

Project Name: Online Course Management System [OCMS]

Name	Sabbir Mehtaj
ID	2013438042
Course Code &	CSE311L.2
section	
Group ID	21
Project ID	1

Project Objectives

The primary objective of this project is to develop an **online course management system** (OCMS), that enables students to enroll in courses, take exams, and view their results efficiently. The system also allows teachers to create and manage courses and exams while maintaining secure authentication and access control.

Here're some bullet point:

- Efficient management of student and teacher data.
- Organizing and scheduling exams and questions.
- Managing student exam performance and generating results.
- Assigning roles to users based on responsibilities.
- * Representing complex relationships between entities such as departments, courses, and roles.
- Ensuring support for multiple data types (multivalued, composite, derived attributes)

Project Functionalities

Student Registration & Profile Management

- Students can register with personal details (composite: name, address).
- Belongs to a department.
- Multivalued attributes: Email, Phone (a student may have multiple).

Course Management

- Teachers are assigned to courses.
- Courses are linked to departments.
- Students register in multiple courses (many-to-many relationship).

> Exam & Question Management

- Teachers create questions for exams.
- Each question has marks, type, and exam association.
- Questions are organized per course.

Marks Entry and Result Processing

Students write answers in exams (ternary relationship: Student-Exam-Question).

- Marks are recorded per question and summed in a result.
- Derived attribute: Total marks in Result or Exam.

> Teacher Management

- Includes specialization through roles (Role entity with attributes).
- Teachers belong to departments and teach multiple courses.

> Role Management

- Teachers or Students may have system roles (admin, coordinator, etc.).
- Demonstrates generalization/specialization.

ERD Concepts

✓ Entities

Strong Entities: Student, Teacher, Department, Course, Exam, Question, Role, Result

Weak Entities: Marks, QuestionAnswer (existence depends on related strong entities)

✓ Relationships

One-to-One: Student ↔ Result (each student has one result)

One-to-Many:

- Department → Student
- Department → Course
- Teacher → Exam

Many-to-Many:

- Student ← Course (via enrollment/appears)
- Teacher ↔ Course (via teaches)

√ Generalization/Specialization

Role assignment: General entity (Role) applies to different entities (Student/Teacher) based on context.

✓ Role

Students are assigned roles (write, make, etc) using the Role entity.

Role contains Role_id, Role_Name, and Role_desc.

√ Ternary Relationship

Marks links Student, QuestionAnswer, and Teacher via the ternary relationship write.

✓ Composite, Multivalued, and Derived Attributes

composite: Address (may include subfields like street, city, etc.)

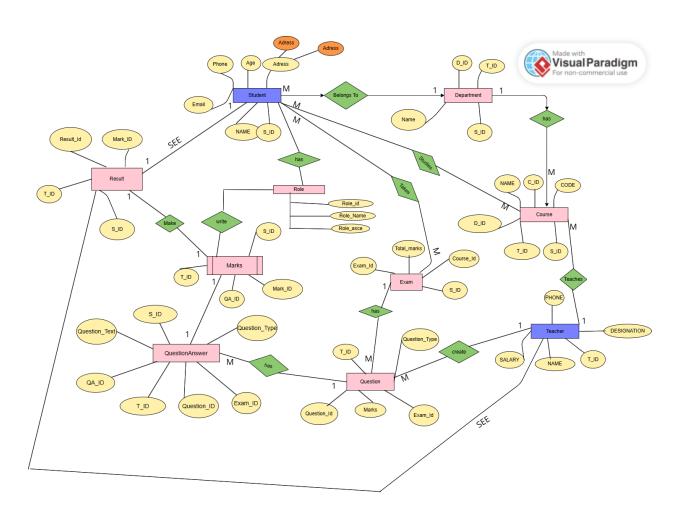
Multivalued: Phone (students/teachers can have multiple numbers)

Derived: Result may include derived total marks from Marks entries.

Entity-Relationship Diagram (ERD)

Link here:

https://online.visual-paradigm.com/share.jsp?id=333932323637312d34



Relational Schema

```
Student (S ID, Name, Age, Email, Phone, Address)
PK: S_ID
Department (<u>D_ID</u>, Name, <u>T_ID</u>, <u>S_ID</u>)
PK:D ID and FK:T ID,S ID
Course (C ID, Name, Code, D ID, S ID, T ID)
PK:C ID and FK: D ID, S ID, T ID
Teacher (T ID, Name, Phone, Designation, Salary)
PK:T ID
Exam (Exam ID, Total_marks, Course ID, Student ID)
PK:EXAM ID and FK: Course ID, Student ID
Question (Question ID, Marks, Types, Exam ID,T ID)
PK:Question ID and FK: Exam ID, T ID
QuestionAnswer (QA_ID,Question_Text, Question_ID, S_ID, T_ID, Exam_ID)
PK:QA ID and FK: Question ID, S ID, T ID, Exam ID
Marks (Mark_ID, S ID, T ID, QA ID)
PK: Mark ID and Fk: S ID, T ID, QA ID
Result (Result_ID, S ID, T ID, Exam ID, Marks)
PK:Result_ID and FK:_S_ID, T_ID, Exam_ID
Role (Role ID, Role_Name, Role_Description)
PK:Role ID
Has_Role (S ID, Role ID)
PK/FK: S id, Role ID
```

Relationships & Mapping:

- ▶ Belongs To (Student Department) → Many -to-one (M:1)
- ➤ Offers (Department Course) → One-to-Many (1:M)
- ➤ Studies (Student Course) → Many-to-Many (M:M) (Needs an associative table)
- Teaches (Teacher Course) → One-to-Many (1:M)
- ➤ Has (Student-Role)-> One-to-One or One-to-Many(1:M or 1:1)
- ➤ Takes (Student Exam) → Many-to-Many(M:M)
- Creates(Teacher—Question)-> One-to-Many(1:M)
- → Has (Exam Questions) → One-to-Many (1:M)
- Writes (Student QuestionAnswer)-> One-to-Many (1:M)
- Evaluates(Marks-QuestionAnswer)-> One-to-One(1:1)
- Make (Result Marks)->One-to-One(1:1)
- Has(Student-Result)-> One-to-One(1:1)

SQL DDL for the Relation Schema

-- Step 1: Create Database CREATE DATABASE StudentManagementSystem; USE StudentManagementSystem; ----- Step 2: Create Tables---- CREATE TABLE Student (

```
S ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(100),
  Email VARCHAR(100),
  Phone VARCHAR(15),
  Age INT,
  Address VARCHAR(255)
);
---- Teacher Table----
CREATE TABLE Teacher (
  T_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(100),
  Phone VARCHAR(15),
  Salary DECIMAL(10, 2),
  Designation VARCHAR(100)
);
---- Department Table----
CREATE TABLE Department (
  D_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(100),
  S_ID INT,
  T ID INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (S_ID) REFERENCES Student(S_ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (T_ID) REFERENCES Teacher(T_ID)
);
--- Role Table----
CREATE TABLE Role (
  Role_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Role Name VARCHAR(100),
  Role_asce VARCHAR(100) -- Unclear attribute; possibly Role_desc?
);
---- Course Table----
CREATE TABLE Course (
  C ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(100),
  Code VARCHAR(50),
  D ID INT,
```

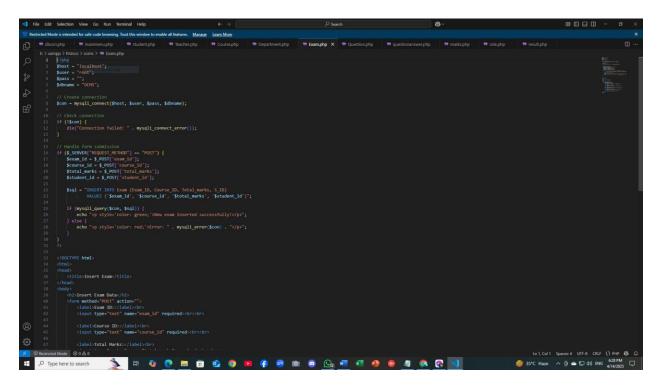
```
T ID INT,
  S ID INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (D_ID) REFERENCES Department(D_ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (T ID) REFERENCES Teacher(T ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (S ID) REFERENCES Student(S ID)
);
---- Exam Table----
CREATE TABLE Exam (
  Exam ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Course ID INT,
  S ID INT,
  Total marks INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (Course ID) REFERENCES Course(C ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (S_ID) REFERENCES Student(S_ID)
);
---- Result Table----
CREATE TABLE Result (
  Result ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Mark ID INT,
  S ID INT,
  T ID INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (Mark ID) REFERENCES Marks(Mark ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (S_ID) REFERENCES Student(S ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (T_ID) REFERENCES Teacher(T_ID)
);
----Question Table----
CREATE TABLE Question (
  Question_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Question Type VARCHAR(50),
  Exam_Id INT,
  T ID INT,
  Marks INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (Exam Id) REFERENCES Exam(Exam ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (T_ID) REFERENCES Teacher(T_ID)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE QuestionAnswer (
  QA ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Question ID INT,
  Question Type VARCHAR(50),
  Exam ID INT,
  S ID INT,
  T ID INT,
  Question Text TEXT,
  FOREIGN KEY (Question ID) REFERENCES Question (Question ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (Exam ID) REFERENCES Exam(Exam ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (S ID) REFERENCES Student(S ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (T ID) REFERENCES Teacher(T ID)
);
---- Marks Table----
CREATE TABLE Marks (
  Mark ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  S ID INT,
  T ID INT,
  QA ID INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (S ID) REFERENCES Student(S ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (T ID) REFERENCES Teacher(T ID),
  FOREIGN KEY (QA ID) REFERENCES QuestionAnswer(QA ID)
);
```

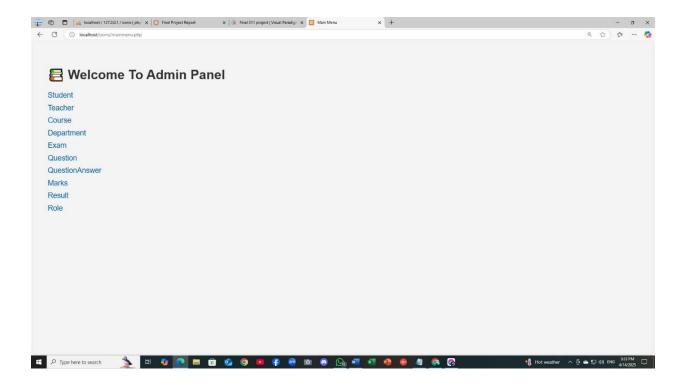
Screenshots of the User Interface (UI) of the Implemented Project

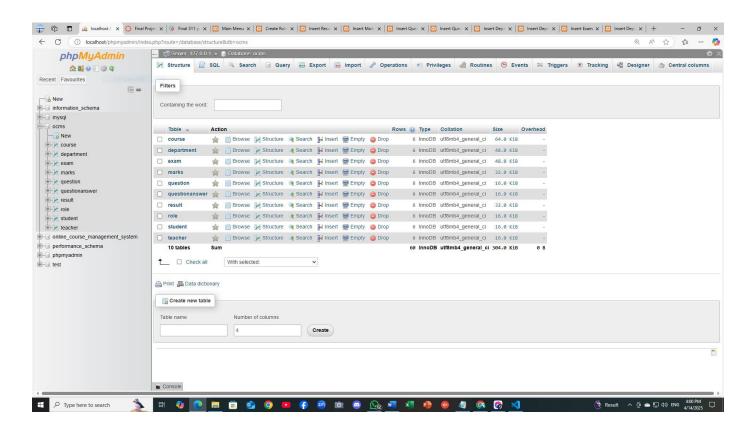
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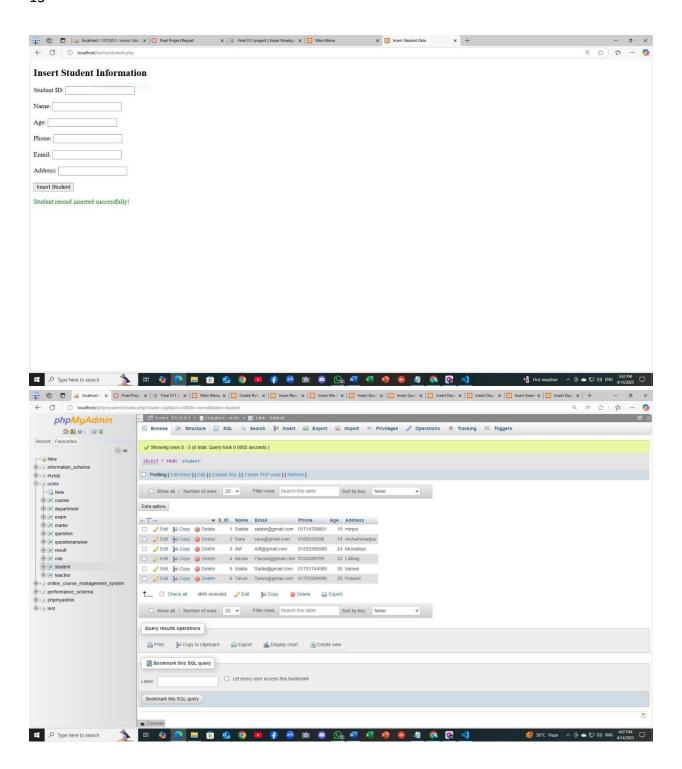


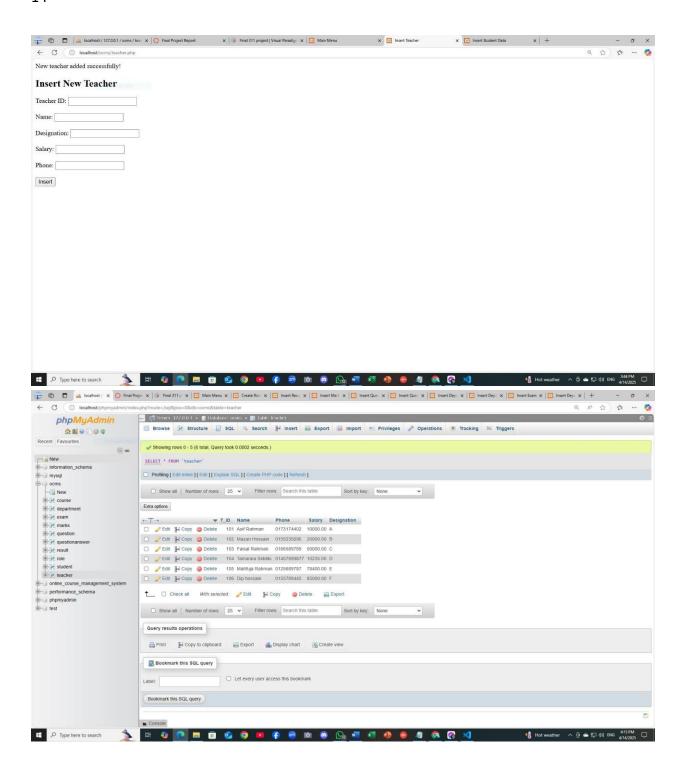


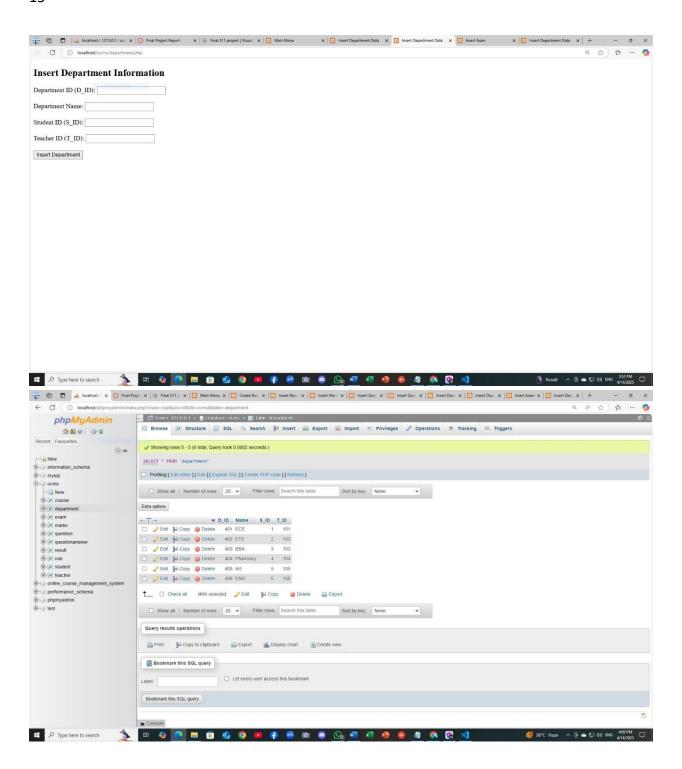
(Apply: vs-code and Note++)

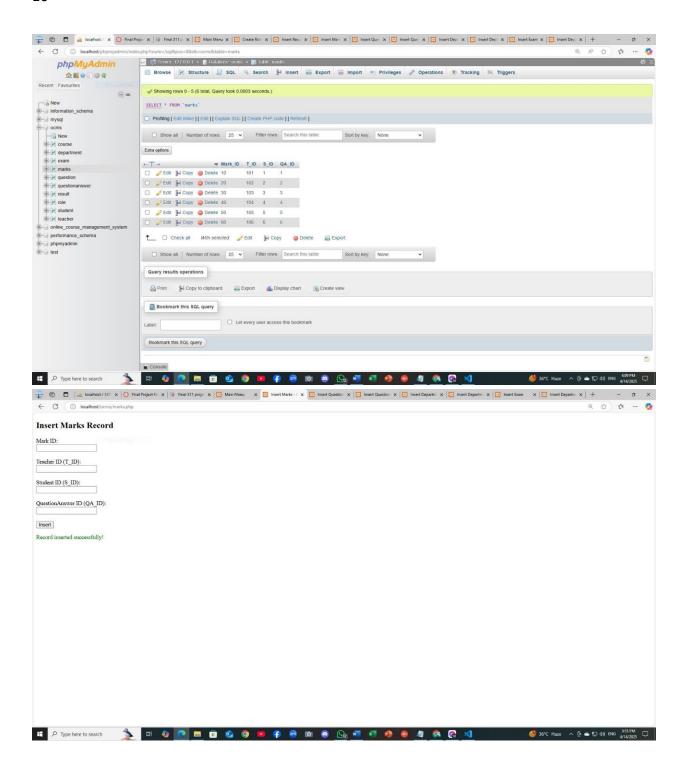


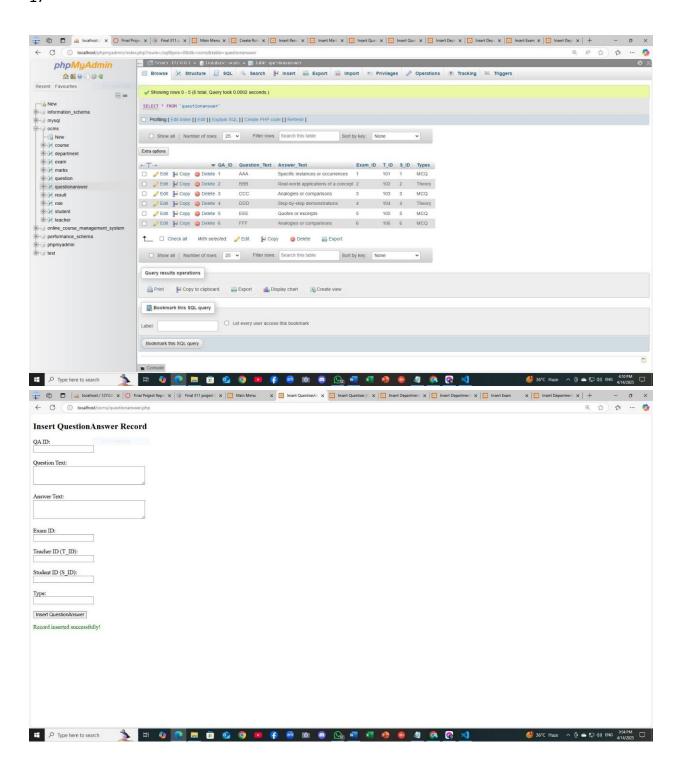


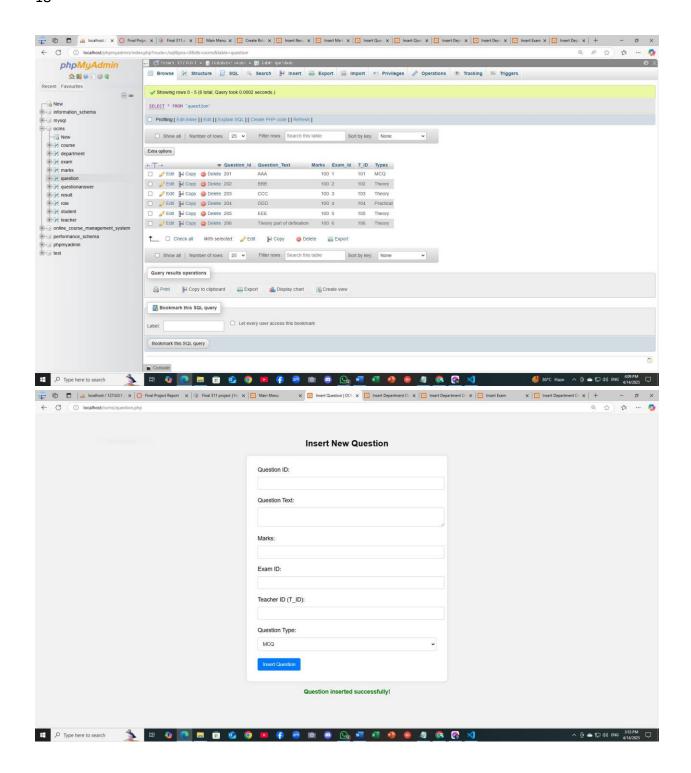


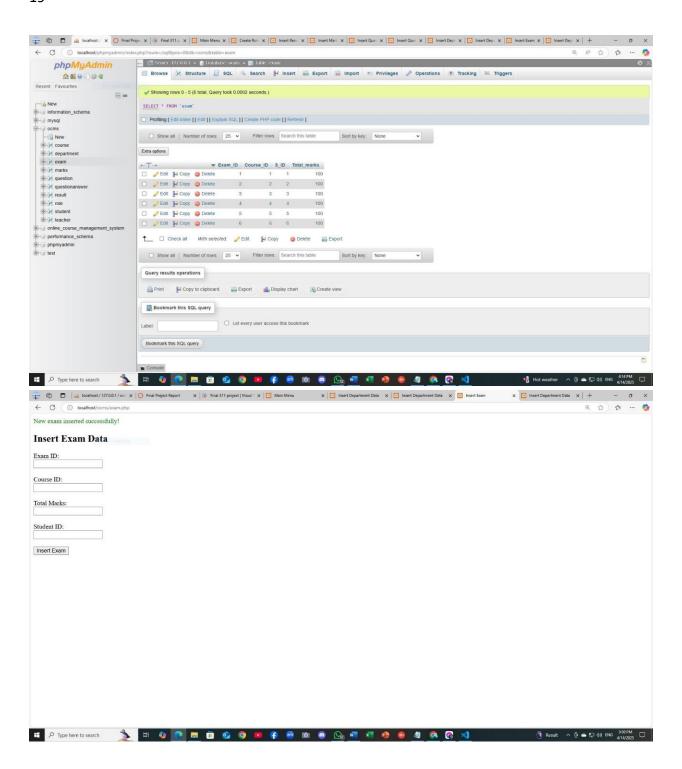


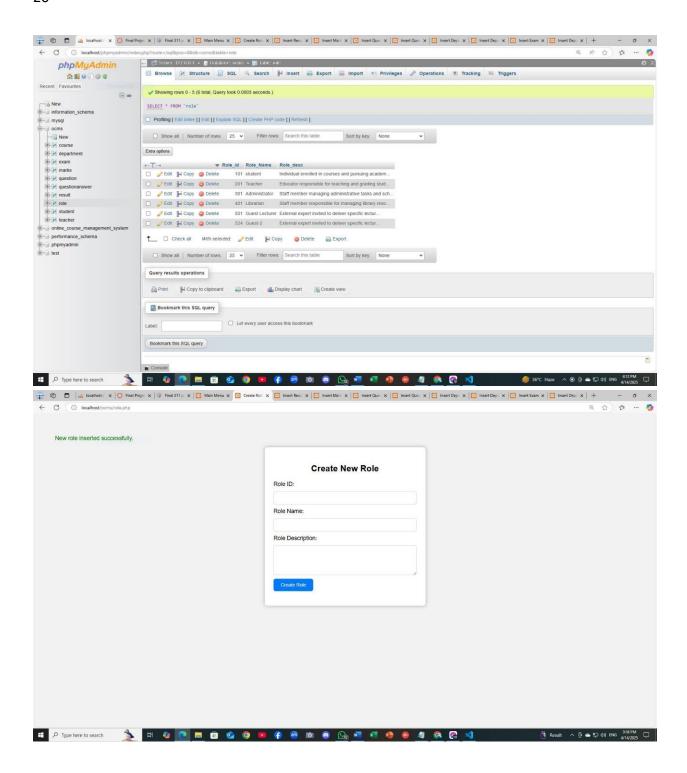


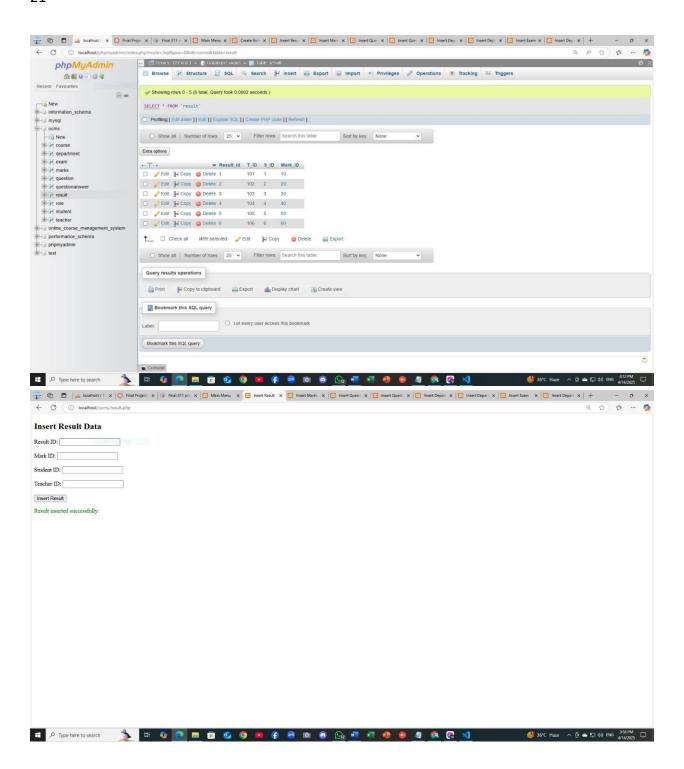












Contribution/Working Statements

Teacher Module:

Department Module:

Designed the DEPARTMENT entity with attributes like Department_ID, Department_Name, and managed the association of teachers and courses with departments.

department_Name

Exam Module:

Question and QuestionAnswer Module:

Designed the QUESTION entity with attributes like Question_ID, Course_ID, Question_Text, and the QUESTIONANSWER entity to store correct answers, linking them to exams.

Concentrates on the administrative and assessment components of the system. This involves managing the teaching and their departments, as well as the creation and management of examinations and their associated questions and answers.

Student Module:

Course Module:

Marks Module:

Developed the MARKS entity to store student scores for different assessments within a course, linking it to students and courses.

Result Module:

Designed the RESULT entity to calculate and store final results for students in each course, potentially including GPA calculations and linking to student and course data.

Conclusion

The Online Course Management System (OCMS) provides a complete solution for managing students and instructors in online education. It uses ERD concepts in its database design for efficient student registrations, course enrollments, and progress tracking. By modeling relationships among students, courses, and instructors, the system adapts easily to future changes and offers advanced features like real-time updates and multi-channel communication. This ERD ensures a well-organized data flow, enabling seamless interaction between students, teachers, and course-related activities. The system follows key database design principles such as normalization, referential integrity, and entity relationships, reducing redundancy and ensuring efficient data retrieval.

***** Key Findings:

- Well-structured relationships between users, courses, exams, and results.
- Efficient authentication and enrollment processes for security and accessibility.
- Streamlined exam and result management, enhancing performance tracking.

Challenges Faced:

- Ensuring data consistency and integrity across multiple entities.
- Designing optimal relationships between users, courses, and exams.

This project successfully implements a relational database model that ensures scalability, data integrity, and ease of access, making it a robust solution for educational institutions.