

Class
viii

Python Flow Control

Lab 19

```
print "Hello World"
```

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Flowchart

a graphical
representation of
a computer
program in
relation to its
sequence of
functions



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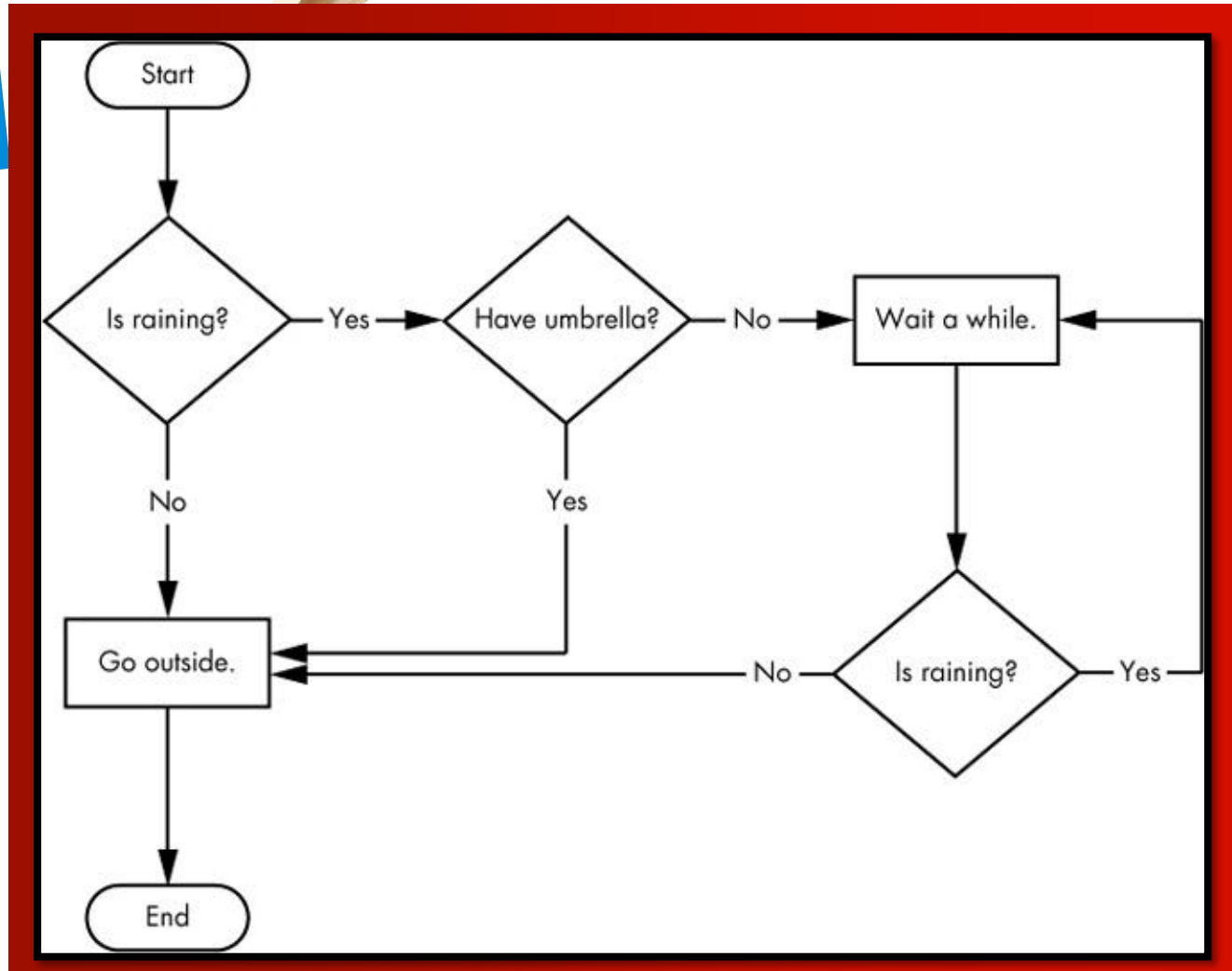


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Flowchart Drawing

You have to start from a point and go through some of the conditions and target is to go to the end



Boolean Values

The Boolean data types has only two values. True & False

```
>>> spam = True
```

```
>>> spam
```

```
True
```

```
>>>
```

```
>>> 2==2
```


```
True
```

```
>>>
```



Comparison Operator

compare two values and
evaluate down to a single
Boolean value



Operator	Meaning
<code>==</code>	Equal to
<code>!=</code>	Not equal to
<code><</code>	Less than
<code>></code>	Greater than
<code><=</code>	Less than or equal to
<code>>=</code>	Greater than or equal to


Blocks of Code

- ✓ Blocks begin when the indentation increases.
- ✓ Blocks can contain other blocks.
- ✓ Blocks end when the indentation decreases to zero or to a containing block's indentation.



If Statement


compare two values and
evaluate down to a single
Boolean value



```
If life == boring:  
    print ( "Be awesome and make a happy life" )
```

elif Statement

The elif statement is an “else if” statement that always follows an if or another elif statement. It provides another condition that is checked only if all of the previous conditions were False.



```
If burgerPrice < 500:  
    print ( "burger kinbo" )  
  
elif burgerPrice >= 800:  
    print ( "kinbo na ei burger" )  
  
elif burgerPrice == 150:  
    print ( "2 ta khabo ekbare" )
```




Thank You!

You'll learn logic
implement from next lab

