```
1 import numpy as np
```

DATA SET

```
1 a = np.array([7,8,888,1,2,3,4,5,6])
2 a

array([ 7,  8,888,  1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6])

1 asort=np.sort(a)
2 asort

array([ 1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,888])
```

MEASURE OF CENTRALITY

```
1 aMean = np.mean(asort)
2 aMean

102.666666666667
```

```
1 aMedian = np.median(asort)
2 aMedian
```

5.0

```
1 from scipy import stats as st
2 aMode = st.mode(asort)
3 aMode
```

ModeResult(mode=array([1]), count=array([1]))

MEASURE OF SPREAD

```
1 aMax = np.max(asort)
2 aMax

888

1 aMin = np.min(asort)
2 aMin

1
```

```
1 aRange = aMax - aMin
2 aRange
```

887

QUARTILES

```
1 aIQR0 = np.percentile(asort,0)
2 aIQR0

1.0

1 aIQR1 = np.percentile(asort,25)
2 aIQR1

3.0

1 aIQR2 = np.percentile(asort,50)
2 aIQR2

5.0

1 aIQR3 = np.percentile(asort,75)
2 aIQR3

7.0

1 aIQR4 = np.percentile(asort,100)
2 aIQR4
```

INTER QUARTILE RANGE

```
1 IQR = aIQR3 - aIQR1
2 IQR
```

4.0

888.0

FIND PERCENTILE RANK FOR A GIVEN VALUE

```
1 import scipy
2 from scipy import stats as st
3 atofind = 5
4 pRank = scipy.stats.percentileofscore(asort, atofind, kind='rank')
5 pRank
```

55.55555555556

OUTLIER

ARRAY WITHOUT OUTLIERS

```
1 awoOutlier = np.array([e for e in asort if (-1.5*aIQR1 < e < 1.5*aIQR3)])
2 awoOutlier
array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])</pre>
```

Trimmed Mean

```
1 aTrimMean = np.mean(awoOutlier)
2 aTrimMean
4.5
```

Xi - Xbar

VARIANCE

```
1 avar=np.var(asort)
2 avar
```

77098.222222222

STANDARD DEVIATION

```
1 astd = np.std(asort)
2 astd
```

277.66566626470444

Z SCORE

```
zscore = (a-np.mean(a))/np.stα(a)
zscore

array([-0.34453906, -0.3409376 , 2.82834152, -0.36614778, -0.36254632, -0.35894487, -0.35534342, -0.35174196, -0.34814051])
```

SCALE AND TRANSFORMATION

```
1 x=3

2 y=5

3 ast = (x*a)+y

4 ast

array([ 26, 29, 2669, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, 23])
```

✓ 0s completed at 8:39 PM

X