Summary Report

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Validation Process

- The validation process uses a Python script which inturn uses the **lxml** python package.
- It involves the construction of an ElementTree object for a .xml file and its corresponding .xsd file.
- The **ElementTree** object of the .xsd file is then used to construct a XML Schema Validator object.
- That object is used to finally validate the .xml file against the XSD by invoking the .assertValid() method.
- This can raise a **DocumentInvalid** exception if the .xml file violates the XSD. If it is not raised, then it implies that the .xml file is valid.

Transformation Process

- After the successful validation of the .xml file, the transformation process begins.
- This involves the creation of a XSLT object from the ElementTree object of a .xsl file.
- The resulting object is a **callable** which when called with an **ElementTree** object of a .xml file as an argument performs the transformation.
- The transformation can be written to a .html file in binary mode only.
- The .html file can then be opened with a browser of your choice to view the transformed XML.

What is XSL and XSD?

- XSL is a W3C Recommendation which stands for *Extensible Stylesheet Language*. It is used for defining XML document transformation and presentation.
- XSD too, is a W3C Recommendation. It is called XML Schema Definition Language.
 It facilitates describing the structure and constraining what can constitute the XML document.
- Both XSL and XSD are themselves extensions of the XML, Extensible Markup Language.
- The **XSL** file **transform.xsl** defines transformations for the **XML** file **products.xml** by displaying the elements formatted as a table.
- The XSD file product_schema.xsd adds constraints for the XML file contents such
 as the element Price cannot be negative and should be a decimal number. The
 element ID must not be negative.