


```

1  """
2
3  # Part B : Student Alcohol Consumption
4
5  1 Upload new data file 'student-mat'
6  2 For the purpose of this exercise slice the dataframe from 'school'
7  3 Create a lambda function that will capitalize strings.
8  4 Capitalize both Mjob and Fjob
9  5 Print the last elements of the data set.
10  6 Create a function called majority that returns a boolean value to a
11  (Consider majority as older than 17 years old)
12  7 Multiply every number of the dataset by 10
13
14  """

```



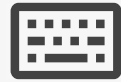
✕ '\n# Part B : Student Alcohol Consumption\n\nUpload new data file 'student-mat'\nFor the purpose of this exercise slice the dataframe from 'school' until the 'guardian' column\nCreate a lambda function that will capitalize strings.\nCapitalize both Mjob and Fjob\nPrint the last elements of the data set.\nCreate a function called majority that returns a boolean value to a new column called legal drinker (Consider

1 Upload new data file 'student-mat'

```

1 import numpy as np
2 import pandas as pd
3 sal = pd.read_csv("student-mat.csv")
4 sal

```



	school	sex	age	address	famsize	Pstatus	Medu	Fedu	Mjob	
0	GP	F	18	U	GT3	A	4	4	at_home	te
1	GP	F	17	U	GT3	T	1	1	at_home	
2	GP	F	15	U	LE3	T	1	1	at_home	
3	GP	F	15	U	GT3	T	4	2	health	se
4	GP	F	16	U	GT3	T	3	3	other	
...	
390	MS	M	20	U	LE3	A	2	2	services	se
391	MS	M	17	U	LE3	T	3	1	services	se
392	MS	M	21	R	GT3	T	1	1	other	
393	MS	M	18	R	LE3	T	3	2	services	
394	MS	M	19	U	LE3	T	1	1	other	at_

395 rows x 33 columns



```
1 sal.columns
```

```

Index(['school', 'sex', 'age', 'address', 'famsize', 'Pstatus', 'Medu',
      'Mjob', 'Fjob', 'reason', 'guardian', 'traveltime', 'studytime',
      'failures', 'schoolsup', 'famsup', 'paid', 'activities', 'nurse',
      'higher', 'internet', 'romantic', 'famrel', 'freetime', 'goout',
      'Walc', 'health', 'absences', 'G1', 'G2', 'G3'],
      dtype='object')

```

2 For the purpose of this exercise slice the dataframe from 'school' until the 'guardian' column

```
1 sal = sal.loc[:, 'school':'guardian']
2 sal
```

	school	sex	age	address	famsize	Pstatus	Medu	Fedu	Mjob	
0	GP	F	18	U	GT3	A	4	4	at_home	te
1	GP	F	17	U	GT3	T	1	1	at_home	
2	GP	F	15	U	LE3	T	1	1	at_home	
3	GP	F	15	U	GT3	T	4	2	health	se
4	GP	F	16	U	GT3	T	3	3	other	
...	
390	MS	M	20	U	LE3	A	2	2	services	se
391	MS	M	17	U	LE3	T	3	1	services	se
392	MS	M	21	R	GT3	T	1	1	other	
393	MS	M	18	R	LE3	T	3	2	services	
394	MS	M	19	U	LE3	T	1	1	other	at_

395 rows x 12 columns

3 Create a lambda function that will capitalize strings.

```
1 #A capitalized string is a string with the first character in each word
2 # to its corresponding uppercase value,
3 # and all remaining characters set to their corresponding lowercase value
```

```
1 capitalizer = lambda x: x.capitalize()
2 capitalizer
```

```
<function __main__.<lambda>>
```

4 Capitalize both Mjob and Fjob

```
1 sal['Mjob']=sal['Mjob'].apply(capitalizer)
2 sal
```

	school	sex	age	address	famsize	Pstatus	Medu	Fedu	Mjob	
0	GP	F	18	U	GT3	A	4	4	At_home	te
1	GP	F	17	U	GT3	T	1	1	At_home	
2	GP	F	15	U	LE3	T	1	1	At_home	
3	GP	F	15	U	GT3	T	4	2	Health	se
4	GP	F	16	U	GT3	T	3	3	Other	
...	
390	MS	M	20	U	LE3	A	2	2	Services	se
391	MS	M	17	U	LE3	T	3	1	Services	se
392	MS	M	21	R	GT3	T	1	1	Other	
393	MS	M	18	R	LE3	T	3	2	Services	
394	MS	M	19	U	LE3	T	1	1	Other	at_

395 rows × 12 columns

```
1 sal['Fjob']=sal['Fjob'].apply(capitalizer)
2 sal
```

	school	sex	age	address	famsize	Pstatus	Medu	Fedu	Mjob	
0	GP	F	18	U	GT3	A	4	4	At_home	Te
1	GP	F	17	U	GT3	T	1	1	At_home	
2	GP	F	15	U	LE3	T	1	1	At_home	
3	GP	F	15	U	GT3	T	4	2	Health	Se
4	GP	F	16	U	GT3	T	3	3	Other	
...	
390	MS	M	20	U	LE3	A	2	2	Services	Se
391	MS	M	17	U	LE3	T	3	1	Services	Se
392	MS	M	21	R	GT3	T	1	1	Other	
393	MS	M	18	R	LE3	T	3	2	Services	
394	MS	M	19	U	LE3	T	1	1	Other	At_

395 rows x 12 columns

5 Print the last elements of the data set.

```
1 sal.tail()
```

	school	sex	age	address	famsize	Pstatus	Medu	Fedu	Mjob	
390	MS	M	20	U	LE3	A	2	2	Services	Se
391	MS	M	17	U	LE3	T	3	1	Services	Se
392	MS	M	21	R	GT3	T	1	1	Other	
393	MS	M	18	R	LE3	T	3	2	Services	
394	MS	M	19	U	LE3	T	1	1	Other	At_

6 Create a function called majority that returns a boolean value to a new column called legal_drinker (Consider majority as older than 17 years old)

```

1 def majority(a) :
2     if a>17 :
3         return True
4     else :
5         return False

```

```

1 sal['legal_drinker']=sal['age'].apply(majority)
2 sal.head()

```

	school	sex	age	address	famsize	Pstatus	Medu	Fedu	Mjob	Fjob
0	GP	F	18	U	GT3	A	4	4	At_home	Teach
1	GP	F	17	U	GT3	T	1	1	At_home	Offi
2	GP	F	15	U	LE3	T	1	1	At_home	Offi
3	GP	F	15	U	GT3	T	4	2	Health	Servi
4	GP	F	16	U	GT3	T	3	3	Other	Offi



7 Multiply every number of the dataset by 10

```

1 def mul10(x) :
2     if type(x) == int :
3         return 10*x
4     return x

```

```
1 sal.applymap(mul10)
```

	school	sex	age	address	famsize	Pstatus	Medu	Fedu	Mjob	
0	GP	F	180	U	GT3	A	40	40	At_home	T
1	GP	F	170	U	GT3	T	10	10	At_home	
2	GP	F	150	U	LE3	T	10	10	At_home	
3	GP	F	150	U	GT3	T	40	20	Health	Se
4	GP	F	160	U	GT3	T	30	30	Other	
...	
390	MS	M	200	U	LE3	A	20	20	Services	Se
391	MS	M	170	U	LE3	T	30	10	Services	Se
392	MS	M	210	R	GT3	T	10	10	Other	
393	MS	M	180	R	LE3	T	30	20	Services	
394	MS	M	190	U	LE3	T	10	10	Other	At

395 rows × 13 columns



1 sal

	school	sex	age	address	famsize	Pstatus	Medu	Fedu	Mjob	
0	GP	F	18	U	GT3	A	4	4	At_home	To
1	GP	F	17	U	GT3	T	1	1	At_home	
2	GP	F	15	U	LE3	T	1	1	At_home	
3	GP	F	15	U	GT3	T	4	2	Health	Se
4	GP	F	16	U	GT3	T	3	3	Other	
...	
390	MS	M	20	U	LE3	A	2	2	Services	Se
391	MS	M	17	U	LE3	T	3	1	Services	Se
392	MS	M	21	R	GT3	T	1	1	Other	
393	MS	M	18	R	LE3	T	3	2	Services	
394	MS	M	19	U	LE3	T	1	1	Other	At

395 rows × 13 columns




```
1 salmul10=sal.applymap(mul10)
2 salmul10
```



	school	sex	age	address	famsize	Pstatus	Medu	Fedu	Mjob	
0	GP	F	180	U	GT3	A	40	40	At_home	T
1	GP	F	170	U	GT3	T	10	10	At_home	
2	GP	F	150	U	LE3	T	10	10	At_home	
3	GP	F	150	U	GT3	T	40	20	Health	Se
4	GP	F	160	U	GT3	T	30	30	Other	
...	
390	MS	M	200	U	LE3	A	20	20	Services	Se
391	MS	M	170	U	LE3	T	30	10	Services	Se
392	MS	M	210	R	GT3	T	10	10	Other	
393	MS	M	180	R	LE3	T	30	20	Services	
394	MS	M	190	U	LE3	T	10	10	Other	At

395 rows x 13 columns



