# IRevolution: A Data-driven Exploration of Apple's iPhone Impact in India

#### **TEAM MEMBERS:**

- 1.SABARINATHAN P
- 2.RAMYA S
- **3.HARIKANTH V**
- **4.VIMALNATH K**

#### INDEX

s.no	TITLE	PAGE NO
1	Introduction	1
2	Problem Definition and Design Thinking	3
3	Result	5
4	Advantages and Disadvantages	14
5	Application	16
6	Conclusion	18
7	Future Scope	19
8	Appendix	21

# \* INTRODUCTION

One year after Apple Inc. CEO Steve Jobs announced the company's industry-changing iPhone on

January 9, 2007, at the Macworld convention in San Francisco, the share price of Apple's stock has more

than doubled to a January 9, 2008, value of \$179.40 (See Chart 1). This stock price incorporates all of

Apple's business, but a large part of the rise in value can be attributed to the launch of the cutting-edge

iPhone, of which four million have already been sold through mid-January 2008 (Carew, 2008). Based on

this simple observation of the stock price, the iPhone can so far be declared a success, at least from a

shareholder standpoint. This paper will explore both the pre- and postlaunch activities surrounding the

iPhone to explain why it was such a success for the stockholders and why Apple's reputation for

unparalleled marketing success is deserved.

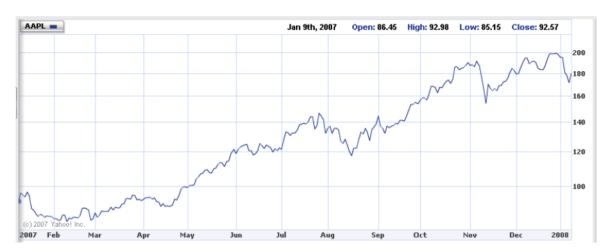


Chart 1: This chart depicts the astounding growth of Apple's stock from January 9, 2007, to January 9, 2008.

#### **\* PURPOSE:**

The world has changed as a consequence of the increasing use of smartphones, which have improved communication, connected people, and revolutionized many different businesses. With its main product, the iPhone, capturing markets around the world, Apple Inc. has emerged as a prominent player among the top smartphone makers. India, one of the economies with the greatest economic growth, has seen a tremendous increase in smartphone usage, making it an interesting market to study the effects of Apple's iPhone.

In order to shed light on important factors like market penetration, customer preferences, economic ramifications, and societal changes, this research report will perform a data-driven investigation of the impact of the iPhone in India. This study will offer invaluable insights into the transformative impact of the iPhone on India's technological landscape and the lives of its consumers by using advanced data analytics techniques and analyzing large datasets

Apple has a special chance to increase its market share and develop a significant presence in India thanks to the country's large population and rising smartphone adoption. Each new iPhone model unveiling generates excitement and anticipation among Indian buyers. By utilizing the plethora of information



#### Problem Understanding:

Your iPhone is designed to deliver an experience that is simple and easy to use. This is only possible through a combination of advanced technologies and sophisticated engineering. One important technology area is battery and performance. Batteries are a complex technology, and a number of variables contribute to battery performance and related iPhone performance. All rechargeable batteries are consumables and have a limited lifespan – eventually their capacity and performance decline such that they need to be replaced. Battery aging can contribute to changes in iPhone performance. We created this information for those who would like to learn more.

#### **About lithium-ion batteries**

iPhone batteries use lithium-ion technology. Compared with older generations of battery technology, lithium-ion batteries charge faster, last longer and have a higher power density, giving more battery life in a lighter package. Rechargeable lithium-ion technology currently provides the best technology for your device. Find out more about lithium-ion batteries.



#### When batteries chemically age

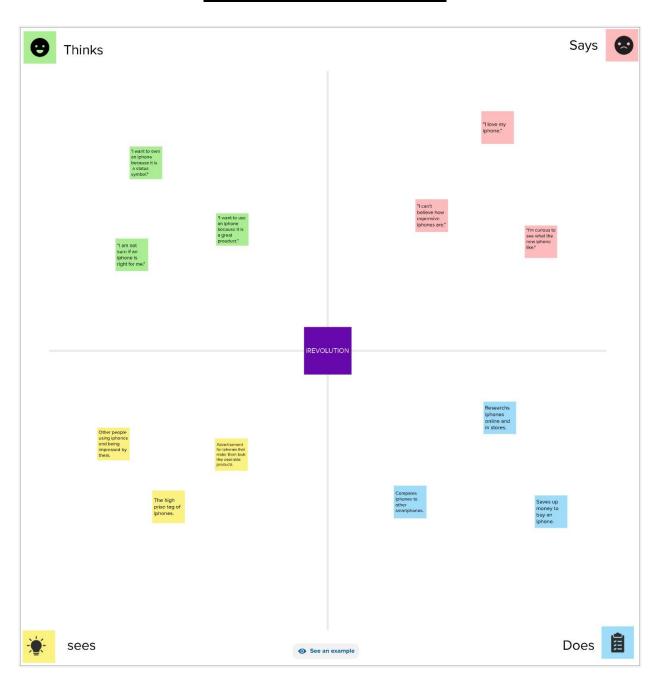
All rechargeable batteries are consumable components that become less effective as they chemically age.



As lithium-ion batteries chemically age,
the amount of charge they can hold diminishes,
resulting in shorter amounts of time before a device needs to be
recharged.

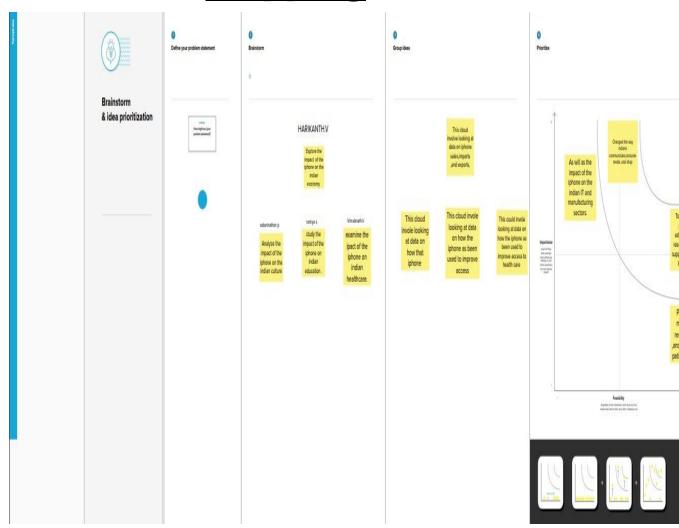
# 1.PROBLEM DEFINITION AND DESIGN THINKING

# **EMPATHY MAP**



# 2. Ideation & Brainstorming

# **Mapping**



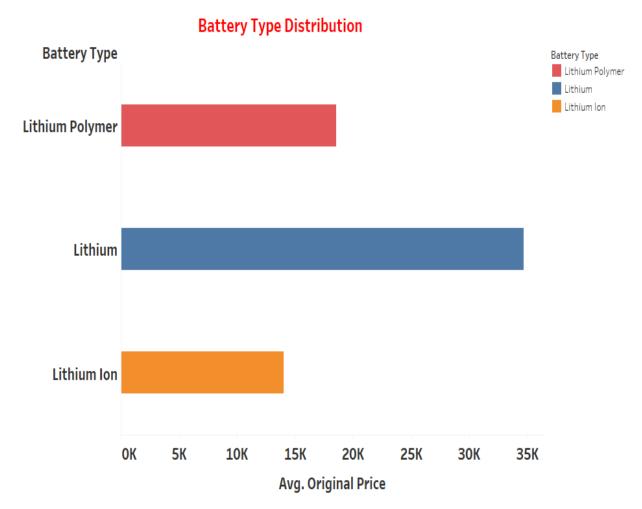
# KPI

Brand	Discoun	Mrp	Sale Pri	Star Rat
Apple	0	77,000	77,000	5

Discount Percentage, Mrp, Sale Price and Star Rating broken down by Brand. The data is filtered on Upc, which keeps MOBEXRGVZFZGZEWV.

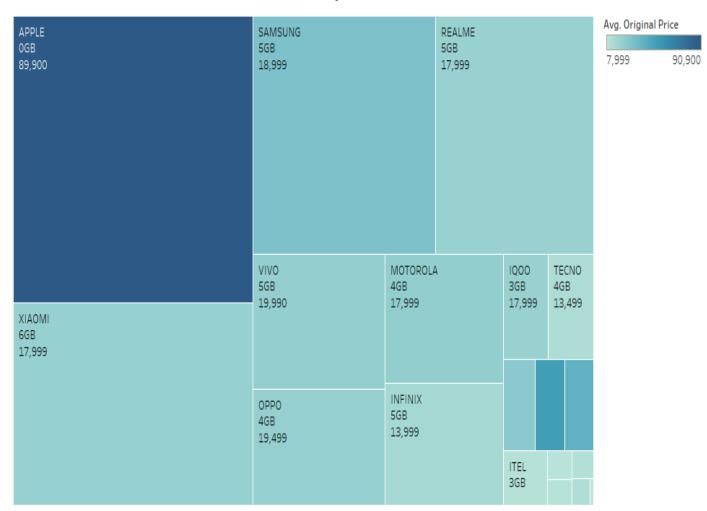
Model	Processor	Mode Front Ca	l Specifi	Cation		■ Black
APPLE IPHONE 12	A Bionic Chip with Next Generation Neural Engine	12MP	12MP+ 12MP	Black	199,700	Blue
				Blue	59,900	
APPLE IPHONE 12 MINI	A Bionic Chip with Next Generation Neural Engine	12MP	12MP+ 12MP	Black	74,900	
				Blue	74,900	

Sum of Original Price broken down by Model, Processor, Front Camera, Rear Camera and Colour. Color shows details about Colour. The data is filtered on Brand, which keeps APPLE. The view is filtered on Colour and Processor. The Colour filter keeps Aqua Blue, Black, Blue, Cool Blue and Couture Blue. The Processor filter keeps A Bionic Chip with Next Generation Neural Engine.



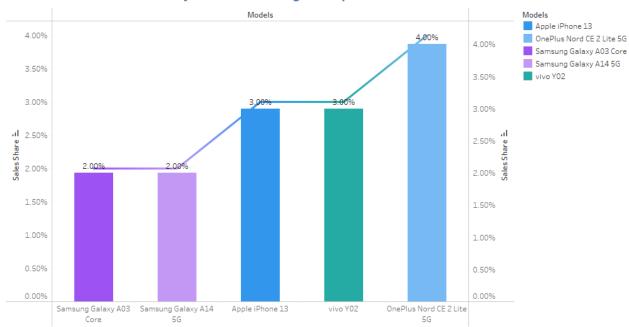
Average of Original Price for each Battery Type. Color shows details about Battery Type. The data is filtered on Brand, which keeps MOTOROLA. The view is filtered on Battery Type, which keeps Lithium, Lithium Ion and Lithium Polymer.

#### **Brand Price Comparison**

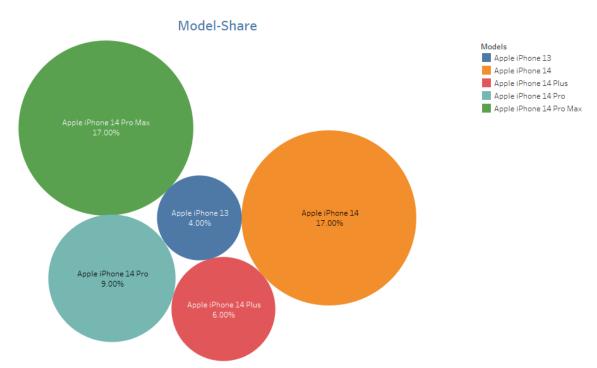


Brand, distinct count of Memory and median of Original Price. Color shows average of Original Price. Size shows sum of Original Price. The marks are labeled by Brand, distinct count of Memory and median of Original Price.

#### **Country Wise Best Selling Smartphone**

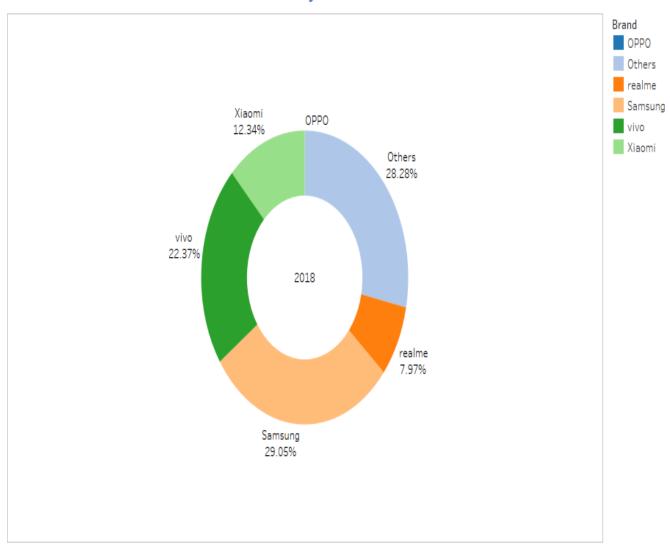


The trends of sum of Sales Share and sum of Sales Share for Models. Color shows details about Models. For pane Sum of Sales Share (2): The marks are labeled by sum of Sales Share. The data is filtered on Country, which keeps India.

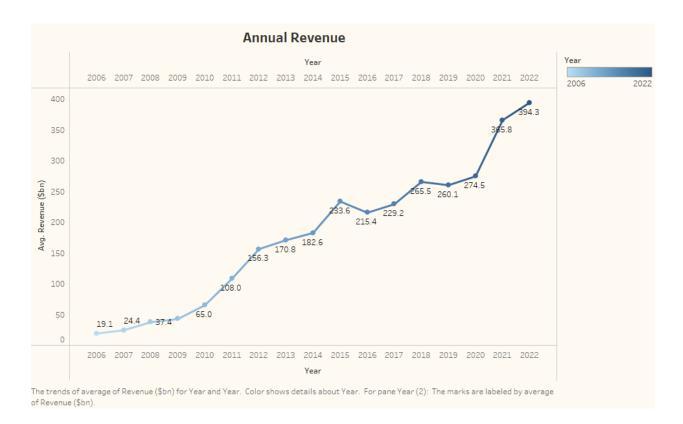


 $Models\ and\ Sales\ Share.\ Color\ shows\ details\ about\ Models.\ Size\ shows\ sum\ of\ Sales\ Share.\ The\ marks\ are\ labeled\ by\ Models\ and\ Sales\ Share.$ 

#### **Quarterly-Share**



SUM(0) and SUM(0). For pane SUM(0): Color shows details about Brand. The marks are labeled by Brand and % of Total Annual Share. For pane SUM(0) (2): The marks are labeled by Year as an attribute. The data is filtered on Year, which keeps 2018.



#### **GMS**



Map based on Longitude (generated) and Latitude (generated). Color shows details about Country. The marks are labeled by Country, Models and Sales Share. Details are shown for Country. The view is filtered on Country, which keeps India.

# KPI 2

Revenue Generated	Units sold (mm)	Active Users (mm)
205	232	1,334

 $Revenue\ Generated,\ Units\ sold\ (mm)\ and\ Active\ Users\ (mm).\ The\ data\ is\ filtered\ on\ Year,\ which\ keeps\ 2022.$ 



