

2) Condicional y Total:

$$P(U_1) = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(U_2) = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$P(R|U_1) = \frac{3}{10}$$

$$P(R|U_2) = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$P(N|U_1) = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$P(N|U_2) = \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$$

a)
$$P(R) = P(U_1)P(R|U_1) + P(U_2)P(R|U_2)$$

$$P(R) = \cancel{\frac{1}{3}} \cancel{\frac{3}{10}} + \cancel{\frac{2}{3}} \cancel{\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$P(R) = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{4}{10} = \frac{5}{10}$$

R/
$$P(R) = \frac{1}{2}$$

b)
$$P(N) = P(U_1)P(N|U_1) + P(U_2)P(N|U_2)$$

$$P(N) = \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{10} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{5}$$

$$P(N) = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{2}{15} = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{4}{30} = \frac{5}{30}$$

R/
$$P(N) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$c) \quad P(M_1|N) = \frac{P(M_1)P(N|M_1)}{P(M_1)P(N|M_1) + P(M_2)P(N|M_2)}$$

$$P(M_1|N) = \frac{P(M_1)P(N|M_1)}{P(N)}$$

$$P(M_1|N) = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{10}}{\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{\frac{1}{30}}{\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{6}{30}$$

$$R/ \quad P(M_1|N) = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$d) \quad P(M_2|N) = \frac{P(M_2)P(N|M_2)}{P(M_1)P(N|M_1) + P(M_2)P(N|M_2)}$$

$$P(M_2|N) = \frac{P(M_2)P(N|M_2)}{P(N)}$$

$$P(M_2|N) = \frac{\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{5}}{\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{\frac{2}{15}}{\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{12}{15}$$

$$R/ \quad P(M_2|N) = \frac{4}{5}$$