

Name : Sabarivasan V
Class : CSE - B
Reg no : 205001085

Assignment - 6

Qn 1: Strassen Multiplication of Matrices

Code:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import math

steps = 1

def split(matrix):
    global steps
    row, col = matrix.shape
    row2, col2 = row//2, col//2
    steps+=row*row
    return matrix[:row2, :col2], matrix[:row2, col2:], matrix[row2:, :col2],
matrix[row2:, col2:]

def strassen7(x, y):
    global steps
    if len(x) == 1:
        return x * y
    a, b, c, d = split(x)
    e, f, g, h = split(y)
    p1 = strassen7(a, f - h)
    p2 = strassen7(a + b, h)
    p3 = strassen7(c + d, e)
    p4 = strassen7(d, g - e)
    p5 = strassen7(a + d, e + h)
    p6 = strassen7(b - d, g + h)
    p7 = strassen7(a - c, e + f)

    c11 = p5 + p4 - p2 + p6
    c12 = p1 + p2
    c21 = p3 + p4
    c22 = p1 + p5 - p3 - p7
    steps+=7
```

```

    c = np.vstack((np.hstack((c11, c12)), np.hstack((c21, c22))))
    return c

def strassen(x, y):
    global steps
    if len(x) == 1:
        return x * y
    a, b, c, d = split(x)
    e, f, g, h = split(y)

    p1 = strassen(a,e)
    p2 = strassen(b,g)
    p3 = strassen(a,f)
    p4 = strassen(b,h)
    p5 = strassen(c,e)
    p6 = strassen(d,g)
    p7 = strassen(c,f)
    p8 = strassen(d,h)

    c11 = p1+p2
    c12 = p3+p4
    c21 = p5+p6
    c22 = p7+p8
    steps+=8

    c = np.vstack((np.hstack((c11, c12)), np.hstack((c21, c22))))
    return c

mat2 = [[1 for i in range(2)] for j in range(2)]
mat4 = [[1 for i in range(4)] for j in range(4)]
mat8 = [[1 for i in range(8)] for j in range(8)]
mat16 = [[1 for i in range(16)] for j in range(16)]

mat2 = np.array(mat2)
mat4 = np.array(mat4)
mat8 = np.array(mat8)
mat16 = np.array(mat16)

x = [i for i in [2,4,8,16]]

```

```

y1 = []
y2 = []

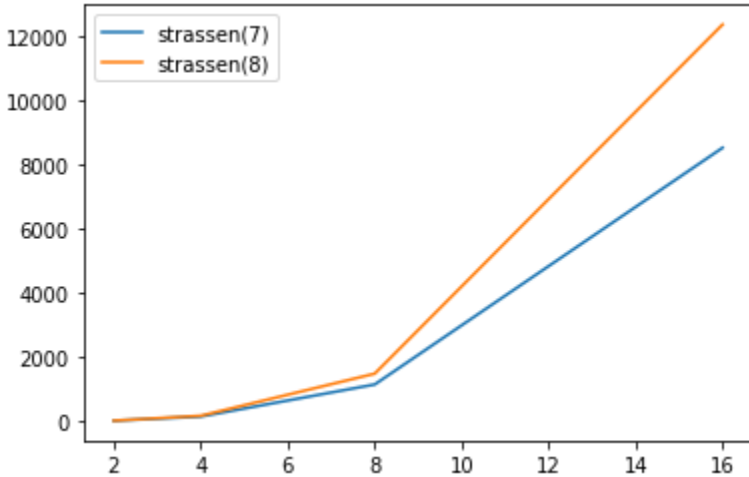
mat = [mat2,mat4,mat8,mat16]

for i in range(4):
    strassen7(mat[i],mat[i])
    y1.append(steps)
    steps=1
    strassen(mat[i],mat[i])
    y2.append(steps)
    steps=1

plt.plot(x,y1,label="strassen(7) ")
plt.plot(x,y2,label="strassen(8) ")
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```

Output:



Qn 2: Quick Sort

Code:

```

# Quick sort in Python
steps = 0
# function to find the partition position
def partition(array, low, high):
    global steps
    # choose the rightmost element as pivot

```

```

pivot = array[high]

# pointer for greater element
i = low - 1

# traverse through all elements
# compare each element with pivot
for j in range(low, high):
    if array[j] <= pivot:
        # if element smaller than pivot is found
        # swap it with the greater element pointed by i
        i = i + 1
        steps+=1

        # swapping element at i with element at j
        (array[i], array[j]) = (array[j], array[i])

# swap the pivot element with the greater element specified by i
(array[i + 1], array[high]) = (array[high], array[i + 1])
steps+=1
# return the position from where partition is done
return i + 1

# function to perform quicksort
def quickSort(array, low, high):
    if low < high:

        # find pivot element such that
        # element smaller than pivot are on the left
        # element greater than pivot are on the right
        pi = partition(array, low, high)

        # recursive call on the left of pivot
        quickSort(array, low, pi - 1)

        # recursive call on the right of pivot
        quickSort(array, pi + 1, high)

def gen_arrays():

```

```
global steps
x=[]
y=[]
for i in range(1,101):
    arr = np.random.randint(0,1000,size=(i))
    quickSort(arr,0,len(arr)-1)
    y.append(i)
    x.append(steps)
    steps = 0
plt.plot(y,x)
plt.show()

gen_arrays()
```

Output:

