



### Extended Data Figure 3 | Generation of a conditional *Fanca* allele.

**a**, Mice carrying the previously reported *Fanca*<sup>-</sup> allele (*Fanca*<sup>tm1a(EUCOMM)Wtsi</sup>) were crossed with mice carrying the FLP recombinase, yielding the *Fanca*<sup>fl</sup> allele (*Fanca*<sup>tm1c(EUCOMM)Wtsi</sup>). This allele restores FANCA expression as shown by western blot (Fig. 3). Cre-mediated recombination of *Fanca*<sup>fl</sup> yields the *Fanca*<sup>Δ</sup> allele (*Fanca*<sup>tm1d(EUCOMM)Wtsi</sup>), which lacks exon 3 and leads to loss of FANCA protein (Fig. 3). **b**, Genotyping PCRs for the wild-type, *Fanca*<sup>-</sup> and *Fanca*<sup>fl</sup> alleles with primers FL033, FL040 and En2A; showing bands of the expected sizes. **c**, Western blot (single experiment) showing complete absence of FANCA protein in the spleens of *Fanca*<sup>-/-</sup> and *Fanca*<sup>fl/-</sup> Vav1-iCre mice. For gel source data, see Supplementary Fig. 1. **d**, Determination of the number of exon 3 copies by quantitative

PCR. Wild-type, *Fanca*<sup>+/-</sup> and *Fanca*<sup>Δ/Δ</sup> mice carry 2, 1 and 0 copies, respectively. *Fanca*<sup>fl</sup> Vav1-iCre mice show tissue-specific deletion of exon 3 in white blood cells (WBCs) and bone marrow (n = 4 technical replicates; bars: mean, s.d.). **e**, Microscopic analysis of haematoxylin and eosin-stained sections of testes (original magnification, ×50) from wild-type, *Fanca*<sup>-/-</sup>, *Fanca*<sup>fl/fl</sup> and *Fanca*<sup>Δ/Δ</sup> males at 12 weeks, showing impaired spermatogenesis in testes of *Fanca*<sup>-/-</sup> and *Fanca*<sup>Δ/Δ</sup> mice (one experiment). **f**, Sensitivity assay of transformed mouse-embryonic fibroblasts (MEFs) derived from *Fanca*<sup>-/-</sup>, *Fanca*<sup>fl/fl</sup> and *Fanca*<sup>Δ/Δ</sup> embryos, showing hypersensitivity of both *Fanca*<sup>-/-</sup> and *Fanca*<sup>Δ/Δ</sup> cells to the cross-linking agent mitomycin C (n = number of experiments, each carried out in quadruplicate; bars: mean, s.e.m.).