# Exp.No.:5 Installation of Hive on Ubuntu

#### Aim:

To Download and install Hive, Understanding Startup scripts, Configuration files.

#### **Procedure:**

## Step 1: Download and extract it

Download the Apache hive and extract it use tar, the commands given below:

\$wgethttps://downloads.apache.org/hive/hive-3.1.2/apache-hive-3.1.2-bin.tar.gz

```
hadoop@priyav-VirtualBox:~$ wget https://archive.apache.org/dist/hive/hive-3.1.2/apache-hive-3.1.2-bin.tar.gz
--2024-09-02 12:26:15-- https://archive.apache.org/dist/hive/hive-3.1.2/apache-hive-3.1.2-bin.tar.gz
Resolving archive.apache.org (archive.apache.org)... 65.108.204.189, 2a01:4f9:1a:a084::2
Connecting to archive.apache.org (archive.apache.org)|65.108.204.189|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 278813748 (266M) [application/x-gzip]
Saving to: 'apache-hive-3.1.2-bin.tar.gz'
apache-hive-3.1.2-b 100%[=============] 265.90M 1.20MB/s in 2m 57s
2024-09-02 12:29:13 (1.50 MB/s) - 'apache-hive-3.1.2-bin.tar.gz' saved [27881374 8/278813748]
```

### \$ tar -xvf apache-hive-3.1.2-bin.tar.gz

```
hadoop@priyav-VirtualBox:~$ tar -xvf apache-hive-3.1.2-bin.tar.gz
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/NOTICE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/RELEASE_NOTES.txt
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/asm-LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/com.google.protobuf-LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/com.ibm.icu.icu4j-LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/com.sun.jersey-LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/com.thoughtworks.paranamer-LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/javax.transaction.transaction-api-
LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/javolution-LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/jline-LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/NOTICE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/org.abego.treelayout.core-LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/org.antlr-LICENSE
apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/binary-package-licenses/org.antlr.antlr4-LICENSE
```

# **Step 2: Place different configuration properties in Apache Hive**

In this step, we are going to do two things o Placing Hive Home path in bashrc file \$nano .bashrc

And append the below lines in it

```
#HIVE settings
export HIVE_HOME=/home/hadoop/apache-hive-3.1.2
export PATH=$PATH:$HIVE_HOME/bin
#HIVE settings end
```

2. Exporting **Hadoop path in Hive-config.sh** (To communicate with the Hadoop eco system we are defining Hadoop Home path in hive config field) **Open the hiveconfig.sh as shown in below** \$cd apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/bin

\$cp hive-env.sh.template hive-env.sh

\$nano hive-env.sh

Append the below commands on it export

HADOOP\_HOME=/home/Hadoop/Hadoop

export HIVE\_CONF\_DIR=/home/Hadoop/apache-hive-3.1.2/conf

```
# Set HADOOP_HOME to point to a specific hadoop install directory
# HADOOP_HOME=${bin}/../../hadoop
export HADOOP_HOME=/home/hadoop/hadoop

# Hive Configuration Directory can be controlled by:
# export HIVE_CONF_DIR=
export HIVE_CONF_DIR=
https://doi.org/lone/hadoop/apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/conf
# Folder containing extra libraries required for hive compilation/execution can be controlled by:
```

## Step 3: Install mysql

1. Install mysql in Ubuntu by running this command:

\$sudo apt update

\$sudo apt install mysql-server

2. Alter username and password for MySQLby running below commands: \$sudomysql

Pops command line interface for MySQL and run the below SQL queries to change username and set password

*mysql> SELECT user, host, plugin FROM mysql.user WHERE user = 'root';* 

mysql> ALTER USER 'root'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED WITH 'mysql\_native\_password' BY

'your\_new\_password';

*mysql> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;* 

## **Step 4:Config hive-site.xml**

Config the hive-site.xml by appending this xml code and change the username and password according to your MySQL.

*\$cd apache-hive-3.1.2-bin/bin* 

\$cp hive-default.xml.template hive-site.xml

\$nano hive-site.xml

Append these lines into it

Replace root as your username of MySQL

Replaceyour\_new\_password as with your password of MySQL

<configuration>

cproperty>

```
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL</name>
```

 $<\!\!value\!\!>\!\! jdbc\!\!:\!\!mysql\!\!:\!\!/\!localhost\!/\!metastore?createDatabaseIfNotExist\!\!=\!\!true\!\!<\!\!/value\!\!>\!\!$ 

</property>

```
cproperty>
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName</name>
<value>com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver</value>
cproperty>
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionUserName</name>
<value>root</value>
cproperty>
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionPassword</name>
<value>your_new_password</value>
cproperty>
<name>datanucleus.autoCreateSchema</name>
<value>true</value>
</property>
cproperty>
<name>datanucleus.fixedDatastore</name>
<value>true</value>
</property>
cproperty>
<name>datanucleus.autoCreateTables</name>
<value>True</value>
```

# **Step 5: Setup MySQL java connector:**

</configuration>

First, you'll need to download the MySQL Connector/J, which is the JDBC driver for MySQL. You can download it from the below link

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1QFhB7Kvcat7a4LzDRe6GcmZva1yAxKz/view?usp=drive\_link Copy the downloaded MySQL Connector/J JAR file to the Hive library directory. By default, the Hive library directory is usually located at/path/to/apache-hive-3.1.2/lib/on Ubuntu. Use the following command to copy the JAR file:

\$sudo cp /path/to/mysql-connector-java-8.0.15.jar /path/to/apache-hive-3.1.2/lib/ Replace /path/to/ with the actual path to the JAR file.

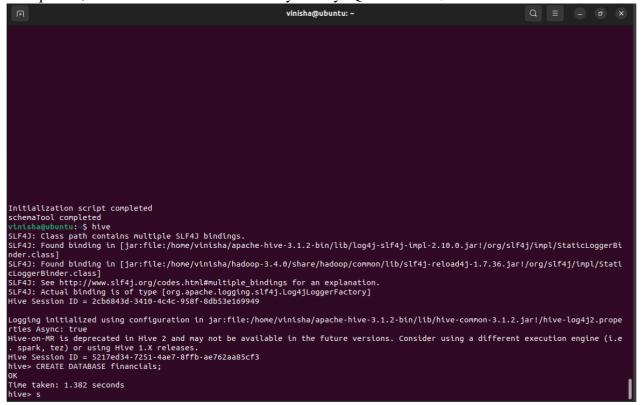
## **Step 6:Initialize the Hive Metastore Schema:**

Run the following command to initialize the Hive metastore schema: \$\$HIVE\_HOME/bin/schematool -initSchema -dbTypemysql

```
hadoop@priyav-VirtualBox:~$ hdfs dfs -chmod g+w /tmp
hadoop@priyav-VirtualBox:~$ hdfs dfs -mkdir -p /user/hive/warehouse
hadoop@priyav-VirtualBox:~$ hdfs dfs -chmod g+w /user/hive/warehouse
hadoop@priyav-VirtualBox:~$ schematool -initSchema -dbType derby
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/hadoop/apache-hive-3.1.2/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-2.10.
0.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/hadoop/hadoop/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-reload4
j-1.7.36.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple bindings for an explanation.
SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]
Metastore connection URL:
                                 jdbc:derby:;databaseName=metastore db;create=true
Metastore Connection Driver :
                                 org.apache.derby.jdbc.EmbeddedDriver
                                 APP
Metastore connection User:
```

### **Step 7: Start hive:**

You can test Hive by running the Hive shell: Copy code hive You should be able to run Hive queries, and metadata will be stored in your MySQL database. *\$hive* 



#### **Result:**

Thus, the Apache Hive installation is completed successfully on Ubuntu.