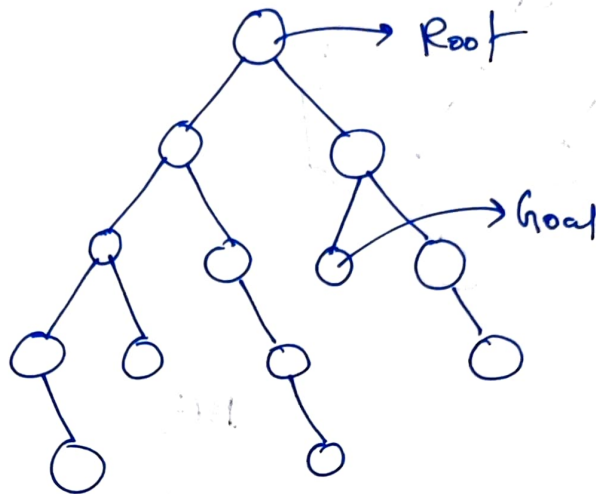


Assignment - 1

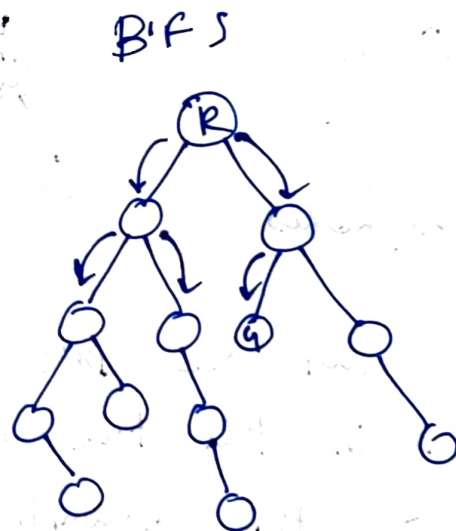
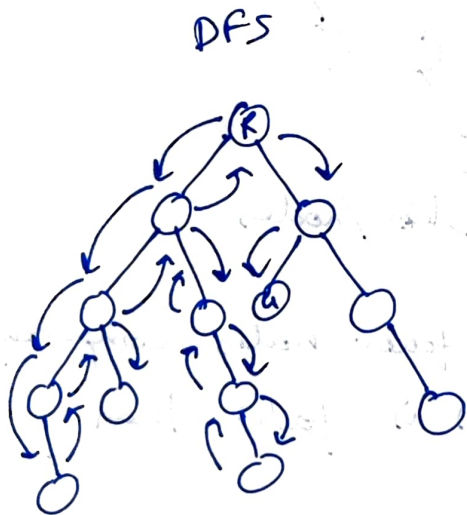
Graph Search

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① Given Tree:

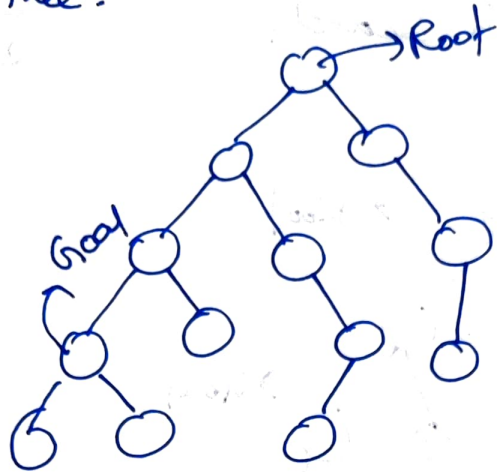


If DFS and BFS picks elements from left to right
BFS will reach the goal node faster than DFS.

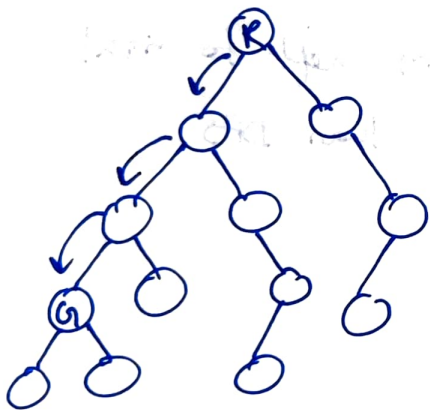


As we can DFS performs more steps compared to BFS in this example, BFS reaches the goal node faster.

②

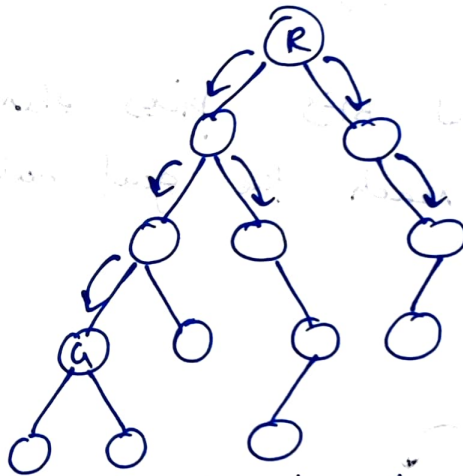


DFS



3 steps/nodes

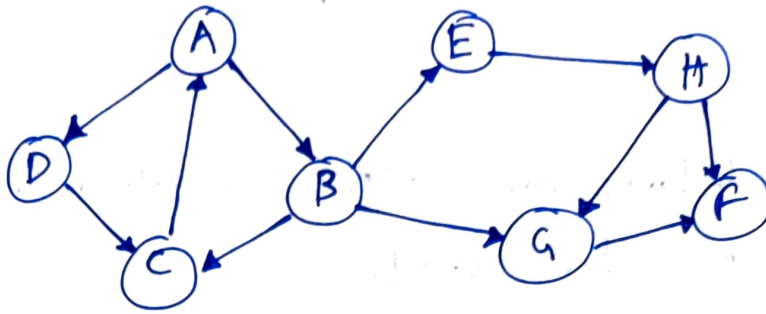
BFS



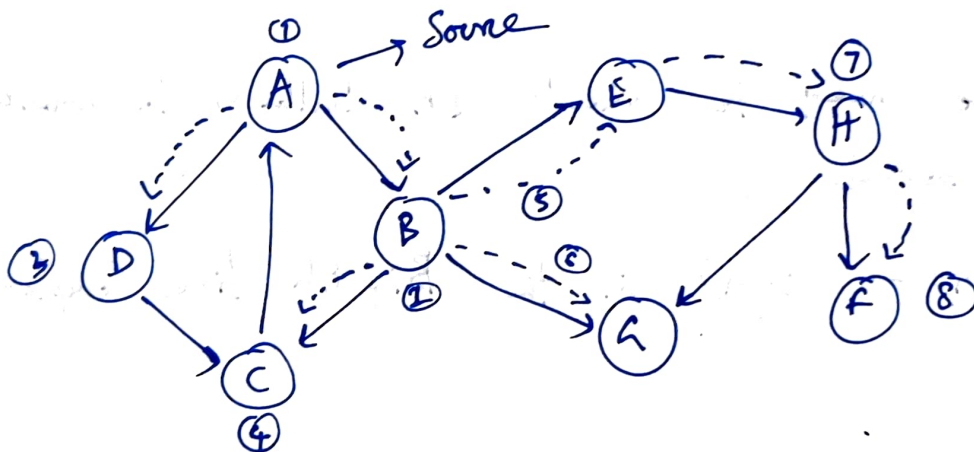
6 steps/nodes

As we can see DFS visited fewer nodes compared to BFS in this tree so, DFS is faster than BFS in this example.

③ Given Graph:

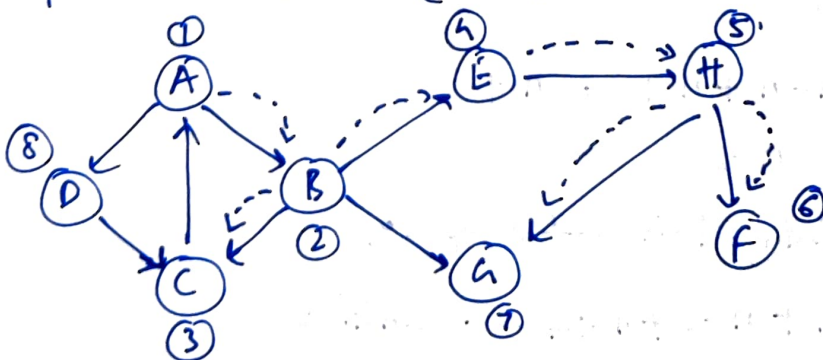


i) Breadth First Search (BFS):



BFS order: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow D \rightarrow C \rightarrow E \rightarrow G \rightarrow H \rightarrow F$

2) Depth First Search (DFS):



DFS order: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow E \rightarrow H \rightarrow F \rightarrow G \rightarrow D$

⑦ a)

let 'n' be the number of balloons on the board

if 2 balloons are shot one balloon is replaced on the board.

$$\Rightarrow n - 2 + 1 \Rightarrow n - 1$$

So, One balloon is removed ^{for} every 2 balloons shot

So we need to shoot $2n$ balloons to empty the board.

$O(2n) \rightarrow O(n)$ is the Big Oh time Complexity.

b) let 'n' be the no. balloons on the board.

for every n balloons shot $n-1$ balloons are replaced in the board.

$$\Rightarrow n = n - n + n - 1 = n - 1$$

$$n - 1 = n - 2$$

\Rightarrow Similarly, this adds up to,

$$\Rightarrow n + n - 1 + n - 2 + n - 3 + \dots \text{until } 0$$

So $\Rightarrow \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ balloons need to be shot

$O\left(\frac{n^2+n}{2}\right) = O(n^2)$. Big Oh (n^2) time Complexity.