

AI Jansori service: AI Manager

*Software Engineering, Artificial Intelligence and Application

1st Kim Nayoung
Department of Information Systems
Hanyang University
Seoul, South Korea
nykongkong@hanyang.ac.kr

2nd Heo Yunseo
Department of Information Systems
Hanyang University
Seoul, South Korea
zizizic103@gmail.com

3rd Hwang Yuna
Department of Information Systems
Hanyang University
Seoul, South Korea
hyn4008@naver.com

Abstract—“AI Manager” is a nagging service for single-person household for better and safer life. Our service has an advantage to smoothly connect to the home appliance. The service generates nagging content based on user-recorded data for a day. Nagging categories are largely composed of outside and inside nagging. In outside nagging contents, speaker informs odd weather conditions or congestion information about user’s destination. In inside nagging contents, service generates nagging based on the process of user’s goal related to the exercise, meal and cleaning.

Index Terms—AI Speaker, Mobile Application

ROLE ASSIGNMENT

Role	Name	Task Description
User/Customer	All	Since it is a software developed for personal use, there is a very high probability that the user and the customer are the same. They buy products and actually use them in their daily lives. Therefore, it is necessary to accurately understand what their needs are, and analyze what can stimulate their desire to buy, market conditions, and competitive products. You should also receive user feedback to update the product periodically and consider new products.
Server Developer	Nayoung Kim, Yunseo Heo	Server development is a technology that manages servers or databases, an area that users of applications cannot see, and actually manages data or operates servers so that clients can provide the information they want. Therefore, server developers engage in various development activities such as system component work, API creation, library creation, and database integration.
Client Developer	Yuna Hwang	Client developers should implement a simple, intuitive interface to make our services more convenient for users. In particular, in developing an app, it is very important to accurately recognize what gestures the user makes because not only the screen shown to the user but also all gestures are related to the functions in the app.

AI Developer	Nayoung Kim, Yunseo Heo	AI developer program systems that will change to suit the business’s needs based on the data collected and analyzed. In this service, they will make AI to recommend based on users’ past data. They design, develop, implement, and monitor AI systems and put efforts on data ingest and data transformation architecture.
Development Manager	Yuna Hwang	The development manager manages overall project. Initially, he sets goals for this project, and plans accordingly. Then, he supervises to lead the project to success, such as whether the project is moving well toward its goal and whether each team member is performing his or her duties well. From the beginning to the end of the project, the development manager should continue to consider and strive to meet the needs of clients. In addition, development managers should help ensure smooth communication within the team.

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Motivation

Recently, the number of senior single-person households is increasing rapidly. In the past, the elderly received support from their children who grew up. There were many large families, but as they became more and more small families, many parents were left alone after their children became independent. Also as the elderly divorce became more frequent, The number of elderly people living alone is increasing not only for bereavement but also for other reasons.

See you. Right before I left the door after saying goodbye, my mom said, “It’s raining today. Take your umbrella,”. It’s sunny outside now and it doesn’t look like it’s going to rain at all. But suddenly, the sky becomes cloudy and it starts to rain. I regret that I should have listened to my mother. Everyone will have a similar experience at least once. Our team wants to create an AI Mom that nags single-person households instead of their mothers with the motif of conversation with their mothers in front of the door before going out.

In addition, most people who live alone do not eat well because they are lazy. AI Mom, which links SK’s AI speaker NUGU with LG’s various smart home appliances aims to improve the

healthy life of single-person households by managing meals, health, and safety like a mother.

B. Problem statement(user's needs)

- According to Statistics Korea, the proportion of single-person households is steadily increasing from 27.2
- As of 2021, the number of deaths without relatives was 3,488 and the number has been continuously increased. As a result, the lonely death of the elderly and young people is emerging as another social problem.
- Lack of social infrastructure to care for single-person households that have no relatives or disconnected from society
- People who live alone often feel lonely
- People who live alone need someone to take care of them.
- Users can feel less pressure if there is someone to help them while they have to deal with everything by themselves.

C. Research on related software

1) NAVER Clova Application & Skill Store

Clova is an AI technology developed by Naver, and Clova-based software includes skills that can be added to the 'Clova application' and artificial intelligence speakers. The Clova app has 'Life Assistant' and 'Smart Home Control' as its main functions. Life Assistant has detailed functions such as schedule management, music selection recommendation, and voice search, and it also reads fairy tales or plays children's songs. In the smart home function, various IoT products are linked with Clova to control lighting, reserve home appliances such as vacuum cleaners and air conditioners. Among the skills that can be added to smart speakers, there are nine skills in Health & Fitness, which are related to "J.Ansol" and all of them are parenting-related skills except for 119 reports. In addition, in the lifestyle & art category, all of the impractical functions that companies put for marketing.

2) GiGA Genie application

GiGA Genie is the most commonly used AI speaker in Korea that developed by KT. Compared to Clova, there are many similar functions that we want to implement. There are relatively various functions such as home training assistance, delivery food information, voice home appliance control, and routine setting. However, think about "whether the user should make a request first" and "whether the product makes a suggestion to me first," the different points is there.

3) Melon

This app is the No. 1 product in sales among music/audio-related apps, and has functions such as streaming, storing and playing music, and recommending music. Apps with similar functions include Spotify and YouTube Music. Among them, the important thing to see is the music recommendation function. Recommendations are made using data such as songs with similar embeddings, songs with similar words often used, and which songs people who like the same song additionally like. J.Ansol's purpose is not just to play a favorite song, but to play music that suits your mood, so it would be better to use music tags.

4) Gourmet-Q

Gourmet-Q is an app that recommends menus. Although the number of views and downloads is relatively low compared to other applications, we should give an attention to its recommending system which is based on combining menu evaluations, taste records, and allergy information, not just randomly recommending foods. If possible, we want to make a recommendation function with a similar algorithm. It would be nice to include information such as weather, situation, and emotion.

II. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

A. Loading

When the application is executed, a loading screen is displayed on the user's screen while data for operation is retrieved. When the loading is complete, it automatically moves to the login screen.

B. Login

In the case of a user who already has an account, user logs in by entering an ID and password. If the user checks the automatic login, user will log in automatically from the next time. Our app also provides an ID/password search if a user forget his ID or password. User who does not have an account should sign up for membership.

C. Finding ID&Password

Since the user is identified by ID and password, it is necessary to prepare for the case where the user forgets the ID and password. So, there is ID and password search function under the login screen. In the case of an ID, user can first identify him(her)self by using the name, phone number and email that he(she) entered when signing up for a member. When the authentication is completed, the ID is displayed on the next page. In the case of passwords, you can find them by ID, phone number, or email. Likewise, when the authentication is completed, there would be a page for initializing the password. User can authenticate him(her)self through the authentication number.

D. Sign Up

Create an AI Manager account through membership registration and make services available. In membership, information such as the user's name, date of birth, email, and phone number is collected. At this time, check whether there is a history of subscription through e-mail. The email address (ID@domain name) collected here is used as the ID of the Ai Manager. What the user needs to set is a password. You get authentication through your phone number.

E. Exercise

Our app receives information from users whether they exercised or not today and provide nagging at the end of the day. In addition, based on exercise data from the previous day, nagging is provided at the beginning of the day tomorrow.

F. Safety

1) Weather

When a weather warning or warning is issued, it nags accordingly. If multiple warnings overlap, they tell you everything. Weather-related data is taken from the Data List — Public Data Portal (data.go.kr).

Heat wave warning - "We recommend you to stay indoors as much as possible because heat waves are expected."

Day with UV index above 6 - "Put on sunscreen and go out"

Cold wave warning - "It's cold wave warning, so dress warmly."

Typhoon Warning - "Close the windows and refrain from going out as much as possible"

Fine dust warning - "Please wear a mask because fine dust is severe"

2) Congestion

pre-designated nagging is required for Christmas, Halloween, New Year's Day, and famous festivals that can attract crowds. Representatively, it tells the place where the crowd gathers every year. Myeong-dong on Christmas, Itaewon on Halloween, and Bosingak on New Year's Day were set as dangerous areas. The festival, which will attract crowds, was set up as Yeouido Fireworks Festival and Water Bomb, and the date and location information can be changed every year.

G. Mobile Application

1) User Identification

After creating an account, the user must set a default profile. Basic information requires name, age, gender, residence, and contact information. The name, age, and gender are unique data so they cannot be changed. If it needs to be changed, it can be changed after entering the password with a warning that the recommendation

function may not be smooth. There is also a nickname function, so when you hear nagging, you can choose the name you want to be called. In addition, you can request information that can be helpful when learning AI such as food taste, exercise degree, and life pattern. When the account is deleted, the profile and data are also deleted.

2) AI On/Off Function

In special circumstances, you may want to turn off or have to turn off the nagging of the ai speaker. In addition, there are cases where you don't want to hear nagging about a specific part. Considering this case, we provides a function to turn nagging on and off entirely or partially. You can turn off the Ai speaker at all, but you can also turn on and off nagging through the app.

3) Nagging or Alarm Selection

We considered cases where you may want to hear notifications through AI speakers, but you want to hear notifications only with alarm sounds except for voices. If you don't want to be nagged but want to be notified, you can choose one of the two modes in each function. The alarm music has to be set before or user will hear the default sound. Both alarm and nagging functions can be selected, in which case music comes out with words.

4) Progress of Household Chores

The app provides information for LG's appliances to do chores by connecting ai speaker to the appliances. First, users can check whether the home appliance is running through the on/off indication for each connected appliances, and how far it has progressed through the bar. Below that, the scheduled date and time for the next cleaning is shown. It also tells users when they have to clean up the appliances based on characteristics of each appliances.

H. NUGU API

1) Physical Care

Ask at the set time that if user exercised or not. And if user give an answer that didn't do the exercise, tell user to do it. If it can be linked to smart home appliances such as smart TVs or ThinQ application, it can turn on the connected TV to show the stored YouTube home training videos, and turn on air conditioners or music to set up in a comfortable state to exercise.

2) Eating Life

when there was a person at home and there was no opening and closing the refrigerator on time, J.Ansol will asks "Did you have a meal?". If the answer comes back that user didn't eat yet, it will encourage users to eat at on time. And if you have difficulty choosing a menu, she will recommend a menu. Menu

recommendations are made according to general preferences, weather, and learned user's tastes.

3) Household Chores

Let users know and prepare before LG appliances do a regular cleaning. (ex. put clothes in a laundry basket, and dishes in a dishwasher) If you are in a situation where appliances should not clean, you can postpone it through the Postpone Housework button. You can check the process of cleaning within the app.

III. DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT

A. Choice of software development platform

1) Which platform and why?

Our team is planning to use both Linux and Windows. When developing, Linux is usually preferred to Windows as a development environment. Linux provides a rich software development environment first. Linux provides most programming languages, so that user can develop programs regardless of tools. In addition, user can download the program comfortably with the "sudo apt-get install". That's why updates and management are so useful. User does not have to install programs like Windows. Finally, it is a free operating system that has a cost advantage. Nevertheless, we will also use Windows because it is a more familiar OS for our team members. We think there will be no problem because various tools are provided for Windows. If there is a problem, we will build and use a Linux environment using a virtual machine.

2) Which programming language and why?

Tool and Language	Reason
Java Script XML	JavaScript is an object-based language often used in web development. We decided to use JavaScript XML, an extended grammar of JavaScript, to create the app. It is convenient to use HTML as well as things that can be done with existing JavaScript. In addition, when working on UI, the code can be understood more intuitively, so it is easy to work. In addition, the length of the code can be reduced compared to when using the existing js.
Python	Python was ranked No. 1 as the most popular programming language as of October 2022, according to the TIOBE Index. It is a highly accessible programming language because of the simple code and grammar. It also has rich machine learning libraries and frameworks such as pandas, scikit-learn, and TensorFlow. It also performs detailed memory management for programmers. In addition, the programmer community using Python is also active, making it easy to share code or solve problems.

3) Provide clear information about your development environment:

- Windows 10
- 2.90GHz Intel Core i7

- 16GB RAM
- 2.30GHz Intel Pentium
- 4GB RAM
- Windows 11 Home
- 1.80GHz Intel Core i5
- 8GM RAM
- Visual Studio Code 1.72.2
- Git 2.30.0

B. Software in use

- 1) *React Native*: react is a library for web development originally developed by Facebook. react native is Facebook's open-source framework that extends such a reaction approach to mobile. It features a cross platform that can produce both iOS and Android apps. Mobile JavaScript was a method of building an interface through webview, but React Native displays it as a native widget. It uses JavaScript or JavaScript xml.



Fig. 1. React Native

- 2) *Git, GitHub*: GitHub is Microsoft's web service that hosts source code and provides collaborative supports based on Git, a distributed version control software. In addition, Git provides remote storage management and issue trackers for collaboration as well as code hosting service. GitHub is a necessary tool for development collaboration with fork function and full request function.



Fig. 2. Git, GitHub

- 3) *LATEX*: LATEX is a document creation tool, and has the advantage of being easy to enter page numbers, footnotes, formulas, graphs, and tables. Also, even if the size of the document grows, it uses computer resources rather than words or '한글'. Version management is possible because it is written as a text file, not a binary.



Fig. 3. LaTeX

- 4) *NOTION*: NOTION is one of the workspace for the team. It has the advantage of being able to share the progress of the project or manage documents scattered in several places in one place. So, we can immediately understand the workflow of each team member. In addition, it is a fun service to use because users can customize it as they want. Various templates are also being shared.



Fig. 4. NOTION

- 5) *ZOOM*: Since it's difficult to meet all together, we plan to hold meetings online using zoom. Zoom has the advantage of being able to have meetings whenever and wherever the Internet is connected and therefore we can also use spare time to talk.



Fig. 5. ZOOM

- 6) *Kakao Oven*: Kakao Oven is a prototyping tool that allows users to design UI and UX before actually developing apps. By visualizing the app in advance, we can develop the app more specifically and systematically. Unlike other prototyping tools, Kakao Oven is free and it is simple and all in Korean, so we thought it would be suitable for our team members who have no experience in development.
- 7) *Google Docs*: Google Docs is a cloud service that allows multiple people to work with MS Words on the Internet. It can be useful for writing minutes or recording details of ideas and services we want to share while working on a team project.



Google Docs

Fig. 6. Google Docs

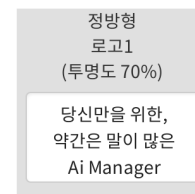
Name	Task Distribution
Kim Nayoung	Designed NUGU communication Process and NUGU Backend Proxy. Get user data from database. Connect to the NUGU Candle.
Heo Yunseo	
Hwang Yuna	Design and build the User Interface. Send data generated on the mobile application to the server.

C. Task distribution

IV. SPECIFICATIONS

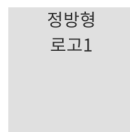
A. Loading Page


Insert an icon in the middle of the screen indicating that it is loading. Underneath, put a phrase 'It is loading. Please wait a moment.'




B. Login page

Put the ID and password entry box in the middle of the screen and put the login button next to it. Below that, put a check box where a user can set up automatic login. If the ID or password is entered incorrectly, put up a phrase 'ID or password is incorrectly. Please re-enter.' under auto-login check box. And below that, there is ID/password search and membership registration tab. After the login is complete, it automatically moves to the main page.



 Username



회원가입

아이디, 비밀번호 찾기

C. Find ID&Password

1) Find ID

User can authenticate him(her)self by receiving the authentication number through the phone number or email he(he) wrote when signing up for membership. When self-authentication is completed, the ID is displayed in the next page.

2) Find Password

If user receive the authentication number through the phone number or email he(he) wrote when signing up for a member, put the number in the box and the authentication will be completed. If self-certification is successfully finished, it goes beyond the password initialization screen to help him(her) to reset password.

D. Sign Up

Enter the name, date of birth, and email of the service user in order. Check whether user have duplicate subscriptions

≡ Ai Manager

<아이디 찾기>

이름

허유영

전화번호(입력시, 번호로 아이디 전송)

010-2216-8814

<비밀번호 찾기>

아이디

lomontart@naver.com

전화번호

010-2216-8814

본인인증

본인인증 완료시, 비밀번호 재설정 가능합니다.

새 비밀번호

CANCEL

SUBMIT

through email. After that, user authenticate themselves with their phone numbers. Everything is done in one window, and only self-authentication displays a new authentication page and returns to the original page. The identity authentication uses IMPORT's library. The password must be a string consisting of at least eight letters, numbers, and special characters. If the conditions are not met, it tells you to re-enter in red letters. Create a password check box to verify that you have entered the password correctly, and if it is not the same as the password entered above, tell them to re-enter it in red letters.

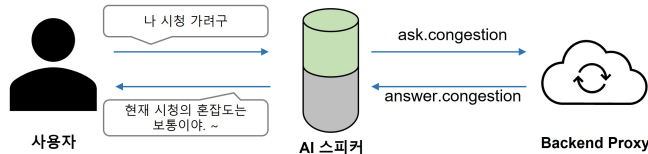
E. Exercise

After creating a calendar that can record whether a user has exercised or not today in the app, the user enters exercise status every day through a push message. If there is no input within 24 o'clock, it is considered that the user has not exercised today. Nagging the user based on the input data. If a user worked out today, the app can compliment at the end of the day and the next day, nagging to work out today, too or stretch today because you worked out yesterday. If a user didn't exercise today, criticize at the end of the day and the next day, nagging to make sure you work out today.

F. NUGU API

NUGU Speaker distinguishes services by the name of the play call. So if user wants to call the service, user has to say the play call name with the intent associated with the action that user wants to use. The service's utterance can begin with "SoRiiJjang." The reason for "SoriJjang" is that the service

that fit the intent, and delivers them as synthetic sounds through voice synthesis modules. NUGU device sends a request to "BASE_URL/"action_name"". For example, if you send a request from answer.congestion, the request url will be https://host:port/nugu/views/answer.congestion. In the backend, the path of the function corresponding to the action must be set as the action name. Below is an image of the architecture when NUGU speaks. When the user speaks, a request is sent to the back-end proxy server in an action that meets the intention of the utterance, and when the response is received, the answer is delivered according to the action.



- User's Voice Command
- NUGU find right intent
- Send request to Backend Parameter with Utterance Parameter
- Backend Proxy send REST API response to NUGU
- NUGU responds back to user

Intent/Action	User Utterance	Response
ask.weather- answer.weather	오늘 밖에 어때	오늘 날씨 괜찮네. 밖에 나갈거야?
ask.congestion- answer.congestion	나 왕십리 가려구	현재 왕십리역의 혼잡 정도는 여유(이)야. "사람이 몰려 있을 가능성이 낮고 붐비는 거의 느껴지지 않아요. 도보 이용이 자유로워요."라고 하네.
ask.athome- answer.athome	나 심심해	운동을 안 한지 벌써 5일 째야. 운동 추천 영상 tv에 틀었어. 다른 영상을 보고 싶으면 앱에서 선택할 수 있어. 우리 매일 스트레칭 1분이라도 하자!
jansoriend- answer.end	고마워	좋은 하루 보내. 잔소리 끝!

1) answer.weather

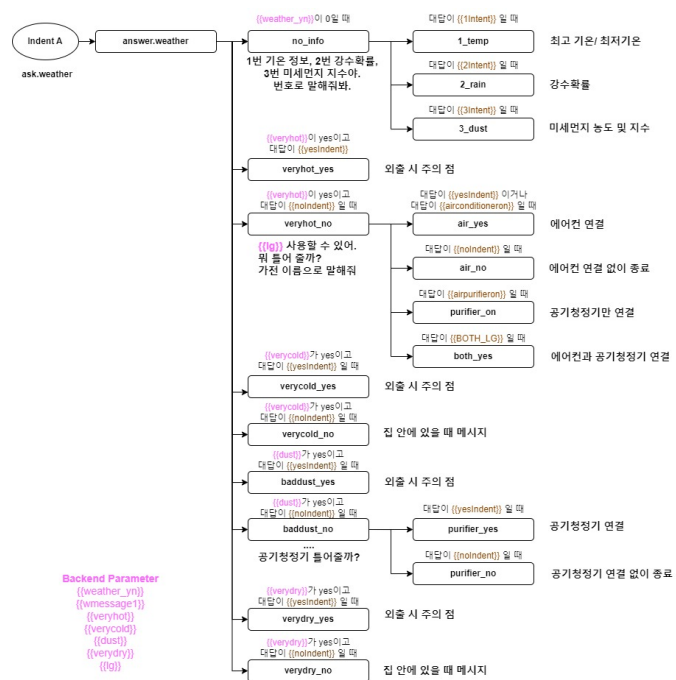
The representative speech to use the service is "How is the outside?" The resulting message is delivered through the wmessage1 parameter which is pass in json format. This scenario gives an overview of weather-specific information, and the format of the answer varies depending on whether you go out or not. The home appliances available in this scenario are air conditioners and air purifiers.

The types and contents of the backend parameters set

in this scenario can be found in the table below.

Backend parameter	Parameter contents
weather_yn	Get an number of special or standout weather condition today
wmessage1	first message for ask.weather
veryhot	"yes" if it's heat wave
verycold	"yes" if its' cold wave
dust	"yes" if the fine dust index is bad and very bad
verydry	"yes" if the atmosphere is very dry
lg	LG home appliances that can be used according to weather specifications

It is a logic tree that allows you to check the weather scenario at once.



It is also a service that includes several weather specifications. If there are several things to be aware of, it delivers all messages that match the corresponding weather conditions. In addition, if there are several LG appliances available, it checks which appliances the user wants to use and delivers a message that the related appliances are connected.

2) answer.congestion

The representative speech to use the action is "I'm going to DESTINATION". Since the user's destination information is essential for an action to inform the congestion level, so if there is no DESTINATION information, destination will be received through additional questions. The Utterance parameter is DESTINATION and the backend parameter is cmessage. The congestion level public data for this service is real-time public data in Seoul. Since this data only supports

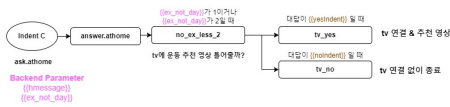
congestion in 50 districts in Seoul, entities that store 50 locations should be created separately. Therefore, I made a custom ENTITY called SEOUL_DATA_PLACE and a synonym corresponding to the representative word was also designated. For example, if the user's DESTINATION is "Hongdae," the representative word "Hongdae Entrance" is included in the request and delivered, and the server delivers the "Hongdae Special Tourist Zone" matched to the Hongdae Entrance to the public data API. Invoking the API and receiving congestion information and messages is implemented in `get_congetsdest`.

3) answer.athome

The representative utterance of this action is "I'm bored." The reason why I decided with this speech was obtained from the experience of using AI speakers. There are quite a few cases where users talk to speakers for no reason, such as "I'm bored" and "Play with me," and this utterance means that the user has nothing to do. When this utterance comes in, the user can be nagged for not cleaning, eating, or exercising. When user did everything, service gives a compliment. The backend parameters required for the action are as follows.

Backend parameter	Parameter contents
hemessage	main message for answer.athome
ex_not_day	term that user didn't exercise

The answer.athome action requires a multi-turn conversation to use the TV. If you haven't exercised for more than three days, service will automatically connect to TV and show exercise recommendation videos. And less than that, service asks users whether user wants NUGU to play recommendation videos on TV or not. It is a logic tree that can check the answer.athome scenario at once.



4) ask.end

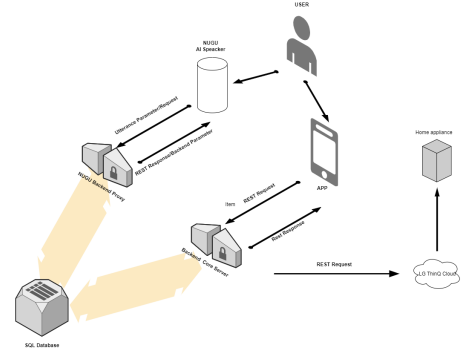
The answer.end action is an action that ends when the user no longer wants to hear nagging. Representative utterances include "Stop," "Thank you," and "Okay." It responds, "Okay. Stop nagging! Have a nice day." and informs you that the service has been terminated.

V. ARCHITECTURE DESIGN & IMPLEMENTATION

A. Overall architecture

Users can use NUGU speaker and app. The NUGU service communicates with the NUGU backend proxy and receives the information needed for the response. Information input

by the user through the app communicates with the backend server through REST API. Both the speaker and the app get the information they need from the SQL database. And it can be connected to LG home appliances through the API provided by LG ThinQ.



B. Directory organization

Directory	File Name	Module Name
backend/jansori/jansori	settings.py urls.py	Django - jansori
backend/jansori/app		Django - app
backend/jansori/nugu	urls.py base_views.py weather_views.py athome_views.py	Django - nugu
Frontend	app.js app.json	React Native
Frontend/src/bottomTab	Cleaning.js Control.js Exercise.js Meal.js	React Native
Frontend/src/home	Home.js	React Native
Frontend/src/login	Login.js SignUp.js	React Native
Document	jansori_doc.tex	LaTeX

C. Module1: Django - jansori

1) Purpose

The server construction and back-end development framework were considered among options such as django, flask, and spring. Considering that the project period is not long and it is the first time to develop the back-end, I tried to choose among Python-based frameworks that I have encountered more often than Java, and I chose django considering that there are many materials to refer to and that I can put various applications in one project. Django is an open-source web application framework written in Python, based on certain rules according to MTV (Model, Template, View). Since django is a full-stack framework, we developed a model and view that handles the control flow and logic of the application, except for the template part that is in charge of the user's view. The purpose of this module is to control the entire nagging project.

In Django, a project can be seen as a big service. An app is a unit that divides elements such as functions in a project into a certain standard.

2) Functionality

3) Location of Source Code

backend/jansori

4) Class Components

a) Jansori

In Jansori, the apps in the project are set up to be included as urls, and the default settings are also saved.

b) app

app is one of the Jansori project's apps, which is related to the back-end server of a mobile application which is for AI speaker's Jansori control and user informations.

c) nugu

nugu is one of the Jansori project's apps which is related to the back-end server of NUGU speaker. In this app, Jansori's response dialog is written based on the information entered by the user in the mobile app.

d) manage.py

The manage.py file is a file used to write various commands related to the Django during the Django project. This file takes a function called 'execute from command line' from the django.core.management module and processes commands that you enter.

D. Module2: Django - app

1) Purpose

This module mainly stores the user's information in a database and allows the user to take the necessary data from nugu's backend server and use it. When a user subscribes to a membership, the information is stored in a database. When you try to log in, make sure your ID and password match. In addition, if you save your target exercise, cleaning, and meal cycle in a mobile application, and save when you did it recently, you can tell me how long you haven't done your job based on it.

2) Functionality

Servers to API endpoint /app/user/

Servers to API endpoint /app/login/

Servers to API endpoint /app/goal/

Servers to API endpoint /app/meal/

Servers to API endpoint /app/exercise/

Servers to API endpoint /app/clean/

Servers to API endpoint /app/connect/

Servers to API endpoint /app/turnon/

3) Location of Source Code

backend/jansori/app

4) Class Components

a) app/migrations

b) app/urls.py

c) app/models.py

d) app/serializers.py

e) app/views.py

f) requirments.txt

E. Module3: Django - nugu

1) Purpose

This module is intended to generate nagging to the user. Overall, it generates nagging when there is or is not a special weather condition, how crowded where the user wants to go and what user needs to do to have a better day. This module is used when the user speaks on a speaker and the corresponding action requires a backend.

2) Functionality

Serves to API endpoint /nugu/views/answer.weather

Serves to API endpoint /nugu/views/answer.congestion

Serves to API endpoint /nugu/views/answer.athome

3) Location of Source Code

backend/jansori/nugu

4) Class Components

a) nugu/urls.py

This code maps the path to find the correct function in the request of the AI speaker. There are many functions that need to be processed by NUGU backend proxy, so views files are divided by function. Therefore, three files must be imported from the views file. NUGU passes the path by attaching an action name to a given backend proxy url. Therefore, the path of each function must be an action name regardless of the function name.

b) nugu/views/base_views.py

NUGU Play Builder communicates with the backend server via the Rest API. To respond to the NUGU service, it must be delivered in the form of "version, resultCode, and output".

The output includes backend parameters to which the NUGU service should be delivered. Backend parameters required for each NUGU action is directly set by developers. If there is no parameter information in the output received from the backend, it is recognized as Null. When distributing back-end servers, we used an “ngrok” service that temporarily creates url for 1 hour. NUGU requires a health() function for basic status verification. If the health function is called, send “OK” message.

c) nugu/views/weather_views.py

Weather data received API provided by the Korea Meteorological Administration’s short-term forecast inquiry service and used the current lowest, highest temperature, precipitation probability, humidity, fine dust concentration and index to create messages. The backend function related to ask.weather can be found in views/weather_views.py. The answer_weather function sends backend parameter values related to answer.weather, which is the most basic in the weather-related scenario. Read weather data in the form of a dictionary to check if there are any weather specifications, and if applicable, specify the appropriate parameter value. Weather data is received by calling weather_data and fine_dust functions. If there is nothing unusual about the weather today, you can ask additional questions about the weather conditions. The information provided at this time is the highest/lowest temperature, precipitation probability, and fine dust index. Each data is passed in the give_temp function, the give_rain_probability function, and the give_dust function.

d) nugu/views/congestion_views.py

The congestion level data used real-time public data in Seoul. This data provides data on population, road communication, public transportation, environment, and COVID-19 in 50 major visiting areas in Seoul, derived from the Seoul Metropolitan Government’s analysis of floating population and demand surveys for related agencies. Real-time population data in Seoul is provided by expanding and correcting the entire real-time population based on signals from LTE and 5G users among those who use KT mobile phones. The main 50 places include 3 ancient palaces and cultural heritages, 7 special tourist zones, 12 parks, 13 developmental commercial districts, and 15 densely populated areas. Since real-time public data APIs can only call one place at a time, it was important to put the area where users go in the form stored in the

API. Therefore, exceptions were made so that data could be accessed with a total of 73 words by adding surrounding stations. First, in the answer_congestion(request) function, when a request is received, it first receives a UTERANCE PARAMETER delivered by NUGU and calls get_congets(dest). get_congestion(dest) takes the DESTINATION parameter delivered by NUGU as an argument, calls the API, and returns congestion information and congestion messages. If the user wants to go to places that is not included in 50 places and the surrounding stations, the message “It’s a place that can’t be retrieved from real-time data” is delivered. Or it generates a message that fits the current congestion. In addition, the action designates Children’s Day, Halloween, Christmas, and New Year as special days, providing a warning about places where people may flock on the day regardless of DESTINATION if they ask for congestion on the day. A message that fits a special day is generated by the special_date function.

e) nugu/views/athome_views.py

The most recent data of exercise, eating, and cleaning are received from the app to generate nagging at home. Each data is a datetime type value, and in the case of meals, data on the number of meals per day have also been received. The time when the user exercised or ate or clean, and number of meals user had can be obtained from the app’s DB. Then, check if user did it today through the what_user_did function. If user did, value will set as yes. And if not value will be set as no. The msg_for_ex function generates a message for the number of days of the week without exercise. The msg_for_clean function generates a mesh around a cleaning cycle preset by the user. When answer.athome sends a request to the backend server, it receives a request from the answer_athome function. This function comprehensively generates messages according to the situation when the user does all of them, when there is one thing user did not do, when there is two things user did not do, and when there are three things user did not do. And it sends a comprehensive message to NUGU by putting it in hmessage. The longer the user does not clean, exercise, or eat, the longer the message is.

F. Module4: React Native

1) Purpose

We used React Native to implement the interface of the app that users encounter. First of all, React Native uses JavaScript as a development language, so

you can start developing right away without learning special language for app development. In addition, if you modify the code slightly, the modifications are immediately reflected in the application without rebuilding, making it quick and convenient. Finally, both Android and iOS can be executed with one code.

2) Functionality

In general, React Native is a framework for implementing an app to be displayed on the user's screen. It implements designed apps using various modules and tags. The form and specific shapes such as location, size, and color to be shown on the screen are implemented through tags similar to HTML and style attributes similar to CSS respectively. It is possible to implement not only the app displayed on the screen, but also various functions within the app. For example, you can move between pages using the modules '@react-navigation/native' and '@react-navigation/stack'. In addition, YouTube videos can be played within the app using the 'react-native-youtube-iframe' module.

3) Location of Source Code

Frontend
Frontend/src/bottomTab
Frontend/src/home
Frontend/src/login

4) Class Components

a) app.js

The application is executed with the execution of this code. The first screen of the application is designated as a login page. In addition to the Login page, pages to be shown in the application are all included. This file allows you to understand the overall structure of the application.

b) app.json

c) Cleaning.js

This is a code that implements a kind of checklist that can record what kind of cleaning the user has done or not. The cleaning list to be done with the empty circle was listed vertically. If you touch the empty circle, it changes to an orange circle, creating a check mark, and a cancellation line drawn on the cleaning list. Touch again to return to the original empty circle state, which is an indication that cleaning has not been done.

d) Control.js

This is a code that implements an on-off button that shows whether the connected LG home

appliances are currently turned on or off. First, when you connect the home appliance with the app, the model name of the connected device appears under the button. When the round button is on the left and its color is gray, it indicates that the home appliance is turned off. Conversely, when the round button is on the right and orange, it indicates that the home appliance is on.

e) Exercise.js

This is a code that implements a list of various exercise videos. It shows you the videos taken from YouTube. Functions such as video play, pause, sound control, and speed control that can be used within YouTube can also be used on the app. On top of the video, a simple description of the exercise is provided through various tags.

f) Meal.js

This is a code that implements a screen showing various food images. Below the image is the name of the food.

g) Home.js

It is a code that implements a screen that can record today's state. Specifically, record the answers to whether a user exercised, ate, or cleaned. Touch the appropriate button among the YES/NO buttons to record the answer. Each time the YES button of each is clicked, a message is displayed to the user that the answer has been saved.

h) Login.js

This is the code that implements the login page. First, the logo is displayed in the middle, and the ID and password are entered from the user through two boxes below it. After the user press the login button, if the ID and password do not match, a message that the login failed is displayed. Under the login button, the word "Sign Up" is written. Press this to go to the page where you can sign up.

i) SignUp.js

Each of the five boxes receives a user's name, ID, password and password confirmation, and address. On top of each box, the name of what value to enter is written And in the box, specific descriptions such as the number of characters and the type of input are written. Press the Sign Up button at the bottom to return to the login page.

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