

1. Write a program to find the k^{th} smallest element in an Arraylist.

Soln:

```
import java.util.*;

public class KthSmallest {
    public static int findKthSmallest(List<Integer> list,
                                      int k) {
        Collections.sort(list);
        return list.get(k-1);
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        List<Integer> numbers = Arrays.asList(7, 10, 4, 3, 20);
        int k = 3;
        int result = findKthSmallest(numbers, k);
        System.out.println("The " + k + "th smallest element  
is: " + result);
    }
}
```

2. Create a TreeMap to store the mappings of words to their frequencies in a given text.

Soln:

```
import java.util.*;
public class WordFrequencyMap {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String text = "hello world. Hello Java";
        String[] words = text.split(" ");
        TreeMap<String, Integer> frequencyMap = new
            TreeMap<>();
        for (String word : words)
        {
            frequencyMap.put(word, frequencyMap.getOrDefault
                (word, 0) + 1);
        }
        System.out.println("Word Frequencies: ");
        for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> entry : frequency
            frequencyMap.entrySet()) {
                System.out.println(entry.getKey() + ": " +
                    entry.getValue());
            }
    }
}
```

3) Queue and Stack using Priority Queue with a custom comparator.

```
import java.util.*;

public class QueueStackPA {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        PriorityQueue<Integer> queue = new PriorityQueue<>();

        queue.add(3);
        queue.add(1);
        queue.add(2);
        System.out.println("Queue (ascending order): ");
        while (!queue.isEmpty()) {
            System.out.print(queue.poll() + " ");
        }

        PriorityQueue<Integer> stack = new PriorityQueue<>
            (Collection.reverseOrder());

        stack.add(1);
        stack.add(2);
        stack.add(3);
        System.out.println("\n Stack (descending order): ");
    }
}
```

```

while (!stack.empty()) {
    System.out.print(stack.poll() + " ");
}
}
}

```

4) TreeMap to store students IDs and their details.

Soln:

```

import java.util.*;
class Student {
    String name;
    int age;
    Student(String name, int age) {
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
    }
    public String toString() {
        return name + " (" + "target.");
    }
}

```



```

Public class StudentMap {
    public static void main (String [] args) {
        TreeMap<Integer, Student> Students = new TreeMap<>();
        Students.put (101, new Student ("Adam", 20));
        Students.put (102, new Student ("Anib", 21));
        for (Map.Entry<Integer, Student> entry : students.
            entry Set()) {
            System.out.println ("ID: " + entry.getKey() + "
                Details: " + entry.getValue());
        }
    }
}

```

5] Check if two linkedlists are equal

Soln:

```

import java.util.*;
public class LinkedListEqual {
    public static void main (String [] args) {
        LinkedList<Integer> list1 = new LinkedList<> (Arrays.
            asList (1, 2, 3));
        LinkedList<Integer> list2 = new LinkedList<> (Arrays.
            asList (1, 2, 3));
    }
}

```

```
boolean isEqual = list1.equals(list2);  
System.out.println("Are the lists equal ? " +  
                    isEqual);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

6) HashMap for employee ID to department.

Soln;

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class EmployeeDept{
```

```
    public static void main(String [] args){
```

```
        HashMap<Integer, String> empDept = new HashMap<>();
```

```
        empDept.put(1001, "HR");
```

```
        empDept.put(1006, "CSE");
```

```
        empDept.put(1005, "Accounting");
```

```
        for (Map.Entry<Integer, String> entry : empDept.  
            entrySet()) {
```

```
            System.out.println("Employee ID: " + entry.getKey() +  
                                ", Department: " + entry.getValue());
```

```
        }  
    }  
}
```