

SYSC4805A

Computer Systems Design Lab

Automated Snowplow Project Proposal



Section L3 - Group 1 – Unmellow Yellow

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1 Project Charter

Group Name: Unmellow Yellow (#ffff66)

1.1 Overall Objective

Our team, Unmellow Yellow, aims to design and develop an automated snowplow robot as part of the SYSC4805 Computer Systems Design Lab. The objective of this project is to solve real-world problems related to traditional snow removal, which is frequently labor-intensive, time-consuming, and expensive. This robot will effectively clear snow, represented by lightweight cubes, from a marked area while avoiding fixed and moving obstacles like boxes or other robots. Using sensors for obstacle detection and adaptive navigation algorithms, the robot will autonomously perform the task within the specified size, speed, and time constraints. Most current techniques rely on fixed-path algorithms, which are rigid in dynamic situations. Using adaptive algorithms and various sensor integration, our robot will improve operating efficiency, resulting in safer and more productive snow removal. Through the application of sensor integration, microcontroller programming, and modular design techniques, the project also acts as a hands-on learning experience that gets us ready for future engineering projects, including our fourth-year capstone. Our technical and project management skills are further enhanced by using GitHub to manage the project. Unmellow Yellow, our team, is dedicated to finishing the project in the allocated budget and time frame while making sure we fulfill all performance and efficiency standards. Because it automates snow removal, lowers labor costs, and improves safety during winter maintenance duties, this technology might be extremely valuable to municipalities, property owners, and maintenance companies.

1.2 Overall Deliverables

1) Milestone Deliverables

1.1) Guided Labs

- The labs consisted of testing the following components: VMA330 IR Obstacle Avoidance Sensor, Line Follower Sensor, GP2Y0A51SK0F Distance Measuring Sensor, Ultrasonic Distance Sensor, VL53L1X Time-of-Flight Distance Sensor, MinIMU-9 v5 IMU Unit, Communication between Arduino Nano Every and Due, Cytron Motor Driver, and Wheel Encoders, as well as completing the robot setup and conducting the first drive.

1.2) Project Proposal

- The project proposal will outline the development of an autonomous robot, detailing objectives, milestones, and deliverables. It will include a thorough scope with requirements, a testing plan for unit and integration testing, a schedule with activities and timelines, a cost estimate, and a responsibility assignment matrix for team roles and responsibilities [1].

1.3) Progress Report

- The progress report will provide updates to the project proposal, addressing concerns and refining the system's architecture. It will include state charts, sequence diagrams, watchdog timer implementation, and planned value analysis. Additionally, the report will demonstrate working code with function handlers, and document unit testing results that meet or exceed success criteria [2].

2) Final Deliverables

2.1) Final Presentation

- We will be having our project presentations in class showcasing the works of the snowplow and what we learnt throughout the course [3].

2.2) Final Demo

- The final demo will showcase the fully integrated and functional robot, demonstrating its ability to clear the enclosed area of obstacles and simulated snow. The demo will evaluate the robot's performance based on speed, accuracy, and adherence to task specifications, including obstacle avoidance, boundary detection, and snow clearing efficiency within the allotted time [4].

2.3) Final Report

- The final report will include an updated Project Proposal with individual contributions, control charts for key requirements, and results from system integration testing. It will also include the full working code on GitHub, with both the report and a .zip of the repository [5].

2 Scope

2.1 Requirements

Unmellow Yellow is committed to meeting all the requirements outlined in the project description. This list has been carefully compiled to ensure that we stay within the defined scope of the project and focus on delivering the expected outcomes efficiently and effectively.

1. Functional Requirements (FR):

- FR-01: The robot must not exceed a speed of 30 cm/s while autonomously following a defined path.
- FR-02: It will detect and avoid both fixed and moving obstacles, adjusting its course to avoid collisions.
- FR-03: The robot will clear snow or balls (represented by lightweight cubes) encountered in its path within a designated arena marked by black tape.
- FR-04: If stuck in a loop or between obstacles, the robot will use a watchdog timer to reset or trace back within 8 seconds to free itself.
- FR-05: The robot will provide sufficient power for all sensors to operate continuously and offer real-time feedback on its operational status through an onboard interface.
- FR-06: The robot will plow wooden cubes from the designated area using a snow-clearing algorithm.
- FR-07: The robot will stay within the black tape boundary while navigating.

2. Non-Functional Requirements (NFR):

- NFR-01: The robot will operate efficiently within the defined area, completing tasks within a reasonable timeframe.
- NFR-02: It will minimize power consumption to extend operational runtime.
- NFR-03: The system will be designed for modularity to support easy upgrades or component replacements.
- NFR-04: The robot will maintain the specified dimensions.
- NFR-05: Independent development of sensor and motor modules will allow for easy integration.
- NFR-06: Phased integration of motor, sensor, and control modules will ensure smooth system operation.
- NFR-07: Development will be managed on GitHub, including all version control and documentation.
- NFR-08: The robot will avoid penalties related to speed, collisions, or boundary violations.

2.2 Activities

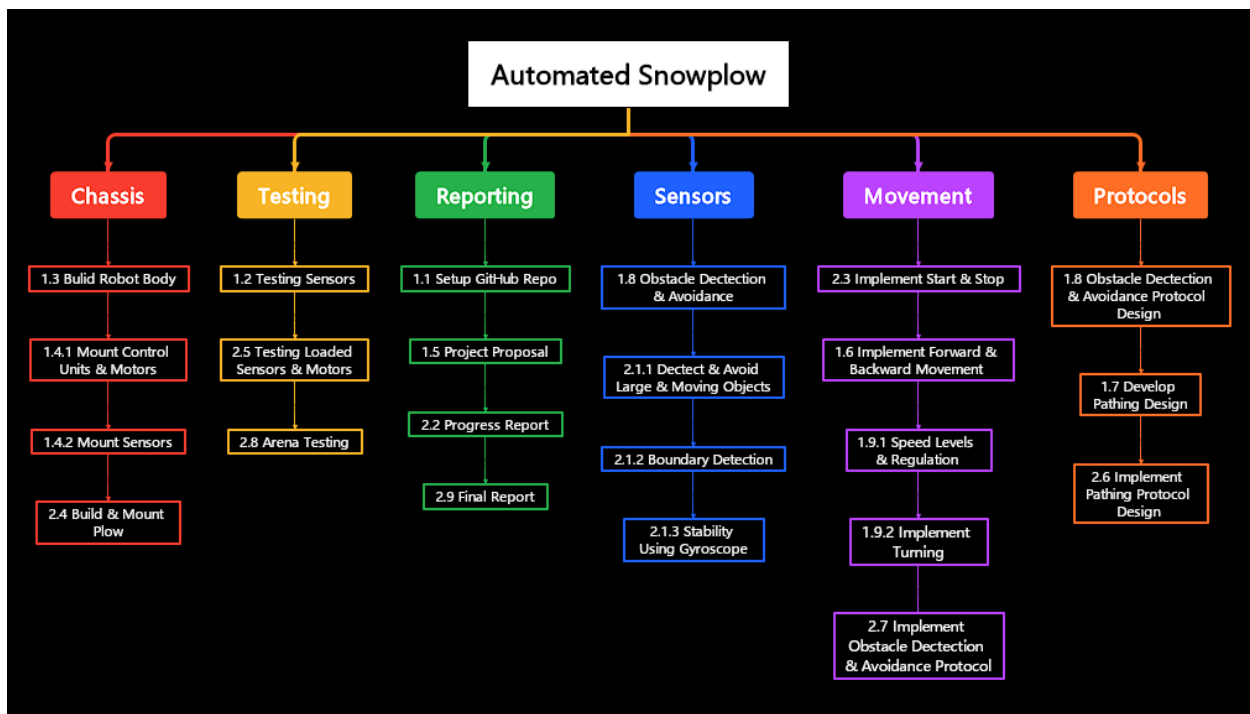


Figure 1: List of Activities shown in a WBS [7]

2.3 Testing Plans

The project includes unit, integration, and end-to-end testing phases to ensure that the robot meets all functional requirements.

1. Unit Testing

Individual tests ensure that each component (sensors and motors) functions as expected.

Sensor Testing:

- Test: Measure each sensor's response at different distances and surfaces.
- Success Criteria: If the sensor accurately detects within ± 2 cm of the actual distance, it is a Pass; otherwise, it is a Fail.

Motor Testing:

- Test: Run motors at different speeds, moving forward and backward, and varying frequencies.
- Success Criteria: If the motor moves smoothly in both directions at all speeds, it is a Pass; otherwise, it is a Fail.

2. Integration Testing

Integration tests ensure that all components work together to achieve specific tasks.

Movement Tests:

- Test: Perform movements such as 90-degree turn, 180-degree turn, straight-line driving, and hard stopping.
- Success Criteria: If the robot performs each movement without errors, it is a Pass; otherwise, it is a Fail.

Obstacle Detection:

- Test: Sensors detect obstacles, and the robot reacts accordingly (stopping or changing direction).
- Success Criteria: If the robot detects the obstacle and avoids it without collision, it is a Pass; otherwise, it is a Fail.

Boundary Detection:

- Test: Detect the boundary (black tape) and ensure the robot stays within the designated area.
- Success Criteria: If the robot changes direction upon detecting the boundary, it is a Pass; otherwise, it is a Fail.

3. End-to-End Testing

End-to-end tests evaluate the robot's overall functionality and ability to complete tasks.

Obstacle Avoidance:

- Test: Ensure the robot steers to avoid obstacles during operation.
- Success Criteria: If the robot avoids all obstacles without collision, it is a Pass; otherwise, it is a Fail.

Object Steering:

- Test: Push lightweighted balls (simulated snow) out of the designated area.
- Success Criteria: If 80% of golf balls are moved out of the arena, it is a Pass; if more than 20% of golf balls remain, it is a Fail.

Boundary and Speed:

- Test: Ensure the robot stays within boundaries and operates under the speed limit of 30 cm/s.
- Success Criteria: If the robot remains within the boundary and doesn't exceed the speed limit, it is a Pass; otherwise, it is a Fail.

3 Schedule

3.1 Schedule Network Diagram

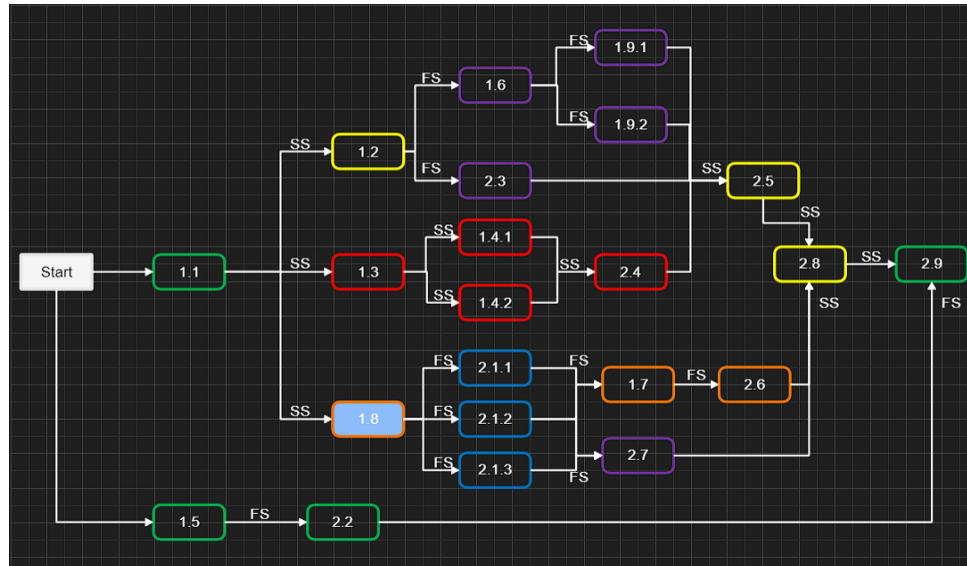


Figure 2: Schedule Network Diagram showing how each Activity is connected [7]

3.2 Gantt Chart

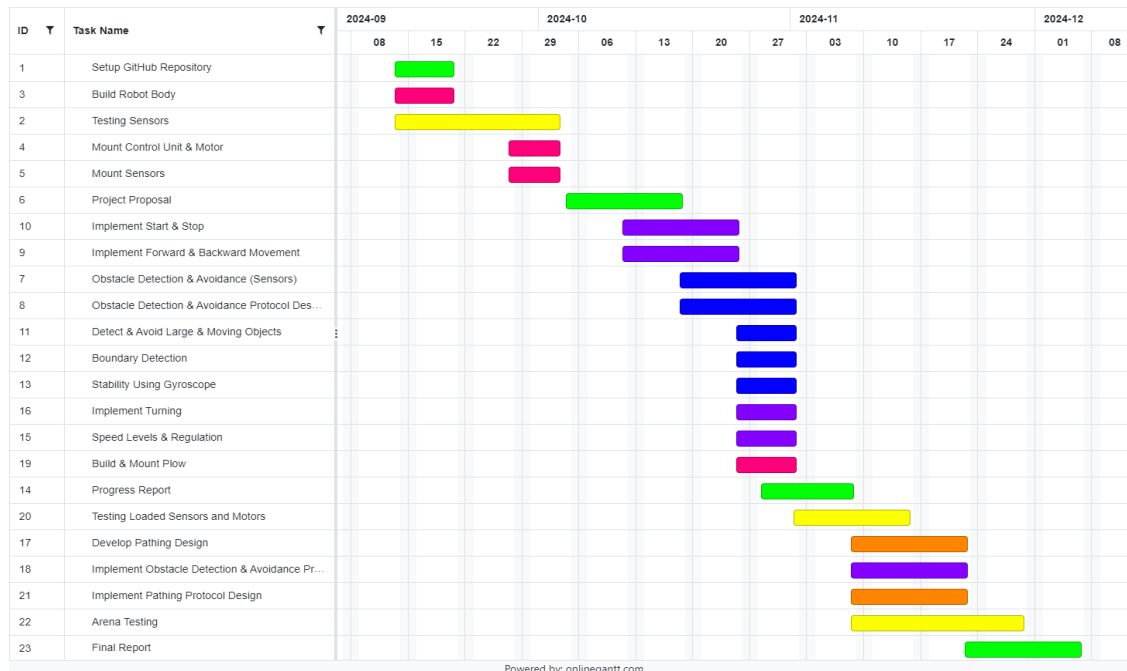


Figure 3: Gantt Chart showing time required for each activity [8]

4 Cost

For each of the Labs that are conducted throughout the term of this project, 4 hours are assigned for each developer. There is a total of 11 Labs (3 Guided and 8 Unguided) to present a final project. In addition, each member will partake in an extra 2 hours of work per week to provide a report and any additional documentation. However, during the final 2 weeks, each developer will add an additional 2 hour per week on top of the 2 hours to ensure final testing and preparation for the final demonstration and report. Each developer/member will receive a payrate of \$50/hour. Our team unmellow yellow has 5 members.

Sl.NO	Week/s	Combined Hours	Cost
1	0 - 3 (Guided Labs)	90 (60Hrs Lab, 30Hrs Report)	\$4500
2	4 - 5	60 (30Hrs Project, 30Hrs Report)	\$3000
3	6	30 (25 Hrs Project, 5 Hrs Report)	\$1500
4	7 (Winter Break)	10 (2Hrs Project)	\$500
5	8 - 9	60 (40Hrs Project, 20Hrs Report)	\$3000
6	10 - 12	120 (80Hrs Project, 40Hrs Report)	\$6000
7	13	0	\$0
8 (Total)	14	370Hrs	\$18,500

Table 1: Cost Breakdown per week

Package Cost Estimate: Sum of the Cost for the Work Package (Lab Kit)

- Lab Kit is worth \$500

Contingency Reserves: Emergency funds for causes that are known

- Estimated cost for any known issues are estimated to be around \$150.

Management Reserves: Emergency funds for causes that are known

- Estimated cost for any issues that may arise unknowingly are estimated to be around \$50.

Total Baseline Cost = Total Cost + Package Cost Estimate + Contingency Reserves

= \$18,500 + \$500 + \$150

= \$19,150

Project Budget Worksheet = Total Baseline Cost + Management Reserves

= \$19,150 + \$50

= \$19,200

5 Human Resources

Responsible - (R), Approver - (A)

Activity No.	Activity	Rozba	Aryan	Ibrahim	Raneem	Ali
1.1	Set Up GitHub Repository	R	R	A	A	A
1.2	Testing Sensors	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A
1.3	Build Robot Body	A	A	R	A	R
1.4.1	Mount Control Units & Motors	A	A	R	R	R
1.4.2	Mount Sensors	A	A	R	R	R
1.5	Project Proposal	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A
1.6	Implement Forward and Backward Movement	R	R	A	A	A
1.7	Develop Pathing Design	R	A	A	R	R
1.8	Obstacle Detection & Avoidance & Protocol Design (Counts as 2)	A	R	R	A	A
1.9.1	Speed Levels & Regulation	R	A	A	R	A
1.9.2	Implement Turning	A	R	R	A	R
2.1.1	Detect & Avoid Large & Moving Objects	A	A	R	A	R
2.1.2	Boundary Detection	R	A	A	R	R
2.1.3	Stability Using Gyroscope	A	R	A	R	A
2.2	Progress Report	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A
2.3	Implement Start & Stop	A	A	R	R	R
2.4	Build & Mount Plow	A	A	R	A	R
2.5	Testing Loaded Sensors & Motors	R	R	A	R	A
2.6	Implement Pathing Protocol Design	A	R	A	R	R
2.7	Implement Obstacle Detection & Avoidance Protocol	A	R	A	A	R
2.8	Arena Testing	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A
2.9	Final Report	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A	R, A

Table 2: Responsibility Matrix

This is the testing arena where the robot moves the snow and avoid the obstacles shown in the image below:



Figure 4: Image of Final Demo Arena

6 References

- [1] – <https://brightspace.carleton.ca/d2l/le/content/292069/viewContent/3933858/View> (Project Proposal)
- [2] - <https://brightspace.carleton.ca/d2l/le/content/292069/viewContent/3933860/View> (Progress Report)
- [3] - <https://brightspace.carleton.ca/d2l/le/content/292069/viewContent/3933864/View> (Final Presentation)
- [4] - <https://brightspace.carleton.ca/d2l/le/content/292069/viewContent/3933868/View> (Final Demo)
- [5] - <https://brightspace.carleton.ca/d2l/le/content/292069/viewContent/3933862/View> (Final Report)
- [6] - <https://brightspace.carleton.ca/d2l/le/content/292069/viewContent/3933855/View> (Project Description)
- [7] - Edraw.AI, <https://www.edraw.ai/app/aipower>
- [8] - “Free online gantt chart software,” Free Online Gantt Chart Software, <https://onlinegantt.com/#/gantt>