ENGLISH 1ST PAPER

WRITTEN PART

COMPLETING STORY

Prepared by: MIRZA MINHAZ AZIZ TUNUR

Put the following parts of the story in correct order to make the whole story. Only the corresponding

numbers of the sentences need to be written: (01-21)

- 01. (a) He thought him to be dead. [DB'24, C.B15]
- (b) The bear smelt his ears, nose and face.
- (c) Suddenly they came across a bear.
- (d) Once upon a time two friends were passing through a forest.
- (e) Then the bear went away.
- (f) Finding no other way, the later one laid down on the ground and feigned death.
- (g) The first friend climbed up a tree but the later could not climb.
- (h) They were talking about their love for each other.
- 02. (a) The king followed the advice of the physician and became slim and fully cured. [RB'24; RB'17]
- (b) He advised the king to move a heavy club into the air till he got tired.
- (c) He did not undergo physical labour.
- (d) The doctor was very wise.
- (e) He became bulky and could not move or do anything.
- (f) Once there was a king who was very idle.
- (g) He did not prescribe any medicine.
- (h) He called in a doctor.
- 03. [Ctg.B'24]
- (a) In 1930 he joined the Ramjash College, Delhi but returned to his place of birth the next year.
- (b) In 1947, when the partition was made Jibanananda Das left Bangladesh for India.
- (c) He lost the job in 1928 on the charge of publishing a poem in "The Parichaya Patrika."
- (d) He got an appointment in Brajomohan College, Barishal in 1935.
- (e) He took his Master's Degree in English at the age of 22.
- (f) 1951, he joined the Kharagpur College.
- (g) Jibanananda Das was born in a small town of Barishal in 1899.
- (h) The next year he started his teaching career as a professor of English at Kolkata City College.
- 04. (a) He said to him, "Look, my friend! Keep the money and remove your distress." [SB'24]
- (b) So, he could not devote himself to his work.
- (c) This thought kept him awake and his sleep fled away at night.
- (d) Now, a new thinking took hold of the farmer.
- (e) He dug a hole in his hut and kept them there.
- (f) A rich man went to a farmer with fifty thousands taka in a bag.
- (g) He always thought that his money could be stolen any time.
- (h) He gradually, realized that he had money but no peace of mind.

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- 05. (a) Then the leader of the robbers came to Saadi and ordered him to give all he had to him. [BB'24]
- (b) They travelled for twelve days without any trouble.
- (c) The merchants had their goods and a lot of money.
- (d) He had a bundle of books and some money with him.
- (e) On the thirteenth day a gang of robbers attacked them and took away all the goods and money from

the merchants.

- (f) Sheikh Saadi handed him the bundle of books and also the little money he had without any fear.
- (g) Once Sheikh Saadi was going to Baghdad with a group of rich merchants.
- (h) Saadi then said, "I hope that you will make the good use of these books."
- 06. (a) Penicillin is the life saving medicines. [JB'24; RB'20; CB, DB'17]
- (b) He passed his boyhood with his parents.
- (c) It was discovered by Dr. Alexander Fleming.
- (d) He was the seventh of the eight brothers and sisters.
- (e) He was never absent from school up to the age of twelve.
- (f) He was sent to London at the age of fourteen for higher study.
- (g) He was born into a poor family in Scotland.
- (h) Fleming was a very regular and attentive student.
- 07. (a) The king asked him why he was making such a small boat. [CB'24, MB'20]
- (b) Napoleon, the king of France, was a great hero.
- (c) One day, he was walking along the Sea-Shore.
- (d) He won many battles and conquered many countries of Europe.
- (e) The boy said, "I shall cross the sea and go my home." Suddenly, he noticed a wonderful thing.
- (g) The boy was brought before him.
- (h) An English boy was making a small boat.
- 08. (a) Belal's lot has changed radically. [Din.B'24]
- (b) He is now very happy to be a self-sufficient man.
- (c) He got a lease of land in his village.
- (d) Poverty forced him to look for work.
- (e) Then he joined the training programme of NHC and received training in vegetable cultivation.
- (f) He has also been raising hybrid cows for milk as well as to produce manure.
- (g) Belal was an unemployed youth of an impoverished family.
- (h) He applied his new and improved knowledge for cultivating vegetables.

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- 09. (a) He got a lease of land in his village. [MB'24]
- (b) As a result, his lot has been changed radically.
- (c) Poverty forced him to look for work.
- (d) He has also been raising hybrid cows for milk and manure.
- (e) Shamim was an unemployed youth of an impoverished family.
- (f) So, he joined the training in vegetable cultivation.
- (g) He is now very happy to be a self-sufficient man.
- (h) He applied his new and improved knowledge for cultivating vegetables.
- 10. (a) In the evening, a lion entered the cave. [DB'20; Ctg.B'19; SB, JB'19, 17, 15,Din B 16]
- (b) One day, he fled from his master's house and took shelter in a cave.
- (c) Once upon a time, there lived a young man named Androcles.
- (d) He came near Androcles and lifted his paw.
- (e) He was caught by a slave merchant who sold him to a rich man in another country.
- (f) The lion seemed wounded as he was groaning.
- (g) His master was very bad and inflicted heavy torture on him.
- (h) He took the lion's paw in his hand and removed a big thorn from it. The lion was relieved of his pain.
- 11. (a) The dog was cured. [Ctg.B'20,JB 16]
- (b) He found a mad dog and injected some weak germs of its diseases into blood.
- (c) One day a boy named Joseph Meister was brought to Pasteur.
- (d) He had been bitten by a mad dog.
- (e) Pasteur was a French scientist.
- (f) Pasteur gave him some injections and the boy did not get dog's disease.
- (g) He discovered that many diseases are caused by germs and he also found cures for several of them.
- (h) At first, he only treated animals because he did not want to cause the death of any human being.
- 12. (a) Mandela joined the African National Congress in 1942. [SB'20,15; BB'19]
- (b) In 1993 Mandela was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize.
- (c) For 20 years, he directed a campaign of peaceful nonviolent defiance against the South African

Government and its racist policies.

- (d) Mandela died at his home is Johannesburg on December 5, 2013 at the age of 95.
- (e) In 1993, South African President F. W. de Klerk was also awarded the Nobel Peace Prize.
- (f) In 2009. Mandela's birthday was declared "Mandela Day" to promote global peace.
- (g) Nelson Mandela was born on July 18, 1918 in South Africa.
- (h) In 1994, Mandela was elected as South Africa's first black President.

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13. (a) They got money, made a shelter in a makeshift house and started making 'Nakshi Kantha' with new

and old clothes and thread of different colours. [JB'20]

- (b) Yet Nur Banu did not become frustrated and inspired her husband to stand against all odds.
- (c) Her husband was a farmer and they had everything but they became helpless.
- (d) As Nur Banu was good at art in her early age, she could make wonderful design in her Kanthas.
- (e) A few years back Nur Banu lost everything for the river erosion.
- (f) Her husband sold them in the market and became solvent.
- (g) She together with her husband worked hard and made a lot of Kanthas.
- (h) She had an ornament made of gold and she gave it to her husband to sell it.
- 14. (a) "I am not playing. I have already gone through these pages." [CB'20]
- (b) His father was passing by.
- (c) From his boyhood, he was a very meritorious boy.
- (d) He at once entered the room and said, "O my boy, don't play with your book."
- (e) His father Kazi Wazed Ali was a renowned pleader in the Barisal Bar.
- (f) One day the boy Fazlul Huq was reading in his study room.
- (g) He saw Fazlul Haq was reading his lessons and tearing off the pages of his book one after another.
- (h) The great leader of the country whom we love and admire is Sher-E-Bangla A. K. Fazlul Hag.
- 15. (a) But his heart was not in medicine and he felt that he was born to be a poet. [Din.B'20; SB'19]
- (b) This great poet met a premature death on February 23, 1821.
- (c) Finally, he abandoned surgery for literature.
- (d) John Keats was born on October 31, 1795.
- (e) He lost his father in 1804 and his mother in 1810.
- (f) His finest poems like 'Ode to a Nightingale', 'Ode on a Grecian Urn', etc. were published in 1820.
- (g) In 1811, Keats became an apprentice to a surgeon at Edmonton.
- (h) He was the eldest son of his parents.
- 16. (a) Shamim got a lease of land in his village. [DB'19]
- (b) Shamim's lot has changed radically
- (c) Poverty forced him to look for work.
- (d) He has also been raising hybrid cows for milk as well as to produce manure.
- (e) Shamim was an unemployed youth of an impoverished family.
- (f) Then he joined the training programme of youth development and received training in vegetable cultivation.

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- (g) He is now very happy to be a self-sufficient man.
- (h) He applied his new and improved knowledge for cultivating vegetables.
- 17. (a) Suddenly he stopped one of the guests. [RB'19]
- (b) The marriage ceremony was over and the guests were all going to the feast.
- (c) He spoke so strangely that the guests stood still and listened to the story.
- (d) He saw people walking past him.
- (e) The old man told him about his last journey.
- (f) The old sailor sat on a stone outside the church.
- (g) He had a strange mad look in his eyes.
- (h) There was a ship "The old sailor began".
- 18. (a) The old woman felt pity for him and quickly gave Taimur a full dish of food. [CB'19; Ctg.B'17]
- (b) Then he disguised himself as a poor traveller and supported himself by begging.
- (c) As a result, he burnt his fingers.
- (d) He came to a house and asked an old woman to give him something to eat.
- (e) Once young Taimur attacked a province but unfortunately his soldiers were all killed.
- (f) The food was very hot.
- (g) One day he became very hungry and could not get anything to eat.
- (h) He hurriedly dug his fingers right at the middle of the dish.
- 19. (a) The dog dropped the bone and barked at the crow. [Din.B'19]
- (b) One of them started pecking to dog's tail.
- (c) Both the crows went near the dog.
- (d) Once a dog was eating a bony piece of meat sitting under a tree.
- (e) The dog not only felt disturbed but also became angry.
- (f) It flew away and after sometime returned with another crow.
- (g) A crow saw him and wished to eat that.
- (h) In the meantime the other crow flew away with the bone.
- 20. Put the following parts of the story in correct order to re-write the whole story. Write the sequence only. 1x8=8 [Din 17]
 - (a) He showed extraordinary credit in every examination of the school.
 - (b) In 1953, he was appointed Chairman of Secondary Education Board.
 - (c) He has great contribution to the scientific research of Bangladesh.
- (d) At the age of six, he was admitted in a Furkania Madrasha and then in an English School.
 - (e) Dr. Kudrat-E-Khuda was born in Birbhum District of West Bengal in 1900.
- (f) In 1925, he passed M.Sc in Chemistry from Kolkata University and in 1929, he passed D.Sc from Imperial College in England.
 - (g) He died on 3rd November, 1977.

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- 21. Read the following sentences and rewrite them in correct order: [J.B17]
- (a) On the completion of his house educations, he was sent to school, but did not like institutional education.
 - (b) In 1911, he translated his poems of the 'Geetanjali' into English.
- (c) He was given a knight by the British Government in 1914 but he rejected it as a protest against the atrocities of the British Government.
- (d) Rabindranath Tagore, one of the leading poets in the history of world literature, was born in the renowned Tagore family in March 1861.
- (e) He was sent to London to study law but he studies literature with Professor Henry Morley for a few months and he returned home.
 - (f) It brought him the highest honour in the form of Noble Prize in 1913.
 - (g) At the age of eighty, he breathed his last.
 - (h) In his twentieth year, Rabindranath along his father went to the Himalayas
- 22. (a) He had no much education. [B.B 17]
 - (b) He ascended the throne of Delhi at the age of thirteen.
 - (c) His full name was Jalaluddin Muhammad Akbar.
 - (d) He was skilled in warfare.
 - (e) Akbar was born in 1542 at Amarkot in Sind.
 - (f) The battle of second Panipath took place in 1556 and he won the battle.
 - (g) When he was born, his father Humayun lost the throne of Delhi.
 - (h) He was the grandson of Babar.
- 23. (a) When asked, the youngest daughter said, 'Nothing'. [D.B. 16]c
 - (b) But first he wanted to know, how much they loved him.
 - (c) Being pleased, Lear gave each of them a third of his kingdom.
 - (d) His eldest daughter declared, 'Sir, I love you more than I can say.
- (e) Long ago, there was a mighty old king of England named Lear who wanted to divide his kingdom among his three daughters.
 - (f) At first Lear asked his eldest daughter, 'How much do you love me?'
 - (g) When asked, his second daughter said, 'My love for you shall never change.'
 - (h) Lear was shocked and said, 'Nothing will come of nothing'.
- 24. (a) But water was at the bottom and out of its reach. [R.B.16]
- (b) It flew from one place to another in search of water.
- (c) As each pebble went down, the water in the jar rose up little by little.
- (d) A crow was very thirsty and wanted to drink water.
- (e) It took some pebbles and then it dropped them into the jar.
- (f) Then it hit upon a plan.
- (g) At last, it found a jar in a garden.
- (h) When the water came to the mouth of the jar, the crow drank and quenched its thirst.

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- 25. (a) She saw a box marked half a crown and considered that the box would be the most appropriate gift for him. [C.B16]
- (b) The princess had a fixed allowance for pocket money and she was not permitted to exceed it.
- (c) But her governess said, "No, you see the princess has not the money and so, of course, she cannot buy the box".
- (d) Queen Victoria was taught economical habits by her governess when she was a little girl.
- (e) Once at a market at Wales, she spent all her money in buying a number of presents for relatives and friends.
- (f) The people in shop wanted to enclose the box with the other articles.
- (g) But alas! She had no money.
- (h) As she was leaving, she remembered another cousin for whom she did not buy any present.
- 26. (a) The guests praised the king. [S.B 16]
- (b) People praised him more than their king.
- (c) The name of that man was Hatem Tai.
- (d) But the guests praised Hatem Tai also.
- (e) Long long ago there lived a very kind and generous man in Yemen.
- (f) One day the king gave a dinner.
- (g) He was not rich but very hospitable.
- (h) So, the king felt happy and proud.
- 27. (a) Hazrat Omar (R) became shocked and assured the woman of providing her with food. [B.B 16]
- (b) She also explained that she was boiling water in a pot only to console her children.
- (c) He instantly went to the go down and carried a sack of food himself for that woman and her children to that cottage.
- (d) Hazrat Omar (R) used to go out to see the condition of his subjects with his own eyes at dead of night.
 - (e) He asked the woman of that cottage about the cause of crying of her children.
 - (f) One night he was passing by a cottage.
- (g) The woman explained that the children were crying for food as they were starving for two days.
 - (h) He heard that children were crying.
- 28. (a) She asked Bayazid to give her a glass of water, but he could not find any water in the pitcher. [D.B 15]
 - (b) Once Hazrat Bayazid Bustami came home to see his ailing mother.
 - (c) But she again fell asleep.

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- (d) So, he went to the well quite far from their house.
- (e) She woke up some hours later.
- (f) He filled the pitcher, came back and went to his mother with a glass of water.
- (g) As he was still standing by her bed, his mother drank the glass of water and blessed him from the core of heart.
 - (h) He, instead of waking her up, stood by her bed with the glass of water in his hand.
- 29. (a) He graduated from the Govt. School of Art in Kolkata. [R.B 15]
 - (b) He is recognized as the most valuable painter of Bangladesh.
 - (c) He died of lungs cancer.
 - (d) Zainul Abedin was born in 1914 in Kishoregonj.
 - (e) Still now he is referred with great respect as Shilpacharya in Bangladesh.
 - (f) He is also the pioneer of Bangladeshi modern art.
 - (g) He was also appointed as a teacher there.
 - (h) He is highly admired for his 'Bengal Famine Sketches'
- 30. (a) He took part in the revolt against King Edward I of England for the independence of his country. [Din.B 15]
 - (b) But his army was defeated again and again.
 - (c) Robert Bruce was the King of Scotland.
- (d) He led an expedition against England, overthrew the English army and secured the independence of Scotland.
- (e) It fell down time and again but it did not give up its attempts. At its seventh attempt it succeeded in reaching the top.
 - (f) He noticed a spider trying to reach the top of the steep wall of the cave.
- (g) Being defeated for six times, he lost all hopes and fled away to save his life. One day he was lying in a cave in the forest.
- (h) Bruce got back his hope at that incident, took courage and gathered his soldiers together.
- 31. (a) He had only one son named Sindbad. [Ctg B15]
 - (b) Soon, he fell in economic difficulty.
- (c) At last one of his father's friends helped him start a business and being successful in it, he became rich again.
 - (d) He went to his friends and relatives for help but none helped him.
 - (e) Sindbad's father died when he was only sixteen.
- (f) Sindbad having inherited all his father's vast wealth, many of his relatives and friends gathered round Sindbad to look after him.
- (g) Sindbad, a young and inexperienced boy spent money extravagantly for his relatives and friends.
 - (h) Long, long ago, there lived a rich man.

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- 32. (a) He was alone in this world. [B.B 15]
 - (b) One day this old man became ill and tried to go to a doctor.
 - (c) So he was unable to maintain his livelihood happily.
 - (d) Once there lived a poor and old man in a certain village.
- (e) To see him in this condition a school going boy came forward and took him to the nearest hospital.
 - (f) But he never begged to support himself in the midst of much hardship.
 - (g) He could not move easily and fell down on the ground.
 - (h) He had no land of his own.
- 33. a) He did not die a natural death.
- (b) He was born in 459 B.C in Athens.
- (c) He would stop passers-by at different places in the streets and asked them simple questions.
- (d) Socrates was the wisest philosopher and teacher of his time.
- (e) His mission was to spread knowledge among the people.
- (f) Socrates would often go out in the streets of Athens.
- (g) He was killed by the rulers of Athens.
- (h) He lived in Athens in Greece
- 34. (a) With eyes full of tears, they bade Socrates a last farewell.
- (b) They burst into tears and cried loudly like children.
- (c) Socrates met his friends and disciples for the last time.
- (d) He argued with them about the immortality of the soul.
- (e) He asked them to let him die in peace.
- (f) At last, the hour of departure had arrived.
- (g) He told them that the soul of man cannot die.
- (h) His friends and disciples could not bear the sight.
- 35. a) He wanted to teach him a good lesson.
- (b) So, one day he painted the word 'dumb' on a board. He hung it round his neck.
- (c) So, he thought how he could add to his income.
- (d) He could not earn much by begging.
- (e) Once there lived a beggar in a city.
- (f) One day an idea crossed of him.
- (g) He thought that he would have more money if pretended to be dumb.
- (h) Another beggar also lived in the city. He was very jealous of him.