

# HTML5 and CSS3

**ICT 580** 

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### Lesson 2

# **More HTML Coding**

## **Lesson Outcomes**



By the end of this lesson, you will be able to:

- Choose specific HTML tags to add elements to your simple web page
- Use the correct tags to embed elements in your web page
- Debug your web page if errors occur



# Does a tag always need to be opened and closed?



# What does code that is written in the <head> element do?



# What does code that is written in the <body> element do?



Give an example of when you would need to nest a tag within another tag?





- The href attribute is required for all links. The href value is the link's web address/URL
- The href value can be relative or absolute







 Absolute link: A complete hyperlink to a website. http://www.asite.com

<a href="http://www.asite.com"> My link </a>
Name
Value

Attribute

Open/start tag





 Relative link: A path to a folder or file within the website myimages/image1.jpg







- An optional attribute is the target which sets where the link will open:
  - \_blank is in a new browser window/tab
  - self is in the same window (default value)







# <img> Adding Images

- Must include the src attribute which tells the browser where the image is. The src can be absolute or relative
- Should also include an alt attribute to tell users what the image is if it cannot load, or for being described by a screen reader
- Does not need a closing/end tag





# ul> Unordered list tag

- Each item in the unordered list requires a list tag
- The list item tag must be nested in the 
   tag

#### browser

#### My unordered list:

- List item 1
- List item 2
- List item 3
- List item 4



# ul> Unordered list tag

- Each item in the unordered list requires a list tag
- The list item tag must be nested in the 
   tag

```
code

Ali>List item 1 
List item 2 
List item 3 
List item 4 

Remember to use tabs to easily see the nested structure of your code
```

#### browser

#### My unordered list:

- List item 1
- List item 2
- List item 3
- List item 4





# Ordered list tag

- Each item in an ordered list requires a list tag
- The list item tag must be nested in the tag

#### browser

#### My ordered list:

- 1. List item 1
- 2. List item 2
- 3. List item 3
- 4. List item 4





## <!-- HTML Comments -->

- Text between these tags is not displayed in the browser
- Comments explain what is happening in your code

#### browser

#### My ordered list:

- 1. List item 1
- 2. List item 2
- 3. List item 3
- 4. List item 4





# **Table structure**

A table has nested tags to specify rows and columns

```
Declares a table
   Declares a table row
         My Table Heading
                                   Defines a table heading
         My Table cell
                                      Defines a table cell
```





# 

- Content nested inside will display as a table
- Requires rows and cells to be defined using ,

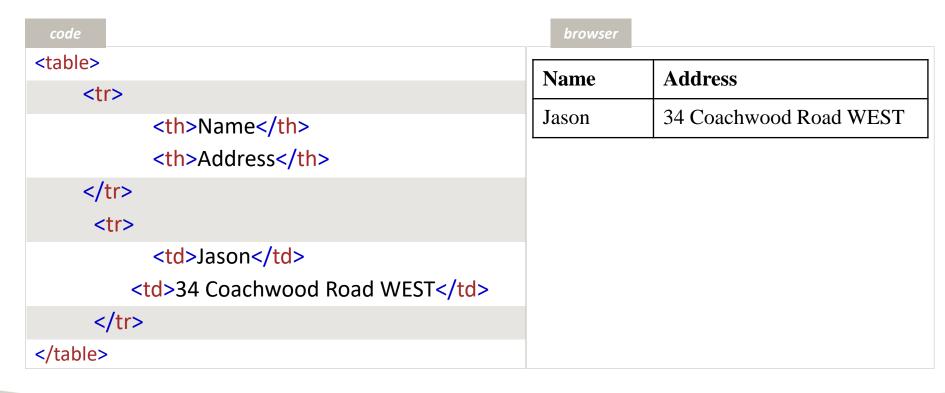
code		browser





# Table Row

- Info nested inside will display in one row
- Requires cells to be defined using or







## Table Cell

- Table Content
- Content nested inside displays in one cell





# Table Heading

- Will display in bold or distinct format
- Can be used for both row or column headings





# <caption>

Gives the table a title

```
<caption>What the table is called/caption>
  Name
      Address
  Jason
     34 Coachwood Road WEST
```

#### browser

What the table is called

Name	Address
Jason	34 Coachwood Road WEST





# **Table Attributes**

- Colspan defines how many columns one cell spans
- Rowspan defines how many rows one cell spans

```
<caption>What the table is called</caption>

Name
Address

Jason
Jason

>td>34 Coachwood Road WEST
```

# What the table is called Name Address Jason 34 T24 3W7 Coachwood Road WEST

browser





# **Table Attributes**

- Colspan defines how many columns one cell spans
- Rowspan defines how many rows one cell spans

```
<caption>What the table is called</caption>
  Name
     Address
  Jason
     34 Coachwood Road WEST 
   T1K 6B5
```

browser				
What the table is called				
Name	Address			
_	34 Coachwood Road WEST			
Jason	T1K 6B5			





# **Semantic Markup**

Semantic markup describes your content to search engines and screen readers

- For example, you can use the <strong>my important text</strong> to tell the browser that the content is important
- Browsers have a default style for these tags





# **Semantic Markup**

- <em> meaning emphasize (usually displayed as italics)
- <strong> meaning important text (usually displayed as bold)
- <q> Text will display in quotation marks
- <blockquote> Quote indented on both left and right margins





# **Debugging HTML**

- Use an HTML validator to find errors in your code
- https://validator.w3.org/#validate by uri



#### **Review Question**

# What is missing?

```
HTML is a mark-up language that:
displays content on a web page
is useful for adding images and links to your web page
```



#### **Review Question**

# Why is the "alt" tag helpful?

<img src="img\_girl.jpg" alt="girl in pink jacket">



#### **Review Question**

# What's the difference between an absolute and a relative link?





#### In this class we discussed:

- The structure of HTML Attributes
- The following tags:

- Semantic markup
- Debugging HTML

<br>



# **Assignment 1**

# **Create a Simple Webpage (10%)**



# **Questions?**