

## CONCEPT NOTE

### ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

### UNIT 2

### LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

#### LET'S SAVE OUR PLANET!

Everyone must play a part in protecting the environment. There are many things you can do on your own every day to help save the planet. Here are some suggestions.

#### REDUCE!

Really, the best thing we can do for the planet is to use its resources properly. Our consumer society is mainly responsible for the environmental crisis. Here are some questions you can ask yourself before buying something, "Do I really need this?" or "Is there another product which would do the same thing but more sustainable?" Or ask the question, "Will this last a long time?" Some other questions may be, "Do I know how this item was made, how it will be used and how it will be disposed of?"

#### REUSE!

What do you think of using your own ceramic cup or mug at your school or local club? It means there are no plastic cups to throw away. You can wash it and reuse it every day. Unfortunately, we are encouraged to buy a new "improved" item even if the one we have can be repaired or reused. When we buy things, we should buy items which are durable; we should use them properly, and have them repaired when necessary. If we practise this, many things can not only last a life-time, but also be passed on for future use. However, If something is truly unusable for its original purposes, try to be more creative and think of how else it might be used. When you're done with it, think of whether someone else might be able to use it. You can donate some of the things to the poor. You may also sell some of your used items through personal ads in a local newspaper or in social media.

#### RECYCLE!

Rather than throwing an item out when neither you nor anyone else can make use of it, have it recycled. And while recycling is not possible, it is better to send goods to a landfill or have them burned up. Find out what types of materials can be recycled in your area. Clean and sort the materials before putting them out in the bin. Recycling your drink and food cans means there will be less trash in a resource recovery facility or landfill. Moreover, a company can use the old cans to make new ones.

#### বঙ্গানুবাদ

#### আমাদের গ্রহকে বাঁচাই!

পরিবেশ রক্ষায় সবাইকে ভূমিকা রাখতে হবে। প্রতিদিন আমাদের নিজ নিজ জায়গা থেকে গ্রহটিকে রক্ষার জন্য অনেক কিছু করা সম্ভব। এখানে কিছু পরামর্শ দেওয়া হলো।

#### হ্রাস করুন!

আমাদের গ্রহের জন্য সবচেয়ে ভালো কাজ হলো এর সম্পদ যথাযথভাবে ব্যবহার করা। আমাদের ভোক্তাবাদী সমাজ মূলত পরিবেশগত সংকটের জন্য দায়ী। তাই কিছু কেনার আগে নিজেকে প্রশ্ন করুন, "আমি কি সত্যিই

এটি দরকার?" বা "এমন কোনো টেকসই বিকল্প আছে কি, যা একই কাজ করবে?" অথবা "এটি কি দীর্ঘস্থায়ী হবে?" আরও কিছু প্রশ্ন হতে পারে, "আমি কি জানি এটি কীভাবে তৈরি হয়েছে, কীভাবে এটি ব্যবহার করা হবে এবং পরে কীভাবে নিষ্পত্তি করা হবে?"

#### পুনঃব্যবহার করুন!

আপনার স্কুল বা স্থানীয় ক্লাবে নিজের সিরামিক কাপ বা মগ ব্যবহার করার কথা ভাবুন। এতে প্লাস্টিক কাপ ব্যবহারের দরকার হবে না, যা ফেলে দেওয়ার প্রয়োজন পড়ে। আপনি এটি ধুয়ে প্রতিদিন পুনরায় ব্যবহার করতে পারেন। দুর্ভাগ্যবশত, আমাদের নতুন "উন্নত" জিনিস কেনার জন্য উৎসাহিত করা হয়, যদিও আমাদের কাছে থাকা জিনিসটি মেরামত বা পুনরায় ব্যবহার করা যেতে পারে। যখন কিছু কিনবেন, তখন টেকসই পণ্য কেনার চেষ্টা করুন, সেগুলো সঠিকভাবে ব্যবহার করুন এবং প্রয়োজনে মেরামত করুন। যদি আমরা এ অভ্যাস গড়ে তুলতে পারি, তবে অনেক কিছু আজীবন ব্যবহার করা সম্ভব এবং ভবিষ্যতেও এগুলো কাজে লাগতে পারে। যদি কোনো কিছু আসলেই আগের মতো ব্যবহারযোগ্য না থাকে, তবে সৃজনশীলভাবে ভাবুন, সেটি অন্যভাবে কীভাবে ব্যবহার করা যায়। ব্যবহারের পর এটি অন্য কেউ ব্যবহার করতে পারে কি না, তা ভেবে দেখুন। কিছু জিনিস গরীবদের দান করতে পারেন অথবা স্থানীয় পত্রিকা বা সামাজিক যোগাযোগমাধ্যমে বিজ্ঞাপন দিয়ে পুরাতন জিনিস বিক্রি করতে পারেন।

#### পুনঃপ্রক্রিয়াজাত করুন!

যখন কোনো কিছু আপনি বা অন্য কেউ ব্যবহার করতে পারছেন না, তখন সেটি ফেলে দেওয়ার পরিবর্তে পুনঃপ্রক্রিয়াজাত করুন। আর যদি পুনঃপ্রক্রিয়াজাত করা সম্ভব না হয়, তবে আবর্জনা পোড়ানো বা ল্যান্ডফিলে ফেলার চেয়ে এটি ভালো। আপনার এলাকায় কোন কোন জিনিস পুনঃপ্রক্রিয়াজাত করা যায়, তা জানুন। পুনঃপ্রক্রিয়াজাত করার আগে জিনিসগুলো পরিষ্কার ও আলাদা করে রাখুন। আপনার পানীয় বা খাবারের ক্যান পুনঃপ্রক্রিয়াজাত করলে বর্জ্যের পরিমাণ কমে যাবে এবং পুনরুদ্ধার কেন্দ্রে বা ল্যান্ডফিলে কম আবর্জনা যাবে। তাছাড়া, পুরানো ক্যান থেকে নতুন ক্যান তৈরি করাও সম্ভব হবে।

## CONCEPT NOTE

### ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

### UNIT 2

### LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

WORD	BANGLA MEANING	SYNONYM	ANTONYM
PROTECT	রক্ষা করা	Guard, Defend	Harm, Destroy
ENVIRONMENT	পরিবেশ	Surroundings, Nature	Pollution, Destruction
REDUCE	হ্রাস করা	Decrease, Lessen	Increase, Expand
RESOURCE	সম্পদ	Asset, Supply	Scarcity, Deficiency
CONSUMER	ভোক্তা	Buyer, Customer	Producer, Supplier
CRISIS	সংকট	Emergency, Disaster	Stability, Solution
DURABLE	টেকসই, দীর্ঘস্থায়ী	Long-lasting, Sturdy	Fragile, Weak
REPAIR	মেরামত করা	Fix, Restore	Break, Damage
ENCOURAGE	উৎসাহিত করা	Motivate, Inspire	Discourage, Deter
PURCHASE	ক্রয় করা	Buy, Acquire	Sell, Give away
WASTE	অপচয়, বর্জ্য	Trash, Garbage	Use, Preserve
RECYCLE	পুনঃব্যবহার করা	Reuse, Reprocess	Waste, Discard
FACILITY	সুবিধা	Service, Amenity	Obstacle, Difficulty
RECOVERY	পুনরুদ্ধার, ফিরে পাওয়া	Restoration, Improvement	Decline, Deterioration
DONATE	দান করা	Contribute, Give	Withhold, Keep

1. What is the best thing we can do for the planet?

- A) Use resources properly
- B) Buy more products
- C) Stop using resources
- D) Avoid asking questions

**Answer:** A) Use resources properly

2. What should you ask before buying something?

## CONCEPT NOTE

### ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

### UNIT 2

### LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

- A) Is it expensive?
- B) Do I really need this?
- C) Is it fashionable?
- D) Will my friends like it?

**Answer:** B) Do I really need this?

---

#### 3. What does "Reduce" mainly focus on?

- A) Producing more goods
- B) Limiting unnecessary consumption
- C) Using more plastic
- D) Increasing waste

**Answer:** B) Limiting unnecessary consumption

---

#### 4. Which of the following is an example of reducing?

- A) Buying disposable cups
- B) Asking yourself if you really need an item before buying it
- C) Throwing away old clothes
- D) Using plastic bags

**Answer:** B) Asking yourself if you really need an item before buying it

---

#### 5. What is a good way to reuse?

- A) Using your own ceramic cup or mug
- B) Throwing away items after using them once
- C) Buying disposable plastic products
- D) Burning waste

**Answer:** A) Using your own ceramic cup or mug

---

#### 6. Why is reusing better than buying new items?

- A) It reduces waste and saves money
- B) It helps companies sell more products



## CONCEPT NOTE

ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

UNIT 2

LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

- C) It allows for more advertisements
- D) It makes items less valuable

**Answer:** A) It reduces waste and saves money

---

**7. What should you do if an item is truly unusable?**

- A) Throw it in a landfill
- B) Recycle it
- C) Burn it immediately
- D) Ignore it

**Answer:** B) Recycle it

---

**8. What is a good alternative to throwing away old clothes?**

- A) Donating them to the poor
- B) Throwing them in a landfill
- C) Burning them
- D) Keeping them forever

**Answer:** A) Donating them to the poor

---

**9. Which of these is an example of recycling?**

- A) Repairing an old watch
- B) Using an old newspaper to make paper bags
- C) Buying a new mobile phone
- D) Using plastic bags only once

**Answer:** B) Using an old newspaper to make paper bags

---

**10. What should you do before putting recyclable materials in the bin?**

- A) Burn them
- B) Mix them with trash
- C) Clean and sort them
- D) Throw them away carelessly

## CONCEPT NOTE

ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

UNIT 2

LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

**Answer:** C) Clean and sort them

---

**11. What happens when you recycle drink and food cans?**

- A) They are thrown in the ocean
- B) They create more trash
- C) They are used to make new cans
- D) They become toxic waste

**Answer:** C) They are used to make new cans

---

**12. What is an example of reducing waste?**

- A) Using disposable utensils
- B) Asking for plastic bags
- C) Buying durable products
- D) Throwing away old clothes

**Answer:** C) Buying durable products

---

**13. Why is our consumer society responsible for environmental issues?**

- A) It encourages overconsumption
- B) It promotes sustainable living
- C) It protects natural resources
- D) It limits waste production

**Answer:** A) It encourages overconsumption

---

**14. What question should you ask about a product's durability?**

- A) Will this last a long time?
- B) Is this popular?
- C) Is this expensive?
- D) Does this have a brand name?

**Answer:** A) Will this last a long time?

---

**15. What is the benefit of buying long-lasting products?**

- A) It saves money and reduces waste
- B) It increases landfill waste
- C) It encourages disposable culture
- D) It creates more pollution

**Answer:** A) It saves money and reduces waste

---

**16. Why should we avoid plastic cups?**

- A) They are reusable
- B) They are harmful to the environment
- C) They last forever
- D) They are free

**Answer:** B) They are harmful to the environment

---

**17. How can you help someone else by reusing?**

- A) By donating or selling used items
- B) By buying new items constantly
- C) By throwing away old clothes
- D) By burning plastic waste

**Answer:** A) By donating or selling used items

---

**18. What does recycling prevent?**

- A) Overuse of landfills
- B) Reduction of waste
- C) Conservation of natural resources
- D) All of the above

**Answer:** D) All of the above

---

**19. Which of these is NOT an example of recycling?**

- A) Making new cans from old cans
- B) Turning paper into new paper
- C) Throwing plastic into the ocean
- D) Using old bottles to create new ones

**Answer:** C) Throwing plastic into the ocean

---

**20. How does recycling help the environment?**

- A) It increases pollution
- B) It reduces the need for new raw materials
- C) It wastes more energy
- D) It creates more landfill waste

**Answer:** B) It reduces the need for new raw materials

**21. What is the main focus of the "Reuse" principle?**

- A) Using items once
- B) Repairing and repurposing items
- C) Buying new items regularly
- D) Throwing away used products

**Answer:** B) Repairing and repurposing items

---

**22. What should you do if an item is broken but repairable?**

- A) Throw it away
- B) Buy a new one immediately
- C) Repair it and continue using it
- D) Burn it

**Answer:** C) Repair it and continue using it

---

**23. Which of the following is an example of recycling?**

- A) Using an old T-shirt as a cleaning cloth
- B) Throwing plastic bottles into the garbage
- C) Buying new furniture every year
- D) Disposing of paper improperly



## CONCEPT NOTE

ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

UNIT 2

LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

**Answer:** A) Using an old T-shirt as a cleaning cloth

---

**24. Why should we think before buying an item?**

- A) To avoid unnecessary consumption
- B) To increase pollution
- C) To waste more money
- D) To use more landfill space

**Answer:** A) To avoid unnecessary consumption

---

**25. What does "Reduce" mainly focus on?**

- A) Buying new products constantly
- B) Using fewer resources
- C) Encouraging wastefulness
- D) Promoting disposable items

**Answer:** B) Using fewer resources

---

**26. Why is it important to reduce plastic use?**

- A) Plastic is biodegradable
- B) Plastic harms the environment
- C) Plastic is cheap and reusable
- D) Plastic is good for animals

**Answer:** B) Plastic harms the environment

---

**27. Which action follows the "Reuse" principle?**

- A) Using disposable plates
- B) Buying new clothes every month
- C) Repairing old shoes instead of throwing them away
- D) Throwing away old books

**Answer:** C) Repairing old shoes instead of throwing them away

---

**28. What should you do with electronic waste?**

- A) Throw it in the landfill
- B) Burn it in open air
- C) Dispose of it in a recycling center
- D) Keep it forever

**Answer:** C) Dispose of it in a recycling center

---

**29. Which of these is the most sustainable practice?**

- A) Buying cheap and disposable products
- B) Using single-use plastic items
- C) Choosing reusable and durable products
- D) Buying new items even when old ones are usable

**Answer:** C) Choosing reusable and durable products

---

**30. What is a creative way to reuse old glass jars?**

- A) Throwing them away
- B) Turning them into storage containers
- C) Breaking them into small pieces
- D) Burning them

**Answer:** B) Turning them into storage containers

---

**31. Which of the following is an example of reducing waste?**

- A) Buying items in bulk to reduce packaging
- B) Using more plastic bags
- C) Throwing food away
- D) Wasting paper unnecessarily

**Answer:** A) Buying items in bulk to reduce packaging

---

**32. How does recycling help the economy?**

- A) It increases the cost of raw materials
- B) It creates jobs in recycling industries
- C) It wastes money
- D) It makes products more expensive

**Answer:** B) It creates jobs in recycling industries

---

**33. What should you do with food waste?**

- A) Throw it in the trash
- B) Compost it for gardening
- C) Burn it in the backyard
- D) Leave it in plastic bags

**Answer:** B) Compost it for gardening

---

**34. What should you do before donating an old item?**

- A) Ensure it is in usable condition
- B) Throw it away
- C) Burn it
- D) Sell it at a high price

**Answer:** A) Ensure it is in usable condition

---

**35. What is one advantage of reducing consumption?**

- A) Less environmental damage
- B) Increased landfill waste
- C) More pollution
- D) More expensive products

**Answer:** A) Less environmental damage

---

**36. What happens if we do not recycle?**

- A) More pollution and landfill waste
- B) Cleaner environment

- C) Fewer waste problems
- D) Less plastic in the ocean

**Answer:** A) More pollution and landfill waste

---

**37. What is the meaning of a "sustainable" product?**

- A) A product that is used only once
- B) A product that lasts longer and has less environmental impact
- C) A product that is expensive
- D) A product that cannot be recycled

**Answer:** B) A product that lasts longer and has less environmental impact

---

**38. Why should we compost organic waste?**

- A) To create natural fertilizer
- B) To increase landfill waste
- C) To pollute the environment
- D) To produce more trash

**Answer:** A) To create natural fertilizer

---

**39. What is a common misconception about recycling?**

- A) Everything can be recycled
- B) It reduces landfill waste
- C) It conserves natural resources
- D) It saves energy

**Answer:** A) Everything can be recycled

---

**40. What happens to non-recyclable waste?**

- A) It is thrown in landfills or burned
- B) It is reused
- C) It disappears
- D) It turns into new products



**Answer:** A) It is thrown in landfills or burned

---

**41. How can businesses contribute to sustainability?**

- A) By using eco-friendly packaging
- B) By producing more plastic waste
- C) By discouraging recycling
- D) By increasing waste production

**Answer:** A) By using eco-friendly packaging

---

**42. What should be avoided to reduce plastic pollution?**

- A) Using paper bags
- B) Using metal straws
- C) Using reusable bottles
- D) Using single-use plastics

**Answer:** D) Using single-use plastics

---

**43. Which of the following is a renewable resource?**

- A) Plastic
- B) Coal
- C) Sunlight
- D) Petroleum

**Answer:** C) Sunlight

---

**44. What is one benefit of using second-hand items?**

- A) It reduces waste
- B) It increases waste production
- C) It costs more
- D) It harms the environment

**Answer:** A) It reduces waste

---

**45. What is one disadvantage of landfills?**

- A) They pollute soil and water
- B) They reduce pollution
- C) They create fresh air
- D) They improve ecosystems

**Answer:** A) They pollute soil and water

---

**46. What is one way to cut down on water waste?**

- A) Leaving the tap running
- B) Fixing leaks and using water efficiently
- C) Washing cars with drinking water
- D) Taking long showers

**Answer:** B) Fixing leaks and using water efficiently

---

**47. How does planting trees help the environment?**

- A) Trees absorb carbon dioxide
- B) Trees produce more waste
- C) Trees increase pollution
- D) Trees use up resources

**Answer:** A) Trees absorb carbon dioxide

---

**48. Why should people reduce paper use?**

- A) To save trees
- B) To create more waste
- C) To increase deforestation
- D) To pollute the air

**Answer:** A) To save trees

---

**49. How can students contribute to sustainability?**

## CONCEPT NOTE

### ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

### UNIT 2

### LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

- A) By using both sides of paper before recycling
- B) By throwing away books
- C) By avoiding reusable water bottles
- D) By wasting classroom resources

**Answer:** A) By using both sides of paper before recycling

---

#### 50. What is a key benefit of sustainable living?

- A) A cleaner and healthier environment
- B) More pollution
- C) Faster waste production
- D) Increased landfill use

**Answer:** A) A cleaner and healthier environment

---

#### Question Answer:

1. What does the "Reduce" principle mean, and why is it important for the environment?
2. How can individuals contribute to protecting the environment in their daily lives?
3. Why should people ask themselves whether they really need a product before buying it?
4. Explain the impact of consumer society on the environmental crisis.
5. How does reusing items help in reducing environmental pollution?
6. Give two examples of how you can reuse everyday items at home or school.
7. Why is it important to buy durable products instead of disposable ones?
8. What role does donating old items play in sustainability?
9. How does recycling help in waste management?
10. Describe the process of recycling and its benefits.
11. What types of materials can generally be recycled? Give examples.
12. Why is it important to clean and sort materials before recycling them?
13. How does recycling old cans benefit the environment?
14. What can be done with an item that is no longer useful for its original purpose?
15. Explain how businesses can contribute to reducing waste and pollution.
16. Why should we reduce the use of single-use plastics?
17. What are some creative ways to repurpose items that would otherwise be thrown away?
18. How does land pollution affect the environment and human health?
19. Why is composting an effective way to reduce waste?
20. How can students actively participate in promoting sustainability in schools?

## CONCEPT NOTE

ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

UNIT 2

LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

### 1. What does the "Reduce" principle mean, and why is it important for the environment?

**Answer:** The "Reduce" principle means using fewer resources and minimizing waste. It is important because it helps conserve natural resources, reduces pollution, and limits landfill waste, leading to a healthier environment.

---

### 2. How can individuals contribute to protecting the environment in their daily lives?

**Answer:** Individuals can contribute by reducing waste, reusing and recycling materials, using energy-efficient products, conserving water, avoiding single-use plastics, and planting trees.

---

### 3. Why should people ask themselves whether they really need a product before buying it?

**Answer:** Asking this question helps reduce unnecessary consumption, saves money, and prevents environmental damage caused by excessive production and waste.

---

### 4. Explain the impact of consumer society on the environmental crisis.

**Answer:** A consumer society promotes overconsumption, leading to excessive waste, resource depletion, pollution, and increased carbon emissions, all of which contribute to the environmental crisis.

---

### 5. How does reusing items help in reducing environmental pollution?

**Answer:** Reusing items reduces the need for new production, decreases waste, and lowers pollution levels by preventing items from ending up in landfills or being incinerated.

---

### 6. Give two examples of how you can reuse everyday items at home or school.

**Answer:**

1. Using old jars as storage containers.
  2. Using scrap paper for notes or artwork.
- 

### 7. Why is it important to buy durable products instead of disposable ones?

**Answer:** Durable products last longer, reducing the frequency of replacement, which minimizes waste and conserves resources, leading to a more sustainable lifestyle.

---



## CONCEPT NOTE

ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

UNIT 2

LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

### 8. What role does donating old items play in sustainability?

**Answer:** Donating old items extends their lifespan, helps those in need, reduces waste, and decreases demand for new products, conserving resources and energy.

---

### 9. How does recycling help in waste management?

**Answer:** Recycling reduces landfill waste, conserves natural resources, decreases pollution, and helps create new products from old materials, promoting a circular economy.

---

### 10. Describe the process of recycling and its benefits.

**Answer:** Recycling involves collecting, sorting, cleaning, and processing used materials into new products. Benefits include reducing landfill waste, conserving resources, and lowering energy consumption.

---

### 11. What types of materials can generally be recycled? Give examples.

**Answer:** Common recyclable materials include paper (newspapers, cardboard), plastics (bottles, containers), glass (jars, bottles), and metals (aluminum cans, steel products).

---

### 12. Why is it important to clean and sort materials before recycling them?

**Answer:** Cleaning and sorting materials prevent contamination, improve recycling efficiency, and ensure high-quality recycled products.

---

### 13. How does recycling old cans benefit the environment?

**Answer:** Recycling old cans saves energy, reduces mining for raw materials, decreases pollution, and cuts down on landfill waste.

---

### 14. What can be done with an item that is no longer useful for its original purpose?

**Answer:** It can be repurposed creatively (e.g., turning old clothes into cleaning rags), donated, or recycled to minimize waste.

---

### 15. Explain how businesses can contribute to reducing waste and pollution.

**Answer:** Businesses can use eco-friendly packaging, encourage recycling, reduce plastic use, implement sustainable production methods, and promote reusable products.

**16. Why should we reduce the use of single-use plastics?**

**Answer:** Single-use plastics contribute to pollution, harm wildlife, take hundreds of years to decompose, and increase landfill waste.

**17. What are some creative ways to repurpose items that would otherwise be thrown away?**

**Answer:** Old t-shirts can be turned into reusable shopping bags, glass jars can be used as flower vases, and cardboard boxes can be used for storage or crafts.

**18. How does land pollution affect the environment and human health?**

**Answer:** Land pollution contaminates soil and water, harms wildlife, contributes to climate change, and causes health problems like respiratory diseases.

**19. Why is composting an effective way to reduce waste?**

**Answer:** Composting turns organic waste into natural fertilizer, reduces landfill waste, enriches soil, and decreases methane emissions from rotting food.

**20. How can students actively participate in promoting sustainability in schools?**

**Answer:** Students can reduce paper use, recycle properly, bring reusable bottles and lunch containers, plant trees, and participate in environmental awareness campaigns.

Protecting the environment is a responsibility that everyone must take seriously. There are many ways we can help, such as following the **Reduce, Reuse, and Recycle** principles.

One of the best ways to protect the environment is to **(a)** \_\_\_\_\_ our consumption. Before buying something, we should ask ourselves whether we really need it. Using fewer resources helps prevent waste and pollution.

Another important habit is to **(b)** \_\_\_\_\_ items whenever possible. Instead of throwing away old clothes, we can donate them to others in need. Using reusable water bottles and shopping bags also helps reduce plastic waste.

When items can no longer be used, the best option is to **(c)** \_\_\_\_\_ them. Many materials, such as paper, glass, and metal, can be processed and turned into new products. This reduces landfill waste and conserves natural resources.

## CONCEPT NOTE

### ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

### UNIT 2

### LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

Pollution and excessive waste harm the planet, but small daily actions can make a big difference. For example, using energy-efficient appliances and reducing water waste can help protect the environment. Additionally, planting more **(d)** \_\_\_\_\_ helps clean the air and combat climate change.

If we all work together and make better choices, we can create a cleaner, healthier world. Every action counts, no matter how small. It is our duty to protect the **(e)** \_\_\_\_\_ for future generations.

---

#### Answers:

- (a) Reduce
- (b) Reuse
- (c) Recycle
- (d) Trees
- (e) Planet

The Earth is our home, and it is our duty to take care of it. One of the biggest threats to our planet is **(a)** \_\_\_\_\_, which is caused by excessive waste, deforestation, and pollution. To reduce these harmful effects, we must adopt eco-friendly habits in our daily lives.

One simple way to help the environment is by conserving **(b)** \_\_\_\_\_. We should turn off lights and appliances when not in use, use energy-efficient bulbs, and rely more on renewable energy sources like solar and wind power.

Another important step is to reduce **(c)** \_\_\_\_\_ waste. Instead of using plastic bags and bottles, we can switch to reusable ones. Additionally, we should avoid products that come in excessive packaging.

Trees play a crucial role in maintaining ecological balance. They produce **(d)** \_\_\_\_\_, absorb carbon dioxide, and provide shelter for wildlife. Cutting down trees for urban development and agriculture leads to climate change and loss of biodiversity.

Lastly, we should keep our surroundings clean by disposing of waste properly. Recycling materials like paper, glass, and metal helps in reducing pollution. By making small changes in our lifestyle, we can protect our **(e)** \_\_\_\_\_ for future generations.

---

#### Answers:

- (a) Pollution
- (b) Energy
- (c) Plastic

## CONCEPT NOTE

### ENGLISH 1<sup>ST</sup> PAPER

### UNIT 2

### LESSON 5

Prepared by: **MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR**

(d) Oxygen

(e) Planet

To protect our planet, we need to make responsible choices every day. One of the most important actions we can take is to **(a)** \_\_\_\_\_ our consumption of natural resources. This means buying only what we truly need and avoiding products that come with excessive packaging. Another essential practice is to **(b)** \_\_\_\_\_ items instead of discarding them. For example, we can reuse containers or donate old clothes to others who need them.

Recycling is also a crucial step in reducing waste. By recycling materials like paper, glass, and metals, we can **(c)** \_\_\_\_\_ the amount of waste that ends up in landfills and conserve valuable resources. Another way to make a difference is by planting more **(d)** \_\_\_\_\_. Trees help reduce carbon emissions, provide oxygen, and support wildlife.

Finally, we need to be mindful of how we dispose of waste. Improper disposal can lead to **(e)** \_\_\_\_\_, which harms the environment and wildlife. Taking these small steps can have a significant impact on the health of our planet.

---

#### Answers:

(a) Reduce

(b) Reuse

(c) Decrease

(d) Trees

(e) Pollution