Graph Traversal

Write a C program to create a graph and perform a Breadth First Search and Depth First Search.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX 100
struct Graph {
  int numVertices;
  int adjMatrix[MAX][MAX];
  int visited[MAX];
};
void initGraph(struct Graph* graph, int vertices) {
  graph->numVertices = vertices;
  for (int i = 0; i < vertices; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < vertices; j++) {
       graph->adjMatrix[i][j] = 0;
     }
     graph->visited[i] = 0;
  }
}
void addEdge(struct Graph* graph, int src, int dest) {
  graph->adjMatrix[src][dest] = 1;
  graph->adjMatrix[dest][src] = 1;
}
void BFS(struct Graph* graph, int startVertex) {
  int queue[MAX], front = 0, rear = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < graph->numVertices; i++) {
     graph->visited[i] = 0;
```

```
}
  graph->visited[startVertex] = 1;
  queue[rear++] = startVertex;
  printf("BFS Traversal: ");
  while (front != rear) {
    int currentVertex = queue[front++];
     printf("%d ", currentVertex);
     for (int i = 0; i < graph->numVertices; i++) {
       if (graph->adjMatrix[currentVertex][i] == 1 && !graph->visited[i]) {
         queue[rear++] = i;
         graph->visited[i] = 1;
       }
     }
  printf("\n");
}
void DFSUtil(struct Graph* graph, int vertex) {
  graph->visited[vertex] = 1;
  printf("%d ", vertex);
  for (int i = 0; i < graph->numVertices; i++) {
     if (graph->adjMatrix[vertex][i] == 1 && !graph->visited[i]) {
       DFSUtil(graph, i);
     }
}
void DFS(struct Graph* graph, int startVertex) {
  for (int i = 0; i < graph->numVertices; i++) {
     graph->visited[i] = 0;
```

```
}
  printf("DFS Traversal: ");
  DFSUtil(graph, startVertex);
  printf("\n");
}
int main() {
  struct Graph graph;
  int vertices = 6;
  initGraph(&graph, vertices);
  addEdge(&graph, 0, 1);
  addEdge(&graph, 0, 2);
  addEdge(&graph, 1, 3);
  addEdge(&graph, 1, 4);
  addEdge(&graph, 2, 4);
  addEdge(&graph, 3, 4);
  addEdge(&graph, 3, 5);
  addEdge(&graph, 4, 5);
  printf("Graph created with %d vertices.\n", vertices);
  BFS(&graph, 0);
  DFS(&graph, 0);
  return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Graph created with 6 vertices.

BFS Traversal: 0 1 2 3 4 5

DFS Traversal: 0 1 3 4 2 5