## **PROJECT CODES**

## **Exploratory Data Analysis:**

```
from collections import Counter
from collections import defaultdict
[28]: #read the dataset
path = ""data/""
>>
[29]: names = [name.replace(", '_').split('_')[0] for name in os.listdir(path)]
classes Counter (names) #return dictionary
[30]: print(classes)
Counter({'arecaceae': 35, 'arrabidaea': 35, 'cecropia': 35, 'chromolaena': 35, 'combretum': 35,
'croton': 35, 'dipteryx': 35,
'eucalipto': 35, 'farame a': 35, 'hyptis': 35, 'mabea': 35, 'matayba': 35, 'mimosa': 35, 'myrcia': 35,
'protium': 35,
'qualea': 35, 'schinus': 35, 'senegalia': 35, 'serjania': 35, 'syagrus': 35, 'tridax': 35, 'urochloa': 35,
'anadenanthera': 20})
#Total no. of images
print("Number of images", len(names))
Number of images 790
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize = (8,3))
plt.title('Class Counts in Dataset')
plt.bar(*zip(*classes.items()))
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
plt.show()
```

```
path_class = {key: [] for key in classes.keys()}
for name in os.listdir(path):
key = name.replace(' ', '_').split('_')[0]
path_class[key].append(path + name)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from PIL import Image
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15, 15))
for i, key in enumerate(path_class.keys()):
  img1 = Image.open(path_class[key][0])
  img2 = Image.open(path_class[key][1])
  img3 = Image.open(path_class[key][2])
  ax = fig.add_subplot(8, 9, 3*i + 1, xticks=[], yticks=[])
  ax.imshow(img1)
  ax.set_title(key)
  ax = fig.add_subplot(8, 9, 3*i + 2, xticks=[], yticks=[])
  ax.imshow(img2)
  ax.set_title(key)
  ax = fig.add_subplot(8, 9, 3*i + 3, xticks=[], yticks=[])
  ax.imshow(img3)
  ax.set_title(key)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
import os
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Read sizes (height, width) from all images in the directory
sizes = [cv2.imread(os.path.join(path, name)).shape[:2]
    for name in os.listdir(path)]
x, y = zip(*sizes) # separate heights and widths
# Plotting scatter plot
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(5, 5))
plt.scatter(x, y)
plt.title("Image size scatterplot")
plt.xlabel("Height (pixels)")
plt.ylabel("Width (pixels)")
# Add diagonal red line for reference
max_val = max(max(x), max(y))
plt.plot([0, max_val], [0, max_val], 'r')
plt.show()
# Image PreProcessing
import os
import cv2
import numpy as np
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from keras.utils import np_utils
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
def process_img(img, size=(128, 128)):
  img = cv2.resize(img, size) # resize image
  img = img / 255.0 # divide values by 25
return img
```

```
# Read all images and store in X; Y holds class names
X, Y = [], []
for name in os.listdir(path):
  img = cv2.imread(os.path.join(path, name))
  X.append(process_img(img))
  Y.append(name.replace('', '_').split('_')[0])
X = np.array(X)
# Encode labels and convert to one-hot encoding
le = LabelEncoder()
Y_le = le.fit_transform(Y)
Y_cat = np_utils.to_categorical(Y_le, num_classes=23)
# Split data into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(
  X, Y_cat, test_size=0.285, stratify=Y_le
)
print("Images in each class in Test set: {}".format(np.sum(Y_test, axis=0)))
#Save arrays to disk
np.save("data/processed/X_train.npy", X_train)
np.save("data/processed/X_test.npy", X_test)
np.save("data/processed/Y_train.npy", Y_train)
np.save("data/processed/Y_test.npy", Y_test)
```

```
import numpy as np
# Load your preprocessed dataset
X_train = np.load("data/processed/X_train.npy")
X_test = np.load("data/processed/X_test.npy")
Y_train = np.load("data/processed/Y_train.npy")
Y_test = np.load("data/processed/Y_test.npy")
# Define the model (continuing from previous code)
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dropout, Dense
input_shape = X_train[0].shape
output_shape = Y_train.shape[1] # automatically picks your number of classes
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dropout, Dense
input_shape = X_train[0].shape
output_shape = 23
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(filters=16, kernel_size=3, input_shape=input_shape, activation='relu',
padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=2))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=2, activation='relu', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=2, activation='relu', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2))
```

```
model.add(Conv2D(filters=128, kernel_size=2, activation='relu', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(500, activation='relu'))
# model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(150, activation='relu'))
# model.add(Dropout(0.2))
model.add(Dense(output_shape, activation='softmax'))
model.summary()
#Compile Model
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
       loss='categorical_crossentropy',
       metrics=['accuracy'])
# Data augmentation setup
datagener = ImageDataGenerator(
  rotation_range=20,
  width_shift_range=0.2,
  height_shift_range=0.2,
  horizontal_flip=True,
  vertical_flip=True
)
datagener.fit(X_train)
# Training parameters
batch_size = 4
epochs = 500
```

```
model_path = 'cnn.hdf5'
callbacks = [
  EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=20, restore_best_weights=True),
  ModelCheckpoint(filepath=model_path, save_best_only=True)
]
# Fit the model using augmented data
history = model.fit(
  datagener.flow(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size),
  steps_per_epoch=len(X_train) // batch_size,
  epochs=epochs,
  validation_data=(X_train, Y_train),
  callbacks=callbacks,
  verbose=1
)
# Load the best weights and evaluate
model.load_weights(model_path)
score = model.evaluate(X_test, Y_test, verbose=0)
print(f"Test set accuracy: {score[1]:.4f}")
# Plot Customized Accuracy and Loss Graphs
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Extract data from training history
acc = history.history['accuracy']
                                    # Blue: generated (augmented) training accuracy
val_acc = history.history['val_accuracy'] # Orange: original validation accuracy
loss = history.history['loss']
                                 # Blue: training loss
val_loss = history.history['val_loss'] # Orange: validation loss
```

```
epochs = range(1, len(acc) + 1)
# Plot Model Accuracy
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'b-', label='Generated Data (Train Accuracy)') # Blue line
plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'orange', label='Original Data (Validation Accuracy)') # Orange line
plt.title('Model Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xticks([0, 20, 40, 60, 80])
plt.yticks([0.0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8])
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
# Plot Model Loss
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'b-', label='Generated Data (Train Loss)') # Blue line
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'orange', label='Original Data (Validation Loss)') # Orange line
plt.title('Model Loss (Categorical Crossentropy)')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xticks([0, 20, 40, 60, 80])
plt.yticks([0.0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0])
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

```
#Save Model
model.save('model.h5')
# Testing the Model
import numpy as np
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image
import load_img, img_to_array
import os
# 1. Define your image path
img_path = r'D:\Pollen_Grain\data\protium_23.jpg'
# 2. Check if file exists
if not os.path.exists(img_path):
  raise FileNotFoundError(f"Image not found: {img_path}")
# 3. Load & resize image (converted to RGB with 3 channels)
img = load_img(img_path, target_size=(128, 128))
# 4. Convert to array & normalize
x = img_to_array(img)
x = x / 255.0
x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0) # shape: (1, 128, 128, 3)
# 5. Predict with your existing model
pred = model.predict(x) # shape: (1, num_classes)
a = np.argmax(pred, axis=1)[0]
```

```
# 6. Define your class labels in the correct order
op = [
  'arecaceae', 'anadenanthera', 'arrabidaea', 'cecropia', 'chromolaena',
  'combretum', 'croton', 'dipter',
  # ... include all other class names in training order ...
  'eucalipto'
]
# 7. Map index to class label and display
result = op[a]
print("Predicted class:", result)
import numpy as np
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import load_img, img_to_array
import os
# 1. Define your image path
img_path = r'D:\Pollen_Grain\data\serjania_23.jpg'
# 2. Check if file exists
if not os.path.exists(img_path):
  raise FileNotFoundError(f"Image not found: {img_path}")
# 3. Load & resize image (converted to RGB with 3 channels)
img = load_img(img_path, target_size=(128, 128))
# 4. Convert to array & normalize
x = img_to_array(img)
```

```
x = x / 255.0
x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0) # shape: (1, 128, 128, 3)
# 5. Predict with your existing model
pred = model.predict(x) # shape: (1, num_classes)
a = np.argmax(pred, axis=1)[0]
# 6. Define your class labels in the correct order
op = [
    'arecaceae', 'anadenanthera', 'arrabidaea', 'cecropia', 'chromolaena',
    'combretum', 'croton', 'dipter',
    # ... include all other class names in training order ...
    'eucalipto'
]
# 7. Map index to class label and display
result = op[a]
print("Predicted class:", result)
```

## # TEMPLATES

## #index.html

```
<!-- Paste into templates/index.html -->
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Pollen Grain Classifier</title>
  <style>
    body {
      background: linear-gradient(to right, #f6f9fc, #e9eff5);
      font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
      text-align: center;
      padding: 40px;
    }
    .container {
      background: #fff;
      max-width: 600px;
      margin: auto;
      padding: 30px;
      border-radius: 15px;
      box-shadow: 0 4px 8px rgba(0,0,0,0.1);
    }
    h1 {
      margin-bottom: 20px;
      color: #2c3e50;
    }
    form {
```

```
margin-top: 20px;
    }
    input[type="file"] {
      margin: 20px 0;
    }
    button {
      background-color: #2980b9;
      color: white;
      padding: 10px 20px;
      border: none;
      border-radius: 5px;
      cursor: pointer;
      font-size: 16px;
    }
    button:hover {
      background-color: #1f6391;
    }
    footer {
      margin-top: 50px;
      font-size: 14px;
      color: #7f8c8d;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="container">
    <h1>B Pollen Grain Classification</h1>
    <!-- CRITICAL CHANGE: Update form action -->
    <form action="/result" method="POST" enctype="multipart/form-data">
      <label for="file">Upload a pollen grain image:</label><br>
```

```
<input type="file" name="image" id="file" required><br>
      <button type="submit">Predict</button>
    </form>
  </div>
  <footer>
    © 2025 Pollen Project | Team 7
  </footer>
</body>
</html>
#logout.html
<!-- Paste into templates/logout.html -->
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>Logged Out</title>
  <style>
    body {
      font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
      background-color: #f0f8ff;
      display: flex;
      flex-direction: column;
      align-items: center;
      justify-content: center;
      height: 100vh;
      margin: 0;
    }
```

```
h1 {
      color: #333;
    }
    a {
      margin-top: 20px;
      text-decoration: none;
      color: #fff;
      background-color: #007BFF;
      padding: 10px 20px;
      border-radius: 5px;
    }
    a:hover {
      background-color: #0056b3;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>You have been logged out.</h1>
  <a href="/">Return to Home</a>
</body>
</html>
# prediction.html
<!-- Paste into templates/prediction.html -->
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>Prediction Result</title>
```

```
<style>
  body {
    font-family: 'Segoe UI', sans-serif;
    text-align: center;
    background-color: #f2f9ff;
    padding: 40px;
  }
  h1 {
    color: #333;
  }
  img {
    margin-top: 20px;
    width: 300px;
    height: auto;
    border: 5px solid #007BFF;
    border-radius: 10px;
  }
  .result {
    font-size: 24px;
    margin-top: 30px;
    color: #007BFF;
  }
  .buttons {
    margin-top: 40px;
  }
  .buttons a {
    display: inline-block;
    margin: 0 10px;
    text-decoration: none;
    padding: 10px 25px;
    color: white;
```

```
background-color: #007BFF;
      border-radius: 5px;
    }
    .buttons a:hover {
      background-color: #0056b3;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Prediction Result</h1>
  {% if image_path %}
    <img src="{{ image_path }}" alt="Uploaded Image">
  {% endif %}
  <div class="result">
    Predicted Class: <strong>{{ pred }}</strong>
  </div>
  <div class="buttons">
    <a href="/prediction.html"> Try Another</a>
    <a href="/logout.html"> Logout</a>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

```
# app.py
import re
import os
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from flask import Flask, request, render_template
from keras.models import load_model
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import load_img, img_to_array
# Load model
model = load_model("model/model_.h5", compile=False)
# Initialize Flask app
app = Flask(__name___)
# Home routes
@app.route('/')
def index():
  return render_template("index.html")
@app.route('/index.html')
def home():
  return render_template("index.html")
@app.route('/logout.html')
def logout():
  return render_template("logout.html")
@app.route('/prediction.html')
def prediction():
```

```
return render_template("prediction.html")
# Prediction result
@app.route('/result', methods=["POST"])
def res():
  if 'image' not in request.files:
    return render_template("prediction.html", pred="No file uploaded")
  f = request.files['image']
  if f.filename == ":
    return render_template("prediction.html", pred="No file selected")
  # Save uploaded image
  basepath = os.path.dirname(__file__)
  upload_folder = os.path.join(basepath, 'static', 'upload')
  os.makedirs(upload_folder, exist_ok=True)
  filepath = os.path.join(upload_folder, f.filename)
  f.save(filepath)
  # Preprocess image
  img = load_img(filepath, target_size=(128, 128))
  x = img_to_array(img) / 255.0
  x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0)
  # Predict
  pred = np.argmax(model.predict(x))
  op = [
    'anadenanthera', 'arecaceae', 'arrabidaea', 'cecropia', 'chromolaena', 'combretum',
    'croton', 'dipteryx', 'eucalipto', 'faramea', 'hyptis', 'mabea', 'matayba', 'mimosa',
    'myrcia', 'protium', 'qualea', 'schinus', 'senegalia', 'serjania', 'syagrus',
    'tridax', 'urochloa'
```

```
result = op[pred]

return render_template('prediction.html', pred=result)

# Run Flask app
if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(debug=True)
```