ABC Telecom Marketing strategy Project Report

Introduction

ABC telecom company is a well established telecom company in Belgium. it wants to increase its presence in Brussels area. In Brussels company presence is relatively low. for that company wants to decide upon the marketing strategy for its plans in different parts of Brussels as it seems suitable after analysis.

Target Audience

Business analysts of company, Business stake holders, Retailers and Business partners of company

Business Problem

ABC telecom company is a well established telecom company in Belgium. it wants to increase its presence in Brussels area. In Brussels company presence is relatively low.

Company has segmented its plans in below categories

- High-end family Plans
- Economical family Plans
- •High-end individual Plans
- Economical individual Plans
- Traveler Plans
- Sports Packages

Brussels is the capital of Belgium having 19 sub municipalities. Company wants insight into the neighborhoods and local businesses in the cities living standards, quality of life and target audience in that particular area. This project will explore the similarities and dissimilarities between neighborhoods in the city, and determine which neighborhoods fits for which plan segment of the company and that will help to finalize the marketing strategy of the company.

Data

The data used for this project will be acquired from the respective Wikipedia website pages. The datasets consists of the postal codes, neighborhood names, latitude, and longitude information for each neighborhood.

Foursquare API search feature will be used to collect neighborhood venue information. Details about local venues and locality will be provide insight into the qualities of a neighborhood. In addition to Foursquare,

various python packages will be used to create maps and machine learning models to further provide insights into our neighborhood battle project.

I have used below websites to get the required data

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Brussels

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_municipalities_of_the_Brussels-Capital_Region

http://www.mapquestapi.com

Methodology

- 1. HTTP requests would be made to this Foursquare API server using zip codes of the Seattle city neighborhoods to pull the location information (Latitude and Longitude).
- 2. Foursquare API search feature would be enabled to collect the nearby places of the neighborhoods. Due to http request limitations the number of places per neighborhood parameter would reasonably be set to 100 and the radius parameter would be set to 700.
- 3. Folium- Python visualization library would be used to visualize the neighborhoods cluster distribution of Seattle city over an interactive leaflet map.
- 4. Extensive comparative analysis of two randomly picked neighborhoods world be carried out to derive the desirable insights from the outcomes using python's scientific libraries Pandas, NumPy and Scikitlearn.
- 5. Unsupervised machine learning algorithm K-mean clustering would be applied to form the clusters of different categories of places residing in and around the neighborhoods. These clusters from each of those two chosen neighborhoods would be analyzed individually collectively and comparatively to derive the conclusions.

Python Packages used

The following are the Python packages I used:

- Pandas Library for Data Analysis
- NumPy Library to handle data in a vectorized manner
- JSON Library to handle JSON files
- Geopy To retrieve Location Data
- Requests Library to handle http requests
- Matplotlib Python Plotting Module
- Sklearn Python machine learning Library
- Folium Map rendering Library

Discussions

Brussels has 19 sub municipalities and all the municipalities are divided into 5 clusters based on the popular venues in the respective areas. All the venue types are divided into below categories

- utilities
- Economical
- Tourists Places
- luxury
- Sports

Based on popularity of the venue class in a particular area a suitable plan is selected and kept in the center of marketing in that area.

Municipalities from cluster 0-4

	FrenchName	area	density	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue
13	Saint-Gilles	02.52.5 km2 (1.0 sq mi)	20,188	51.226813	4.116662	0	CAT_utilities	CAT_TouristsPlaces	CAT_luxry

	FrenchName	area	density	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue
2	Auderghem	09.09.0 km2 (3.5 sq mi)	3,701	50.815657	4.433139	1	CAT_luxry	CAT_utilities	CAT_Econimical
3	Berchem-Sainte-Agathe	02.92.9 km2 (1.1 sq mi)	8,518	50.863984	4.292702	1	CAT_Econimical	CAT_utilities	CAT_luxry
4	Bruxelles-Ville*	32.632.6 km2 (12.6 sq mi)	5,415	50.844041	4.367202	1	CAT_Econimical	CAT_luxry	CAT_TouristsPlaces
5	Etterbeek	03.13.1 km2 (1.2 sq mi)	15,295	50.836851	4.389510	1	CAT_luxry	CAT_utilities	CAT_TouristsPlaces
9	Ixelles	06.36.3 km2 (2.4 sq mi)	13,690	50.822285	4.381571	1	CAT_luxry	CAT_Econimical	CAT_utilities
10	Jette	05.05.0 km2 (1.9 sq mi)	10,387	50.877763	4.326090	1	CAT_luxry	CAT_Econimical	CAT_utilities
14	Saint-Josse-ten-Noode	01.11.1 km2 (0.4 sq mi)	24,650	50.853074	4.372336	1	CAT_luxry	CAT_Econimical	CAT_utilities
17	Watermael-Boitsfort	12.912.9 km2 (5.0 sq mi)	1,928	50.799394	4.415818	1	CAT_luxry	CAT_Econimical	CAT_utilities

lame area density Latitude Longitude Cluster Labels 1st Most Common Venue 2nd Most Common Venue 3rd N	Most Common Venue
Evere 05.05.0 km2 (1.9 sq mi) 8,079 50.870452 4.402160 2 CAT_utilities CAT_luxry	CAT_Sports
lberg 01.21.2 km2 (0.5 sq mi) 18,008 50.862263 4.325708 2 CAT_Sports CAT_luxry	CAT_Econimical
nbert 07.27.2 km2 (2.8 sq mi) 7,669 50.846693 4.428484 2 CAT_luxry CAT_Sports	CAT_utilities

	FrenchName	area	density	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue
1	Anderlecht	17.717.7 km2 (6.8 sq mi)	6,680	50.838141	4.312340	3	CAT_utilities	CAT_luxry	CAT_Econimical
7	Forest	06.26.2 km2 (2.4 sq mi)	8,991	50.809143	4.317751	3	CAT_utilities	CAT_luxry	CAT_Econimical
8	Ganshoren	02.52.5 km2 (1.0 sq mi)	9,838	50.871240	4.317510	3	CAT_utilities	CAT_luxry	CAT_Econimical
12	Molenbeek-Saint-Jean	05.95.9 km2 (2.3 sq mi)	16,378	50.854355	4.322778	3	CAT_utilities	CAT_luxry	CAT_TouristsPlaces
15	Schaerbeek	08.18.1 km2 (3.1 sq mi)	16,425	50.867604	4.373712	3	CAT_utilities	CAT_TouristsPlaces	CAT_Econimical
16	Uccle	22.922.9 km2 (8.8 sq mi)	3,594	50.801820	4.337235	3	CAT_utilities	CAT_luxry	CAT_Econimical

	FrenchName	area	density	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue
19	Woluwe-Saint-Pierre	08.98.9 km2 (3.4 sq mi)	4,631	50.829243	4.443297	4	CAT_TouristsPlaces	CAT_Sports	CAT_Econimical

Conclusions

Based on the municipalities clusters and popularities of venues in the respective areas below recommendations are made to company. Company will need to keep the plans falling under the given category while doing marketing in the respective ares

Cluster	Popular venue Classes	Plans for marketing
Cluster 0	Utilities, Tourist Places	Family plans and Traveler plans
Cluster 1	luxury, Utilities	Economical and high end Family plans
Cluster 2	Luxury, Sports	High end plans and sports packages
Cluster 3	Economical	economical Family and individual plans
Cluster 4	Tourists Places, Sports	travelers plans and sports packages