentioned below:

1. Pandas:

Pandas is a Python library widely used for data manipulation and analysis. It provides easy-to-use data structures like Series and DataFrame, making it convenient to work with structured data. Pandas is often used for tasks such as data cleaning, transformation, exploration, and visualization in data science and analytics projects.

2. pwinput (getpass module):

The pwinput module, often accessed through the getpass function, is used for securely prompting users for sensitive information like passwords. Unlike regular input functions, getpass does not echo the input to the screen, ensuring that sensitive information remains private. It's commonly used in command-line applications and scripts that require user authentication or sensitive data input

3.<u>openpyxl</u>: A Python library for reading and writing Excel files. It is used to load user data from an Excel spreadsheet and update user balances and transaction history in separate Excel files.

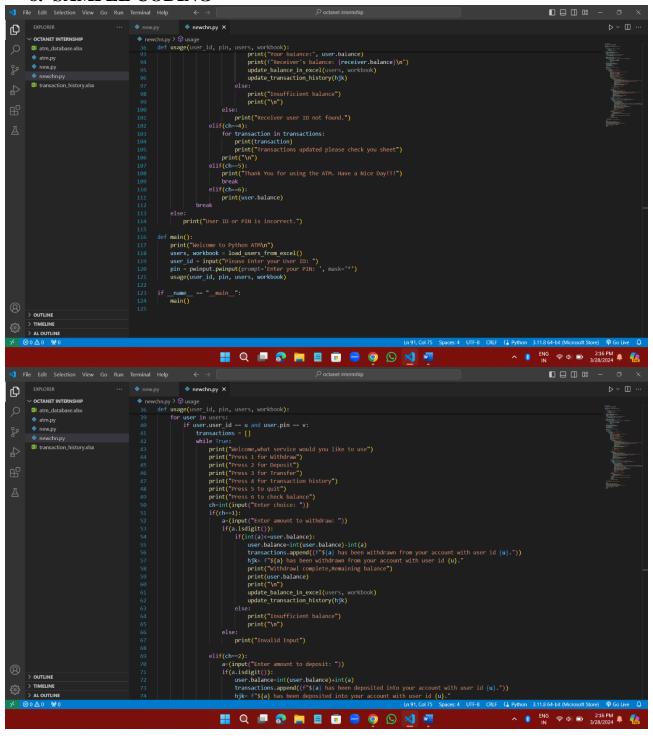
```
def load_users_from_excel():
    workbook = load_workbook(excel_file)
    sheet = workbook.active
    users = []
    for row in sheet.iter_rows(min_row=2, values_only=True):
        users.append(User(row[0], row[1], row[2]))
    return users, workbook
```

LOAD EXCEL SHEET

```
def update_balance_in_excel(users, workbook):
    sheet = workbook.active
    for row in sheet.iter_rows(min_row=2, max_col=3, max_row=sheet.max_row):
        for user in users:
            if user.user_id == row[0].value:
                row[2].value = user.balance
                break
    workbook.save(excel_file)
```

UPDATING EXCEL SHEET

8. SAMPLE CODING



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                                                                                                                                                                                     newchn.py > ② usage
    import pwinput
    from openpyxl import load_workbook

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                                                                                                                                                                                                                   excel_file = "atm_database.xlsx"
transaction_file = "transaction_history.xlsx"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                class User:
    def __init__(self, user_id, pin, balance):
        self.user_id = user_id
        self.pin = pin
        self.balance = int(balance)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                def load_users_from_excel():
    workbook = load_workbook(excel_file)
    sheet = workbook.active
    users = []
    for row in sheet.iter_rows(min_row=2, values_only=True):
        users.append(User(row[0], row[1], row[2]))
    return users, workbook
                                                                                                                                                                                                                def update_transaction_history(hjk);
  wb = load_workbook(transaction_file)
  sheet = wb.active
  sheet.append([hjk])
  wb.save(transaction_file)
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                   def usage(user_id, pin, users, workbook):
    u = int(user_id)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Ln 91, Col 75 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF () Python 3.11.8 64-bit (Microsoft Store)  

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9. RESULTS & DISCUSSIONS (OUTPUT SCREEN SHOTS)

FIG 1: - GIVING USER ID AND PASSWORD

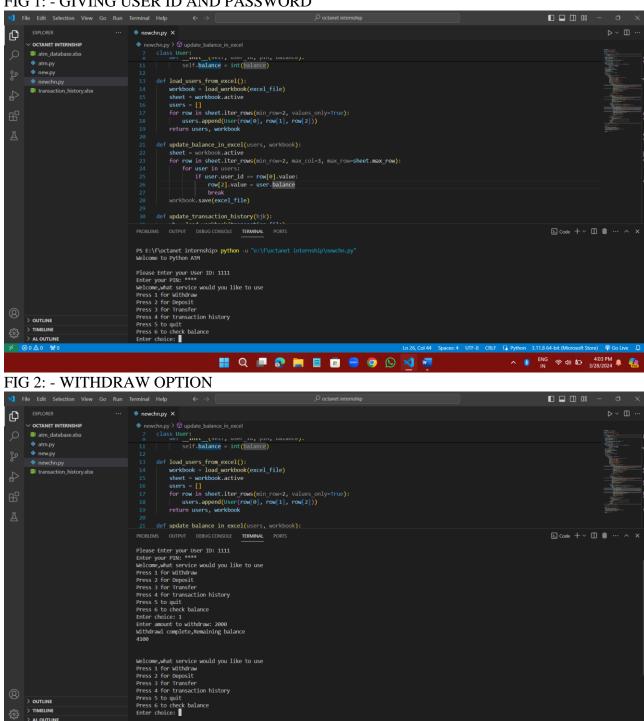


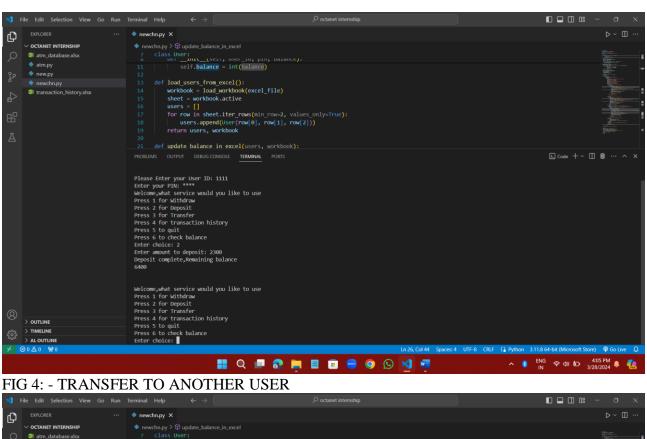
FIG 3: - DEPOSIT OPTION

> AL OUTLINE

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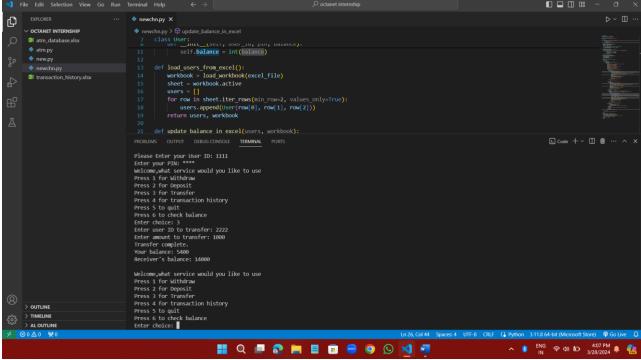


FIG 5: - CHECKING TRANSACTION HISTORY

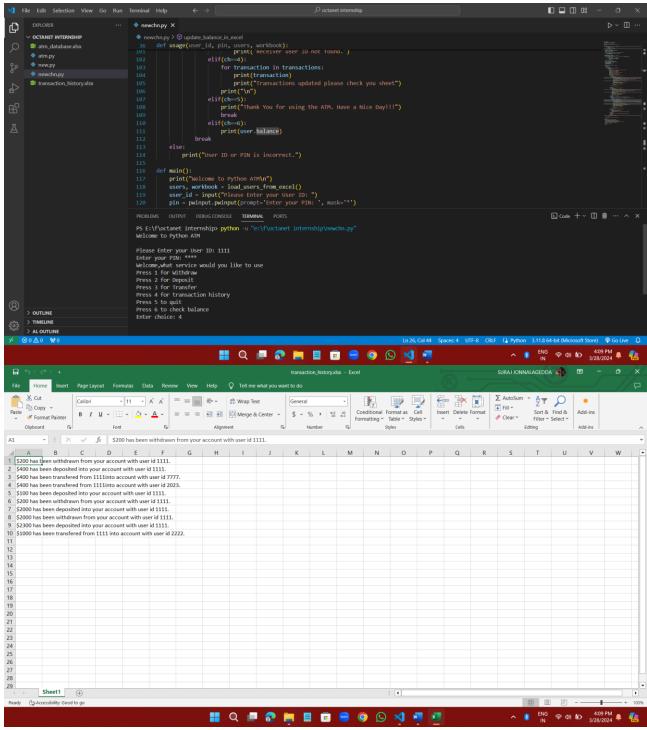


FIG 6: - QUIT OPTION

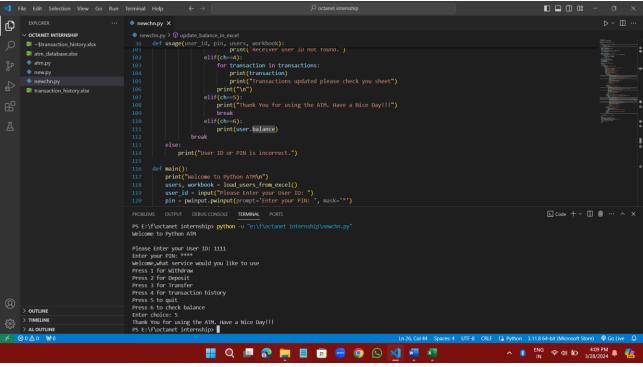
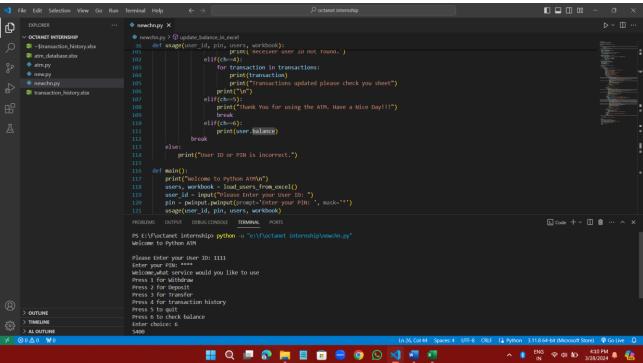


FIG 7: - CHECKING BALANCE OF USER



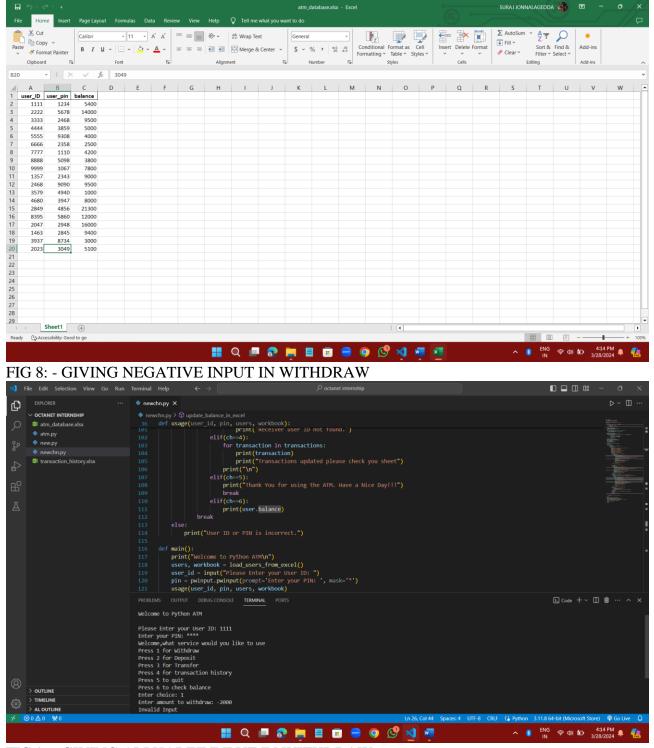


FIG 9: - GIVING ALPHABET INPUT IN WITHDRAW



FIG 11: - GIVING NEGATIVE INPUT IN DEPOSIT

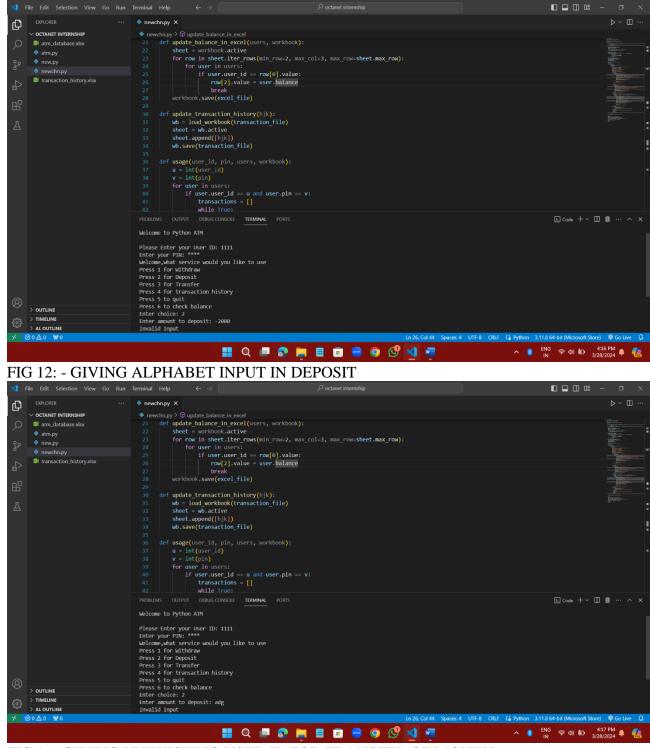
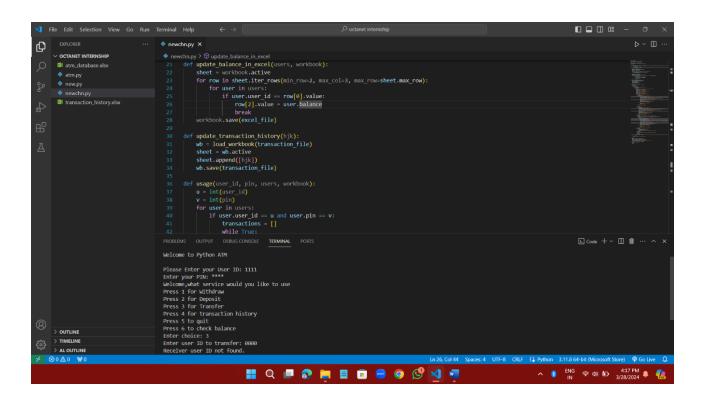


FIG 1: - GIVING UNEXISTING USER ID FOR TRANSFER OF MONEY



10.CONCLUSION

The online internship journey focused on Python development and the creation of an Automated Teller Machine (ATM) interface has been successful. Through practical applications of Python programming, software development methodologies, and user interface design, valuable skills have been honed, and insightful experiences gained.

In conclusion, the internship journey has been instrumental in bridging the gap between theory and practice, equipping participants with the capabilities to tackle real-world challenges in Python development and software design. The ATM interface project stands as a testament to the dedication, innovation, and expertise cultivated throughout the internship, paving the way for future success in the dynamic realm of technology and software engineering. The successful completion of the ATM interface project demonstrates the effective application of learned skills and knowledge. The interface encompasses various functionalities essential for modern banking systems, including user authentication, transaction processing, transaction history maintenance, error handling, security measures, and a user-friendly interface. By leveraging Python and relevant libraries, along with employing standard software development practices, a robust and efficient ATM system has been developed.