## **Short notes**

T= Lambda a,x,b: axx+b T (2,4,5) #pnvts 13 dycommon(a,c) return (lambda d', axx ec)
mbr-km (2 conv (0:001,0); mtr-km (2000) Map, Filter & Reduce l = list (map (lambda x: xxx2, l1))

l = list (map (lambda 2: 24, 2=0,1))

l = list (filter (lambda 2: 29, 2=0,1))

from functools import reduce

2 = reduce (lambda 2, y: 2+y, l1)

Filogranci souly

10

fib= lambda n! reduce [lambda xy! x+x[-i]+x[-i]+x[-i],

fib= lambda n! reduce [lambda xy! x+x[-i]+x[-i]+x[-i],

farguln-2), [0,1]

Recursive function

factorial program forum recumfind

def rec(x):
 if(x > 1):
 res = x \* rec(x - 1)
 else:
 res = 1
 return res

print(rec(5))

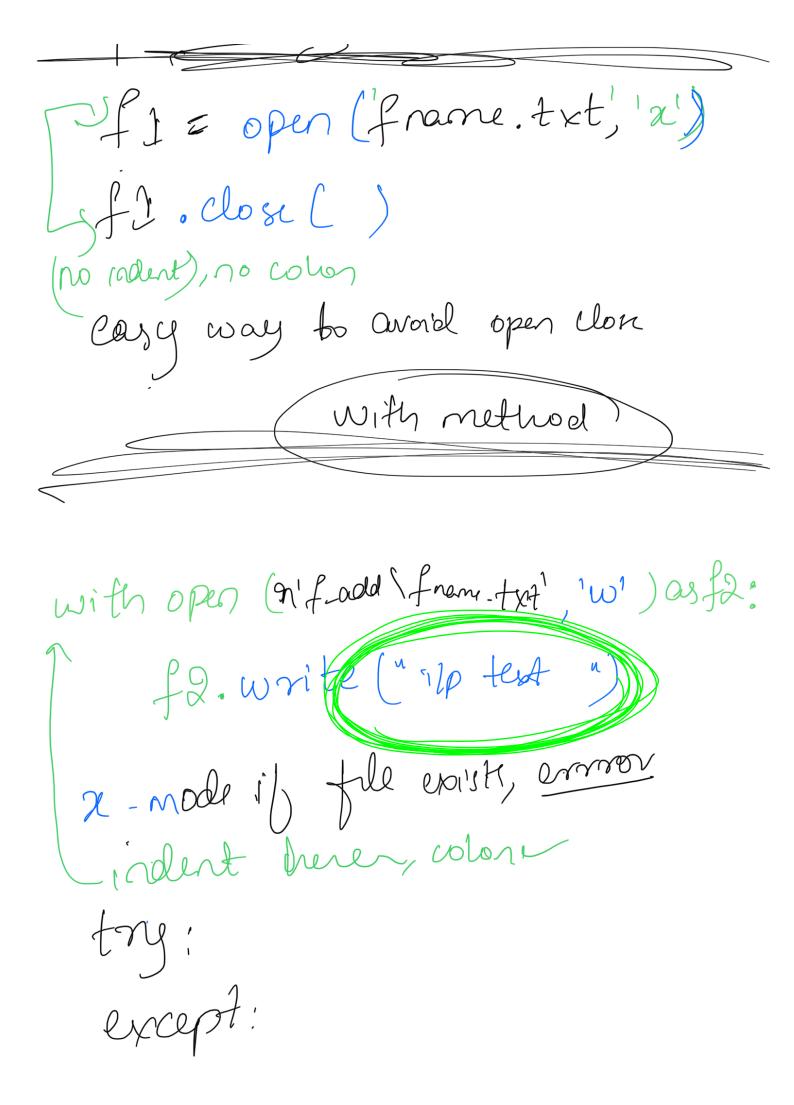
File Handling

import os
os.getcwd()
os.listdir()
#can specify folder inside
#like r'C:\Users\Desktop'

os.path.isfile("FileName.txt")

filePath = r'C:\Desktop\Fname.txt'

File Creation



```
For file name creation for current time
from datetime import datetime
Timefilename= x.strftime('%d-%m-%Y-%H-%M-%S.txt')
with open(Timefilename, 'w') as fp
#observe it's a variable
If in a specific folder
file\_name = r"C:\Users\LENOVO\OneDrive\Desktop\" + x.strftime('%d-%m-%Y-%H-%M-%S.txt')
#observe double \\
For reading
OOPS: Objects and Classes
# note , self. Is needed inside def __init__( self, self.Var)
# in just argument passing methods , , directly use , Var instead of self
class Customer:
      def __init__(self,name,age) :
            self.custname = name
            self.custage = age
            self.custbalance = 0
            #noteNoBalanceArguementPassedasImNotGivingInput
      def display(self):
            print(self.custname)
      def deposit(self,amount):
            self.custbalance = self.custbalance + amount
```

```
NirSir = Customer("Niranjan","45")
print(NirSir.custname)
NirSir.display()
NirSir.deposit(500)
#Inheitance Example
class IBcustomer(Customer):
     def __init__(self,IPF,name,age) :
           Customer.__init__(self,name,age)
           self.IPF = IPF
NirSir = IBcustomer('4Cr',"Niranjan","45")
#Private Members Demonstation
 class Base:
                                            def __init__(self):
                                                  self.a = 'Prime Intuit'
                                                  self.__c =
                                            'PrimeIntuit_Private'
                                            def display(self):
                                                  print(self.a)
                                                  print(self.__c)
 class Derived(Base):
                                            def __init__(self):
                                                 Base.__init__(self)
                                                  print("Calling private
                                            member of base class: ")
```

print(self.a)

#print(self.\_\_c) #this if not

commented will throw erroe for

obj2 derived

obj1 = Base()	
obj1.display()	
obj2 = Derived() #in this c throws error , like child accesing parent locker	
#AttributeError: 'Derived' object has no attribute '_Derivedc'	
#calling display from base class , this works ,	
obj2.display() #in display can be print	

If don't want to pass input , don't declare

definit(self):	
	self.balance =

#if want to take input , no need to declare inside init

defopening_account(self):	
	name = input("Enter Acoount
	holder name: "

## Theory to Focus On

Oops

Polymorphism

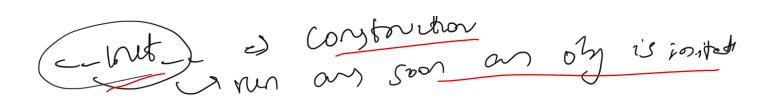
Types of inheritance

Oops concepts, objects classes to encapsulation

[DOPS] - programming paradign that wer object & claves in. program mag, - to implement realword entitles Wer inheritances polymorphisms, encapsulation, etc in pr Clars architecture blue print of object

- description of attribution &

methods of class Object entity that has state & behaviour associated with - fort may be any real world object like moure, world object like moure, keyloverd, chairs, table, pen, etc self reprients intence of clan



```
class Dog :
    attr1 = "mammal"
    def __init__(self,name):
        self.name = name
Rodger = Dog("Rodger")
print("Rodger is a {}".format(Rodger.__class__.attr1))
print("My name is {}".format(Rodger.name))
```

O/p
Rodger is a mammal
My name is Rodger