

## Casting and Type checking

# Casting

a = 100

b = str(100)

c = int(100)

d = float(100)

#Type Checking

print(type(a))

print(type(b))

print(type(c))

print(type(d))

Write a Python program to calculate the area of a Square.

Take input of the sides using input()

Write a Python program to swap 2 numbers

```
print("calculate area of a square ")  
s = int (input ("Enter side s : "))  
A = s*s  
print("Area is ",A , " square units ")
```

↓  
done



# Python Logical Operators

Logical operators are used to combine conditional statements:

Operators	Description	Example
and	Returns true if both statements are true	$X < 5$ and $X < 10$
or	Returns true if one of the statements is true	$X < 5$ or $X < 4$
not	Reverse the result, returns False if the result is true	$\text{not}(X < 5 \text{ and } X < 10)$



# Python Identity Operators

Identity operators are used to compare the objects, not if they are equal, but if they are actually the same object, with the same memory location:

Operators	Description	Example
is	Returns true if both variables are the same object	x is y
is not	Returns true if both variables are not the same object	x is not y



# Python Membership Operators

Membership operators are used to test if a sequence is presented in an object:

Operators	Description	Example
in	Returns True if a sequence with the specified value is present in the object	x in y
not in	Returns True if a sequence with the specified value is not present in the object	x not in y