

# CHAPTER 1

## Discover relationship between pseudowire and Label Switched Path

The content of this document describes how MPLS discovers the relationship between pseudowire and Label Switched Path.

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## Overview

An MPLS network includes Label Switched Paths (LSPs) and pseudowires. LSPs are established based on Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) or Resource Reservation Protocol - Traffic Engineering (RSVP-TE). Data packets that flow through pseudowires are labeled and LSPs then carry them across the network provider edge devices. LSPs are assigned by a device or an operator. A device dynamically assigns LSPs when more than one LSP exists across the ingress and egress network provider edge devices. An operator can assign a preferred LSP which is set up using RSVP-TE, to a pseudowire at its ingress provider edge device.

## Terminologies

[Table 1 on page 2](#) describes the terminologies used in this document.

**Table 1** Description of terminologies

| Term       | Description   |
|------------|---|
| Pseudowire | Pseudowire is a logical point-to-point connection between two Network Provider Edge devices that are present in the core network.   |
| LSP        | Label Switched Path is a path in an MPLS network to transfer data packets from one host to the other at the data link layer. The path is set based on the MPLS labels that are assigned to a set of packets which have identical characteristics.   |
| LDP        | Label Distribution Protocol is a communications protocol in which routers capable of Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) exchange information. The routers that are part of LDP are called Label Switching Routers (LSR). These routers must agree on the meaning of the labels used to forward traffic between and through them. Label Switching Routers uses Label Distribution Protocol to set up Label Switched Paths through an MPLS network by mapping network layer routing information directly to data link layer switched paths. |
| RSVP-TE    | Resource Reservation Protocol - Traffic Engineering is an extension of Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP) for traffic engineering. RSVP is a transport layer protocol used to reserve network resources across an IP network. RSVP in combination with traffic engineering helps in planning and measuring the flow of traffic through LSPs in an MPLS network.   |

## Discovery

The relation between pseudowires and LSPs are discovered through CLI discovery, and MIB discovery for the Cisco IOS platform. During discovery, pseudowires are polled and LSP indexes are discovered. The discovered indexes have information that is PollingIndex id or TETunnelId id. LSPs set up through LDP have indexes with a PollingIndex id and LSPs set up through RSVP-TE have indexes with a TETunnelId id. The PollingIndex id is saved to ForwarderEndpoint attribute OutSegment, and the TETunnelId id is saved to ForwarderEndpoint attribute TETunnelID.

### *Example of CLI Discovery and MIB Discovery*

Consider two pseudowires VC ID 18 and VC ID 19. VC ID 18 has an LSP set up through LDP and VC ID 19 has an LSP set up through RSVP-TE.

Reference output from a CLI Discovery,

```
qa-7604_lwqgw017#show mpls l2transport vc detail
.....

Local interface: Gi2/12 up, line protocol up, Ethernet up
Destination address: 192.168.216.1, VC ID: 18, VC status: up
Output interface: Gi2/31, imposed label stack {21 130}
Preferred path: not configured
Default path: active
Next hop: 172.76.1.1
Create time: 1w1d, last status change time: 1w1d
Signaling protocol: LDP, peer 192.168.216.1:0 up
Targeted Hello: 192.168.217.1(LDP Id) -> 192.168.216.1, LDP is UP
Status TLV support (local/remote) : enabled/supported
LDP route watch : enabled
Label/status state machine : established, LruRru
Last local dataplane status rcvd: No fault
Last local SSS circuit status rcvd: No fault
Last local SSS circuit status sent: No fault
Last local LDP TLV status sent: No fault
Last remote LDP TLV status rcvd: No fault
Last remote LDP ADJ status rcvd: No fault
MPLS VC labels: local 112, remote 130
Group ID: local 0, remote 0
MTU: local 1500, remote 1500
Remote interface description: to fa1/1 dev-vpls7
Sequencing: receive disabled, send disabled
Control Word: Off (configured: autosense)
VC statistics:
transit packet totals: receive 12684, send 364250
transit byte totals: receive 4404815, send 27106936
transit packet drops: receive 0, seq error 0, send 0

Local interface: Gi2/13 up, line protocol up, Ethernet up
Destination address: 192.168.216.1, VC ID: 19, VC status: up
Output interface: Tu7274, imposed label stack {157 123}
Preferred path: Tunnel7274, active
Default path: ready
Next hop: point2point
Create time: 1w1d, last status change time: 1w1d
Signaling protocol: LDP, peer 192.168.216.1:0 up
Targeted Hello: 192.168.217.1(LDP Id) -> 192.168.216.1, LDP is UP
Status TLV support (local/remote) : enabled/supported
LDP route watch : enabled
Label/status state machine : established, LruRru
Last local dataplane status rcvd: No fault
Last local SSS circuit status rcvd: No fault
Last local SSS circuit status sent: No fault
Last local LDP TLV status sent: No fault
```

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```

      Last remote LDP TLV      status rcvd: No fault
      Last remote LDP ADJ      status rcvd: No fault
MPLS VC labels: local 144, remote 123
Group ID: local 0, remote 0
MTU: local 1500, remote 1500
Remote interface description: to fa1/2 dev-vpls7
Sequencing: receive disabled, send disabled
Control Word: Off (configured: autosense)
VC statistics:
    transit packet totals: receive 12697, send 364589
    transit byte totals:   receive 4409384, send 27144085
    transit packet drops:  receive 0, seq error 0, send 0
.....

```

Reference output from a MIB Discovery for Cisco IOS platform,

```

cpwVcID.10 (CpwVcIDType) 18
cpwVcID.12 (CpwVcIDType) 19

cpwVcMplsOutboundLsrXcIndex.10.1 (Unsigned32) 35841
cpwVcMplsOutboundLsrXcIndex.12.1 (Unsigned32) 0

cpwVcMplsOutboundTunnelIndex.10.1 (MplsTunnelIndex) 0
cpwVcMplsOutboundTunnelIndex.12.1 (MplsTunnelIndex) 7274

```

In this example, the PollingIndex id 35841 from the from LSP index cpwVcMplsOutboundLsrXcIndex, is saved to ForwarderEndpoint attribute OutSegment. The TETunnelId id 7274 from the from LSP index cpwVcMplsOutboundTunnelIndex, is saved to ForwarderEndpoint attribute TETunnelID.