Multi-Core Programming

Lecture 1 Overview

Course Objectives

- Opportunity to learn:
 - Multi-core architectures
 - Programming multi-core systems
- Emphasis on programming:
 - Using multi-threading paradigm
 - Understand the complexities
 - Apply to generic computing problems
 - Implement on an popular multi-core platform

Grading Policy and Reference Books

Grading Policy

■ Final Exam (40%)

■ Labs (40%)

Quizzes (daily) (10%)

Reference material:

- Shameem Akhtar and Jason Roberts, Multi-Core Programming, Intel Press, 2006
- David E. Culler and Jaswinder Pal Singh, Parallel Computer Architecture: A Hardware/Software Approach, Morgan Kaufmann, 1998
- Class notes and others

课伸风盘: http://drv.ms/IhDKegd

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Course Outline - Multi-Core Programming

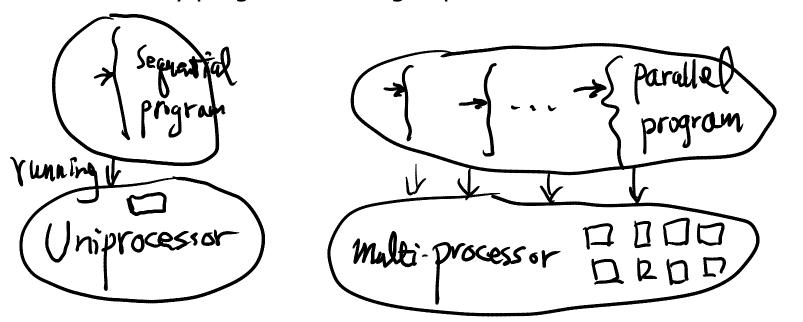
- Lecture 1 Computing platforms (Multi-Core Architectures)
- Lecture 2 Programming Multi-core (programming Models)
- Lecture 3 Inter Process Communication
- Lecture 4 Developing parallel applications I (Mapping to multi-core)
- Lecture 4 Developing parallel applications II (Performance Consideration)
 - Lecture 5 Message Passing (MPI)
 - Lab 1 MPI Programming
 - Lecture 6 Multi-threading (Windows)
 - Lab 2 win32 threading
 - Lecture 7 Multi-threading (pthread)
 - Lab 3 Pthreading
 - Lecture 8 Multi-threading with OpenMP
- Lab 4 OpenMP
- Lecture 9 Complexity: Consistency and Coherence
- Lecture 10 Synchronization
- Lab 5 Synchronization
- Lecture 11 Performance Measurement and Tuning
- Lab 6 Performance

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相关整弦

What is multicore Programming

- It is a Kind of Parallel Programming (Computing) in the Context of Multicore system
- Multicore system is a Parallel architectures
- Parallel programming (computing)
 - Many programs running in parallel



Paradigm Shift from Traditional to MultiCore

- Application developers are typically oblivious of underlying hardware architecture
 - Sequential program 号表各城序器序
 - Automatic/guaranteed performance benefit with processor upgrade 如果四针级超等给我的是
 - No work on the programmer 我表表用多定的。
- No "free lunch" with multi-core systems
 - Multiple cores in modern processors 有珍女女母母?
 - Parallel programs needed to exploit parallelism¥行程方

Old vs. New Parallel Programming Paradigms

Known tools and techniques:

- High performance computing and communication (HPCC)
- Wealth of existing knowledge about parallel algorithms, programming paradigms, languages and compilers, and scientific/engineering applications
- Multi-threading for multi-core
 - Common in desktop and enterprise applications
 - Exploits parallelism of multi-core with its challenges
- New realizations of old paradigms:
 - Parallel computing on Reconfigurable architecture
 - Parallel computing on GPUs
 - Cluster computing for large volume data

Challenge of Multi-Core Programming

- Our objective is two-fold
 - Overview the known paradigms for background



Learn using the state-of-the-art implementations



Discussion: How to improve program performance (speed)

Considering:

- •Any method, approach, or technology you think that works
- the reasons why that works

Speedup in different levels

- Algorithm (programmer)
- Compiler (Software Vender)
- OS (system vender)
- Hardware (Hardware Vender)
- finally realized by hardware (processors)

Homework

Everyone send message: 1 10xxxx. til. emailx @YYY.com
your Email address
to multicore cssysu @outlook.com 我会发给你一了OneDrive的芸艺链接保存的链接 作业,宪程等均提定到OneDrive.

Home Work and Reading list

MCP (multi-core Programming) Chapter 1

Homework 1:

How to speed up your programs ?

(Answer as much indétail as you can)