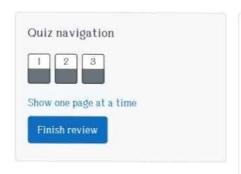
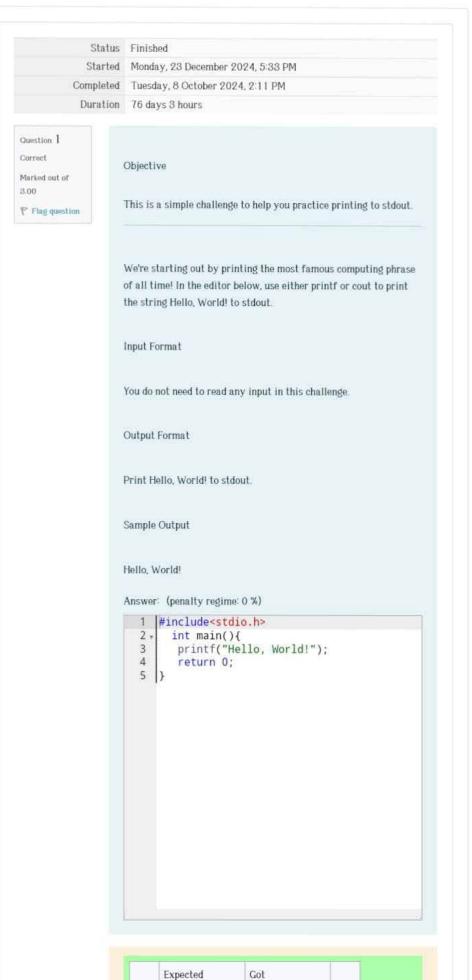
GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

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Hello, World! Hello, World! 🗸

Passed all tests! <

Ouestion 2
Correct
Marked out of 5,00

F Flag question

Objective

This challenge will help you to learn how to take a character, a string and a sentence as input in C.

To take a single character ch as input, you can use scanf("%c", &ch); and printf("%c", ch) writes a character specified by the argument char to stdout:

```
char ch;
scanf("%c", &ch);
printf("%c", ch);
```

This piece of code prints the character ch.

Task

You have to print the character, ch.

Input Format

Take a character, ch as input.

Output Format

Print the character, ch.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    char ch;
    scanf("%c",&ch);
    printf("%c",ch);
    return 0;
}
```



Passed all tests! 🗸

Ouestion 3
Correct
Marked out of

Fing question

Objective

The fundamental data types in c are int, float and char. Today, we're discussing int and float data types.

The printf() function prints the given statement to the console. The syntax is printf(*format string*,argument_list);. In the function, if we are using an integer, character, string or float as argument, then in the format string we have to write %d (integer), %c (character), %s (string), %f (float) respectively.

The scanf() function reads the input data from the console. The syntax is scanf("format string",argument_list); For ex:
The scanf("%d",&number) statement reads integer number from the console and stores the given value in variable number.

To input two integers separated by a space on a single line, the command is scanf("%d %d", &n, &m), where n and m are the two integers.

Task

Your task is to take two numbers of int data type, two numbers of float data type as input and output their sum:

- 1. Declare 4 variables: two of type int and two of type float.
- Read 2 lines of input from stdin (according to the sequence given in the 'Input Format' section below) and initialize your 4 variables.
- 3. Use the + and operator to perform the following operations:
- o Print the sum and difference of two int variable on a new line.
- Print the sum and difference of two float variable rounded to one decimal place on a new line.

Input Format

The first line contains two integers.

The second line contains two floating point numbers.

Constraints

- 1 ≤ integer variables ≤ 10⁴
- 1 ≤ float variables ≤ 104

Output Format

Print the sum and difference of both integers separated by a space on the first line, and the sum and difference of both float (scaled to 1 decimal place) separated by a space on the second line.

Sample Output

146

6.0 2.0

Explanation

When we sum the integers 10 and 4, we get the integer 14. When we subtract the second number 4 from the first number 10, we get 6 as their difference.

When we sum the floating-point numbers 4.0 and 2.0, we get 6.0. When we subtract the second number 2.0 from the first number 4.0, we get 2.0 as their difference.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2
3  int main(){
   int a,b;
   float c,d;
   scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
   scanf("%f %f",&c,&d);
   printf("%d %d\n",a+b,a-b);
   printf("%0.1f %0.1f",c+d,c-d);
   return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	10 4 4.0 2.0	14 6 6.0 2.0	14 6 6.0 2.0	~
~	20 8 8.0 4.0	28 12 12.0 4.0	28 12 12.0 4.0	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Finish review