The morewrites package:
Always room for a new `\write`

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Contents

1 **morewrites** documentation

This LaTeX package is a solution for the error "no room for a new `\write`", which occurs when a document reserves too many streams to write data to various auxiliary files. It is in principle possible to rewrite other packages so that they are less greedy on resources, but that is often unpractical for the end-user. Instead, morewrites hooks at the lowest level (TeX primitives).

Simply add the line `\usepackage{morewrites}` near the beginning of your LaTeX file's preamble: the "no room for a new `\write`" error should vanish. If it does not, please contact me so that I can correct the problem. This can be done by posting a question on the tex.stackexchange.com question and answers website, logging an issue on GitHub (https://github.com/blefloch/latex-morewrites), or emailing me a minimal file showing the problem.

Notes.

- This package loads the expl3 package, hence the l3kernel bundle needs to be up to date.

- This package uses an auxiliary file, ⟨*job name*⟩`.mw`, which can safely be deleted. Versions from 2015 and later will only use the auxiliary file if it is originally empty, to avoid destroying data (such as `.mw` files used by Maple). This means that `.mw` files generated by versions before 2015 should be deleted by hand.

- LuaTeX allows 128 `\write` streams, so this package does nothing (with a warning) when used with LuaTeX.

1.1 Commands defined or altered by **morewrites**

\morewritessetup

New: 2014-07-26

`\morewritessetup {`⟨*key-value list*⟩`}`

Sets the options described by the ⟨*key–value list*⟩.

allocate

New: 2017-04-10

`\morewritessetup { allocate = `⟨*integer*⟩` }`

Sets to (at least) ⟨*integer*⟩ the number of `\write` streams allocated to the inner workings of morewrites. By default this is zero but increasing this value to 10 (or so) may speed up morewrites.

file

New: 2014-07-26
Updated: 2015-08-01

`\morewritessetup { file = `⟨*file name*⟩` }`

Sets (globally) the name of the file which will be used by internal processes of morewrites. The file name is `\jobname.mw` by default (technically, `\c_sys_jobname_str.mw`). Contrarily to earlier versions of morewrites non-empty files will not be overwritten; this design choice may lead to unwanted `.mw` files remaining.

\newwrite

Updated: 2015-08-01

This macro is redefined by morewrites. Since morewrites allows more than 16 write streams, it removes the corresponding restrictions in `\newwrite`.

TeXhackers note: The revised `\newwrite` allocate stream numbers starting at 19. This might break some code that expects stream numbers to be less than 16.

\immediate

Updated: 2015-08-01

This primitive is altered by morewrites, to detect a following \write or \openout or \closeout and perform the appropriate action.

\openout
\write
\closeout

Updated: 2017-04-20

These three primitives are altered by morewrites so that they accept stream numbers outside the normal range $[0, 15]$ and open/write/close files as appropriate.

TEXhackers note: System calls using \write18 are detected and forwarded to the engine.

\shipout

This primitive is altered by morewrites to ensure that delayed \openout, \write and \closeout commands are performed at \shipout time, and in the correct order.

1.2 Known deficiencies and open questions

See the bug tracker https://github.com/blefloch/latex-morewrites/issues/ for a list of issues with morewrites.

The package code is not good expl3 code. *Do not take this package as an example of how to code with expl3; go and see Joseph Wright's siunitx instead.* It uses \...:D primitives directly (the :D stands for "do not use"). This is unavoidable in order to hook into the primitives \immediate, \write, *etc.* and to keep a very strong control on what every command does.

2   morewrites implementation

<*package>

```
1  \RequirePackage {expl3} [2018/02/21]
2  \RequirePackage {primargs} [2018/12/29]
3  \ProvidesExplPackage
4    {morewrites} {2018/12/29} {} {Always room for a new write}
```

Quit early under LuaTEX.

```
5  \sys_if_engine_luatex:T
6    {
7      \cs_new_protected:Npn \morewritessetup #1 { }
8      \msg_new:nnn { morewrites } { luatex }
9        { The~morewrites~package~is~unnecessary~in~LuaTeX. }
10     \msg_warning:nn { morewrites } { luatex }
11     \tex_endinput:D
12   }%
13 ⟨@@=morewrites⟩
```

2.1 Overview of relevant TEX facts

The aim of the morewrites package is to lift TEX's restriction of only having 16 files open for writing at the same time. This requires patching the primitives \immediate, \openout, \write, \closeout, and \shipout, and the macro \newwrite present in plain TEX and LATEX 2ε.

Note that doing the same for `\read` streams is impossible due to the `\ifeof` primitive: that primitive cannot be replaced by a macro without breaking nesting of conditionals.

The morewrites package should be loaded as early as possible, so that any package loaded later uses the redefined macros instead of the primitives. However, the format (plain TeX or LaTeX 2_ε) and the expl3 programming language are always loaded before morewrites, and their interaction must be carefully monitored.

Henceforth, "TeX stream" will refer to stream numbers in the range $[0, 15]$ provided to TeX's write primitives, while "user stream" will denote stream numbers in $[0, 15] \cup [19, \infty)$ manipulated by the redefined `\openout`, `\write`, `\closeout`, and `\newwrite`. A user stream in $[0, 15]$ (reserved by LaTeX 2_ε or allocated by expl3) is mapped to the same TeX stream number, while a user stream in $[19, \infty)$ is mapped to a TeX stream according to the property list (with integer keys and values) `\l__morewrites_write_-prop`. Stream numbers 16, 17 and 18 are unused because `\write`16 is often used to write to the terminal, and `\write`18 sends its argument to a shell.

The primitives `\openout`, `\write`, and `\closeout` expect to be followed by an ⟨*integer*⟩, normally in the range $[0, 15]$, then some further arguments.

> `\openout` ⟨*integer*⟩ ⟨*equals*⟩ ⟨*file name*⟩
> `\write` ⟨*integer*⟩ ⟨*filler*⟩ ⟨*general text*⟩
> `\closeout` ⟨*integer*⟩

All of the primitives above perform full expansion of all tokens when looking for their operands.

- ⟨*integer*⟩ denotes an integer in any form that TeX accepts as the right-hand side of a primitive integer assignment of the form `\count`0=⟨*integer*⟩;

- ⟨*equals*⟩ is an arbitrary (optional) number of explicit or implicit space characters, an optional explicit equal sign of category other, and further (optional) explicit or implicit space characters;

- ⟨*file name*⟩ is an arbitrary sequence of explicit or implicit characters with arbitrary category codes (except active characters, which are expanded before reaching TeX's mouth), ending either with a space character (character code 32, arbitrary non-active category code, explicit or implicit), which is removed, or with a non-expandable token, with some care needed for the case of a `\notexpanded:` expandable token;

- ⟨*filler*⟩ is an arbitrary combination of tokens whose meaning is `\relax` or whose category code is 10;

- ⟨*general text*⟩ is formed of braced tokens, starting with an explicit or implicit begin-group character, and ending with the matching explicit end-group character (both with any character code), with an equal number of explicit begin-group and end-group characters in between: this is precisely the right-hand side of an assignment of the form `\toks`0=⟨*general text*⟩.

The morewrites package redefines these three control sequences to expect a user stream number rather than a TeX stream number as the ⟨*integer*⟩, then map such a user stream to a TeX stream to call the primitive with the appropriate argument. The primitive `\immediate` must also be redefined to detect `\openout`, `\write`, and `\closeout`

and make them immediate, while still working with other primitives that can be made immediate. Finally, \newwrite must be patched to allocate stream numbers beyond 15.

A few comments on the behaviour of primitives concerning the ⟨*integer*⟩ (TEX stream). The \openout primitive trigger errors if the ⟨*integer*⟩ is not in [0, 15]. The primitive \write outputs to the log if the ⟨*integer*⟩ is negative, and to the terminal if the TEX stream is closed or greater than 15, with the exception of \write18 which runs code in a shell. The \closeout primitive triggers an error if the ⟨*integer*⟩ is not in [0, 15] and silently do nothing if the TEX stream is not open, with the exception of \closeout18 which causes a segfault at least in some versions.

By default, \openout, \write and \closeout are recorded in a whatsit node in the current list, and will be performed when the box containing the whatsit node is sent to the final pdf, *i.e.*, at "shipout" time. In particular, the ⟨*general text*⟩ for the \write primitive is expanded at shipout time. This behaviour may be modified by putting \immediate before any of these three primitives to force TEX to perform the action immediately instead of recording it in a whatsit node.

Since the \openout, \write, and \closeout primitives operate at \shipout time, we will have to hook into this primitive too. It expects to be followed by a box specification, for instance \box⟨*integer*⟩ or \hbox{⟨*material to typeset*⟩}.

Finally, the \newwrite macro expects one token as its argument, and defines this token (with \chardef) to be an integer corresponding to the first available (TEX) write stream. This must be extended to allocate higher (user) streams.

2.2 Preliminaries

2.2.1 Copying some commands

__morewrites_tex_immediate:w
__morewrites_tex_openout:w
__morewrites_tex_write:w
__morewrites_tex_closeout:w

Aliases for the write-related primitives, to avoid having :D throughout the code.

```
14 \cs_new_eq:NN \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \tex_immediate:D
15 \cs_new_eq:NN \__morewrites_tex_openout:w   \tex_openout:D
16 \cs_new_eq:NN \__morewrites_tex_write:w     \tex_write:D
17 \cs_new_eq:NN \__morewrites_tex_closeout:w  \tex_closeout:D
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_tex_immediate:w *and others.*)

__morewrites_tex_newwrite:N

Copy \newwrite but making sure that it is not \outer. This copy will not be affected by redefinitions of \newwrite later on.

```
18 \exp_args:NNf \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_tex_newwrite:N
19   { \exp_args:NNc \exp_after:wN \exp_stop_f: { newwrite } }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_tex_newwrite:N.)

2.2.2 Variants

\prop_gpop:NVNT
\prop_gput:NVx
\tl_gput_right:Nv

We need these variants.

```
20 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_gpop:NnNT { NV }
21 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_gput:Nnn { NVx }
22 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_gput_right:Nn { Nv }
```

(*End definition for* \prop_gpop:NVNT, \prop_gput:NVx, *and* \tl_gput_right:Nv. *These functions are documented on page* **??**.)

2.2.3 Variables

\l__morewrites_internal_tl   Used for temporary scratch purposes.

```
23 \tl_new:N \l__morewrites_internal_tl
```

(*End definition for* \l__morewrites_internal_tl.)

__morewrites_tmp:w   Used for temporary definitions.

```
24 \cs_new_eq:NN \__morewrites_tmp:w ?
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_tmp:w.)

\g__morewrites_later_int   The integer \g__morewrites_later_int labels the various non-immediate operations in the order in which they appear in the source. We can never reuse a number because there is no way to know if a whatsit was recorded in a box register, which could be reused in a shipped-out box:

> \vbox_set:Nn \l_my_box
> { \iow_shipout_x:Nn \c_term_iow {⟨*text*⟩} } \shipout \copy \l_my_box
> \shipout \copy \l_my_box

will print ⟨*text*⟩ to the terminal twice.

```
25 \int_new:N \g__morewrites_later_int
```

(*End definition for* \g__morewrites_later_int.)

\g__morewrites_write_seq   Keep track of TEX stream numbers managed by morewrites that are currently not in use as user streams.

```
26 \seq_new:N \g__morewrites_write_seq
```

(*End definition for* \g__morewrites_write_seq.)

\g__morewrites_write_prop   Map user streams to TEX streams.

```
27 \prop_new:N \g__morewrites_write_prop
```

(*End definition for* \g__morewrites_write_prop.)

\g__morewrites_write_file_prop   Map user streams with no associated TEX streams to file names.

```
28 \prop_new:N \g__morewrites_write_file_prop
```

(*End definition for* \g__morewrites_write_file_prop.)

\l__morewrites_code_tl   Stores the code to run after finding a user stream, in __morewrites_get_user:n.

```
29 \tl_new:N \l__morewrites_code_tl
```

(*End definition for* \l__morewrites_code_tl.)

\l__morewrites_user_int
\l__morewrites_tstr_tl   The user stream number following redefined primitives is stored in \l__morewrites_-user_int (see __morewrites_get_user:N). The corresponding TEX stream number is eventually stored in \l__morewrites_tstr_tl (a token list).

```
30 \int_new:N \l__morewrites_user_int
31 \tl_new:N \l__morewrites_tstr_tl
```

(*End definition for* \l__morewrites_user_int *and* \l__morewrites_tstr_tl.)

`\l__morewrites_tstr_token` This token is given as an argument to `\__morewrites_tex_newwrite:N`.

```
32 \cs_new_eq:NN \l__morewrites_tstr_token ?
```

(*End definition for* `\l__morewrites_tstr_token`.)

`\s__morewrites` A recognizable version of `\scan_stop:`. This is inspired by[1] scan marks (see the l3quark module of LATEX3), but `\scan_new:N` is not used directly, since it is has been made available in LATEX3 too recently.

```
33 \cs_new_eq:NN \s__morewrites \scan_stop:
```

(*End definition for* `\s__morewrites`.)

`\g__morewrites_iow` The expansion that `\write` performs is impossible to emulate (in X$\exists$TEX at least) with
`\g__morewrites_ior` anything else than `\write`. We will write on the stream `\g__morewrites_iow` to the file `\g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl` and read back from it in the stream `\g__morewrites_-ior` for things to work properly. Unfortunately, this means that the file is repeatedly opened and closed, leaving a trace of that in the log.

```
34 \newwrite \g__morewrites_iow
35 \newread \g__morewrites_ior
```

(*End definition for* `\g__morewrites_iow` *and* `\g__morewrites_ior`.)

`\g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl` Temporary file used to do the correct expansion for each `\write`. Boolean indicating
`\g__morewrites_tmp_file_bool` whether we have already checked that the file can be used by morewrites: before using a file, the morewrites package now checks it is empty, so as to avoid clobbering user data.

```
36 \tl_new:N \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl
37 \bool_new:N \g__morewrites_tmp_file_bool
38 \bool_gset_false:N \g__morewrites_tmp_file_bool
```

(*End definition for* `\g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl` *and* `\g__morewrites_tmp_file_bool`.)

`\g__morewrites_group_level_int` The group level when `\shipout` is called: this is used to distinguish between explicit boxes and box registers.

```
39 \int_new:N \g__morewrites_group_level_int
```

(*End definition for* `\g__morewrites_group_level_int`.)

`\g__morewrites_shipout_box` The page to be shipped out.

```
40 \box_new:N \g__morewrites_shipout_box
```

(*End definition for* `\g__morewrites_shipout_box`.)

---

[1]Historically, this might have happened the other way around, since the author of this package is also on the LATEX3 Team.

2.2.4 Helpers for auxiliary file

__morewrites_set_file:n Sets `\g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl` to the given value (initially `\c_sys_jobname_-str.mw`). Mark that the file has not been checked.

```
41 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_set_file:n #1
42   {
43     \bool_gset_false:N \g__morewrites_tmp_file_bool
44     \tl_gset:Nn \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl {#1}
45   }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_set_file:n.)

__morewrites_empty_file:n Empties the file `\g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl` by opening it and closing it right away. This is used when performing `\immediate \openout`. It is also used to ensure the file used by morewrites is left empty. We do this every time the auxiliary file is used, in case that run ends with an error mid-document.

```
46 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_empty_file:n #1
47   {
48     \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_openout:w
49       \g__morewrites_iow = #1 \scan_stop:
50     \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_closeout:w
51       \g__morewrites_iow
52   }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_empty_file:n.)

__morewrites_if_file_trivial:n*TF* True if the file does not exist, or if it is empty. Only the TF variant is defined. We set `\__morewrites_tmp:w` to `\prg_return_true:` or `\prg_return_false:` within the group and use it after cleaning up. The first `eof` test is `true` if the file does not exist. Then we read one line, the second `eof` test is `true` if the file was empty (it is `false` if the file contained anything, even a single space).

```
53 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \__morewrites_if_file_trivial:n #1 { TF }
54   {
55     \group_begin:
56       \tex_openin:D \g__morewrites_ior = #1 \scan_stop:
57       \if_eof:w \g__morewrites_ior
58         \cs_gset_eq:NN \__morewrites_tmp:w \prg_return_true:
59       \else:
60         \int_set:Nn \tex_endlinechar:D { -1 }
61         \tex_readline:D \g__morewrites_ior to \l__morewrites_internal_tl
62         \if_eof:w \g__morewrites_ior
63           \cs_gset_eq:NN \__morewrites_tmp:w \prg_return_true:
64         \else:
65           \cs_gset_eq:NN \__morewrites_tmp:w \prg_return_false:
66         \fi:
67       \fi:
68       \tex_closein:D \g__morewrites_ior
69     \group_end:
70     \__morewrites_tmp:w
71   }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_if_file_trivial:nTF.)

__morewrites_chk_file: Check that the file \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl does not exist or is blank. If not, try the file name obtained by adding .mw. This avoids clobbering files that the user would not want to lose.

```
72 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_chk_file:
73   {
74     \__morewrites_if_file_trivial:nTF { \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl }
75       { \bool_gset_true:N \g__morewrites_tmp_file_bool }
76       {
77         \msg_warning:nnxx { morewrites } { file-exists }
78           { \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl }
79           { \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl .mw }
80         \tl_gput_right:Nn \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl { .mw }
81         \__morewrites_chk_file:
82       }
83   }
84 \msg_new:nnnn { morewrites } { file-exists }
85   { File~'#1'~exists,~using~'#2'~instead. }
86   {
87     The~file~'#1'~exists~and~was~not~created~by~this~version~of~the~
88     'morewrites'~package.~Please~move~or~delete~that~file,~or~provide~
89     another~file~name~by~adding
90     \\ \\
91     \iow_indent:n { \iow_char:N\\morewritessetup~{~file~=~other-name~} }
92     \\ \\
93     to~your~source~file.~In~the~meantime,~the~file~'#2'~will~be~used.
94   }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_chk_file:.)

2.2.5   Parsing and other helpers

__morewrites_equals_file:N Most of the parsing for primitive arguments is done using primargs, except for one case we care about: after its ⟨*number*⟩ argument, the \openout primitive expects an ⟨*equals*⟩ (optional spaces and =) and a ⟨*file name*⟩.

```
95 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_equals_file:N #1
96   {
97     \group_begin:
98       \tex_aftergroup:D \primargs_get_file_name:N
99       \tex_aftergroup:D #1
100      \primargs_remove_equals:N \group_end:
101  }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_equals_file:N.)

__morewrites_get_user:n primargs commands only take N-type arguments, but we often need to find an integer, save it in \l__morewrites_user_int, and run some code #1. This is analogous to \primargs_get_number:N.

```
102 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_get_user:n #1
103   {
104     \tl_set:Nn \l__morewrites_code_tl {#1}
105     \tex_afterassignment:D \l__morewrites_code_tl
106     \l__morewrites_user_int =
107  }
```

(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_get_user:n`.)

`\__morewrites_user_to_tstr:NTF` The goal is to go from a user stream `\l__morewrites_user_int` to a TeX stream `\l__morewrites_tstr_tl` (it defaults to the user stream). Streams less than 19 are not managed by morewrites: actual TeX streams in $[0, 15]$; negative for writing to `log`; 16, 17 for writing to terminal; 18 for shell escape. Larger stream numbers are looked up in the property list #1, namely `\g__morewrites_write_prop`. If present, use the corresponding value as the TeX stream, otherwise run the `false` branch.

```
108 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_user_to_tstr:NTF #1
109   {
110     \tl_set:NV \l__morewrites_tstr_tl \l__morewrites_user_int
111     \int_compare:nNnTF { \l__morewrites_user_int } < { 19 }
112       { \use_i:nn }
113       { \prop_get:NVNTF #1 \l__morewrites_user_int \l__morewrites_tstr_tl }
114   }
```

(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_user_to_tstr:NTF`.)

`\l__morewrites_collect_next_int`
`\__morewrites_collect:x`
`\__morewrites_collect_aux:Nn`
`\__morewrites_collect_aux:cf`
`\__morewrites_collect_gput_right:N`
`\__morewrites_collect_gput_right:c`
When encountering very large `\write` statements we may need to collect many lines. This can easily become an $O(n^2)$ task, and here we make sure that it remains around $O(n \log n)$, with a large constant unfortunately. Each of the token lists `\l__morewrites_$k$_tl` is empty or contains 2^k lines. As lines accumulate, they move to token lists with larger values of k, and eventually all are combined. The integer `\l__morewrites_collect_next_int` is (one plus) the maximal k among non-empty token lists.

```
115 \int_new:N \l__morewrites_collect_next_int
116 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_collect:x #1
117   {
118     \tl_set:Nx \l__morewrites_internal_tl {#1}
119     \__morewrites_collect_aux:cf { l__morewrites_0_tl } { 1 }
120   }
121 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_collect_aux:Nn #1#2
122   {
123     \int_compare:nNnT {#2} > \l__morewrites_collect_next_int
124       {
125         \tl_clear_new:N #1
126         \int_set:Nn \l__morewrites_collect_next_int {#2}
127       }
128     \tl_if_empty:NTF #1
129       { \tl_set_eq:NN #1 \l__morewrites_internal_tl }
130       {
131         \tl_put_left:No \l__morewrites_internal_tl {#1}
132         \tl_clear:N #1
133         \__morewrites_collect_aux:cf { l__morewrites_#2_tl }
134           { \int_eval:n { #2 + 1 } }
135       }
136   }
137 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__morewrites_collect_aux:Nn { cf }
138 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_collect_gput_right:N #1
139   {
140     \int_compare:nNnF \l__morewrites_collect_next_int = 0
141       {
142         \int_decr:N \l__morewrites_collect_next_int
```

```
143        \tl_gput_right:Nv #1
144          {
145            l__morewrites_
146            \int_use:N \l__morewrites_collect_next_int
147            _tl
148          }
149        \__morewrites_collect_gput_right:N #1
150      }
151  }
152 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__morewrites_collect_gput_right:N { c }
```

(*End definition for* `\l__morewrites_collect_next_int` *and others.*)

`\__morewrites_user_tl_name:n` The name of a global token list variable holding the text of a given user stream.

```
153 \cs_new:Npn \__morewrites_user_tl_name:n #1
154   { g__morewrites_iow_ \int_eval:n {#1} _tl }
```

(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_user_tl_name:n.`)

2.3 Writing

We can hold on to material while a file is being written and only write it in one go once the file closes, to avoid using a stream throughout.

At any given time, each user stream may point to an open TeX stream, given in `\g__morewrites_write_prop`, or may point to a token list that will eventually be written to a file whose file name is stored in `\g__morewrites_write_file_prop`, or may be closed.

When a user stream points to a token list rather than a TeX stream, any material to be written must be written to our temporary file and read back in to apply the same expansion as `\write` does.

Another difficulty is that users may mix immediate and non-immediate operations. The biggest difficulty comes from the possibility of copying boxes containing delayed actions. If we ever produced a whatsit `\write`⟨*number*⟩{⟨*text*⟩} then the TeX stream ⟨*number*⟩ would have to be reserved forever, as as copies of the box containing this delayed actions may be shipped out at any later point in the document.

Each delayed action is thus saved in a separate numbered token list and `\write\g__morewrites_iow{`⟨*number*⟩`}` is inserted instead of the delayed action. At each `\shipout`, the stream `\g__morewrites_iow` is opened, to catch the ⟨*number*⟩ of each action that should be performed at this `\shipout`.

2.3.1 Redefining `\immediate`

To accomodate the `\immediate` primitive, our versions of `\openout`, `\write` and `\closeout` will take the form

> `\s__morewrites \use_i:nn` {⟨*code for delayed action*⟩}
> {⟨*code for immediate action*⟩}
> ⟨*further code*⟩

The leading `\s__morewrites` allows the redefined `\immediate` to detect these redefined primitives, and to run the ⟨*code for immediate action*⟩ instead of the ⟨*code for delayed action*⟩ which is run by default. In both cases, any ⟨*further code*⟩ is run.

<div style="float:left">

`\__morewrites_immediate:w`
`\__morewrites_immediate_auxii:`
`\__morewrites_immediate_auxiii:N`

</div>

TeX's `\immediate` primitive raises a flag which is cancelled after TeX sees a non-expandable token. We use `\primargs_read_x_token:N` to find the next non-expandable token then test for `\openout`, `\write`, and `\closeout`. More precisely we test for the marker `\s__morewrites` and run the appropriate code as described above. Otherwise we call the primitive, for cases where the next token is `\pdfobj` or similar. This code performs too much expansion for some nonsensical uses of `\noexpand` after `\immediate`.

```
155 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_immediate:w
156   { \primargs_read_x_token:N \__morewrites_immediate_auxii: }
157 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_immediate_auxii:
158   {
159     \token_if_eq_meaning:NNTF \g_primargs_token \s__morewrites
160       { \__morewrites_immediate_auxiii:N }
161       { \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w }
162   }
163 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_immediate_auxiii:N #1
164   { \str_if_eq:nnTF { #1 } { \s__morewrites } { \use_iii:nnn } { #1 } }
```

(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_immediate:w`, `\__morewrites_immediate_auxii:`, *and* `\__morewrites_-immediate_auxiii:N`.)

2.3.2 Immediate actions

The `\openout`, `\write`, and `\closeout` primitive can be either delayed or immediate. In all cases they begin by looking for a user stream. Here, we implement the immediate versions only.

<div style="float:left">

`\__morewrites_closeout:w`
`\__morewrites_closeout_now:`
`\__morewrites_closeout_now:nn`

</div>

In the immediate case `\__morewrites_closeout_now:`, there are three cases. The stream may point to a TeX stream, in which case it is closed, removed from `\g__morewrites_-write_prop`, and put back in the list of usable streams. The stream may point to a token list, in which case that token list should be written to the appropriate file. The stream may be closed, in which case nothing happens. The auxiliary `\__morewrites_-closeout_now:nn` writes the material collected so far for a given user stream `#1` to the file `#2`. This uses the TeX stream `\g__morewrites_iow`. The token list consists of multiple `\immediate \write \g__morewrites_iow {⟨text⟩}` statements because that is the only safe way to obtain new lines. We do not remove the stream/file pair from `\g__morewrites_write_file_prop`.

```
165 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_closeout:w
166   {
167     \s__morewrites
168     \use_i:nn
169       { \__morewrites_get_user:n { \__morewrites_closeout_later: } }
170       { \__morewrites_get_user:n { \__morewrites_closeout_now: } }
171   }
172 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_closeout_now:
173   {
174     \__morewrites_user_to_tstr:NTF \g__morewrites_write_prop
175       {
176         \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_closeout:w \l__morewrites_tstr_tl \ex
177         \int_compare:nNnF { \l__morewrites_tstr_tl } = { \l__morewrites_user_int }
178           {
179             \prop_gremove:NV \g__morewrites_write_prop \l__morewrites_user_int
180             \seq_gput_left:NV \g__morewrites_write_seq \l__morewrites_tstr_tl
181           }
```

```
182        }
183        {
184          \prop_gpop:NVNT \g__morewrites_write_file_prop \l__morewrites_user_int \l__morewrites
185            { \__morewrites_closeout_now:nn { \l__morewrites_user_int } { \l__morewrites_intern
186        }
187    }
188  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_closeout_now:nn #1#2
189    {
190      \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_openout:w \g__morewrites_iow = #2 \scan_s
191      \group_begin:
192        \int_set:Nn \tex_newlinechar:D { -1 }
193        \tl_use:c { \__morewrites_user_tl_name:n {#1} }
194        \tl_gclear:c { \__morewrites_user_tl_name:n {#1} }
195      \group_end:
196      \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_closeout:w \g__morewrites_iow
197    }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_closeout:w, __morewrites_closeout_now:, *and* __morewrites_-
closeout_now:nn.)

__morewrites_openout:w In the immediate case find a file name, then allocate a TEX stream if possible, and
__morewrites_openout_now:n otherwise point the user stream to a token list. In all cases, close the stream to avoid
losing any material that TEX would have written, and empty the file by opening and
closing it (actually that's done automatically by the primitive).

```
198  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_openout:w
199    {
200      \s__morewrites
201      \use_i:nn
202        { \__morewrites_get_user:n { \__morewrites_openout_later:w } }
203        { \__morewrites_get_user:n { \__morewrites_equals_file:N \__morewrites_openout_now:n } }
204    }
205  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_openout_now:n #1
206    {
207      \__morewrites_closeout_now:
208      \int_compare:nNnTF { \l__morewrites_user_int } < { 19 }
209        {
210          \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_openout:w \l__morewrites_user_int
211            = \tl_to_str:n {#1} \scan_stop:
212        }
213        {
214          \seq_gpop:NNTF \g__morewrites_write_seq \l__morewrites_tstr_tl
215            {
216              \prop_gput:NVV \g__morewrites_write_prop \l__morewrites_user_int \l__morewrites_t
217              \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_openout:w \l__morewrites_tstr_tl
218                = \tl_to_str:n {#1} \scan_stop:
219            }
220            {
221              \__morewrites_empty_file:n {#1}
222              \prop_gput:NVx \g__morewrites_write_file_prop \l__morewrites_user_int
223                { \tl_to_str:n {#1} }
224              \tl_gclear_new:c { \__morewrites_user_tl_name:n { \l__morewrites_user_int } }
225            }
226        }
227    }
```

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(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_openout:w` *and* `\__morewrites_openout_now:n`.)

In the immediate case we use `\__morewrites_write_now_open:n` if the stream points to a token list, and otherwise use the primitive, with the dummy stream 16 if closed (the text is then written to the terminal).

```
228 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_write:w
229   {
230     \s__morewrites
231     \use_i:nn
232       { \__morewrites_get_user:n { \__morewrites_write_later:w } }
233       { \__morewrites_get_user:n { \__morewrites_write_now:w } }
234   }
235 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_write_now:w
236   {
237     \__morewrites_user_to_tstr:NTF \g__morewrites_write_prop
238       { \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_write:w \l__morewrites_tstr_tl \exp_s
239       { \primargs_get_general_text:N \__morewrites_write_now:n }
240   }
241 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_write_now:n
242   {
243     \prop_get:NVNTF \g__morewrites_write_file_prop \l__morewrites_user_int \l__morewrites_int
244       { \__morewrites_write_now_open:n }
245       { \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_write:w 16 }
246   }
```

(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_write:w`, `\__morewrites_write_now:w`, *and* `\__morewrites_write_-`
`now:n`.)

Only `\write` itself can emulate how `\write` expands tokens, because `#` don't have to be doubled, and because the `\newlinechar` has to be changed to new lines. Hence, we start by writing `#1` to a file (after making sure we are allowed to alter it), yielding some lines. The lines are then read one at a time using ε-TeX's `\readline` with `\endlinechar` set to -1 to avoid spurious characters. Each line becomes a `\immediate` `\write` statement added to a token list whose name is constructed using `\__morewrites_user_tl_name:n`. This token list will be called when it is time to actually write to the file. At that time, `\newlinechar` will be -1, so that writing each line will produce no extra line.

```
247 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_write_now_open:n #1
248   {
249     \bool_if:NF \g__morewrites_tmp_file_bool { \__morewrites_chk_file: }
250     \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_openout:w
251       \g__morewrites_iow = \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl \scan_stop:
252     \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_write:w
253       \g__morewrites_iow {#1}
254     \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_closeout:w
255       \g__morewrites_iow
256     \group_begin:
257       \int_set:Nn \tex_endlinechar:D { -1 }
258       \tex_openin:D \g__morewrites_ior = \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl \scan_stop:
259       \__morewrites_write_now_loop:
260       \tex_closein:D \g__morewrites_ior
261       \__morewrites_collect_gput_right:c
262         { \__morewrites_user_tl_name:n { \l__morewrites_user_int } }
263     \group_end:
```

```
264      \__morewrites_empty_file:n { \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl }
265    }
266  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_write_now_loop:
267    {
268      \tex_readline:D \g__morewrites_ior to \l__morewrites_internal_tl
269      \ior_if_eof:NF \g__morewrites_ior
270        {
271          \__morewrites_collect:x
272            {
273              \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_write:w
274                \g__morewrites_iow { \l__morewrites_internal_tl }
275            }
276          \__morewrites_write_now_loop:
277        }
278    }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_write_now_open:n *and* __morewrites_write_now_loop:.)

2.3.3 Delayed actions

__morewrites_later:n
__morewrites_later_do:n

Store the action to be done at shipout in a token list, and non-immediately write the label \g__morewrites_later_int of the output operation to the temporary file.

```
279  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_later:n #1
280    {
281      \int_gincr:N \g__morewrites_later_int
282      \tl_const:cx
283        {
284          c__morewrites_later_
285          \int_use:N \g__morewrites_later_int
286          _tl
287        }
288        {
289          \int_set:Nn \exp_not:N \l__morewrites_user_int
290            { \exp_not:V \l__morewrites_user_int }
291          \exp_not:n {#1}
292        }
293      \exp_args:NNx \__morewrites_tex_write:w \g__morewrites_iow
294        { '( \int_use:N \g__morewrites_later_int ) }
295    }
296  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_later_do:n #1
297    { \tl_use:c { c__morewrites_later_ \int_eval:n {#1} _tl } }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_later:n *and* __morewrites_later_do:n.)

__morewrites_closeout_later:

If the user stream is a TeX stream, use the primitive, otherwise save __morewrites_-closeout_now: for later.

```
298  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_closeout_later:
299    {
300      \int_compare:nNnTF \l__morewrites_user_int < { 19 }
301        { \__morewrites_tex_closeout:w \l__morewrites_user_int }
302        { \__morewrites_later:n { \__morewrites_closeout_now: } }
303    }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_closeout_later:.)

__morewrites_openout_later:w
__morewrites_openout_later:n If the user stream is a TeX stream use the primitive, otherwise find a file name and call `\__morewrites_openout_now:n` later.

```
304 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_openout_later:w
305   {
306     \int_compare:nNnTF \l__morewrites_user_int < { 19 }
307       { \__morewrites_tex_openout:w \l__morewrites_user_int }
308       { \__morewrites_equals_file:N \__morewrites_openout_later:n }
309   }
310 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_openout_later:n #1
311   { \__morewrites_later:n { \__morewrites_openout_now:n {#1} } }
```

(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_openout_later:w` *and* `\__morewrites_openout_later:n`.)

`\__morewrites_write_later:w`
`\__morewrites_write_later:n`
`\__morewrites_write_later_aux:n` For TeX streams use the primitive, otherwise find a general text and save it for later; the auxiliary is very similar to `\__morewrites_write_now:w`.

```
312 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_write_later:w
313   {
314     \int_compare:nNnTF \l__morewrites_user_int < { 19 }
315       { \__morewrites_tex_write:w \l__morewrites_user_int }
316       { \primargs_get_general_text:N \__morewrites_write_later:n }
317   }
318 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_write_later:n #1
319   { \__morewrites_later:n { \__morewrites_write_later_aux:n {#1} } }
320 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_write_later_aux:n
321   {
322     \__morewrites_user_to_tstr:NTF \g__morewrites_write_prop
323       { \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_write:w \l__morewrites_tstr_tl \exp_s
324       { \__morewrites_write_now:n }
325   }
```

(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_write_later:w`, `\__morewrites_write_later:n`, *and* `\__morewrites_-write_later_aux:n`.)

2.3.4 Shipout business

In this section, we hook into the `\shipout` primitive, and redefine it to first build a box with the material to ship out, then perform

>   `\__morewrites_before_shipout:`
>   ⟨*primitive shipout*⟩ ⟨*collected box*⟩
>   `\__morewrites_after_shipout:`

Each delayed output operation has been replaced by `\write \g__morewrites_iow` `{'(`⟨*operation number*⟩`)}`. The delimiters we chose to put around numbers must be at least two distinct characters on the left (then `\tex_newlinechar:D` cannot be equal to the delimiter), and at least one non-digit character on the right.

`\__morewrites_before_shipout:` Immediately before the shipout, we must open the writing stream `\g__morewrites_iow` (after making sure we are allowed to alter the auxiliary file).

```
326 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_before_shipout:
327   {
328     \bool_if:NF \g__morewrites_tmp_file_bool { \__morewrites_chk_file: }
329     \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_openout:w
330       \g__morewrites_iow = \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl \scan_stop:
331   }
```

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(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_before_shipout:`.)

`\__morewrites_after_shipout:`
`\__morewrites_after_shipout_loop:ww`

Immediately after all the `\write`s are performed, close the file, then read the file with `\endlinechar` set to `\newlinechar`[2] to get exactly the original characters that have been written, possibly with extra characters between `(...)` groups. The file is then read with all the appropriate category codes set up (no other character can appear in the file). The looping auxiliary `\__morewrites_after_shipout_loop:ww` extracts the ⟨*operation*⟩ numbers from the file, and makes a token list out of those. This token list is then used in a mapping function to perform the appropriate `\write` operations. Note that those operations may reuse the file, so we have to fully parse the file before moving on.

```
332 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_after_shipout:
333   {
334     \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_closeout:w
335       \g__morewrites_iow
336     \group_begin:
337       \int_set_eq:NN \tex_endlinechar:D \tex_newlinechar:D
338       \char_set_catcode_other:n { \tex_endlinechar:D }
339       \tl_map_inline:nn { `(0123456789) }
340         { \char_set_catcode_other:n {`##1} }
341       \tex_everyeof:D { `() \exp_not:N }
342       \tl_set:Nx \l__morewrites_internal_tl
343         {
344           \exp_after:wN \__morewrites_after_shipout_loop:ww
345           \tex_input:D \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl \c_space_tl
346         }
347       \__morewrites_empty_file:n { \g__morewrites_tmp_file_tl }
348       \exp_args:NNo
349     \group_end:
350     \tl_map_function:nN { \l__morewrites_internal_tl } \__morewrites_later_do:n
351   }
352 \cs_new:Npn \__morewrites_after_shipout_loop:ww #1 `( #2 )
353   {
354     \tl_if_empty:nF {#2}
355       {
356         {#2}
357         \__morewrites_after_shipout_loop:ww
358       }
359   }
```

(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_after_shipout:` *and* `\__morewrites_after_shipout_loop:ww`.)

`\__morewrites_shipout:w`
`\__morewrites_shipout_i:`
`\__morewrites_shipout_ii:`

Grab the shipped out box using `\setbox` and regain control using `\afterassignment`. There are two cases: either the box is given as `\box` or `\copy` followed by a number, in which case `\__morewrites_shipout_i:` is inserted afterwards at the same group level, or the box is given as `\hbox` (or `\vtop` and so on) and an additional `\aftergroup` is needed to reach a point where we can use the box saved in `\g__morewrites_shipout_box`.

```
360 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_shipout:w
361   {
362     \int_gset_eq:NN \g__morewrites_group_level_int \tex_currentgrouplevel:D
363     \tex_afterassignment:D \__morewrites_shipout_i:
```

---

[2]Note that the `\newlinechar` used by `\write`s at `\shipout` time are those in effect when the page is shipped out, *i.e.*, just after the closing brace of the `\shipout` construction, which is exactly where we have added this hook.

```
364      \tex_global:D \tex_setbox:D \g__morewrites_shipout_box
365    }
366  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_shipout_i:
367    {
368      \int_compare:nNnTF { \g__morewrites_group_level_int }
369                      = { \tex_currentgrouplevel:D }
370        { \__morewrites_shipout_ii: }
371        { \tex_aftergroup:D \__morewrites_shipout_ii: }
372    }
373  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_shipout_ii:
374    {
375      \__morewrites_before_shipout:
376      \__morewrites_tex_shipout:w \tex_box:D \g__morewrites_shipout_box
377      \__morewrites_after_shipout:
378    }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_shipout:w *,* __morewrites_shipout_i: *, and* __morewrites_shipout_-
ii:*.*)

\shipout
__morewrites_tex_shipout:w

The task is now to locate the shipout primitive, which may have been renamed and hooked
into by many different packages loaded before morewrites. Any of those control sequences
which are equal to the primitive are redefined to do __morewrites_shipout:w instead.
If the primitive is not located at all, the fallback is to hook into the control sequence
\shipout.

```
379  \cs_gset_protected:Npn \__morewrites_tmp:w #1
380    {
381      \cs_if_exist:NF \__morewrites_tex_shipout:w
382        { \cs_new_eq:NN \__morewrites_tex_shipout:w #1 }
383      \cs_gset_eq:NN #1 \__morewrites_shipout:w
384    }
385  \tl_map_inline:nn
386    {
387      \xyrealshipout@
388      \org@shipout
389      \PDFSYNCship@ut@ld
390      \CROP@shipout
391      \@soORI
392      \tex_shipout:D
393      \zwpl@Hship
394      \o@shipout@TP
395      \LL@shipout
396      \Shipout
397      \GXTorg@shipout
398      \AtBegShi@OrgShipout
399      \AtBeginShipoutOriginalShipout
400      \minidocument@orig@shipout
401      \shipout
402    }
403    {
404      \str_if_eq:eeT
405        { \cs_meaning:N #1 }
406        { \token_to_str:N \shipout }
407        { \__morewrites_tmp:w #1 }
408    }
```

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```
409  \cs_if_exist:NF \__morewrites_tex_shipout:w
410    {
411      \cs_new_eq:NN \__morewrites_tex_shipout:w \shipout
412      \cs_gset_eq:NN \shipout \__morewrites_shipout:w
413    }
```

(*End definition for* \shipout *and* __morewrites_tex_shipout:w. *This function is documented on page* *3.*)

2.3.5 Hook at the very end

__morewrites_close_all: At the end of the document, close all the files.

```
414  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_close_all:
415    {
416      \prop_map_inline:Nn \g__morewrites_write_prop
417        { \__morewrites_tex_immediate:w \__morewrites_tex_closeout:w ##2 \scan_stop: }
418      \prop_gclear:N \g__morewrites_write_prop
419      \prop_map_function:NN \g__morewrites_write_file_prop
420        \__morewrites_closeout_now:nn
421      \prop_gclear:N \g__morewrites_write_file_prop
422    }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_close_all:.)

__morewrites_close_all_at_end:nw At the end of the run, we try very hard to put some material at the \@@end, just in case some other very late code writes to files that are not yet closed. This is tried at most 5 times, to avoid infinite loops in case two packages compete for that last place. The four @ become two after l3docstrip.

```
423  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_close_all_at_end:nw #1#2 \@@end
424    {
425      \int_compare:nNnTF {#1} > 0
426        { #2 \__morewrites_close_all_at_end:nw { #1 - 1 } }
427        { \__morewrites_close_all: #2 }
428      \@@end
429    }
430  \AtEndDocument { \__morewrites_close_all_at_end:nw { 5 } }
```

(*End definition for* __morewrites_close_all_at_end:nw.)

2.4 Redefining commands

2.4.1 Modified \newwrite

\g__morewrites_alloc_write_int Counter to allocate user streams. Initialized to 18 so that the first user stream allocated by morewrites is 19. Indeed, 18 is reserved for shell commands and packages may expect 16 or 17 to write to the terminal.

```
431  \int_new:N \g__morewrites_alloc_write_int
432  \int_gset:Nn \g__morewrites_alloc_write_int { 18 }
```

(*End definition for* \g__morewrites_alloc_write_int.)

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`\__morewrites_newwrite:N` Reimplementation of `\newwrite` but protected and using a counter `\g__morewrites_-alloc_write_int` instead of what TeX/LaTeX 2_ε use.

```
433 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_newwrite:N #1
434   {
435     \int_gincr:N \g__morewrites_alloc_write_int
436     \int_set_eq:NN \allocationnumber \g__morewrites_alloc_write_int
437     \cs_undefine:N #1
438     \int_const:Nn #1 { \allocationnumber }
439     \wlog
440       {
441         \token_to_str:N #1
442         = \token_to_str:N \write \int_use:N \allocationnumber
443       }
444   }
```

(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_newwrite:N`.)

`\__morewrites_allocate:n` Raise to `#1` the number of `\write` streams allocated to morewrites.

```
445 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__morewrites_allocate:n #1
446   {
447     \prg_replicate:nn
448       {
449         \int_max:nn { 0 }
450           {
451             (#1) - \seq_count:N \g__morewrites_write_seq
452             - \prop_count:N \g__morewrites_write_prop
453           }
454       }
455       {
456         \__morewrites_tex_newwrite:N \l__morewrites_tstr_token
457         \seq_gput_right:NV \g__morewrites_write_seq \l__morewrites_tstr_token
458       }
459   }
```

(*End definition for* `\__morewrites_allocate:n`.)

2.5 User commands and keys

`\morewritessetup` Set whatever keys the user passes to `\morewritessetup`.

```
460 \cs_new_protected:Npn \morewritessetup #1
461   { \keys_set:nn { __morewrites } {#1} }
```

(*End definition for* `\morewritessetup`. *This function is documented on page 2.*)

`file` Because of our use of `.initial:n`, this code must appear after `\__morewrites_set_-file:n` is defined.

```
462 \keys_define:nn { __morewrites }
463   {
464     allocate .code:n = \__morewrites_allocate:n {#1} ,
465     file .code:n = \__morewrites_set_file:n {#1} ,
466     file .initial:n = \c_sys_jobname_str .mw
467   }
```

(*End definition for* `file`. *This function is documented on page 2.*)

\immediate
  \openout
   \write
\closeout
\newwrite

```
468 \cs_gset_eq:NN \immediate \__morewrites_immediate:w
469 \cs_gset_eq:NN \openout   \__morewrites_openout:w
470 \cs_gset_eq:NN \write     \__morewrites_write:w
471 \cs_gset_eq:NN \closeout  \__morewrites_closeout:w
472 \cs_gset_eq:NN \newwrite  \__morewrites_newwrite:N
```

(*End definition for* \immediate *and others. These functions are documented on page 3.*)

</package>

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The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

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