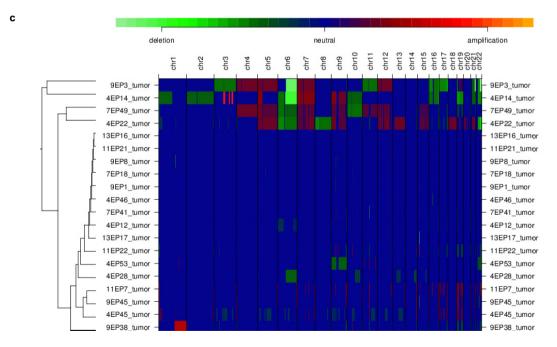


b	Recurrently affected genes (SNVs)		Recurrently affected genes (indels)		
	2/24 (8.33333%)	SHOX	2/24	(8.33333%)	WISP1
	2/24 (8.33333%)	PDE3B	2/24	(8.33333%)	SORCS1
	2/24 (8.33333%)	PAK2	2/24	(8.33333%)	snoU13
	2/24 (8.33333%)	MYO15A	2/24	(8.33333%)	SHCBP1
	,		2/24	(8.33333%)	RP3-470B24.5
	2/24 (8.33333%)	ICOSLG	2/24	(8.33333%)	PTPRK
	2/24 (8.33333%)	HT T	2/24	(8.33333%)	NDRG1
	2/24 (8.33333%)	EPHX4	2/24	(8.33333%)	FAM169A
	2/24 (8.33333%)	AGXT2	2/24	(8.33333%)	DLEU2
	2/24 (8.33333%)	AC079354.1	2/24	(8.33333%)	CROCCP2



Extended Data Figure 2 | Summary of genome sequencing and copy number data. a, Number of somatic single nucleotide variants (SNVs) detected per ependymoma sample. b, Frequency of somatic mutations detected across the Heidelberg ependymoma cohort (n = 24 independent

samples). c, Unsupervised hierarchical clustering of copy number alterations detected by WGS in primary ependymoma samples (n=24 independent samples).