

Most importants:

- ***** (01) A Tea Stall (J.B-06, 08, S.B-11, 19, B.B-09,24, Din.B-13, D.B-15, 24, Ch.B-20, M.B-22)
- ***** (02) A Street Hawker (C.B-05, 08, 17, 23, D.B-09,16, J.B-09, 23, B.B-11, R.B-15, S.B-20)
- ***** (03) The Life of a Fisherman (B.B-07, C.B-10, J.B-10, Din. B-10, S.B-05, R.B-17)
- ***** (04) A Street Accident (Ch. B-07, 09, 20, 24, S.B-11, B.B-12, 17, D.B-20, C.B-19, 20)
- ***** (05) Our National Flag (D.B-07, C.B-16, Ch. B-17, J.B-19, R.B-23,24, M.B-24, S.B-24)
- ***** (06) A Rainy Day (S.B-08,15, J.B-11, 15, C.B-11, R.B-19,24)
- ***** (07) A Rickshaw Puller (B.B-10, 15, D.B-17, Ch. B-23)
- ***** (08) The Importance of Learning English (J.B-23)
- ***** (09) The Importance of Early Rising (B.B-12, Ch.B-17, J.B-20, 22, S.B-23)
- ***** (10) Water Pollution (D.B-05, 19, R.B-05,16, C.B-15,22, Din.B-20, 22)

To avoid risk:

- ***** (11) Air Pollution (D.B-07,16)
- ***** (12) A Day Labourer (C.B-07, Ch. B-12, B.B-17)
- *** (13) Dengue Fever (R.B-19)
- *** (14) The Importance of Learning Computer (B.B-24)
- *** (15) Drug Addiction (C.B-20)

Less important:

- 16. Traffic Jam
- 17. A School Magazine
- 18. Tree Plantation
- 19. The Life of a Farmer
- 20. Bad Effects of Smoking
- 21. A Winter Morning
- 22. My Visit to a Book Fair
- 23. Deforestation
- 24. Environmental Pollution
- 25. My Last Day at School
- 26. Your Aim in Life/Future Plan

Paragraph (প্যারাগ্রাফ) লেখার সহজ টিপস :

- পুরো Paragraph একটি প্যারায় লিখতে হবে।
- বোর্ডের প্রশ্নে 180- 250 words-এ Paragraph লিখতে বলা হয়।

1. Write a paragraph on 'A Tea Stall'.

Ans.

A Tea Stall

A tea stall is a small shop. Tea is mainly sold here for the passers-by. It is a common place to all classes of people. It is usually found at the **turn** (মোড়) of the road, bus stands, railway stations, bazars or even beside offices where the common people are available. It opens early in the morning and closes at late night. Biscuits, bread, bananas, **betel leaf** (পান পাতা) and different kinds of handmade snacks are also available there. A tea stall is furnished with some benches and tables. A boy is employed in a tea stall to serve the people. The manager generally sits beside the cash box inside his tea stall. He receives money from the customers. He also looks after the overall management of it. People who come to a tea stall usually do not leave it **immediately** (তৎক্ষণিকভাবে) after taking a cup of tea. People **refresh** (সতেজ করে) themselves with a cup of tea in a tea stall. A tea stall is also a place where social disputes are discussed. They mainly talk about politics and current affairs. This is why it is called a Mini Sangsad. Infact, a tea stall is nowadays an important place of social gathering and at the same time a place of charm for the common people. So, a tea stall occupies an important place in our day-to-day life.

2. Write a paragraph on 'The Life of a Street Hawker'.

Ans.

The Life of a Street Hawker Or A Street Hawker

A street hawker is a person who moves from street to street to sell his goods. He is a self-employed person. He is a very familiar figure both in villages and towns. But the number of street hawkers in the towns or cities is increasing day by day. He usually sells all kinds of daily necessities, foods, clothes, cosmetics, toys etc. He carries his

materials on head or in hands and sometimes in a small van. He buys his goods at a cheaper rate and sells them at a good profit. He is a very clever man. He generally wears a strange dress of different colours and makes **peculiar** (অদ্ভুত) sound to attract the attention of his customers. Children and women are his main customers. A street hawker may be an illiterate person but he knows his business very well. Generally, he comes to sell his goods when the master or the male person is out of home. He often cheats his customers by giving low quality goods at a high price. Still he is very popular among women and children. He brings things to our doors. Thus he makes the life and buying **convenient** (সুবিধাজনক). But he leads a very **inconvenient** (অসুবিধাজনক), difficult and **subhuman** (মানবেতর) life in a **slum** (বস্তি). We should be **sensitive** (সংবেদনশীল) and **sympathetic** (সহানুভূতিশীল) towards him.

3. Write a paragraph on "The Life of a Fisherman".

'The Life of a Fisherman'

The life of a fisherman in Bangladesh is full of hardship, courage, and simplicity. Most fishermen live in coastal areas, near rivers, or by the Bay of Bengal. Fishing is their main source of income, and they usually go to rivers or the sea early in the morning or at night. Their boats are often small and made of wood, and they use nets to catch fish. Life on the water is not easy. Fishermen face storms, rough waves, and sometimes even life-threatening situations. Despite their hard work, they earn very little and often struggle to support their families. In the rainy season, their work becomes more dangerous. Many fishermen borrow money from middlemen, who buy their catch at low prices. Yet, the fishermen continue their work with patience and hope. Fishing not only helps them earn a living but also plays a vital role in the country's economy and food supply. Fish is a major part of the Bangladeshi diet, and much of it comes from these hardworking people. The life of a fisherman is difficult, but it reflects the strength and resilience of rural Bangladesh.

4. Write a paragraph on "A Street Accident".

Ans.

A Street Accident

When a vehicle **collides** (ধাক্কা লাগে) with another on the street, it is called street accident. It has become a major problem in our country. It is an unpleasant and unexpected event. It is caused by vehicles while moving on the street **recklessly** (বেপরোয়াভাবে). There are many causes behind street accident in our country. The roads and streets of our country are narrow. They are not **straight** (সোজা). Rush driving is a major cause of street accident. Overtaking **tendency** (প্রবণতা) of the drivers is also responsible. Besides defective and old vehicles increase street accident. A few days ago, I saw a street accident. A bus driver failed the break and hit against a tree. Some of the passengers were injured lightly. I got panicked seeing the accident. Some measures can be taken to control street accident. Roads and streets need to be constructed on proper plan. Modern system of traffic control should be introduced. Defective vehicles should be removed. Driving license should be issued honestly and duly. Moreover people in general need to obey traffic rules. And thus, we can **minimize** (ন্যূনতম) street accident.

5. Write a paragraph on "Our National Flag".

Ans.

Our National Flag

A flag represents a country over the world. As we are a free nation, we have a **glorious** (চমৎকার/গৌরবোজ্জ্বল) national flag. It represents our freedom and **sovereignty** (সার্বভৌমত্ব). But, we have not got our national flag **overnight** (রাতারাতি). There is a long history of achieving our national flag. Before 26 March 1971, Bangladesh was not an independent country. She was a part of Pakistan and called East Pakistan then. We were **deprived** (বঞ্চিত) of our **due rights** (ন্যায় অধিকার). So, it was **inevitable** (অনিবার্য) to fight against Pakistan. Our freedom fighters flied the national flag and went for fight against the **oppressive** (অত্যাচারী) rulers. After a freedom fight of nine months, Bangladesh wins victory by a great sacrifice. Then our national flag flies in the free sky of Bangladesh. Thus, we have got our national flag. Our national flag has a fixed **ratio** (অনুপাত) of length and width which is 10:6. Our flag is the **combination** (মিশ্রণ) of two colours-green and red. The green colour **symbolizes** (প্রতীকায়িত করে/নির্দেশ করে) evergreen beauty of our homeland while the red colour symbolizes blood given by our freedom fighters. We use our national flag when our educational institutions start every day. Different Govt. and non-Govt. offices also **hoist** (উত্তোলন করে) the national flag. We also hoist our flag in different national days and traditional occasions of Bangladesh. But it is kept **half-mast** (অর্ধনমিত) on any national or international **mourning days** (শোক দিবসসমূহ). We are proud of our national flag. It is the source of our **spirit** (সাহসিকতা), hope and inspiration. It must be kept at its **sublime** (গৌরবময়/মহিমান্বিত) position at any cost.

6. Write a paragraph on 'A Rainy Day'.

Ans.

A Rainy Day

A rainy day is a day when it rains all day long. It may rain heavily or slowly. It seems **dull and gloomy** (মেঘাচ্ছন্ন ও অশুভকার). They sky is covered with dark clouds. Clouds fly here and there in the sky. Most of the time, the sky is not

seen clearly. People can not go out without umbrella. Water stands on the road. Village roads become muddy and **slippery** (পিচ্ছিল). Sometimes roads go under water. As a result, vehicles cannot run on the road. It brings sufferings to the office going people. Sometimes it may late to reach the office. A rainy day is a curse to the poor people too. They cannot go out from their house to earn **livelihood** (জীবিকা). They have to starve. It also brings sufferings to the school going boys and girls. They cannot go to their educational institutions. Though a few go, they **get drenched** (ভিজে যায়) on the way. As a result, classes are not held. So, it becomes a joyous day to them. A rainy day **shakes** (নাড়িয়ে দেয়) our mind. It reminds our childhood. Sometimes we become affectionate to remember our childhood.

7. Write a paragraph on '**Rickshaw Puller**'

Ans.

A Rickshaw Puller

The man who **pulls** (টোনে) rickshaw for money is called a rickshaw puller. A rickshaw puller is a **familiar** (পরিচিত) person in cities and towns. He generally lives in a slum. Most of the rickshaw pullers have no rickshaws their own. They pull other rickshaws by **renting** (ভাড়ায়). However, a rickshaw puller is a poor man. His dress is very **shabby** (জীর্ণ) and dirty. His income is very low. He supports his family through much **hardship** (কষ্ট). He works hard from morning till **late night** (গভীর রাত). He is seen carrying passengers in both good and bad weathers. He bargains with his passengers. He demands more when the weather is very hot and **foul** (খারাপ). Sometimes he tries to cheat passengers. But most often he is cheated by passengers. A rickshaw puller is seen sleeping on his rickshaw under a tree or sitting idly on his rickshaw. Though he drives rickshaw from morning till late night, he leads a very **miserable** (কষ্টপূর্ণ) life. His life is full of sorrows and sufferings. He cannot enjoy peace and happiness. If he becomes sick, he cannot drive his rickshaw. As a result, he and his family **have to starve** (না খেয়ে থাকতে হয়). Infact, the services of a rickshaw puller play an importance role in our national life. So we should think about his rights and show respect to them.

8. Write a paragraph on '**The Importance of Learning English**' .

Ans.

The Importance of Learning English

The importance of English cannot be described **in words** (ভাষায়). It is the language used all over the world. That means it is an international language. We need English for our higher education. All books on higher education are written in English. These books help us **to acquire** (অর্জনে) knowledge. Besides the knowledge of modern science and technology is available in English. Today more than 80% of all the information in the world's computers is in English. So if we do not know English, we will not be able **to keep pace with** (তাল মিলিয়ে চলতে) the present world. So, we should be very careful to learn English from now on. Our English textbook can help a lot in this regard. Because, it has been developed **to attain competency** (সক্ষমতা অর্জনে) in all four language skills, i.e. listening, speaking, reading and writing. We also cannot deny the necessity of grammar in learning English as it helps us to use the language accurately. Today organizations need **employees** (কর্মচারীবৃন্দ) who can speak and write a standard form of English. So it helps us to get a good job and to earn more money. Moreover, to communicate with foreign countries and to run foreign business, English is essential. From this, we can say that we need to learn English for the progress of our individual (ব্যক্তিগত) as well as our national life.

9. Write a paragraph on '**Early Rising**'.

Ans.

Early Rising

Early rising is the practice of rising up from bed early in the morning. It is a good habit. It helps us in various ways. An early riser can have enough time to start his day's work. He can have finished a lot of works before others. Work done early in the morning is well done. One can enjoy the beauty of nature in the early morning. Nature smiles in the morning with colorful flowers, green leaves and the chirping of birds. This beauty reminds everybody of the creator. The habit of early rising is such a habit which contributes a lot to the smooth running of our life. An early riser usually wakes up early in the morning when the air is fresh and healthy. The environment around us is free from any kind of pollution. During this time one can inhale the fresh air with high oxygen level. Moreover, a light physical exercise taken in the morning breeze can assure us a healthy body and an energetic approach to our daily work. Thus an early riser can become healthier, wealthier and wiser than an ordinary person. On the other hand later risers cannot finish their work properly. They fail to do their work in time. They usually suffer from lack of confidence. This restrains them from being successful personalities. There is a saying that time and tide waits for none. In fact, only an early riser can make the best use of his time. So, people should build up the habit of early rising for a better life and a better future.

Water Pollution

Water pollution is a serious problem in Bangladesh. It occurs when harmful substances like industrial waste, chemicals, sewage, and plastic are dumped into rivers, canals, and ponds. Major rivers like the Buriganga,

Turag, and Shitalakshya have become highly polluted, especially near big cities like Dhaka. Factories often release untreated waste into the water, which not only kills fish and aquatic life but also makes the water unsafe for people. Many poor families use this polluted water for bathing, washing, and even drinking, which leads to serious health problems like diarrhea, skin diseases, and even cancer. Farmers also suffer, as polluted water damages crops and reduces soil fertility. Water pollution also harms biodiversity and affects fishermen who depend on rivers and ponds for their livelihood. Though the government has made some rules to stop pollution, they are not always followed properly. To solve this problem, industries must treat their waste before releasing it, and people must stop throwing garbage into water bodies. Public awareness and strict laws are needed to protect our water resources. Clean water is essential for life, and we must all work together to keep it safe and pollution-free.

11. Air Pollution

Air pollution is a growing environmental problem in Bangladesh, especially in big cities like Dhaka and Chattogram. It happens when harmful gases, smoke, and dust are released into the air from factories, brick kilns, vehicles, and construction sites. The most dangerous pollutants include carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, and fine dust particles. These come mainly from old, unfit vehicles and industries that burn coal or other dirty fuels. As a result, the air becomes toxic and difficult to breathe. This pollution causes serious health problems such as asthma, lung disease, heart issues, and even cancer. Children and elderly people are most at risk. During winter, the situation becomes worse due to dry weather and smoke from burning waste. The Air Quality Index (AQI) in Dhaka often shows a very unhealthy level, which affects the daily lives of millions. Although the government has taken some steps, like banning old vehicles and introducing cleaner fuels, enforcement is still weak. To reduce air pollution, we must plant more trees, use eco-friendly transport, and follow strict environmental laws. Public awareness is also important. Clean air is a basic human right, and protecting it is the responsibility of everyone.

12. A Day Labourer

A day labourer is a person who works hard to earn daily wages, usually doing physical tasks like carrying goods, digging soil, or helping in construction. In Bangladesh, day labourers are commonly seen in cities, towns, and villages. They live a very simple and difficult life. Every morning, they gather at specific places hoping to get work for the day. If they find work, they can earn some money to buy food and support their families. But if they don't, they often go home hungry. Most day labourers do not have proper shelter, education, or healthcare. They work under the sun, in rain, and sometimes in unsafe conditions, but still get very low pay. Despite their struggles, they play an important role in the development of the country. Roads, buildings, and many public works would not be possible without their efforts. They deserve respect and support from society. To improve their lives, the government and NGOs should provide skill training, fair wages, and social protection. The life of a day labourer is full of pain, yet it shows the strength, patience, and honesty of the working class in Bangladesh.

13. Dengue Fever

Dengue fever is a dangerous mosquito-borne disease that is spreading rapidly in Bangladesh, especially during the rainy season. It is caused by the Aedes mosquito, which usually bites during the daytime. When a person is infected, they may suffer from high fever, severe headache, muscle and joint pain, skin rashes, and sometimes bleeding. In serious cases, dengue can lead to death if not treated in time. Every year, many people in cities like Dhaka and Chattogram are affected by dengue, and hospitals become overcrowded with patients. One of the main reasons for the spread of dengue is stagnant water in open containers, drains, and rooftops, where mosquitoes breed. Lack of cleanliness and poor waste management make the problem worse. To prevent dengue, people should keep their surroundings clean, remove standing water, and use mosquito nets and repellents. The government and city corporations also need to spray insecticides and raise awareness among citizens. Dengue has become a major health concern in Bangladesh, and it requires strong public cooperation and proper medical support. By taking simple steps and staying alert, we can protect ourselves and our communities from this deadly disease.

14. The Importance of Learning Computer

In today's modern world, learning computer skills is very important, especially for students and young professionals. Computers are used in almost every field — education, business, healthcare, communication, and even in farming. In Bangladesh, the demand for computer knowledge is growing day by day. Students can use computers to access the internet, learn new things, and improve their studies. Office workers use computers for typing, data entry, and managing files. Doctors, engineers, and teachers also depend on computers for their work. With basic computer skills, people can apply for jobs, attend online classes, and even earn money by freelancing. The government of Bangladesh is also promoting digital literacy under its "Digital Bangladesh" vision. Learning computer helps reduce poverty and creates new job opportunities. It also helps people stay connected with others through emails and social media. In short, knowing how to use a computer is no longer a luxury, but a necessity. Everyone — young or old — should try to learn it to keep up with the modern world. Computer education is the key to personal growth and national development.

15. Write a paragraph on '**Drug Addiction**' .

Ans.

Drug Addiction

Drug addiction means taking opium, marijuana, phensedyl, heroin, yaba etc. **for stimulating effects** (উত্তেজনাকর প্রতিক্রিয়ার জন্য). Drug addiction is a curse of modern civilization. It is now a global problem. **Frustration** (হতাশা) is the cause of this addiction. When there is no hope left for the young people, they become addicted to drug. The drugs are very expensive. Young boys cannot afford to buy them. In order to arrange money, they have to commit many kinds of social crimes. Drug addiction has a terrible effect on human body. People feel drowsy (তন্দ্রালু/ঘুম ঘুমতাব) and lose **appetite** (ক্ষুধা). It may damage the brain and all internal functions of the body. The addicts feel **intensive pain** (তীব্র ব্যথা) in the body. The treatment of the drug addicts is expensive and difficult. In Bangladesh, the drug addiction problem has become so acute that thousands of families are directly or indirectly affected by it. The **remedy** (প্রতিকার) for drug addiction is not so easy. All concerned must create **awareness** (সচেতনতা) at personal and family levels. When all people will be sincere **to drive** (তড়িয়ে দিতে) this curse, the human beings can get rid of it.

16. Write a paragraph on '**Traffic Jam**'.

Ans.

Traffic Jam

Traffic jam means **blockade** (স্থবিরতা) of vehicles. It is one of the major problems of modern time. It is mainly happened in **urban** (শহুরে) areas. There are a lot of reasons behind traffic jam. This problem is created by the rapid growth of population and the increasing number of vehicles. The roads of our country are very **narrow** (সবু/অপ্রশস্ত). There are many unlicensed **vehicles** (যানবাহন) in our country. The drivers are not willing to obey traffic rules. They want to drive according to their freedom. As a result, traffic jam is created. Traffic jam is very harmful for our life. During traffic jam, life stands still. It is really **unbearable** (অসহনীয়) and **miserable** (শোচনীয়/দুর্বিষহ). It kills our valuable time and our works are hampered **widely** (ব্যাপকভাবে). It causes great sufferings to the ambulance carrying dying patients and the fire brigade vehicles. However, this problem can be solved by taking some steps. We should obey the traffic rule. Our government should construct **spacious** (প্রশস্ত) roads. One way movement of vehicles should be introduced. Traffic rules **should be imposed strictly** (কঠোরভাবে আরোপ করা উচিত) so that the drivers are bound to obey traffic rules. **Sufficient** (পর্যাপ্ত) traffic police **should be posted** (নিয়োগ করতে হবে) on important points. Finally unlicensed vehicles should be removed. By doing the above things, we can be free from traffic jam.

17. Write a paragraph on '**A School Magazine**'.

Ans.

A School Magazine

A school magazine is an annual publication of a school. It is usually published once a year. Students and teachers write to it. It contains the literary works or other information of a school. It also contains **quizzes** (ধাঁ-ধাঁ), poems, short-stories etc. Some teachers and students work for it. The committee is formed among them. The editor invites writings. Then the best writings are selected **for publishing** (প্রকাশনার জন্য). Mainly students and teachers bear the **expenditure** (খরচ) for the publication of the magazine. A fund is formed named 'magazine fund' for this. A school magazine has great importance in school life. A student can express his **latent** (সুপ্ত) talent through it. Students can know about their school. They can also **enrich** (সমৃদ্ধ করে) their knowledge. Every school should publish a school magazine. It is a **part and parcel** (অবিচ্ছেদ্য অংশ) of school life.

18. Write a paragraph on '**Tree Plantation**'.

Ans.

Tree Plantation

Tree Plantation means planting **seedlings** (চারাগাছ) in an organized way. The importance of tree plantation cannot be ignored any more. Through tree plantation our environment remains balanced properly. Natural **calamities** (দুর্যোগ) cannot occur unexpectedly. Our demand of food is met up. Oxygen is properly balanced in air. The most important thing is that ecological balance remains fit for the betterment of the maintenance of humans, animals and plants as well. If trees are not planted, we cannot get food, oxygen and different kinds of needful elements. So, there is a close relationship in between trees and humans. If there had been no trees, the environment would have lost balance. Floods and **drought** (অনাবৃষ্টি) may occur **repeatedly** (বারবার). Lands would turn into desert place. The rainy season is the best time for plantation of trees. We can plant trees in the lands which are uncultivable. Road-side, road-divider, rooftop etc. can also be used to plant trees. We should take some effective measures to grow them well. We should take care of them properly so that the animals or other concerns cannot damage them. We can get available trees from any nursery or Govt. agriculture department. We can take several actions to make tree plantation successful. We can take part in tree plantation campaign. The campaign may be held in schools, colleges, universities or in any

other **populated** (জনবহুল) places. We may also arrange tree fair in the rainy season. We should make the people conscious about **deforestation** (বন নিধন). Government and NGOs can play an important role here. We should make the tree plantation programme successful for a better future.

19. Write a paragraph on 'The Life of a Farmer'.

Ans.

The Life of a Farmer

A person who does the work of farming is known as a farmer. A farmer is a common figure in our country. He has a little land, a pair of **bullocks** (বলদগুলো) and some hand-made tools. Most of the farmers of our country have no land. They cultivate other lands. A farmer generally gets up early in the morning and goes to his land. He ploughs his land, sows the seeds and weeds out. He comes home at noon. Then he eats his meals, takes rest and again goes to the field. He works hard in the field from morning till evening. He gets little crops. He does not know how to plough his land scientifically. He cannot buy seeds and fertilizer for lack of money. As a result, he cannot produce more food for himself. He has both pleasures and pains. If he gets a good **harvest** (ফসল), his face looks happy. On the other hand, if crops are not grown well, his suffering knows no bounds. Actually, the life of a farmer is very **miserable** (কষ্টপূর্ণ). Sorrows and sufferings are his constant companions. He does not know what is joy and happiness. He leads a very simple life. But he is an asset of our country. He grows crops for country. So, our government should give the farmers financial help or loan.

20. Write a paragraph on 'Bad Effects of Smoking'.

Ans.

Bad Effects of Smoking

Smoking is a very dangerous habit. It causes many **fatal** (মারাত্মক) diseases such as cancer, high blood pressure, kidney and heart diseases. Cigarettes are made from tobacco leaves. There is a **poisonous substance** (বিষাক্ত উপাদান) called nicotine in tobacco leaves. When a person smokes cigarettes, this nicotine enters into his lungs with every **puff** (ফুঁকা). If anybody smokes cigarettes for years, this **deadly** (ভয়ংকর) nicotine causes lung cancer. Nicotine also **obstructs** (বাঁধা দেয়) the flow of blood through the **veins** (শিরা). This hampers the supply of oxygen in the body. It causes the rise of blood pressure and increases the heart beat. The ultimate result is heart attack. The habit of smoking pollutes our environment. If a smoker smokes before a non-smoker, the non-smoker is affected by the smoke which is harmful to health. So by smoking in the public places, a smoker can cause harm to the environment and also to the non-smokers. A smoker spends a lot of money for buying cigarettes. When young people are addicted to smoking, they adopt unfair ways to manage the money for buying cigarettes. We all should be conscious of the harmful **consequences** (পরিণাম) of smoking. We should keep ourselves away from this habit.

21. Write a paragraph on 'A Winter Morning'.

Ans.

A Winter Morning

A winter morning is **misty** (কুয়াশাচ্ছন্ন) and cold. There is **dense fog** (ঘন কুয়াশা) everywhere. Everything looks **hazy** (অস্পষ্ট). Sometimes the fog is so dense that the sun rays can not get through it. Even things at a little distance can hardly be seen. The tall trees are covered with fog and they **cannot be made out** (খুঁজে পাওয়া যায় না). **Dew-drops** (শিশির বিন্দু) fall at night. When the morning sun **peeps** (উকি দেয়) they look like **glittering gold** (খুঁজে পাওয়া যায় না) on grass and plants. The birds feel happy to see the rays of the sun. The cow and other animals can not come out. But it is not so in every morning. Farmers go to the field with 'hooka' in their hands. Village children and the poor people gather straw and make fires to warm themselves. The old people and the poor people bask in the sun. People in general and children get up late. In a winter morning housewives make **delicious** (সুস্বাদু) and sweet cakes, **pies** (পিঠা/বড়া) of date (খৈজুর) juice and many other things. The scene of the winter morning **vanishes** (উধাও হয়ে যায়) as the day advances. The sun goes up and the fog melts. A winter morning is enjoyable in many respects.

22. Write a paragraph on 'My Visit to a Book Fair'.

Ans.

My Visit to a Book Fair

A book fair speaks of an educated and civilized nation. It brings a special enthusiasm, feeling, and pleasure to the enlightened section of the society. It also spreads the message that books are our best friends and they enlarge our vision and make our life more meaningful. Every year many book fairs are held in our country. But the book fair arranged by the 'Bangla Academy' is the biggest and most stately one in Bangladesh. This book fair is called "Ekushey Boimela", which is held at the premises of Bangla Academy. This book fair creates a scope for the students and other people to buy their choiceable books. The book fair also becomes a meeting place for the book loving people. It is held in a disciplined and organized way. The leading publishers of our country participate in the fair and open their stalls. The fair gives us an opportunity to choose books of any category such as story books, novels, critics, science fictions, text books, dramas, children books, reference books etc. Last year, I visited the fair on 21st February to purchase some newly published books. Whenever I entered the boundary of Bangla Academy, it seemed to me that I entered the world of knowledge. I found there hundred and hundred stalls. All sorts of books were displayed in the stalls. I visited different book stalls and bought some books of different writers. I also bought some earlier published books searching many stalls. I found there some contemporary writers visiting the fair. It was a special attraction to me because I could have a glance of my dream characters. I also took autographs of some writers. The discussion program and cultural function arranged on the premises attracted me to a large extent. However, the arrangement was nice but huge amount of dust in the area of book fair made the visitors uncomfortable. The authority should have considered the problem earlier.

23. Write a paragraph on 'Deforestation'.

Ans.

Deforestation

Deforestation means cutting down trees indiscriminately from an area. It is a global problem which is haunting the whole world. There are many causes behind this deforestation. Our population is increasing day by day. More people need more timber, wood, fuel, and furniture. So they are cutting down trees to meet up their increasing demand. There are some dishonest people who are cutting down trees in our forests to make money. They are also destroying forests in a large scale to increase the cultivable and residential land. Sometimes they cut down trees and destroy forests in the name of development. In absence of trees and forests, carbon dioxide is increasing worldwide. As a result, there is global warming. The sea level is rising. If this situation continues, the lower parts of the world including Bangladesh may one day go under water. Bangladesh has only 16% forest whereas there should be 25% forest of the total land area. The lack of enough trees and forests will take a heavy revenge on human beings. Various natural disasters will continuously threaten our existence. Flood, cyclone will show their appearance frequently. Even random cutting of trees may one day turn the whole country into desert. So, we all should be sincere to protect trees and take a firm stand against deforestation. Government should introduce strict law and punish the people who are responsible for deforestation. Alternative use of trees should be found out and tree plantation should be inspired and strengthened. Thus we can prevent deforestation and ensure a happy and healthy life.

24. Write a paragraph on 'Environmental Pollution'.

Ans.

Environmental Pollution

Environmental pollution means the contamination of the components of the environment which is harmful to our health and livelihood. Polluting environment harms us in many ways. It causes premature death to millions of people. Various chronic and fatal diseases are prevalent due to environmental pollution. In Bangladesh, environment is polluted in many ways. Air is polluted by smoke and fumes of vehicles and industries. Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide gases are greatly responsible for air pollution. Water is polluted by waste and filth such as chemical fertilizers, insecticides, industrial waste, food waste, human waste and so on. Vehicle horns, industries, primary school teaching, and indiscriminate use of loud speakers cause sound pollution. Dumping of rubbish, various rotten things, and untreated human waste cause serious odor pollution. In this way human beings are causing environmental pollution. Environmental pollution gives rise to ecological imbalance and brings about natural disasters in this world. It causes premature death to millions of people. However, we should take measures to prevent environmental pollution. We should plant more trees and work for afforestation. Government should take initiatives to save our environment. Laws should be made to prevent pollution and their implementation should be ensured. Cutting down trees and hill should be restricted. Besides, government as well as all the conscious people should come forward to develop civic sense to reduce all kinds of pollution. We must remember "pollution and perish; preserve and flourish".

25. Write a paragraph on 'My Last Day at School'.

Ans.

My Last Day at School

The 3rd November 2015, was my last day at school. I was happy and sad—happy at the prospect of joining a college and sad at the thought of leaving my school where I had spent seven years of my life. I reached the school as usual at 9.15 a.m. I had with me only one book, which I had borrowed from the library. All the 10th class students came to school without their satchels. There was no teaching on that day. I went to the library and returned the book. Then I got a 'No Dues Slip' signed by the librarian and teachers. I handed it over to the clerk and received my Roll Number slip. I could not solve some problems in Geometry so I went to the Mathematics teacher and got my difficulties solved. I also met my friends. Some of them talked of the coming examination while others talked of their future career. A farewell party was arranged at 5 p.m. The students of the 11th class played the host. The programme consisted of a short variety show and a few speeches. Some students of 11th class sang a humorous 'quawali' describing their teachers and their stay in the school. Our Principal gave a brief speech assuring that our memory will remain in the nooks and corners of the school forever. The principal inspired the outgoing students to work hard for success and to be noble citizens of Bangladesh in future. When the function was over, I shook hands with my friends, respectfully bade my teacher's good-bye and returned home.

26. Write a paragraph on 'Your Aim in Life/Future Plan'.

Ans.

Your Aim in Life/Future Plan

Every man has an aim in life. A man without an aim is like a ship without a rudder. A fixed aim helps a man in life. Many men have many minds. Some want to earn money, some want to earn fame, some want to acquire knowledge, some want to be a teacher, some want to be a doctor and so on. It depends on the individual taste. Like others, I have an aim in life. My aim in life is to be a doctor. For this, I have to study hard so that I may pass the SSC examination with a great GPA. After passing the SSC examination from science group, I shall get myself admitted into HSC in the same group. After passing HSC examination, I shall get myself admitted into the MBBS course. After passing the MBBS degree, I shall go to my native village and serve the people of my own village. I shall treat medically the poor patients without fees. I know that to serve the humanity is a great virtue. I want to live through the path of virtue. Most of the people of our village are poor and illiterate. Good doctors are not available in the village. So, they do not get help and advice of a good doctor. They suffer from many diseases and die premature death. So, I have decided to be a doctor and serve them. I shall also try to start a charitable dispensary so that the helpless people may not die without medicine. I think my choice is the best one. I shall be a happy man if I can fulfill my aim in life.