

The `lstfiracode` package

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1 Introduction

The Fira Code¹ family of fonts, created by Nikita Prokopov, is a monospaced typeface with programming ligatures. It is attempting for many people, me included, to use Fira Code for source code listings. However, the `lstlisting` environment from the `listings` package does not support ligatures naively. To produce the desired output, one must specify all necessary ligatures via the `literate` key of `\lstset`, which can be tedious.

The `lstfiracode` package defines a ready-to-use `listings` style, `FiraCodeStyle`, which pre-specifies 125 ligatures (note that Fira Code v1.206 has 130 ligatures in total).

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¹See <https://github.com/tonsky/FiraCode>.

You may *append* the remaining 5 ligatures to the `FiraCodeStyle` literate list via a new key `moreliterate`, without unintentionally erasing all existing ligatures via `literate`.

The `lstfiracode` package also provides a package option, `verbatim`, along with three switches `\ActivateVerbatimLigatures`, `\DeactivateVerbatimLigatures` and `\RestoreVerbatimBehavior` to support source code listings using Fira Code in the `verbatim` environment.

This package does *not* provide the Fira Code font files. The newest version of the fonts can be downloaded at <https://github.com/tonsky/FiraCode/releases>.

2 Usage

To access `FiraCodeStyle`, simply load `lstfiracode` *after* `listings`. Here is how you may setup your document:

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{fontspec}
\setmonofont{FiraCode-Regular.otf}[
    BoldFont=FiraCode-Bold.otf,
    Contextuals=Alternate % Activate the calt feature
]
\usepackage{xcolor}
\usepackage{listings}
\usepackage[verbatim]{lstfiracode} % Activate ligatures in verbatim
\lstset{
    language=C++,
    style=FiraCodeStyle,    % Use predefined FiraCodeStyle
    basicstyle=\ttfamily,   % Use \ttfamily for source code listings
    commentstyle=\color{orange}
}
\begin{document}
\begin{verbatim}
A<-www>=B
\end{verbatim}
\begin{lstlisting}
/* A simple C++ program */
int main() {
    cout << "Hello World"; // prints Hello World
    return 0;
}
\end{lstlisting}
\end{document}
```

which produces the following `\verb|m|` (observe the `<-`, the `www` and the `>>=` ligatures):

```
A←www>=B
```

and the following `\lstlisting` (observe the `++` and the `<<` ligatures):

```
/* A simple C++ program */
int main() {
    cout << "Hello_World"; // prints Hello World
    return 0;
}
```

3 Package features

3.1 Package option and user commands

The `\lstfiracode` package provides one package option and three user commands, described below.

You may load the `\lstfiracode` package with the option `\verb|m|`, or equivalently `\verb|m|=\verb|true|`. This activates all Fira Code ligatures in the `\verb|m|` environment.

```
% Activate Fira Code ligatures in verbatim
\usepackage[verbatim]{lstfiracode}
% is the same as
\usepackage[verbatim=true]{lstfiracode}
```

Loading the package without any option (the default), or equivalently with the option `\verb|m|=\verb|false|`, *does not alter* how the `\verb|m|` environment is handled.

```
% Leave verbatim unaltered
\usepackage{lstfiracode}
% is the same as
\usepackage[verbatim=false]{lstfiracode}
```

You may change your mind in the middle of your document, so there are three switches for such purpose:

\ActivateVerbatimLigatures Activate all Fira Code ligatures in `\verb|m|`. This is executed automatically with the package option `\verb|m|=\verb|true|`.

\DeactivateVerbatimLigatures Suppress *almost all* Fira Code ligatures in `\verb|m|`. Currently, it cannot break the `\#`` and the `|`` ligatures. You should use Fira Mono if you wish to avoid ligatures altogether.

\RestoreVerbatimBehavior Restore how `verbatim` is originally handled by L^AT_EX.

These switches can overwrite each other and they act *locally*. For instance, the following three `verbatim` environments

```
\begingroup
\ActivateVerbatimLigatures
\begin{verbatim}
A<-www>=B % Fira Code ligatures activated
\end{verbatim}
\DeactivateVerbatimLigatures
\begin{verbatim}
A<-www>=B % Fira Code ligatures deactivated
\end{verbatim}
\RestoreVerbatimBehavior
\begin{verbatim}
A<-www>=B % Hmm...
\end{verbatim}
\endgroup
```

produce, respectively,

```
A← www ≡ B % Fira Code ligatures activated

A<-www>=B % Fira Code ligatures deactivated

A<-www> ≥ B % Hmm ...
```

3.2 The **FiraCodeStyle** listings style

The ligatures of Fira Code are treated as literate programming by the `lstfiracode` package. These ligatures are specified via the `literate` key in defining `FiraCodeStyle`. The definition of `FiraCodeStyle` looks like this:

```
\lstdefinestyle{FiraCodeStyle}{
    basewidth=0.6em,
    literate=
        {www}{{www}}3
        ... % All other necessary ligatures in Fira Code
}
```

Thus, `FiraCodeStyle` specifies `basewidth` explicitly and lists *almost all* literate replacements. *It does not contain any font changing commands because users may load Fira Code according to their preferences.* In the case that `\ttfamily` corresponds to Fira Code, be sure to specify `basicstyle=\ttfamily` *in addition to* `style=FiraCodeStyle`, i.e.,

```
\usepackage{listings}
\usepackage{lstfiracode}
% Assume that you have set Fira Code via \setmonofont
% Then remember to also specify basicstyle
\lstset{style=FiraCodeStyle,basicstyle=\ttfamily}
```

3.3 The missing ligatures and the new key `moreliterate`

You may notice that some ligatures in Fira Code are still missing. Well, there are 5 such ligatures—strictly speaking, they *are* listed as literate replacements in the definition of `FiraCodeStyle`, but are simply commented out:

The “missing” ligatures
<code>/* */ // /// ;;</code>

These particular combinations of characters usually indicate comment mode. If they were to be implemented as literate replacements, they would break how the `listings` package handles comment highlighting.

Nevertheless, you can still *append* these ligatures to the `FiraCodeStyle` literate list. Say, you want to activate the `; ;` ligature in your C++ code. *But you cannot simply write `\lstset{style=FiraCodeStyle,literate={; ;}{; ;}2}` because this will erase all predefined ligatures, leaving only the `; ;` ligature.* Instead, you should use the new key—`moreliterate`—to add more literate replacements:

```
% Let's add more ligatures
\lstset{
    language=C++,
    style=FiraCodeStyle,
    basicstyle=\ttfamily,
    moreliterate=
        {;;}{;;}2
        {///}{///}3
}
```

4 Troubleshooting

The `lstfiracode` package is maintained at GitHub. Please make each bug report with a *minimal example* at <https://github.com/RuixiZhang42/lstfiracode/issues>. Pull requests are welcome.

Version history

- v0.1c** Removed `Ligatures=Common` from `README.md` and `lstfiracode.tex` (see #1).
Re-implemented `\DeactivateVerbatimLigatures`. 2018/12/24
- v0.1b** Updated `FiraCodeStyle` literate list. Added `\RestoreVerbatimBehavior`. Re-implemented `\Activate/\DeactivateVerbatimLigatures`. 2018/12/20
- v0.1a** Initial release. 2018/12/16