

Assignment 1

July 15, 2020

MAT 110 : Differential Calculus and Co-ordinate Geometry.
SET : I

Name : Jarin Akter Mou
Dept. CSE
Student ID : 20301070
Math Section : 8

ANSWER TO THE PROBLEM NO: 1

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x \ln x \quad (1)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln x}{\frac{1}{x}} \quad (2)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{-\frac{1}{x^2}} \quad (3)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} -x \quad (4)$$

$$= 0(Ans) \quad (5)$$

ANSWER TO THE PROBLEM NO: 2

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 - 1}{x - 1} \quad (6)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x - 1)(x^2 + x + 1)}{(x - 1)} \quad (7)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (x^2 + x + 1) \quad (8)$$

$$= 1^2 + 1 + 1 \quad (9)$$

$$= 3(Ans) \quad (10)$$

ANSWER TO THE PROBLEM NO: 3(a)

$$f(-3) = k \quad (11)$$

$$\text{So, } k = \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x) \quad (12)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x + 3} \quad (13)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{(x + 3)(x - 3)}{x + 3} \quad (14)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} (x - 3) \quad (15)$$

$$= -3 - 3 \quad (16)$$

$$= -6(\text{Ans}) \quad (17)$$

ANSWER TO THE PROBLEM NO: 3(b)

With 'k' assigned the value from (a) shows that f(x) can be expressed on a polynomial. f(x) with 'k' assigned value -6, is equivalent to the function g(x)=x-3.

ANSWER TO THE PROBLEM NO: 4

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + 8)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2}{x} \quad (18)$$

$$\text{Let, } t = (x + 8)^{\frac{1}{3}} \quad (19)$$

$$\text{or, } t^3 = x + 8 \quad (20)$$

$$\text{or, } x = t^3 - 8 \quad (21)$$

$$\text{If, } t^3 = x + 8 \quad (22)$$

$$\text{or, } t^3 = 0 + 8 [\text{Since, } x \rightarrow 0] \quad (23)$$

$$\text{or, } t = 2 \quad (24)$$

So, when $x \rightarrow 0$, then $t \rightarrow 2$

$$\text{Now, } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + 8)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2}{x} \quad (25)$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \frac{(t-2)}{(t^3-8)} \quad (26)$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \frac{(t-2)}{(t-2)(t^2+2t+4)} \quad (27)$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{(t^2+2t+4)} \quad (28)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2^2+2*2+2} \quad (29)$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} (Ans) \quad (30)$$

ANSWER TO THE PROBLEM NO: 5

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{z^2+2}}{(3z-6)} \quad (31)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{z\sqrt{1+\frac{2}{z^2}}}{3z(1-\frac{2}{z})} \quad (32)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (Ans) \quad (33)$$