

Zadanie 3

200 wektorów losowych $\sim N(0, I_{100 \times 100})$

$$X^1 = (X_1^1 \dots X_{100}^1) \quad \text{zbior} (X^1 \dots X^{200})$$

\Rightarrow

$$X^{200} = (X_1^{200} \dots X_{100}^{200})$$

$$\Rightarrow X = \begin{pmatrix} X^1 \\ \vdots \\ X^{200} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} X_1^1 \dots X_{100}^1 \\ \vdots \\ X_1^{200} \dots X_{100}^{200} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = X_{200 \times 100}$$

$$? \quad \tilde{X} = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{X}^1 \\ \vdots \\ \tilde{X}^{200} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{X}_1^1 \dots \tilde{X}_{100}^1 \\ \vdots \\ \tilde{X}_1^{200} \dots \tilde{X}_{100}^{200} \end{pmatrix}; \quad \tilde{X}_{200 \times 100}$$

\tilde{X} - 200 w. losowych $\sim N(0, \Sigma)$

$$\Sigma = \Sigma_{100 \times 100} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0,9 & \dots & 0,9 \\ 0,9 & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0,9 & \dots & \dots & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{X} = X A$$

$200 \times 100 \quad 200 \times 100$

$$\Rightarrow A = A_{100 \times 100}$$

$$\underbrace{\tilde{X}^1}_{1 \times 100} = \underbrace{X^1}_{1 \times 100} \begin{pmatrix} A \\ \vdots \\ A \end{pmatrix}_{100 \times 100}$$

$$\tilde{X}^1 = X^1 A$$

$$\Rightarrow (\tilde{X}^1)^T = A^T \underbrace{(X^1)^T}_{\sim N(0, I)}$$

$$\Rightarrow (\tilde{X}^1)^T \sim N(0, A^T A) \quad \underbrace{(\tilde{X}^1)^T}_{100 \times 1} = \underbrace{A^T}_{100 \times 100} \underbrace{(X^1)^T}_{100 \times 1}$$
$$\tilde{X}^1 \sim N(0, A^T A)$$

A^T - dolnotrójkątna $\Rightarrow A$ - górnortrójkątna

$$\begin{pmatrix} \triangle^{\circ} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \nabla \end{pmatrix}$$

A^T
Rozkład Choleskiego A
 $A^T \Rightarrow A$

$$\tilde{X} = XA = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{X}_1^1 & \dots & \tilde{X}_{100}^1 \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ \tilde{X}_1^{200} & \dots & \tilde{X}_{100}^{200} \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \tilde{X}^1 \\ \vdots \\ \tilde{X}^{200} \end{matrix} \sim N(0, \Sigma)$$

↑
próbki losowa

/ Hogg ta inny, str 228 /

$$y = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_m \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{y} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{j=1}^m y_j$$

mean()

$$s_y^2 = \frac{1}{m-1} \sum_{j=1}^m (y_j - \bar{y})^2$$

var()

$$z = \begin{pmatrix} z_1 \\ \vdots \\ z_m \end{pmatrix}$$

$$s_{yz}^2 = \frac{1}{m-1} \sum_{j=1}^m (y_j - \bar{y})(z_j - \bar{z})$$

cov()

średnia :

$$\bar{X} = \frac{1}{200} \sum_{j=1}^{200} \tilde{X}^j = (\text{mean}(\tilde{X}_1), \dots, \text{mean}(\tilde{X}_2))$$

$$S^2 = S_{100}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} s_{11}^2 & \dots & s_{1,100}^2 \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ s_{1,100}^2 & \dots & s_{100,100}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$s_{ii}^2 = \text{var}(\tilde{X}_i); \quad s_{ij}^2 = \text{cov}(\tilde{X}_i, \tilde{X}_j)$$