### **EASY:**

#### 1. Number of 1 bits

```
class Solution {
   public:
    int setBits(int N)
   {
      int c=0;
      while(N)
      {
        c+=(N%2);
      N/=2;
      }
      return c;
   }
};
```

## 2. Non repeating elements

```
class Solution{
public:
  vector<int> singleNumber(vector<int> nums)
     // Code here.
     int ans=0;
     int ans1=0;
     unordered_map<int,int>mp;
     for(int i=0;i<nums.size();i++)</pre>
     mp[nums[i]]++;
     for(auto it:mp)
     {
       if(ans==0 && it.second==1)
       ans=it.first;
       else if(it.second==1)
       ans1=it.first;
     }
     return {min(ans,ans1),max(ans,ans1)};
  }
};
```

#### 3. Bit difference

```
class Solution{
  public:
  int countBitsFlip(int a, int b)
     int c=0;
     while(a | b)
       c+=abs(a%2 - b%2);
       a/=2;
       b/=2;
    }
     return c;
  }
};
4. Is num Power of 2
class Solution{
  public:
  bool isPowerofTwo(long long n)
     int c=0;
     while(n)
       c+=(n%2);
       n/=2;
     return c==1;
  }
};
5. Power of four
class Solution {
public:
   bool solve(int n)
  {
     if(n==0 || n==1)
     return true;
     if(n%4!=0)
     return false;
     return solve(n/4);
```

```
}
  bool isPowerOfFour(int n)
    if(n==0)
    return false;
    return solve(n);
  }
};
MEDIUM:
1. Divide two num without *, / and %.
class Solution {
public:
  int divide(int dividend, int divisor)
  {
    bool sign=(divisor<0)^(dividend<0);</pre>
    long divi=abs(dividend);
    long div=abs(divisor);
    long quot=0;
    while(divi>=div)
       long long temp=div;
       long long c=1;
       while(divi>=temp)
         divi-=temp;
         quot+=c;
         c<<=1;
         temp<<=1;
    }
    if(sign==1)
    quot=-quot;
    return min(max(quot,(long)INT_MIN),(long)INT_MAX);
  }
```

**}**;

#### 2. Power set

```
class Solution{
     public:
     vector<string>ans;
  void solve(int i,int n,string s,string ans1)
     if(i==n)
      if(ans1.length()>0)
      ans.push_back(ans1);
      return;
    }
     else if(i<n)
     solve(i+1,n,s,ans1);
     ans1.push_back(s[i]);
     solve(i+1,n,s,ans1);
     return;
     }
  }
            vector<string> AllPossibleStrings(string s)
            {
               int i=0;
              int n=s.length();
              solve(0,n,s,"");
              sort(ans.begin(),ans.end());
              return ans;
            }
};
```

## 3. Kth symbol in grammar

```
class Solution {
public:
   int solve(int n,int k)
   {
     if(n==1 && k==1)
     return 0;

   int mid = pow(2,n-1)/2;

   if(k<=mid)</pre>
```

```
return solve(n-1,k);
    return !solve(n-1,k-mid);
  }
  int kthGrammar(int n, int k)
    if(n==1)
    return 0;
    return solve(n,k);
  }
};
4. Sum of two number
class Solution {
public:
  int getSum(int a, int b) {
    int sum=a;
    long long mask=(long long)INT_MAX-INT_MIN;
                                                       //0xFFFFFFF
    // mask == 4294967295
    while(b!=0)
    {
       sum=(a^b);
       b=((a&b)&mask)<<1;
       a=sum;
    }
    return sum;
  }
};
5. Number of Good Ways to Split a String
class Solution {
public:
  int numSplits(string s)
    unordered_map<char, int> left;
    unordered_map<char, int> right;
    for(int i=0; i<s.length(); i++)</pre>
    right[s[i]]++;
    int rightS = right.size();
```

```
int ans=0;
    for(int i=0; i<s.length(); i++)
    {
        left[s[i]]++;
        right[s[i]]--;
        if(right[s[i]] == 0)
        rightS--;
        if(left.size() == rightS)
        ans++;
     }
     return ans;
}</pre>
```

# HARD: