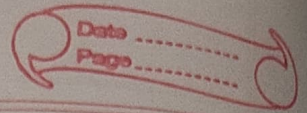


Constructor doesn't have return type

## Matrix



- Diagonal Matrix  $\rightarrow$  set  $\rightarrow$  get, Display  
$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
  
3X3

Here  $M[i, j] = 0$  if  $i \neq j$

• To save space

Diagonal matrix is saved as single dimension matrix eg  $M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

$\rightarrow$  if  $(i = j)$   
 $M[i-1] = \text{value}$  } - set value to diagonal matrix  
else

$\rightarrow$  if  $(i = j)$   
return  $M[i-1]$ ; } - get value at position  
else in diagonal matrix  
return 0;

- Same program with C++ class on github u can checkout



$$n \times \frac{n+1}{2}$$

But for n-1 ele  

$$\frac{(n-1) \times n}{2}$$

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AEZ DEEP

$$A[37][2] \quad \frac{2 \times (2+1)}{2} \quad (3)$$

• Lower Triangular matrix

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow A \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Kruth and row

$$M[i,j] = 0 \quad \text{if } j > i$$

$$M[i,j] = \text{non-zero} \quad \text{if } j \leq i$$

$$\text{Non-zero} \rightarrow 1 + 2 + 3 + 5$$

$$\text{elements} = 1 + \dots + n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\text{zero} = \text{Total element} - \text{non-zero elements}$$

$$\text{elements} = n^2 - \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

\* Row major (filling elements row by row)

to access  $M[3,3] \rightarrow$  we need to first

cross  $(i-1)$  row  
 which is sum of  
 first  $n$  natural  
 numbers as  
 every row has  
 one more element  
 than previous row

as  $i$  starts from 1  
 whereas array  
 starts from 0

• In row major

$$\text{mapping } M[i,j] \rightarrow A \left[ \frac{(i-1)(i-1+1)}{2} + j - 1 \right]$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$A \left[ \frac{i(i-1)}{2} + (j-1) \right]$$



\* Column major mapping representation

$M = \begin{matrix} & \xrightarrow{j} \\ \begin{matrix} \downarrow i \\ \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$

$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 & 3 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$

← 1 column → 2nd → 3rd →

$M[n \times n]$  Here  $m=n$

Index  $(A[3][3]) \rightarrow [3 + 2] + 0$

Index  $(A[3][2]) = [3] + 1$

Index  $(A[i][j]) = [n + n - 1 + n - 2 - \dots - (n - (j - 2))] + (i - j)$

i.e.  $[n + n - 1 + n - 2 + \dots + n - (j - 2)] + (i - j)$

$n$  is  $j - 2$  times  $\rightarrow (n \times (j - 2) + n)$

but as extra  $n$  is there at starting which is not counted it becomes  $(j - 1)$  times

$(n(j - 1) - (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + (j - 2))) + (i - j)$

$\left[ n(j - 1) - \frac{(j - 2)(j - 2 + 1)}{2} \right] + (i - j)$

$\left[ n(j - 1) - \frac{(j - 1)(j - 2)}{2} \right] + (i - j)$

Index  $A[3][2] = [3] + 1$

Index  $A[i][j] = [n + (n - 1 + \dots + n - (j - 2) \text{ times})] + (i - j)$   
 $= [n + (n \times (j - 2) - (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + j - 2 \text{ times})) + (i - j)]$

$= [n \times (j - 1) - \frac{(j - 2)(j - 1)}{2}] + (i - j)$

# \* Upper triangular Matrix

$$M = \begin{matrix} & j \rightarrow \\ \begin{matrix} i \downarrow \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \quad \text{if } i > j \text{ then } M[i, j] = 0$$

row major  $\rightarrow$  same as column major formula + lower triangular matrix

$$\text{Index } (A[i][j]) = [n + n - 1 + n - 2 + \dots + n - (j - 2)] + (j - 1)$$

$$= n \times (i - 1) - \frac{(1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + (j - 2))}{2} + (j - 1)$$

$$= (n \times (i - 1) - \frac{(j - 2)(i - 1)}{2}) + (j - 1)$$

$$= n \times (i - 1) - \frac{(i - 1)(j - 2)}{2} + (j - 1)$$

Column major

$$\text{Index } (A[i][j]) = [1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + (j - 1)] + i - 1$$

$$= \left[ \frac{j(j - 1)}{2} \right] + i - 1$$



## \* Symmetric Matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 4 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{if } M[i,j] = M[j,i]$$

you use any Upper or lower Triangular Matrix and retrieve others.

## \* Tri diagonal matrix

$$A[i,j]$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 8 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 3 & 10 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Main diagonal  $(i-j)=0$

lower diagonal  $(i-j)=+1$

upper diagonal  $(i-j)=-1$

Index  $(A[i][j])$

$$M = \begin{array}{c} \text{lower} \rightarrow \text{main} \leftarrow \text{upper} \\ \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline 5 & 6 & 7 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 8 & 9 & 10 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad 7 \quad 8 \quad 9 \end{array} \end{array}$$

Case 1: if  $i-j=1 \rightarrow$  lower diagonal

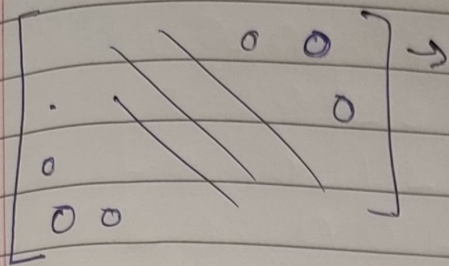
$$\text{index} = i - 2$$

$$\text{Main} = (n-1) + i - 1$$

$$\text{upper} = 2(n)-1 + i - 1$$

↑  
no element

\* Square band matrix



~~\* Toeplitz Matrix~~

\* Toeplitz Matrix

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 & 6 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 6 & 5 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$i-j \quad i-j-1 \quad i-j-1$

→ no elements required  $= n + (n-1)$

$$A = [1 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 6]$$

Index (A[i][j])

case 1: if  $i \leq j \leq \text{top row}$

$$\text{Index} = j - i$$

case 2: if  $i > j$   $= n$

$$\text{Index} = n + i - j - 1$$

\* Menu driven program for any of matrix

\* Menu driven program for any matrix using function.

\* write all matrices using c++ class