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FDA LAB ASSIGNMENT 6-

Install the dplyr package and perform the following operations:

filter() method:

import dplyr package

library(dplyr)

create a data frame

stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D'),

runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19),

wickets=c(17, 20, NA, 5))

fetch players who scored more

than 100 runs

filter(stats, runs>100)

```
> # import dplyr package
> library(dplyr)
> # create a data frame
> stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D'),
+
+                       runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19),
+
+                       wickets=c(17, 20, NA, 5))
> # fetch players who scored more
> # than 100 runs
> filter(stats, runs>100)
  player runs wickets
1      B  200      20
2      C  408      NA
> |
```

distinct() method:

```
# import dplyr package
```

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
# create a data frame
```

```
stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'A', 'A'),
```

```
                    runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19, 56, 100),
```

```
                    wickets=c(17, 20, NA, 5, 2, 17))
```

```
# removes duplicate rows
```

```
distinct(stats)
```

```
#remove duplicates based on a column
```

```
distinct(stats, player, .keep_all = TRUE)
```

```
> # import dplyr package
> library(dplyr)
> # create a data frame
> stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'A', 'A'),
+
+                       runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19, 56, 100),
+
+                       wickets=c(17, 20, NA, 5, 2, 17))
> # removes duplicate rows
> distinct(stats)
  player runs wickets
1     A  100      17
2     B  200      20
3     C  408      NA
4     D   19       5
5     A   56       2
> #remove duplicates based on a column
> distinct(stats, player, .keep_all = TRUE)
  player runs wickets
1     A  100      17
2     B  200      20
3     C  408      NA
4     D   19       5
> |
```

select() method:

import dplyr package

library(dplyr)

create a data frame

stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D'),

 runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19),

 wickets=c(17, 20, NA, 5))

fetch required column data

select(stats, player, wickets)

```
> # import dplyr package
> library(dplyr)
> # create a data frame
> stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D'),
+                       runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19),
+                       wickets=c(17, 20, NA, 5))
> # fetch required column data
> select(stats, player, wickets)
  player wickets
1     A      17
2     B      20
3     C      NA
4     D       5
> |
```

rename() method:

import dplyr package

library(dplyr)

create a data frame

stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D'),

 runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19),

 wickets=c(17, 20, NA, 5))

renaming the column

```
rename(stats, runs_scored=runs)
```

```
> # import dplyr package
> library(dplyr)
> # create a data frame
> stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D'),
+                      runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19),
+                      wickets=c(17, 20, NA, 5))
> # renaming the column
> rename(stats, runs_scored=runs)
  player runs_scored wickets
1     A         100      17
2     B         200      20
3     C         408     NA
4     D          19       5
> |
```

mutate() and transmute() method:

```
# import dplyr package
```

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
# create a data frame
```

```
stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D'),
```

```
                    runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19),
```

```
                    wickets=c(17, 20, 7, 5))
```

```
# add new column avg
```

```
mutate(stats, avg=runs/4)
```

```
# drop all and create a new column
```

```
transmute(stats, avg=runs/4)
```

```

> # import dplyr package
> library(dplyr)
> # create a data frame
> stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D'),
+                      runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19),
+                      wickets=c(17, 20, 7, 5))
> # add new column avg
> mutate(stats, avg=runs/4)
  player runs wickets   avg
1     A  100     17 25.00
2     B  200     20 50.00
3     C  408      7 102.00
4     D   19      5  4.75
> # drop all and create a new column
> transmute(stats, avg=runs/4)
   avg
1 25.00
2 50.00
3 102.00
4  4.75
> |

```

summarize() method:

import dplyr package

library(dplyr)

create a data frame

```

stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D'),
                    runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19),
                    wickets=c(17, 20, 7, 5))

```

summarize method

summarize(stats, sum(runs), mean(runs))

```

> # import dplyr package
> library(dplyr)
> # create a data frame
> stats <- data.frame(player=c('A', 'B', 'C', 'D'),
+                      runs=c(100, 200, 408, 19),
+                      wickets=c(17, 20, 7, 5))
> # summarize method
> summarize(stats, sum(runs), mean(runs))
  sum(runs) mean(runs)
1      727    181.75
> |

```

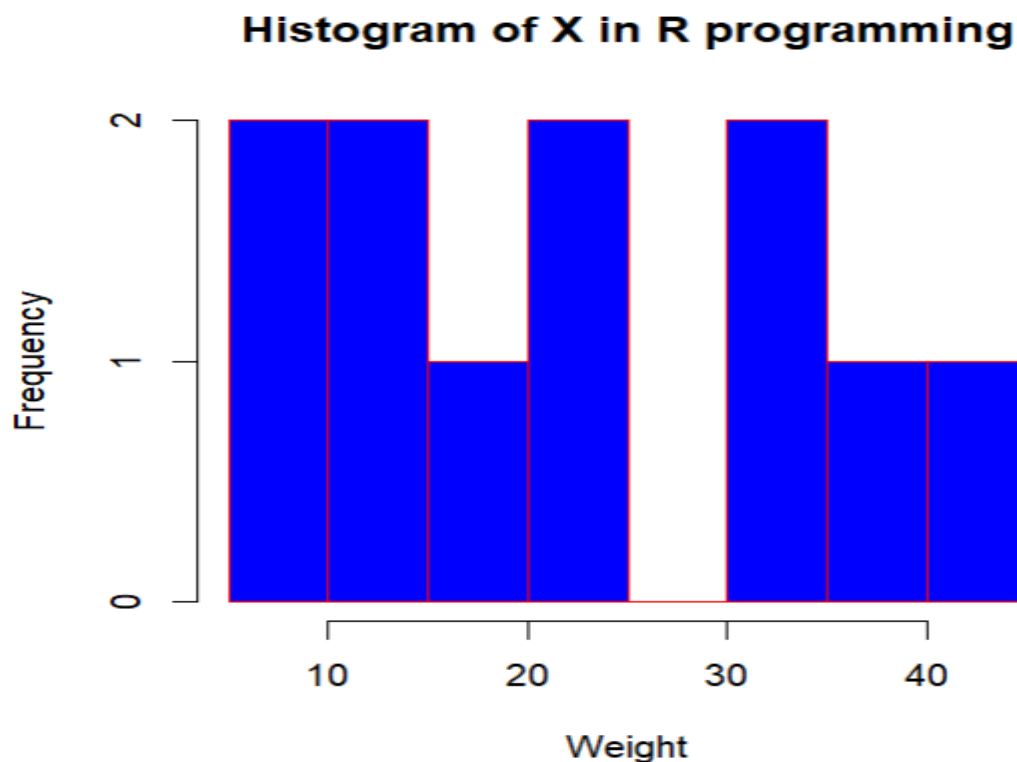
Descriptive Statistics:

Histogram:

```
x=c(9, 13, 21, 8, 36, 22, 12, 41, 31, 33, 19)
```

```
hist(x, col ="blue", border="red", xlab="Weight", main = "Histogram  
of X in R programming")
```

output

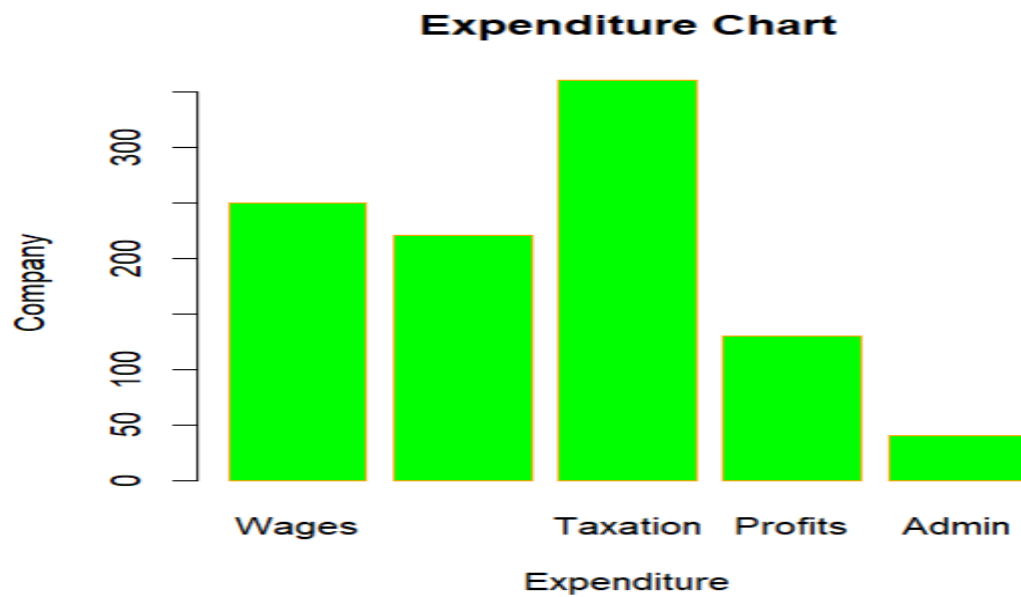


Bar Diagram:

```
x=c(250, 220, 360, 130, 40)
```

```
y=c("Wages", "Materials", "Taxation", "Profits", "Admin")
```

```
barplot(x, names.arg=y, xlab="Expenditure", ylab="Company",  
col="green", border="orange", main="Expenditure Chart")
```



Pie Chart:

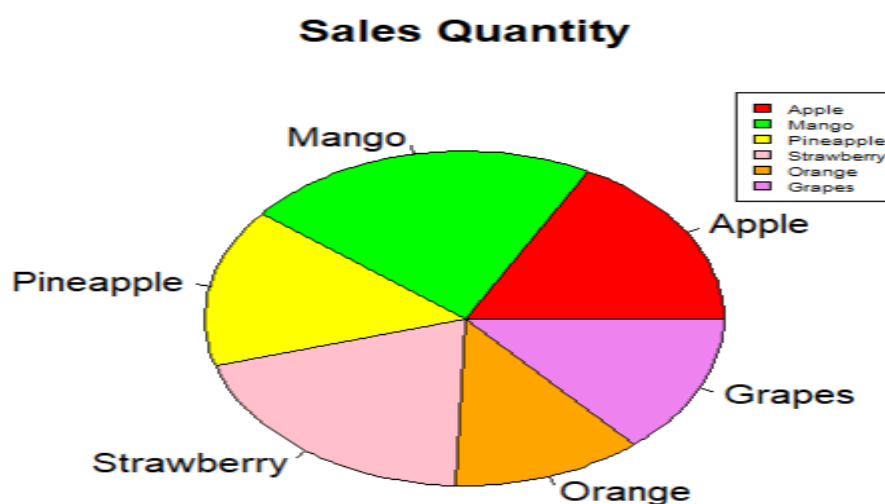
```
x=c(500, 650, 450, 580, 350, 400)
```

```
labels=c("Apple", "Mango", "Pineapple", "Strawberry", "Orange", "Grapes")
```

```
cols=c("red", "green", "yellow", "pink", "orange", "violet", "blue")
```

```
pie(x, labels, col=cols, main="Sales Quantity")
```

```
legend("topright", c("Apple", "Mango", "Pineapple", "Strawberry", "Orange", "Grapes"), cex=0.5, fill=cols)
```



Create different data frames (STUDENT DATA, ORGANIZATION DATA)

Do the following task

1. Ordering of data

```
# Create STUDENT DATA data frame

student_data <- data.frame(

  student_id = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),

  name = c("John", "Alice", "Bob", "Emily", "Michael"),

  age = c(18, 20, NA, 19, 21),

  grade = c("A", "B", "C", "B", "A")

)

# Create ORGANIZATION DATA data frame

organization_data <- data.frame(

  organization_id = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),

  name = c("Company A", "Company B", "Company C", "Company D",
"Company E"),

  industry = c("Tech", "Finance", "Healthcare", "Tech", "Education"),

  revenue = c(1000000, 500000, NA, 2000000, 800000)

)
```

Do the following task

1. Ordering of data

```
student_data <- student_data[order(student_data$student_id), ]

organization_data <-
organization_data[order(organization_data$organization_id), ]

student_data
```


organization_data

```
> student_data <- student_data[order(student_data$student_id), ]
> organization_data <- organization_data[order(organization_data$organization_id), ]
> student_data
  student_id  name age grade
1          1  John  18    A
2          2  Alice  20    B
3          3   Bob  NA    C
4          4  Emily  19    B
5          5 Michael  21    A
> organization_data
  organization_id  name  industry revenue
1              1 1 Company A      Tech  1e+06
2              2 2 Company B    Finance  5e+05
3              3 3 Company C Healthcare    NA
4              4 4 Company D      Tech  2e+06
5              5 5 Company E    Education  8e+05
> |
```

2. Finding and removing duplicate data

```
student_data <- unique(student_data)
```

```
organization_data <- unique(organization_data)
```

organization_data

```
  organization_id  name  industry revenue
1              1 1 Company A      Tech  1e+06
2              2 2 Company B    Finance  5e+05
3              3 3 Company C Healthcare    NA
4              4 4 Company D      Tech  2e+06
5              5 5 Company E    Education  8e+05
> |
```

3. Handling missing values and perform summarize.

```
summary(student_data)
```

```
summary(organization_data)
```

```
> summary(student_data)
```

student_id	name	age	grade
Min. :1	Length:5	Min. :18.00	Length:5
1st Qu.:2	Class :character	1st Qu.:18.75	Class :character
Median :3	Mode :character	Median :19.50	Mode :character
Mean :3		Mean :19.50	
3rd Qu.:4		3rd Qu.:20.25	
Max. :5		Max. :21.00	
		NA's :1	

```
> summary(organization_data)
```

organization_id	name	industry	revenue
Min. :1	Length:5	Length:5	Min. : 500000
1st Qu.:2	Class :character	Class :character	1st Qu.: 725000
Median :3	Mode :character	Mode :character	Median : 900000
Mean :3			Mean :1075000
3rd Qu.:4			3rd Qu.:1250000
Max. :5			Max. :2000000
			NA's :1

```
> |
```

4. Do the merging operations.

```
merged_data <- merge(student_data, organization_data, by = "name", all = TRUE)
```

```
merged_data
```

	name	student_id	age	grade	organization_id	industry	revenue
1	Alice	2	20	B	NA	<NA>	NA
2	Bob	3	NA	C	NA	<NA>	NA
3	Company A	NA	NA	<NA>	1	Tech	1e+06
4	Company B	NA	NA	<NA>	2	Finance	5e+05
5	Company C	NA	NA	<NA>	3	Healthcare	NA
6	Company D	NA	NA	<NA>	4	Tech	2e+06
7	Company E	NA	NA	<NA>	5	Education	8e+05
8	Emily	4	19	B	NA	<NA>	NA
9	John	1	18	A	NA	<NA>	NA
10	Michael	5	21	A	NA	<NA>	NA

```
> |
```

```
# Perform Left Join
```

```
left_join <- merge(student_data, organization_data, by = "name", all.x = TRUE)
```

```
# Perform Right Join
```

```
right_join <- merge(student_data, organization_data, by = "name", all.y = TRUE)
```

```
# Perform Outer Join
```

```
outer_join <- merge(student_data, organization_data, by = "name", all = TRUE)
```

```
left_join
```

```
right_join
```

```
outer_join
```

```
> left_join
  name student_id age grade organization_id industry revenue
1  Alice         2  20    B              NA      <NA>      NA
2   Bob         3  NA    C              NA      <NA>      NA
3  Emily         4  19    B              NA      <NA>      NA
4   John         1  18    A              NA      <NA>      NA
5 Michael         5  21    A              NA      <NA>      NA
> right_join
  name student_id age grade organization_id industry revenue
1 Company A      NA  NA  <NA>              1      Tech    1e+06
2 Company B      NA  NA  <NA>              2      Finance  5e+05
3 Company C      NA  NA  <NA>              3  Healthcare    NA
4 Company D      NA  NA  <NA>              4      Tech    2e+06
5 Company E      NA  NA  <NA>              5      Education 8e+05
> outer_join
  name student_id age grade organization_id industry revenue
1   Alice         2  20    B              NA      <NA>      NA
2    Bob         3  NA    C              NA      <NA>      NA
3 Company A      NA  NA  <NA>              1      Tech    1e+06
4 Company B      NA  NA  <NA>              2      Finance  5e+05
5 Company C      NA  NA  <NA>              3  Healthcare    NA
6 Company D      NA  NA  <NA>              4      Tech    2e+06
7 Company E      NA  NA  <NA>              5      Education 8e+05
8   Emily         4  19    B              NA      <NA>      NA
9    John         1  18    A              NA      <NA>      NA
10 Michael         5  21    A              NA      <NA>      NA
> |
```





5. Write/Copy the content of data frames to csv/txt files.

```
write.csv(student_data, file = "C:/FDA/student_data.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```

```
write.csv(organization_data, file = "C:/FDA/organization_data.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```

```
> write.csv(student_data, file = "C:/FDA/student_data.csv", row.names = FALSE)
> write.csv(organization_data, file = "C:/FDA/organization_data.csv", row.names = FALSE)
> |
```

> This PC > Windows (C:) > FDA

	Name	Date modified	Type	Size
★	 organization_data	01-07-2023 16:16	Microsoft Excel Co...	1 KB
★	 organization_data	01-07-2023 16:15	Text Document	0 KB
★	 student_data	01-07-2023 16:16	Microsoft Excel Co...	1 KB
★	 student_data	01-07-2023 16:12	Text Document	0 KB

	A	B	C	D	E
1	student_id	name	age	grade	
2	1	John	18	A	
3	2	Alice	20	B	
4	3	Bob	NA	C	
5	4	Emily	19	B	
6	5	Michael	21	A	
7					

	A	B	C	D	E
1	organization	name	industry	revenue	
2	1	Company A	Tech	1.00E+06	
3	2	Company B	Finance	5.00E+05	
4	3	Company C	Healthcare	NA	
5	4	Company D	Tech	2.00E+06	
6	5	Company E	Education	8.00E+05	
7					

6. Project the data values using basic plots.

```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(student_data, aes(x = name, y = age)) +

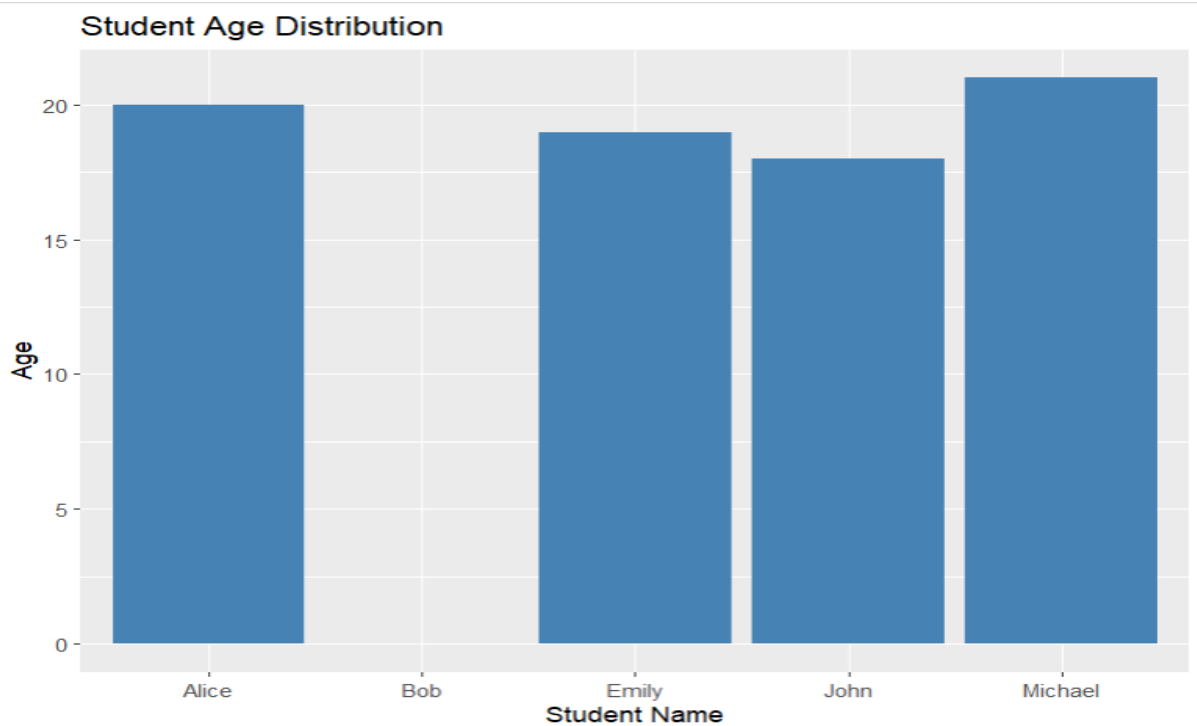
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "steelblue") +

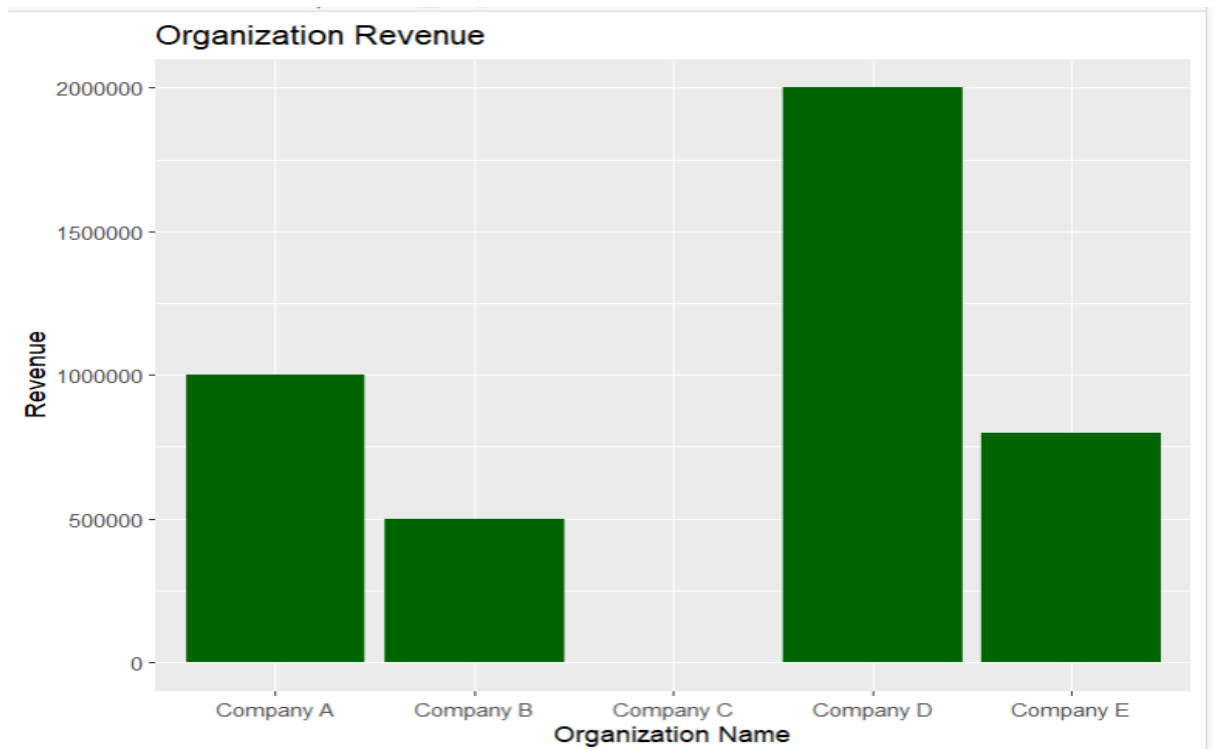
  labs(title = "Student Age Distribution", x = "Student Name", y = "Age")

ggplot(organization_data, aes(x = name, y = revenue)) +

  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "darkgreen") +

  labs(title = "Organization Revenue", x = "Organization
Name", y = "Revenue")
```





-----X-----

Thank you!