1. Write a C program to implement a binary tree and perform in-order, pre-order, and post-order traversal.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Node {
  int data;
  struct Node* left;
  struct Node* right;
};
struct Node* createNode(int data) {
  struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
  newNode->data = data;
  newNode->left = NULL;
  newNode->right = NULL;
  return newNode;
}
void inOrder(struct Node* root) {
  if (root != NULL) {
    inOrder(root->left);
    printf("%d ", root->data);
    inOrder(root->right);
  }
}
void preOrder(struct Node* root) {
  if (root != NULL) {
    printf("%d ", root->data);
```

```
preOrder(root->left);
    preOrder(root->right);
  }
}
void postOrder(struct Node* root) {
  if (root != NULL) {
    postOrder(root->left);
    postOrder(root->right);
    printf("%d ", root->data);
  }
}
int main() {
  struct Node* root = createNode(1);
  root->left = createNode(2);
  root->right = createNode(3);
  root->left->left = createNode(4);
  root->left->right = createNode(5);
  printf("In-order traversal: ");
  inOrder(root);
  printf("\n");
  printf("Pre-order traversal: ");
  preOrder(root);
  printf("\n");
  printf("Post-order traversal: ");
  postOrder(root);
  printf("\n");
```

```
return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
In-order traversal: 4 2 5 1 3
Pre-order traversal: 1 2 4 5 3
```

Post-order traversal: 4 5 2 3 1