



Computer Hardware

Class Five

Lab 1

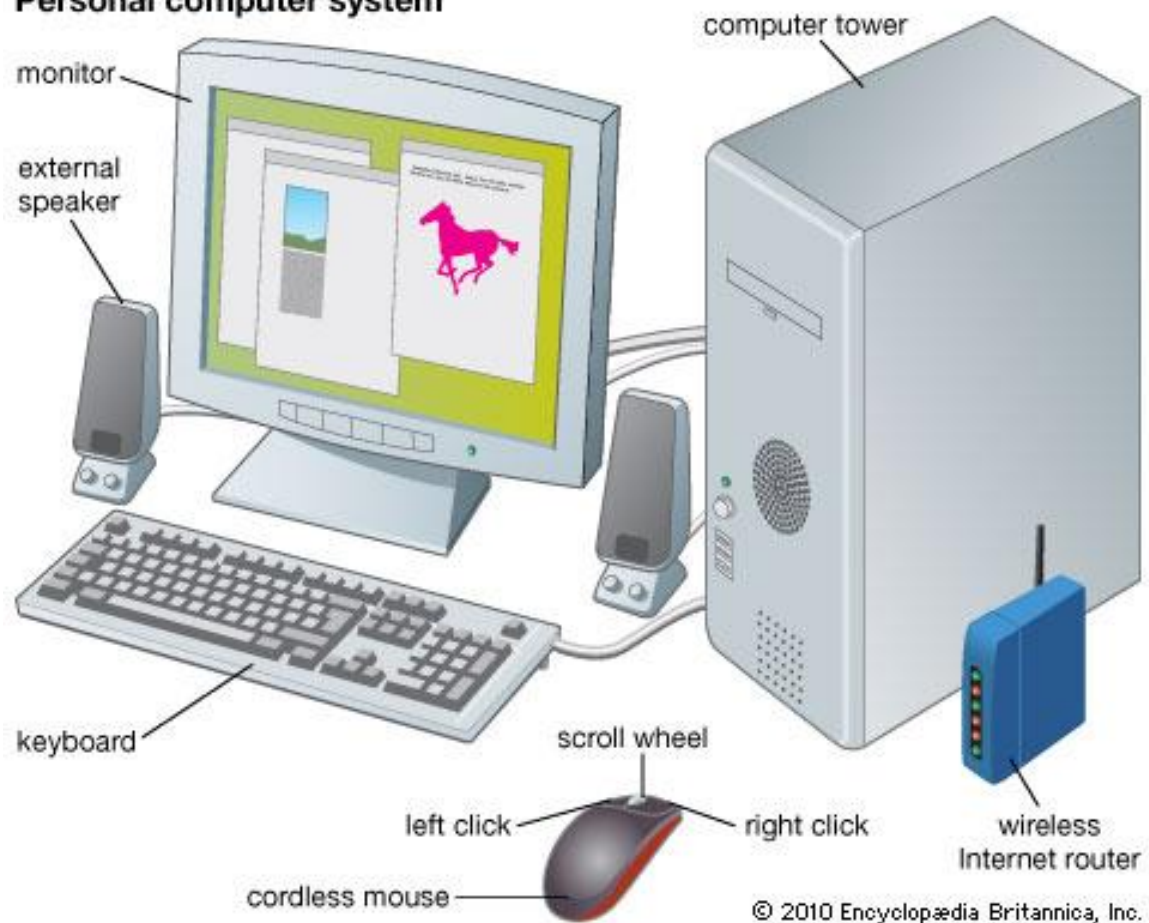


Lab Objectives:

- Processor - ALU
- Controller
- Register
- Motherboard

Overview of a Computer:

Personal computer system





Processor

A processor, or "microprocessor," is a small chip that resides in computers and other electronic devices.



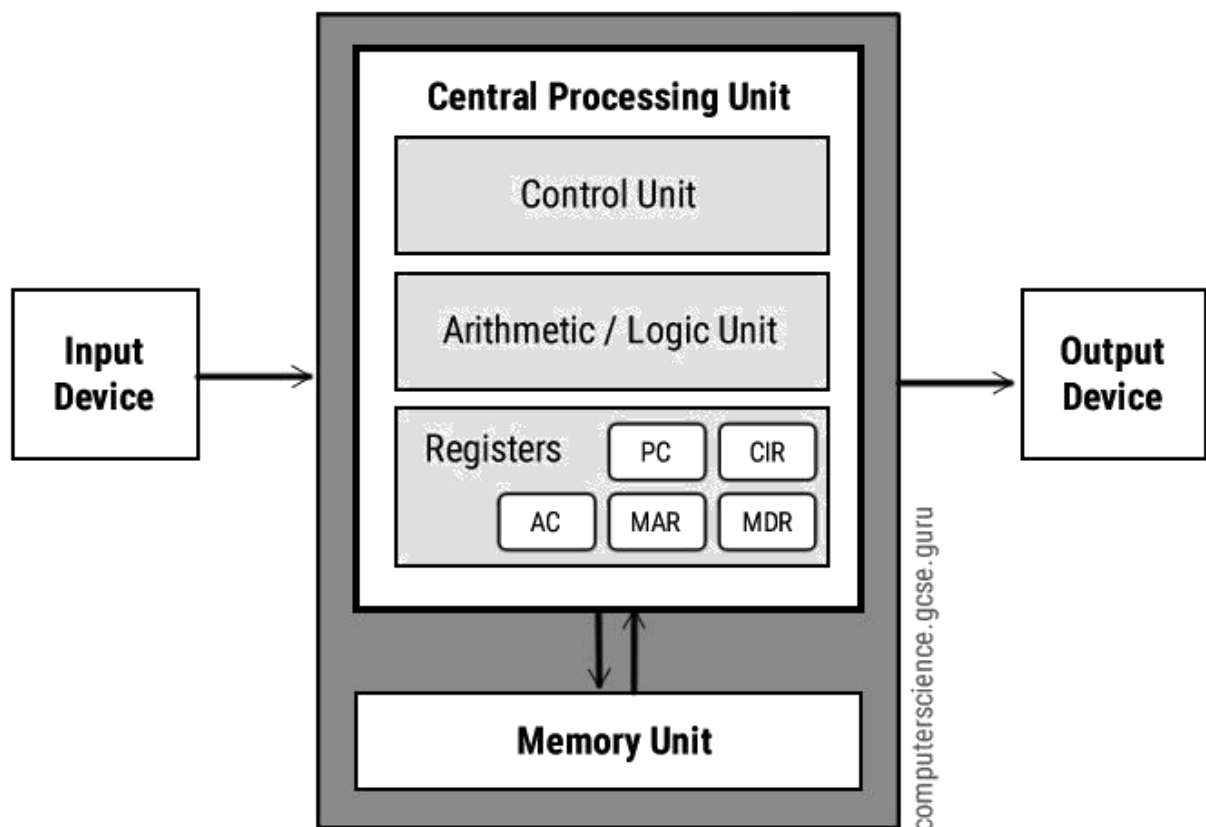
Its basic job is to receive input and provide the appropriate output. While this may seem like a simple task, modern processors can handle trillions of calculations per second.





Computer Architecture

Computer architecture is a specification detailing how a set of software and hardware technology standards interact to form a computer system or platform

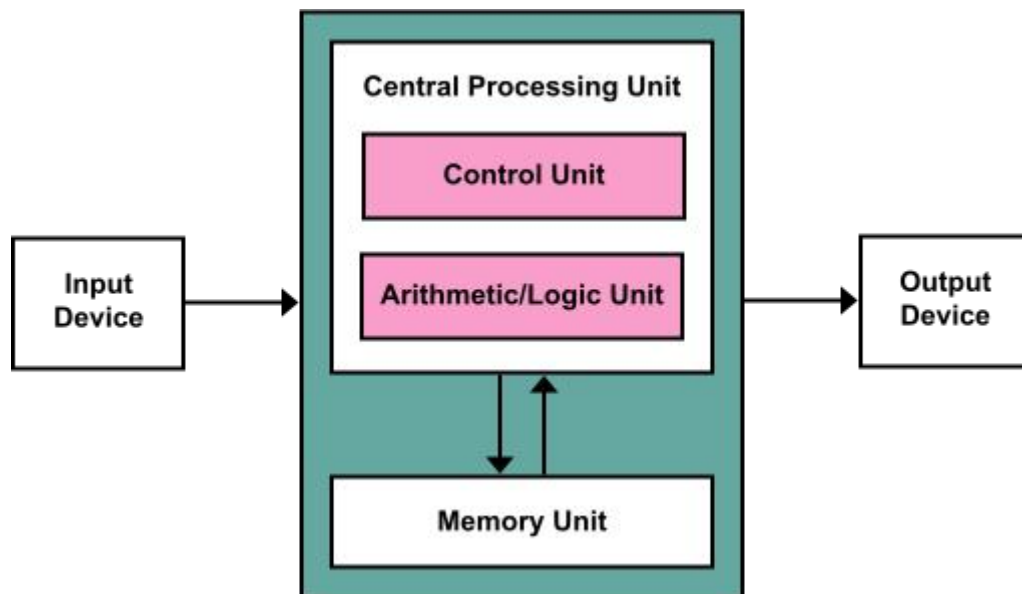


In short, computer architecture refers to how a computer system is designed and what technologies it is compatible with.



Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU)

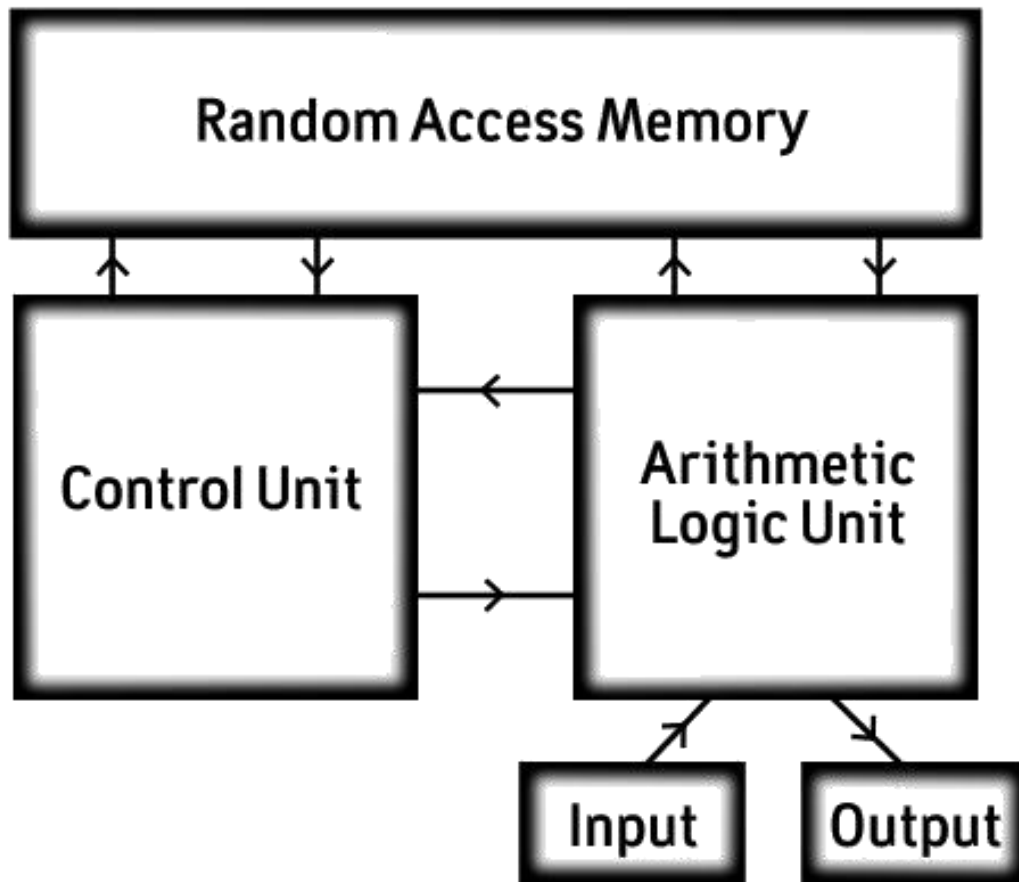
An arithmetic logic unit (ALU) is a major component of the central processing unit of a computer system.



It does all processes related to arithmetic and logic operations that need to be done on instruction words.

Control Unit

Control Unit is the part of the computer's central processing unit (CPU), which directs the operation of the processor.



Registers

Register is a very fast computer memory, used to store data/instruction in-execution.

Register may hold:

- ✓ A computer instruction
- ✓ A storage address
- ✓ Or any kind of data



Symbol, Name and Function

<u>Register symbol</u>	<u>Number of bits</u>	<u>Register name</u>	<u>Register Function</u> -----
DR	16	Data register	Holds memory operands
AR	12	Address register	Holds address for memory
AC	16	Accumulator	Processor register
IR	16	Instruction register	Holds instruction code
PC	12	Program counter	Holds address of instruction
TR	16	Temporary register	Holds temporary data
INPR	8	Input register	Holds input character
OUTR	8	Output register	Holds output character

Motherboard

A motherboard is one of the most essential parts of a computer system.

It holds together many of the crucial components of a computer, including the central processing unit (CPU), memory and connectors for input and output devices

