```
1 !pip install anytree
   Collecting anytree
     Downloading anytree-2.12.1-py3-none-any.whl (44 kB)
                                                 44.9/44.9 kB 1.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
   Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from anytree) (1.16.0)
   Installing collected packages: anytree
   Successfully installed anytree-2.12.1
1 !pip install pandas numpy typing
   Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (1.5.3)
   Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (1.23.5)
   Requirement already satisfied: typing in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (3.7.4.3)
   Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas) (2.8.2)
   Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas) (2023.3.post1)
   Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.1->pandas)
1 import pandas as pd
2 import math
3 from collections import Counter
4 from anytree import NodeMixin, RenderTree
5 from typing import Dict, List
6 from anytree import RenderTree
7 from graphviz import Digraph
8 from graphviz import Source
```

```
1 class DecTree():
3
            init (self, data: pd.DataFrame, target attribute: str):
 4
           self.data = data
 5
          self.target_attr = target_attribute
 6
          self.target_attr_vals = data[target_attribute].unique()
 7
          self.root_node = None
8
q
      def pmf_target(self, df: pd.DataFrame) -> Dict[str, float]:
10
           target_counts = df[self.target_attr].value_counts(normalize=True)
           return dict(target_counts)
11
12
13
      def entropy(self, pmf: Dict[str, float]) -> float:
14
          entropy_val = -sum(p * math.log2(p) for p in pmf.values())
15
           return entropy_val
16
17
      def cal_entropy_df(self, df: pd.DataFrame) -> float:
18
          pmf = self.pmf target(df)
19
          entropy_val = self.entropy(pmf)
20
           return entropy_val
21
22
      def info_gain_attribute(self, df: pd.DataFrame, attribute: str) -> float:
23
           total_entropy = self.cal_entropy_df(df)
24
          attribute_groups = df.groupby(attribute)
25
           weighted_entropy = sum(len(subgroup) / len(df) * self.cal_entropy_df(subgroup) for _, subgroup in attribute_gro
26
          information_gain = total_entropy - weighted_entropy
27
           return information_gain
28
29
      def max_info_gain_attribute(self, df: pd.DataFrame, attributes: List[int]) -> str:
30
           info_gain_dict = {attr: self.info_gain_attribute(df, attr) for attr in attributes}
31
          max attr = max(info gain dict, key=info gain dict.get)
32
          print("max_info_gain_attribute = ", max_attr, "INFG-Value = ", info_gain_dict[max_attr])
33
           return max attr
34
35
      def build_tree_infgain(self, df: pd.DataFrame, attr_list: List[str], start_node: 'DecTreeNode'):
36
37
         if len(df[self.target_attr].unique()) == 1:
38
             start_node.name = df[self.target_attr].iloc[0]
39
             return
40
41
         if not attr list:
42
            start_node.name = df[self.target_attr].value_counts().idxmax()
43
             return
44
45
         max_attr = self.max_info_gain_attribute(df, attr_list)
46
         start_node.attribute = max_attr
47
48
         remaining_attrs = [attr for attr in attr_list if attr != max_attr] # Exclude the selected attribute
49
         for value in df[max_attr].unique():
50
          value_subset = df[df[max_attr] == value]
51
          if value subset.empty:
52
              leaf_node = DecTreeNode(name=df[self.target_attr].mode().values[0], attribute=max_attr, parent=start_node)
53
          else:
54
               child_node = DecTreeNode(name=value, attribute=max_attr, parent=start_node)
55
               self.build_tree_infgain(value_subset, attr_list[:], child_node)
56
57
      def generate_tree(self):
58
          attributes = self.data.columns.to_list()
59
          attributes.remove(self.target_attr)
60
61
          start_node = DecTreeNode("start", "start")
62
          self.build_tree infgain(self.data, attributes, start_node)
63
64
          self.root node = start node
65
66
      def print_tree(self):
           for pre, _, node in RenderTree(self.root_node):
67
68
               print(f"{pre} {node.attribute}={node.name}")
69
70
71
      def predict(self, X: pd.DataFrame) -> List[str]:
72
          predictions = []
73
           for _, row in X.iterrows():
74
               node = self.root_node
               while node.children:
75
76
                   attr value = row[node.attribute.split('=')[0]]
77
                   next_child = next((child for child in node.children if child.name == attr_value), None)
78
                   if next child:
79
                       node = next_child
80
                   else:
81
                       break
               predictions.append(node.name)
82
```

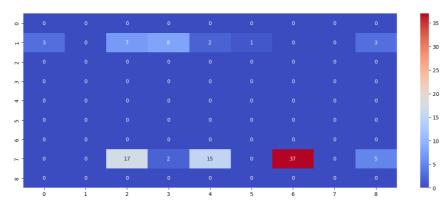
```
83
           return predictions
84
85
86 class DecTreeNode(NodeMixin):
87
       def __init__(self, name: str, attribute: str, parent: 'DecTreeNode' = None):
           super(DecTreeNode, self).__init__()
88
89
           self.name = name
90
           self.attribute = attribute
91
           self.parent = parent
92
           self.attr value = f"{attribute}={name}"
 1 ! pwd
     /content
 1 data = pd.read_csv("data.csv")
 2 data
         outlook temp humidity windy play
                                                   \blacksquare
      0
                                     False
            sunny
                    hot
                              high
                                             no
      1
                                     True
            sunny
                    hot
                              high
                                             no
      2
                    hot
                              high
                                     False
          overcast
                                            yes
      3
             rainy
                    mild
                              high
                                     False
                                            yes
      4
             rainy
                    cool
                            normal
                                     False
                                            yes
      5
             rainy
                    cool
                            normal
                                     True
                                             no
      6
          overcast
                            normal
                                     True
                                            yes
      7
                                     False
            sunny
                    mild
                              high
                                             no
      8
                            normal
                                     False
            sunny
                    cool
                                            yes
      9
             rainy
                    mild
                            normal
                                     False
                                            yes
     10
                    mild
                            normal
                                     True
            sunnv
                                            ves
     11
          overcast
                    mild
                              high
                                     True
                                            yes
     12
                    hot
                            normal
                                     False
          overcast
                                            yes
     13
             rainy
                    mild
                              high
                                     True
 1 tree = DecTree(data, 'play')
 2 tree.generate_tree()
 3 tree.print_tree()
 5
 6 dot = Digraph()
 7 for pre, _, node in RenderTree(tree.root_node):
 8
       dot.node(node.attr_value)
 9
       if node.parent:
           dot.edge(node.parent.attr_value, node.attr_value)
11 dot.render("decision_tree_visualization", format="png", view=True)
12 Source(dot.source)
```

```
may info gain attribute = outlook TNEC Value = 0 24674081077443033
1 dt_train = pd.read_csv("cars_train.csv")
2 dt_test = pd.read_csv("cars_test.csv")
3
4 dt_test.head()
```

	<pre>buying_price</pre>	${\tt maintenance_cost}$	num_doors	num_persons	size	_luggage	safet
0	vhigh	med	2	2		small	lov
1	high	high	3	4		big	me
2	low	med	4	2		big	lov
3	vhigh	high	5more	4		small	lov
4	med	med	4	2		med	hig
4	(ou	tiook=sunny) (Outlook:	=overcast)	(outlook=	rainy

```
1 # Train
2 dec_tree = DecTree(dt_train, "decision")
3 dec_tree.generate_tree()
4 dec_tree.print_tree()
                         size_luggage=acc
                         size_luggage=unacc
                     buying_price=acc
                     num_doors=med
                       - num doors=unacc
                         num_doors=acc
                 num doors=med
                     buying_price=4
                         buying_price=acc
                         buying_price=acc
                         size_luggage=high
                          - size_luggage=unacc
                     num_doors=acc
                     num_doors=acc
                     num_doors=unacc
             num_persons=unacc
             buying_price=4
                 maintenance_cost=low
                     {\tt maintenance\_cost=acc}
                     maintenance_cost=acc
                     size_luggage=vhigh
                         size_luggage=unacc
                         size luggage=unacc
                         size_luggage=acc
                    maintenance_cost=acc
                 maintenance_cost=vhigh
                     size_luggage=low
                         size_luggage=acc
                         size_luggage=unacc
                     maintenance_cost=unacc
                     size_luggage=med
                         size_luggage=unacc
size_luggage=acc
                         size_luggage=unacc
                     maintenance cost=unacc
                 maintenance_cost=med
                     size_luggage=high
                         size_luggage=acc
                         size_luggage=unacc
                     maintenance_cost=acc
                     num_doors=vhigh
                         num_doors=acc
                         size_luggage=5more
                             size_luggage=unacc
size_luggage=acc
                         num doors=unacc
                    maintenance cost=acc
                 {\tt maintenance\_cost=high}
                     num_doors=low
                         num_doors=unacc
                         num_doors=acc
                     maintenance_cost=unacc
                     size_luggage=med
                         size_luggage=acc
                         size_luggage=acc
                         size_luggage=unacc
                     maintenance_cost=unacc
```

```
1 # Test
 2 dt_test_x = dt_test.drop(columns="decision")
 3 dt_test_y = dt_test["decision"].to_list()
 5 preds = dec_tree .predict(dt_test_x)
 1 # Evaluate results
 2 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
 3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 5 import seaborn as sns
 6
 7 acc = accuracy_score(dt_test_y, preds)
 8 cm = confusion_matrix(dt_test_y, preds)
 9 # print(f"Accuracy: {acc}")
10 # print(cm)
11
12 plt.figure(figsize=(16, 6))
13 fig8= sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
14 fig8.figure.savefig('Confusion_Metrix.png', bbox_inches='tight')
```



```
1
    # Create a graphviz Digraph object
 2
    dot = Digraph()
 3
 4
    # Add nodes and edges to the graphviz object based on your tree structure
 5
    for pre, _, node in RenderTree(dec_tree.root_node):
        dot.node(node.attr_value)
 6
 7
 8
        if node.parent:
 9
            dot.edge(node.parent.attr_value, node.attr_value)
10
11
    # Visualize the decision tree
    dot.render("decision_tree_visualization", format="png", view=True)
12
    Source(dot.source)
```