

Aim: To determine the salt in the given salt.

Apparatus: Petri dish, test tube, bunsen burner, test tube holder

Procedure

S.No	EXPERIMENT	OBSERVATIONS	INFERENCE
1.	Physical Examination		
	a) color	white	Cu^{2+} , Fe^{2+} , Fe^{3+} , Al^{3+}
	b) Smell	Ammonical smell	NH_4^+ maybe
2.	Dry heating test		
	A pinch of salt is taken in dry test tube and heated		
	a) Sublimation	white sublimate when glass rod dipped in dil. HCl brought near mouth of test tube turns Nessler's soln brown	NH_4^+ present
	b) Gas evolved	Colorless gas with pungent smell - greenish yellow. starch iodide paper turns blue	Cl^- present
	3. Flame Test		
	Prepare a paste of the salt	No flame	Ca^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , Pb^{2+}

Teacher's Signature _____

with conc. HCl
and perform test

Zn^{2+} , Mn^{2+} absent

4. Dil. H_2SO_4 Test

Take a small
quantity of salt in test
tube & add dil. H_2SO_4

No observation

CO_3^{2-} , S^{2-} , SO_3^{2-} , NO_3^-
are absent.

5. Conc. H_2SO_4 test

Take a small quantity of
salt in test tube and
add dil. H_2SO_4

Colorless gas with
pungent smell

Cl^- indicated

6. Confirmatory test for Cl^-

$AgNO_3$ test

To salt solution add
 $AgNO_3$ solution

A curdy white
precipitate is formed
which is soluble
in NH_4OH

Cl^- ion is confirmed

7. Identification for NH_4^+

Salt is added to dilute
 $NaOH$ along with water
and heated

Colorless gas, NH_3 ,
evolves which gives
white, dense fumes
with conc. HCl

NH_4^+ maybe present.

8. Confirmation of NH_4^+

To original ^{salt} solution add
dil. $NaOH$ along with
Nessler's reagent

Brown ppt

NH_4^+ confirmed