

# Department of Electrical Engineering

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Course/Section: **BEE-6B**

Semester: **4th Semester**

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## **EE-232 Signals and Systems**

### Lab Report #4 Introduction to Complex Exponentials

#### Pre lab task

a)

Matlab code:

```
clear all
clc
z1=10*exp(-j*2*pi/3);
z2=-5+5*j;
disp('z1');
zprint(z1)
disp('z2');
zprint(z2)
zvect(z1,'b-')
hold on
zvect(z2,'r-')
legend('z1(blue)','z2(red)')
zcoords,ucplot,hold off
```

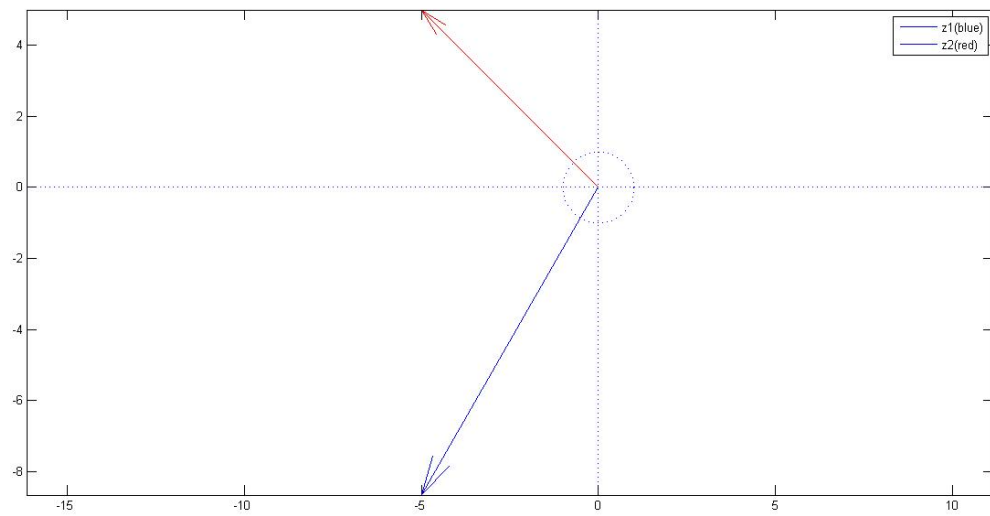
Matlab output:

z1							
Z =	X	+	jY	Magnitude	Phase	Ph/pi	Ph(deg)
	-5		-8.66	10	-2.094	-0.667	-120.00

z2							
Z =	X	+	jY	Magnitude	Phase	Ph/pi	Ph(deg)
	-5		5	7.071	2.356	0.750	135.00

Matlab graph:

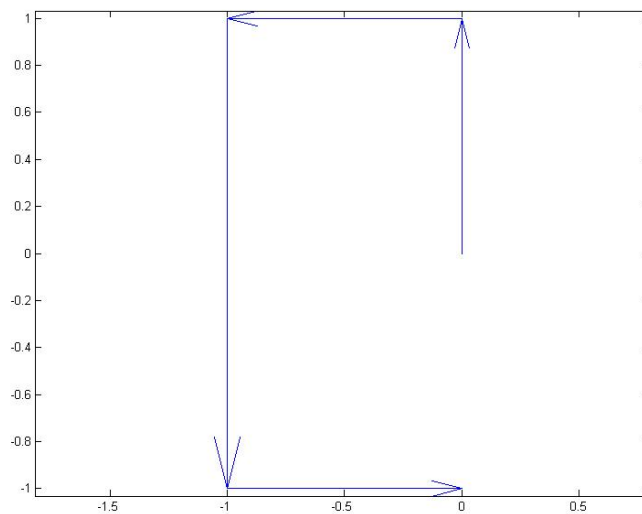


b)

Matlab code:

```
clear all
clc
zcat([j,-1,-2j,1])
```

Matlab graph:



c)

Matlab code:

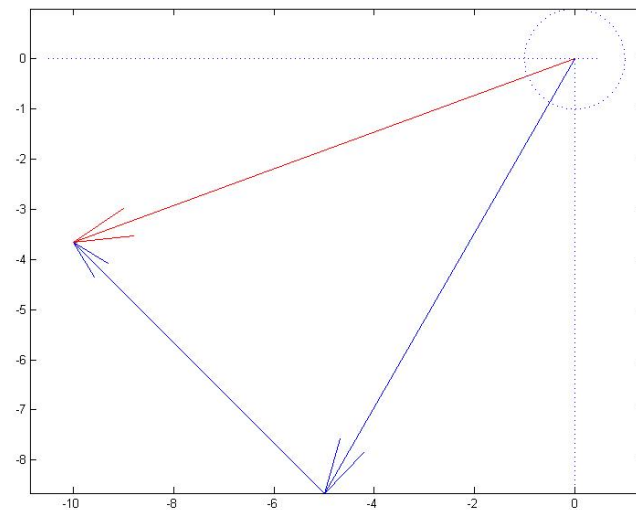
```
clear all
clc
z1=10*exp(-j*2*pi/3);
z2=-5+5*j;
z=z1+z2;
zcat([z1,z2])
hold on
zcat(z,'r-')
zcoords,ucplot,hold off
zprint(z);
```

Matlab output:

Z =	X	+	jY	Magnitude	Phase	Ph/pi	Ph(deg)
	-10		-3.66	10.65	-2.791	-0.888	-159.90

Phase angle is:  $-159.9^\circ$

Matlab graph:



d)

Matlab code:

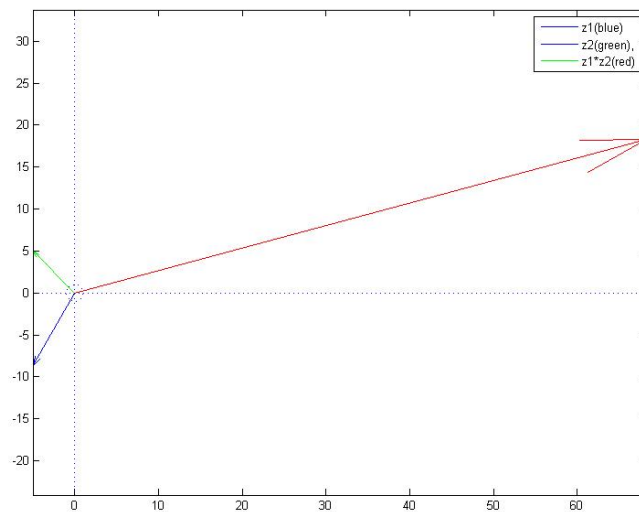
```
clear all
clc
z1=10*exp(-j*2*pi/3);
z2=-5+5*j;
z=z1*z2;
zprint(z);
zvect(z1,'b-')
hold on
zvect(z2,'g-')
zvect(z,'r-')
legend('z1(blue)','z2(green)','z1*z2(red)')
zcoords,ucplot,hold off
```

Matlab output:

Z =	X	+	jY	Magnitude	Phase	Ph/pi	Ph(deg)
	68.3		18.3	70.71	0.262	0.083	15.00

Phase angle is: 15°

Matlab graph:



e)

Matlab code:

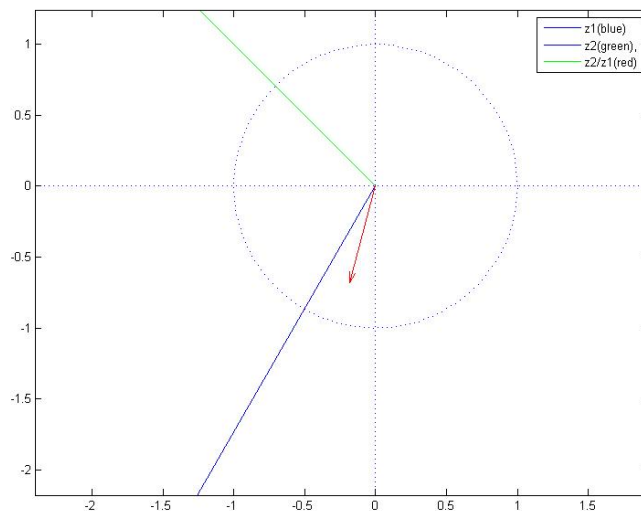
```
clear all
clc
z1=10*exp(-j*2*pi/3);
z2=-5+5*j;
z=z2/z1;
zprint(z);
zvect(z1,'b-')
hold on
zvect(z2,'g-')
zvect(z,'r-')
legend('z1(blue)','z2(green)','z2/z1(red)')
zcoords,ucplot,hold off
```

Matlab output:

Z =	X	+	jY	Magnitude	Phase	Ph/pi	Ph(deg)
	-0.183		-0.683	0.7071	-1.833	-0.583	-105.00

Phase angle is: -105.00°

Matlab graph:



f)

Matlab code:

```
clear all
clc
z1=10*exp(-j*2*pi/3);
z2=-5+5*j;
z1conj=conj(z1);
z2conj=conj(z2);
disp('Conjugate of z1')
zprint(z1conj)
disp('Conjugate of z2')
zprint(z2conj)
zvect(z1conj,'b-')
hold on
zvect(z2conj,'g-')
legend('z1 conj(blue)','z2 conj(green),'),zcoords,ucplot,hold off
```

Matlab output:

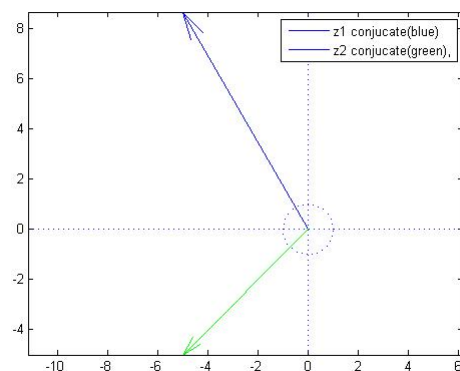
```
conjugate of z1
Z =      X      +      jY      Magnitude      Phase      Ph/pi      Ph(deg)
      -5      8.66      10      2.094      0.667      120.00

conjugate of z2
Z =      X      +      jY      Magnitude      Phase      Ph/pi      Ph(deg)
      -5      -5      7.071      -2.356      -0.750      -135.00
```

Phase angle of  $z1^*$ :  $120.00^\circ$

Phase angle of  $z2^*$ :  $-135.00^\circ$

Matlab graph:



g)

Matlab code:

```
clear all
clc
z1=10*exp(-j*2*pi/3);
z2=-5+5*j;
z1i=1/z1;
z2i=1/z2;
disp('Inverse of z1')
zprint(z1i)
disp('Inverse of z2')
zprint(z2i)
zvect(z1i,'b-')
hold on
zvect(z2i,'g-')
legend('z1 inverse(blue)','z2 inverse(green),'),zcoords,ucplot,hold off
```

Matlab output:

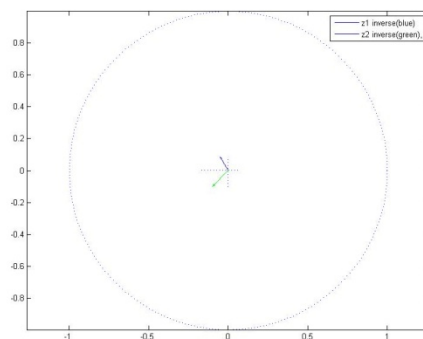
```
Inverse of z1
Z =      X      +      jY      Magnitude      Phase      Ph/pi      Ph(deg)
      -0.05      0.0866      0.1      2.094      0.667      120.00

Inverse of z2
Z =      X      +      jY      Magnitude      Phase      Ph/pi      Ph(deg)
      -0.1      -0.1      0.1414      -2.356      -0.750      -135.00
```

Phase angle of z1 inverse: 120.00°

Phase angle of z2 inverse: -135.00°

Matlab graph:

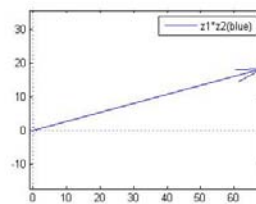
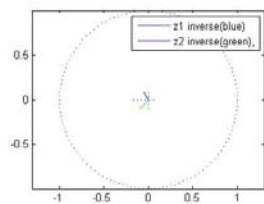
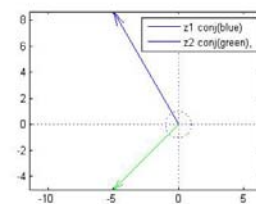
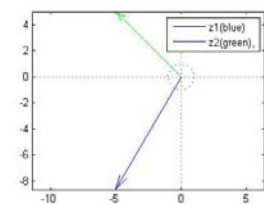


h)

Matlab code:

```
clear all
clc
z1=10*exp(-j*2*pi/3);
z2=-5+5*j;
z1conj=conj(z1);
z2conj=conj(z2);
z1i=1/z1;
z2i=1/z2;
zp=z1*z2;
subplot(2,2,1);
zvect(z1,'b-')
hold on
zvect(z2,'g-')
legend('z1(blue)','z2(green)',zcoords,ucplot,hold off)
subplot(2,2,2);
zvect(z1conj,'b-')
hold on
zvect(z2conj,'g-')
legend('z1 conj(blue)','z2 conj(green)',zcoords,ucplot,hold off)
subplot(2,2,3);
zvect(z1i,'b-')
hold on
zvect(z2i,'g-')
legend('z1 inverse(blue)','z2 inverse(green)',zcoords,ucplot,hold off)
subplot(2,2,4);
zvect(zp,'b-')
hold on
legend('z1*z2(blue)',zcoords,ucplot,hold off)
```

Matlab graph:





## **Lab task no.1:**

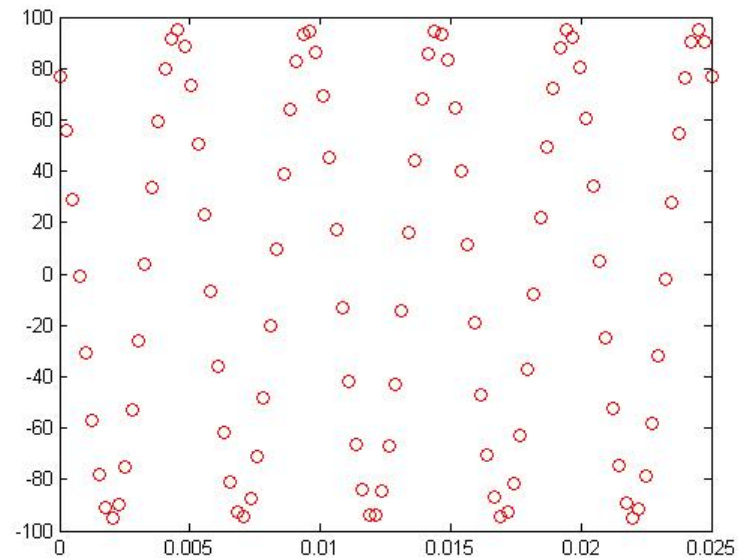
[goodcos.m file code:](#)

```
function [Y]=goodcos(A,w,o,dur)
Y(:,1)=linspace(0,dur,floor((w*dur*20)));
Y(:,2)=A*cos(2*pi*w*Y(1:length(Y),1)+o);
```

[Matlab Command window input:](#)

```
>> g=goodcos(95,200,pi/5,0.025)
% In order to plot the given cos function
>> plot(g(:,1),g(:,2),'ro')
```

[Matlab plot:](#)



## **Lab task no.2:**

### Syn\_sin.m file code:

```
function [xx,tt]=syn_sin(fk, Xk, fs, dur, tstart)

if nargin<5
    tstart=0;    %--default value is zero
end

if length(fk)==length(Xk)

tt=linspace(tstart,dur+tstart,fs*dur); %duration in sec
m=length(Xk);
for k=1:length(tt)%qq=length(Xk):length(tt) matrix
    qq(:,k)=real(Xk(1:m).*exp(j*fk(1:m)*2*pi*tt(k)));
    k =k+1;
end
xx=sum(qq);%sum of rows
plot(tt,xx)%Required graph
else
    disp('Error is frequencies input')
end
```

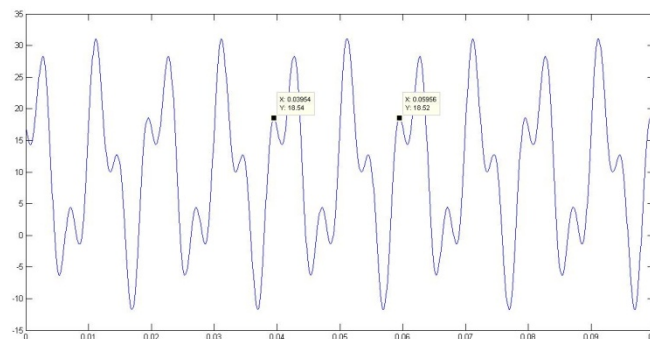
Three signals with (0, 200pi, 500pi) angular frequency, now signal frequency should H:C:F , so signal has 100pi angular frequency and 50Hz frequency.

From graph, Time period is 20m sec then frequency comes out to be same 50Hz. **Verified**  
As, H:C:F never be greater than least non-zero integer data. So, time period will always be greater than individual frequencies time period

### Matlab Command window input:

```
syn_sin([0,100,250],[10,14*exp(-j*pi/3),8*j],10000,0.1,0)
```

### Matlab plot:



### **Lab task no.3:**

#### Matlab Command window input:

```
syn_sin([1/2,1/2,1/2],[2,2*exp(-1.25*j*pi),(1-j)],10000,6,-0.5)
```

After solving the expression,  $\pi$  comes out to be angular frequency. Therefore, time period comes out to be **2 seconds**. For three full signals, duration should be equal to **6 seconds**. As seen above in command window input arguments.

#### Matlab plot:

