

Data Fig. 4) suggest that cyclic peptide-based antagonists probably bind elsewhere, for example, in the orthosteric peptide-binding site. The C5aR1–NDT9513727 structure provides an example of an extra-helical binding site within the lipid bilayer that can be targeted to negatively modulate receptor activity (whether this binding site is ubiquitous or of functional relevance across GPCRs remains to be determined), building a more complete picture of the means by which GPCR activity can be controlled allosterically.

**Online Content** Methods, along with any additional Extended Data display items and Source Data, are available in the online version of the paper; references unique to these sections appear only in the online paper.

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Supplementary Information is available in the online version of the paper.

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Author Contributions N.R. carried out the conformational thermostabilization of the receptor, performed LCP crystallization, designed crystal optimization, devised functional mutations and characterized the binding site mutants. M.R. characterized truncation constructs and established procedures for, and carried out expression and purification of the final construct, collected and processed X-ray diffraction data, solved and refined the structure. A.S.D. established the platform/protocols for LCP crystallization, harvested crystals, collected and processed X-ray diffraction data, solved and refined the structure and devised functional mutations alongside N.R. J.B. carried out the pharmacology. J.C. sourced and characterized the radioligand. G.B. performed molecular dynamics simulations. Project management was carried out by A.J., M.K., R.C. and F.H.M. The manuscript was prepared by A.S.D., N.R. and F.H.M.

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