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Lab Exercise 5: 2D Transformations in C++ using OpenGL

Aim:

To apply the following 2D transformations on objects and to render the final output along with the original object.

- 1) Translation 2) Rotation
- a) about origin
- b) with respect to a fixed point (xr,yr) 3) Scaling with respect to
- a) origin Uniform Vs Differential Scaling
- b) fixed point (xf,yf) 4) Reflection with respect to
- a) x-axis
- b) y-axis
- c) origin
- d) the line x=y
- 5) Shearing
- a) x-direction shear
- b) y-direction shear

Algorithm:

Application of a sequence of transformations to a point:

P' = M2.M1.P

= M.P

Composite transformations are formed by calculating the matrix product of the individual transformations and forming products of the transformation matrix.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <iostream>
#include<GLUT/glut.h>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
void plot(int x1,int x2,int y1, int y2)
{
glBegin(GL_LINES);
glVertex2i(x1,y1);
glVertex2i(x2, y2);
glEnd();
}
void mylnit (void)
glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0);
glColor3f(0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
glPointSize(4.0);
glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
glLoadIdentity();
gluOrtho2D(-320.0,320.0,-240.0,240.0); }
void matmul(float M[3][3],int P[3][2],float res[3][2]){ res[0][0]=0;res[1][0]=0;res[2][0]=0;
res[0][1]=0;res[1][1]=0;res[2][1]=0;
for(int i=0; i<3; i++){
```

```
for(int j=0; j<2; j++){
for(int k=0; k<3; k++){
res[i][j]+=M[i][k]*P[k][j];
}
}
}
}
void matmul2(float A[][3],float B[][3],float M[][3])\{ for(int i=0;i<3;i++) \}
for(int j=0;j<3;j++){
for(int k=0; k<3; k++){
M[i][j]+=A[i][k]*B[k][j];
}
}
}
}
void matmul3(float M[][3],int P[3][4],float res[3][4]){ res[0][0]=0;res[1][0]=0;res[2][0]=0;
res[0][1]=0;res[1][1]=0;res[2][1]=0;
res[0][2]=0;res[1][2]=0;res[2][2]=0;
res[0][3]=0;res[1][3]=0;res[2][3]=0;
for(int i=0; i<3; i++){
for(int j=0; j<4; j++){
for(int k=0; k<3; k++){
res[i][j]+=M[i][k]*P[k][j];
}
```

```
}
}
void translate(int x1,int y1,int x2,int y2,int tx,int ty){
plot(x1,x2,y1,y2);
int hom[3][2];
hom[0][0]=x1;hom[1][0]=y1;hom[2][0]=1;
hom[0][1] = x2; hom[1][1] = y2; hom[2][1] = 1;\\
float T[3][3];
T[0][0]=1;
T[0][1]=0;
T[0][2]=tx;
T[1][0]=0;
T[1][1]=1;
T[1][2]=ty;
T[2][0]=0;
T[2][1]=0;
T[2][2]=1;
float res[3][2];
matmul(T,hom,res);
plot((int)round(res[0][0]),(int)round(res[1][1]),(int)round(res[1][0]),(int)round(res[1][1])); }
void rotation(int x1,int y1,int x2,int y2,int tx,int ty){
plot(x1,x2,y1,y2);
int hom[3][2];
hom[0][0]=x1;hom[1][0]=y1;hom[2][0]=1;
hom[0][1]=x2;hom[1][1]=y2;hom[2][1]=1;
```

```
float T[3][3]=\{0.0\};
T[0][0]=1;
T[0][1]=0;
T[0][2]=tx;
T[1][0]=0;
T[1][1]=1;
T[1][2]=ty;
T[2][0]=0;
T[2][1]=0;
T[2][2]=1;
float rad;
cout<<"Enter angle in radians:";cin>>rad;
float T2[3][3];
T2[0][0]=cos(rad);
T2[0][1]=-sin(rad);
T2[0][2]=0;
T2[1][0]=sin(rad);
T2[1][1]=cos(rad);
T2[1][2]=0;
T2[2][0]=0;
T2[2][1]=0;
T2[2][2]=1;
float res[3][2]=\{0.0\},M[3][3]=\{0.0\},M2[3][3]=\{0.0\};
matmul2(T,T2,M);
```

T[0][0]=1;

```
T[0][1]=0;
T[0][2]=-tx;
T[1][0]=0;
T[1][1]=1;
T[1][2]=-ty;
T[2][0]=0;
T[2][1]=0;
T[2][2]=1;
matmul2(M, T,M2);
matmul(M2, hom, res);
plot((int)round(res[0][0]),(int)round(res[1][1]),(int)round(res[1][0]),(int)round(res[1][1])); }
void scaling(int x1,int y1,int x2,int y2,int tx,int ty){
plot(x1,x2,y1,y2);
int hom[3][2];
hom[0][0]=x1;hom[1][0]=y1;hom[2][0]=1;
hom[0][1]=x2;hom[1][1]=y2;hom[2][1]=1;
float T[3][3]=\{0.0\};
T[0][0]=1;
T[0][1]=0;
T[0][2]=tx;
T[1][0]=0;
T[1][1]=1;
T[1][2]=ty;
T[2][0]=0;
```

T[2][1]=0;

```
T[2][2]=1;
float sx,sy;
cout<<"Enter sx,sy:";cin>>sx>>sy;
float T2[3][3];
T2[0][0]=sx;
T2[0][1]=0;
T2[0][2]=0;
T2[1][0]=0;
T2[1][1]=sy;
T2[1][2]=0;
T2[2][0]=0;
T2[2][1]=0;
T2[2][2]=1;
float res[3][2]={0.0},M[3][3]={0.0},M2[3][3]={0.0};
matmul2(T,T2,M);
T[0][0]=1;
T[0][1]=0;
T[0][2]=-tx;
T[1][0]=0;
T[1][1]=1;
T[1][2]=-ty;
T[2][0]=0;
T[2][1]=0;
T[2][2]=1;
```

matmul2(M, T,M2);

```
matmul(M2, hom, res);
plot((int)round(res[0][0]),(int)round(res[1][1]),(int)round(res[1][0]),(int)round(res[1][1])); }
void reflection(int x1,int y1,int x2,int y2){
plot(x1,x2,y1,y2);
int hom[3][2];
hom[0][0]=x1;hom[1][0]=y1;hom[2][0]=1;
hom[0][1]=x2;hom[1][1]=y2;hom[2][1]=1;
float T[3][3]=\{0.0\};
T[0][0]=1;
T[0][1]=0;
T[0][2]=0;
T[1][0]=0;
T[1][1]=-1;
T[1][2]=0;
T[2][0]=0;
T[2][1]=0;
T[2][2]=1;
float res[3][2]={0.0};
matmul(T, hom, res);
plot((int)round(res[0][0]),(int)round(res[0][1]),(int)round(res[1][0]),(int)round(res[1][1]));\\
T[0][0]=-1;
T[0][1]=0;
T[0][2]=0;
T[1][0]=0;
T[1][1]=1;
```

```
T[1][2]=0;
T[2][0]=0;
T[2][1]=0;
T[2][2]=1;
matmul(T, hom, res);
plot((int)round(res[0][0]),(int)round(res[0][1]),(int)round(res[1][0]),(int)round(res[1][1]));\\
T[0][0]=-1;
T[0][1]=0;
T[0][2]=0;
T[1][0]=0;
T[1][1]=-1;
T[1][2]=0;
T[2][0]=0;
T[2][1]=0;
T[2][2]=1;
matmul(T, hom, res);
plot((int)round(res[0][0]),(int)round(res[0][1]),(int)round(res[1][0]),(int)round(res[1][1]));\\
T[0][0]=0;
T[0][1]=1;
T[0][2]=0;
T[1][0]=1;
T[1][1]=0;
T[1][2]=0;
T[2][0]=0;
T[2][1]=0;
```

```
T[2][2]=1;
matmul(T, hom, res);
plot((int)round(res[0][0]),(int)round(res[1][1]),(int)round(res[1][0]),(int)round(res[1][1])); }
void shearing(int x1,int y1,int x2,int y2,int x3,int y3,int x4,int y4){ glBegin(GL_QUADS);
glVertex2d(x1, y1);
glVertex2d(x2, y2);
glVertex2d(x3, y3);
glVertex2d(x4, y4);
glEnd();
int hom[3][4];
hom[0][0]=x1;hom[1][0]=y1;hom[2][0]=1;
hom[0][1]=x2;hom[1][1]=y2;hom[2][1]=1;
hom[0][2]=x3;hom[1][2]=y3;hom[2][2]=1;
hom[0][3]=x4;hom[1][3]=y4;hom[2][3]=1;
float shx,shy;
cout<<"Enter shx,shy:";</pre>
cin>>shx>>shy;
float T[3][3]=\{0.0\};
T[0][0]=1;
T[0][1]=shx;
T[0][2]=0;
T[1][0]=0;
T[1][1]=1;
T[1][2]=0;
```

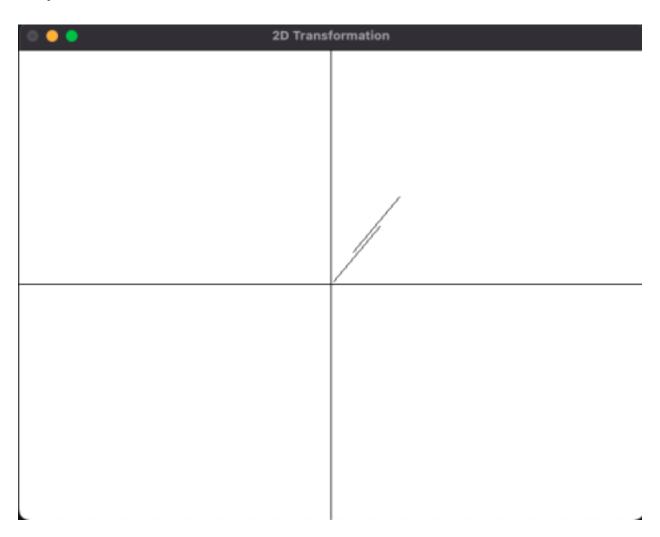
T[2][0]=0;

```
T[2][1]=0;
T[2][2]=1;
float res[3][4]=\{0.0\};
matmul3(T, hom, res);
glBegin(GL_QUADS);
glVertex2d((int)round(res[0][0]), (int)round(res[1][0]));
glVertex2d((int)round(res[0][1]), (int)round(res[1][1]));
glVertex2d((int)round(res[0][2]), (int)round(res[1][2]));
glVertex2d((int)round(res[0][3]), (int)round(res[1][3]));
glEnd();
T[0][0]=1;
T[0][1]=0;
T[0][2]=0;
T[1][0]=shy;
T[1][1]=1;
T[1][2]=0;
T[2][0]=0;
T[2][1]=0;
T[2][2]=1;
matmul3(T, hom, res);
glBegin(GL_QUADS);
glVertex2d((int)round(res[0][0]), (int)round(res[1][0])); glVertex2d((int)round(res[0][1]),
(int)round(res[1][1])); gIVertex2d((int)round(res[0][2]), (int)round(res[1][2]));
glVertex2d((int)round(res[0][3]), (int)round(res[1][3])); glEnd();
}
void myDisplay(void)
```

```
{
glClear (GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
glColor3f (0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
glPointSize(1.0);
glBegin(GL_LINES);
glVertex2i(-320, 0);
glVertex2i(320, 0);
glEnd();
glBegin(GL_LINES);
glVertex2i(0, -240);
glVertex2i(0,240);
glEnd();
int x1,x2,y1,y2;
cout << "X-coordinate 1 : "; cin >> x1;
cout << "\nY-coordinate 1 : "; cin >> y1;
cout << "X-coordinate 2 : "; cin >> x2;
cout << "\nY-coordinate 2 : "; cin >> y2;
int tx,ty;
// cout<<"Enter tx,ty:";cin>>tx;cin>>ty;
// translate(x1,y1,x2,y2,tx,ty);
//rotation
// rotation(x1,y1,x2,y2,tx,ty);
//scaling
// scaling(x1,y1,x2,y2,tx,ty);
//reflection
```

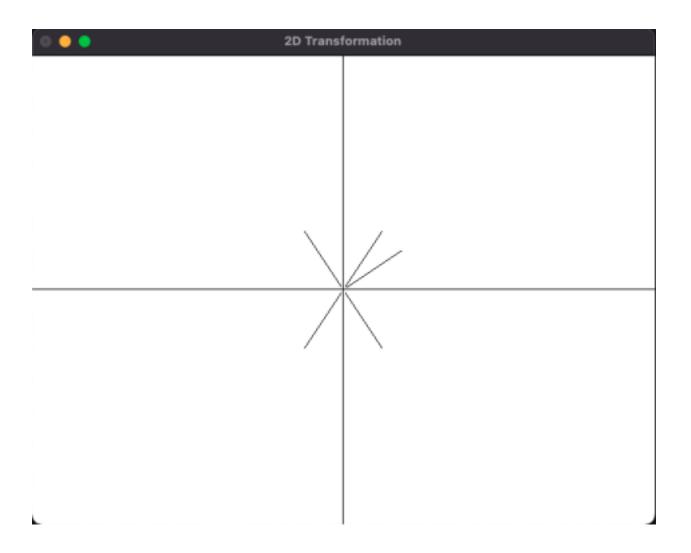
```
// reflection(x1,y1,x2,y2);
//shearing
int x3,y3,x4,y4;
cout<<"X-coordinate 3";
cin>>x3;
cout<<"Y-coordinate 3";</pre>
cin>>y3;
cout<<"X-coordinate 4";</pre>
cin>>x4;
cout<<"Y-coordinate 4";</pre>
cin>>y4;
shearing(x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3,x4,y4);
glFlush ();
}
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
glutInit(&argc, argv);
glutInitDisplayMode \ (GLUT\_SINGLE \ | \ GLUT\_RGB);
glutInitWindowSize (640, 480);
// glutInitWindowPosition (100, 150);
glutCreateWindow ("2D Transformation");
glutDisplayFunc(myDisplay);
mylnit ();
glutMainLoop();
return 0;
```

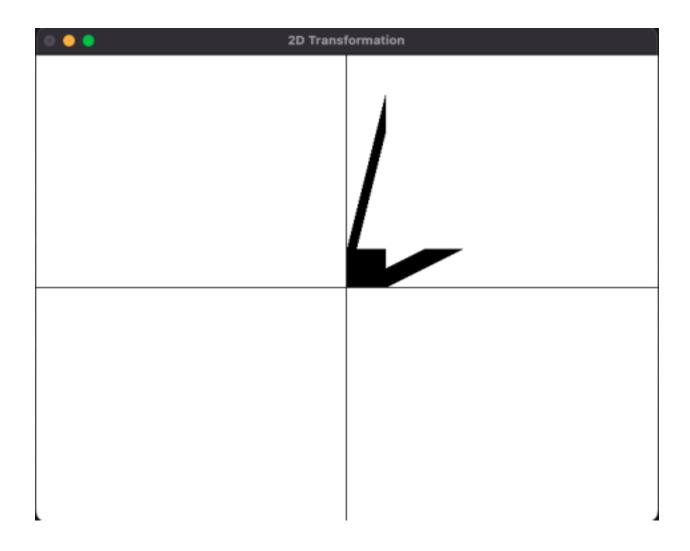
Output:

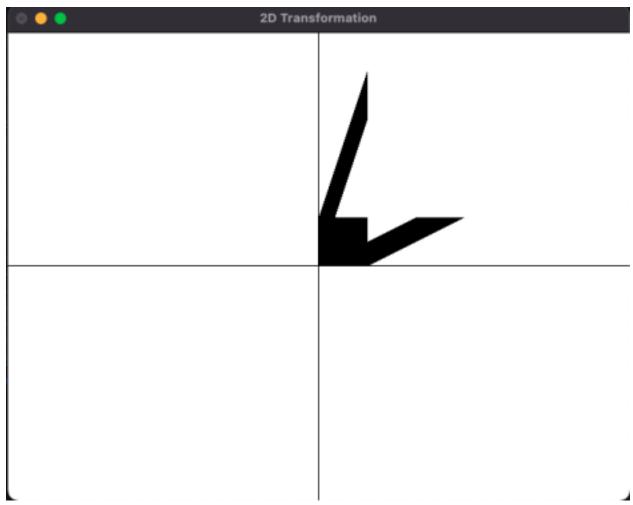


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O O O 2D Transi	formation







Learning Outcome:

Learnt to do composite transformations.

Learnt to do translation, reflection, shearing, rotation and scaling.