# **Assignment 2**

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# **Assignment 2: Quizzes + A Coding Task**

- Two sets of quizzes (10 points)
  - LLVM compiler and its intermediate representation
  - Code graphs (including ICFG and PAG)
- One coding task (10 points)
  - Goal: implement a context-sensitive graph traversal on ICFG and print feasible paths from a source node to a sink node on the graph

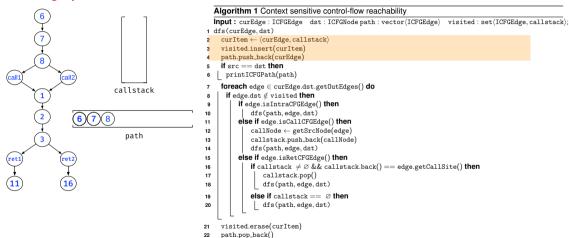
# Assignment 2: Quizzes + A Coding Task

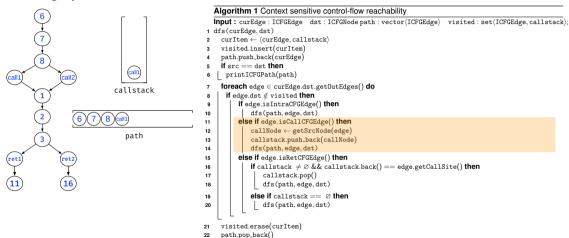
- Two sets of guizzes (10 points)
  - LLVM compiler and its intermediate representation.
  - Code graphs (including ICFG and PAG)
- One coding task (10 points)
  - Goal: implement a context-sensitive graph traversal on ICFG and print feasible paths from a source node to a sink node on the graph
  - Specification and code template: https://github.com/SVF-tools/ Teaching-Software-Verification/wiki/Assignment-2
  - SVF CPP API https: //github.com/SVF-tools/Teaching-Software-Verification/wiki/SVF-APIs

You are encouraged to finish the guizzes before starting your coding task.

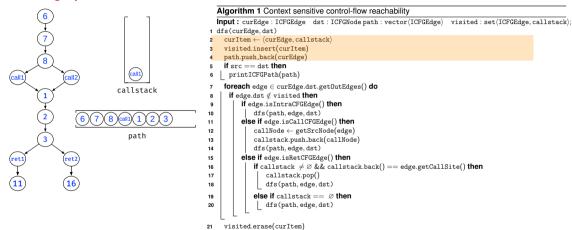
Algorithm 1 Context sensitive control-flow reachability

```
Input: curEdge : ICFGEdge dst : ICFGNode path : vector(ICFGEdge) visited : set(ICFGEdge, callstack);
1 dfs(path, curEdge, dst)
    curItem \leftarrow \langle curEdge, callstack \rangle
    visited.insert(curItem)
    path.push_back(curEdge)
    if arc == dat then
   printICFGPath(path)
    foreach edge ∈ curEdge.dst.getOutEdges() do
      if edge.dst ∉ visited then
         if edge.isIntraCFGEdge() then
             dfs(path, edge, dst)
         else if edge.isCallCFGEdge() then
             callNode ← getSrcNode(edge)
             callstack.push_back(callNode)
13
             dfs(path.edge.dst)
         else if edge.isRetCFGEdge() then
             if callstack ≠ Ø && callstack.back() == edge.getCallSite() then
                callstack.pop()
17
                dfs(path, edge, dst)
18
             else if callstack == Ø then
                dfs(path, edge, dst)
20
    visited.erase(curItem)
    path.pop_back()
```

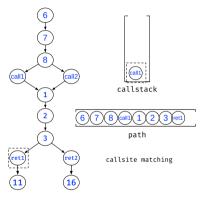




#### Obtaining a path from node 6 to node 11 on ICFG

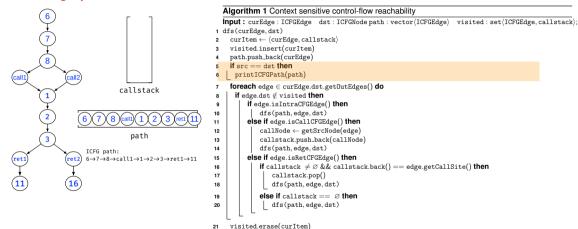


path.pop\_back()



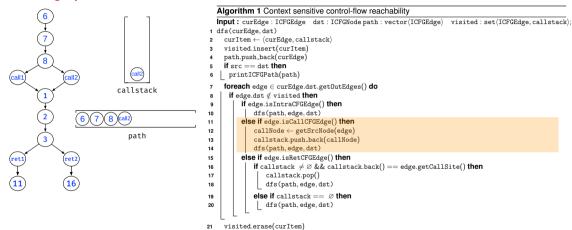
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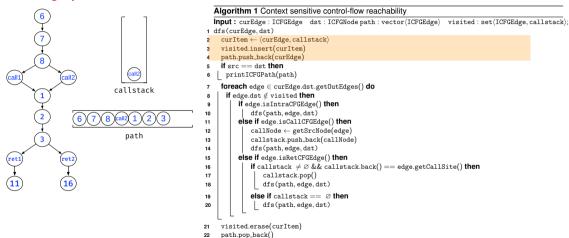


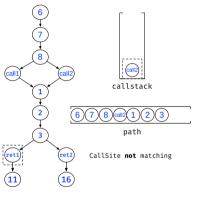
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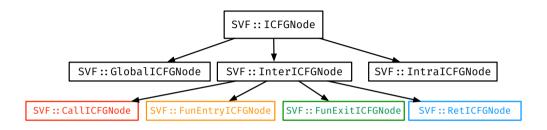
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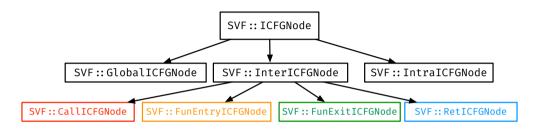
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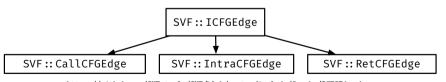
#### **ICFG Node and Edge Classes**



https://github.com/SVF-tools/SVF/blob/master/include/Graphs/ICFGNode.h

## **ICFG Node and Edge Classes**





 $\verb|https://github.com/SVF-tools/SVF/blob/master/include/Graphs/ICFGEdge.h| \\$ 

#### cast and dyn\_cast

- C++ Inheritance: see slides in Week 2.
- Casting a parent class pointer to pointer of a **Child** type:
  - SVFUtil::cast
    - Casts a pointer or reference to an instance of a specified class. This cast fails and aborts the program if the object or reference is not the specified class at runtime.
  - SVFUtil::dyn\_cast
    - "Checked cast" operation. Checks to see if the operand is of the specified type, and if so, returns a pointer to it (this operator does not work with references). If the operand is not of the correct type, a null pointer is returned.
    - Works very much like the dynamic\_cast<> operator in C++, and should be used in the same circumstances.
- Example: accessing the attributes of the child class via casting.
  - RetBlockNode\* retNode = SVFUtil::cast<RetBlockNode>(ICFGNode):
  - CallCFGEdge\* callEdge = SVFUtil::dvn\_cast<CallCFGEdge>(ICFGEdge);